

OHIO FARM REPORT



Ohio Field Office
P.O. Box 686
Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068-0686
(614) 728-2100
FAX(614)728-2206
James Ramey, Director

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FEATURING: Hogs & Pigs Egg Production Milk Production Lvstk Slaughter Cold Storage

OHIO HOG INVENTORY UNCHANGED, U.S. HOG INVENTORY UP SLIGHTLY

Ohio hog producers had 1,580,000 hogs on hand June 1, 2006, unchanged from last year, but 4 percent above last quarter. The number of market hogs, at 1,415,000 head, was slightly lower than last year but up 4 percent from last quarter. Breeding stock, at 165,000 head, rose 3 percent from last year and last quarter.

The pig crop during the March-May 2006 quarter numbered 711,000 head, up 3 percent from last year and up 4 percent from last quarter. The number of sows farrowed during the March-May 2006 quarter, at 79,000 head, was up 2,000 head from last year and 4,000 head from last quarter. Pigs saved per litter averaged 9.0, unchanged for the same period last year but down 1 percent from last quarter.

Ohio producers intend to farrow 80,000 sows during the June-August 2006 quarter, up 2,000 head from last year and up 1,000 head from last quarter. Farrowing intentions for the Fall quarter, September-November 2006, is 80,000 sows, down 1,000 head from last year.

U.S. inventory of all hogs and pigs on June 1, 2006 was 60.9 million head. This was up slightly from June 1, 2005 and up 1

percent from March 1, 2006. Breeding inventory, at 6.06 million head, was up 1 percent from both last year and from the previous quarter. Market hog inventory, at 54.9 million head, was up slightly from last year and up 2 percent from last quarter. The March-May 2006 pig crop, at 26.3 million head, was up 1 percent from 2005 and up 3 percent from 2004. Sows farrowing during this period totaled 2.90 million head, up 1 percent from both 2005 and 2004. The sows farrowed during this quarter represented 48 percent of the breeding herd. The average pigs saved per litter was 9.08 for the March-May 2006 period, compared to 9.02 last year. Pigs saved per litter by size of operation ranged from 7.60 for operations with 1-99 hogs and pigs to 9.20 for operations with more than 5,000 hogs and pigs.

U.S. hog producers intend to have 2.92 million sows farrow during the June-August 2006 quarter, up slightly from the actual farrowings in 2005, but up 1 percent from 2004. Intended farrowings for September-November 2006, at 2.92 million sows, are up one percent from both 2005 and 2004. The total number of hogs under contract, owned by operations with over 5,000 head, but raised by contractees, accounted for 38 percent of the total U.S. hog inventory, down from 40 percent last year.

HOG AND PIG INVENTORY-JUNE 1, 2005 AND 2006

Selected States	Hogs and pigs for breeding		Hogs and pigs for market		All hogs and pigs	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
Thousand Head						
Illinois	430	430	3,670	3,720	4,100	4,150
Indiana	300	320	2,800	2,880	3,100	3,200
Iowa	1,070	1,080	15,130	15,220	16,200	16,300
N. Carolina	1,020	1,020	8,880	8,580	9,900	9,600
Ohio	160	165	1,420	1,415	1,580	1,580
United States	5,977	6,060	54,754	54,867	60,732	60,927

MARKET HOGS - JUNE 1, 2005 AND 2006

Selected States	Under 60 lbs.		60-119 lbs.		120-179 lbs.		180 lbs. and over	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
Thousand Head								
Illinois	1,340	1,350	900	910	770	820	660	640
Indiana	1,040	1,080	700	760	550	550	510	490
Iowa	4,600	4,760	4,130	4,160	3,500	3,410	2,900	2,890
N. Carolina	3,560	3,540	2,140	1,960	1,720	1,690	1,460	1,390
Ohio	580	580	340	350	300	300	200	185
United States	20,423	20,598	13,376	13,442	11,143	11,195	9,813	9,633

SOWS FARROWING AND PIG CROP - SELECTED STATES

Selected States	December ^{1/} -February				March-May			
	Sows farrowing		Pig crop ^{2/}		Sows farrowing		Pig crop ^{3/}	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
Thousand Head								
Illinois	210	195	1,869	1,755	210	205	1,880	1,855
Indiana	130	130	1,144	1,164	135	135	1,195	1,202
Iowa	440	455	3,916	4,095	440	455	3,982	4,072
N. Carolina	540	540	4,779	4,914	550	550	4,895	5,005
Ohio	77	75	693	683	77	79	693	711
United States	2,835	2,840	25,343	25,656	2,882	2,897	25,986	26,301

^{1/} December of the preceding year. ^{2/} Number of pigs born December-February on hand March 1 or had been sold. ^{3/} Number of pigs born March-May on hand June 1 or had been sold.

FARROWING INTENTIONS - SELECTED STATES

Selected States	June-August Sows			September-November Sows		
	2005 ^{1/}	2006 ^{2/}	06/05	2005 ^{1/}	2006 ^{2/}	06/05
	Thousand Head		Percent	Thousand Head		Percent
Illinois	205	215	105	200	215	108
Indiana	140	145	104	135	150	111
Iowa	460	450	98	455	450	99
N. Carolina	560	550	98	550	550	100
Ohio	78	80	103	81	80	99
United States	2,918	2,922	100	2,900	2,924	101

^{1/} Actual number of sows farrowed. ^{2/} Intentions to farrow.

OHIO EGG PRODUCTION

Egg production in Ohio during May, 2006, totaled 637 million eggs, 1 percent above last month but slightly below the 642 million eggs produced in May, 2005. During May, there were 28.4 million layers on Ohio farms. The rate of lay during the month was 2,245 eggs per 100 layers, or 72.4 percent. There were 7.5 percent of the layers in Ohio being force molted on June 1, 2006. In Ohio, 22.0 percent of the layers have completed a forced molt compared with 20.0 percent a year ago. In all major egg-producing states on June 1, 2006, 4.6 percent of the layers on hand were in a molt and 24.7 percent had completed a molt.

U.S. egg production totaled 7.63 billion during May 2006, up 1 percent from last year. Production included 6.52 billion table eggs, and 1.11 billion hatching eggs, of which 1.04 billion were broiler-type and 70 million were egg-type. The number of layers during May 2006 averaged 345 million, up 1 percent from last year. May egg production per 100 layers was 2,213 eggs, down slightly from May 2005.

All layers in the U.S. on June 1, 2006, totaled 343 million, up 1 percent from last year. The 343 million layers consisted of 286 million layers producing table-type eggs, 54.7 million layers

producing broiler-type hatching eggs, and 2.84 million layers producing egg-type hatching eggs. Rate of lay per day on June 1, 2006, averaged 71.2 eggs per 100 layers, down slightly from June 1, 2005.

Egg-type chicks hatched during May 2006 totaled 40.3 million, up 4 percent from May 2005. Eggs in incubators totaled 37.4 million on June 1, 2006, up 10 percent from a year ago.

Broiler-type chicks hatched during May 2006 totaled 811 million, down 2 percent from May 2005. Eggs in incubators totaled 661 million on June 1, 2006, down 1 percent from a year earlier.

Turkey eggs in incubators on June 1, 2006, in the United States totaled 31.6 million, 4 percent above June 1 a year ago. Eggs in incubators were slightly above the May 1, 2006 total of 31.6 million eggs. Regional changes from the previous year were: East North Central up 3 percent, West North Central up 5 percent, North and South Atlantic up 12 percent, South Central and West combined down 11 percent.

MAY EGG PRODUCTION

	Layers on hand during month		Eggs per 100 layers	Total production			
	2005	2006		Monthly		Accumulated ^{1/}	
			2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
	Thousands		Number	Million			
Ohio	28,010	28,368	2,245	642	637	3,741	3,860
U.S.	341,819	344,735	2,213	7,572	7,628	44,992	45,489

^{1/} Accumulation period began December of previous year.

CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES, UNITED STATES

	Egg-Type eggs			Broiler-type eggs			Turkeys eggs ^{1/}		
	2005	2006	06/05	2005	2006	06/05	2005	2006	06/05
	Thousands		Percent	Thousands		Percent	Thousands		Percent
May	38,792	40,320	104	823,993	810,908	98	23,781	25,313	106
Jan-May	191,260	182,938	96	3,962,332	3,952,258	100	200,488	211,204	105

^{1/} Accumulation period for turkeys begins September 1.

EGGS IN INCUBATORS - JUNE 1, 2006

	Egg-Type eggs			Broiler-type eggs			Turkeys eggs		
	2005	2006	06/05	2005	2006	06/05	2005	2006	06/05
	Thousands		Percent	Thousands		Percent	Thousands		Percent
E. North Central	6,681	7,240	108	8,941	9,351	105	4,841	4,990	103
United States	34,064	37,384	110	668,018	660,638	99	30,365	31,626	104

^{1/} Not available by States.

OHIO MAY MILK PRODUCTION

The total milk production in Ohio during May 2006 was 437 million pounds, 6 million pounds more than a year earlier. The average number of cows on Ohio farms during May 2006 was 273 thousand, 3 thousand head more than the previous year. The yield per cow, at 1,600 pounds, is slightly above last year.

Milk production in the 23 major States during May totaled 14.7 billion pounds, up 2.8 percent from May 2005. April revised

production, at 14.2 billion pounds, was up 3.7 percent from April 2005. The April revision represented a decrease of 2 million pounds from last month's preliminary production estimate. Production per cow in the 23 major States averaged 1,782 pounds for May, 22 pounds above May 2005. The number of milk cows on farms in the 23 major States was 8.26 million head, 128,000 head more than May 2005, and 19,000 head more than April 2006.

APRIL MANUFACTURED DAIRY PRODUCTS

Item	Ohio			United States		
	2005	2006	06/05	2005	2006	06/05
	1,000 Gallons		Percent	1,000 Gallons		Percent
Ice Cream	2,161	1,905	88	78,091	77,557	99

MAY MILK COWS AND MILK PRODUCTION

State	Milk cows on farms ^{1/}			Milk per cow ^{2/}			Milk production ^{2/}			06/05
	May 2005	Apr. 2006	May 2006	May 2005	Apr. 2006	May 2006	May 2005	Apr. 2006	May 2006	
	Thousands			Pound			Million Pounds			Percent
California	1,751	1,785	1,785	1,880	1,855	1,890	3,292	3,311	3,374	103
Ohio	270	273	273	1,595	1,530	1,600	431	418	437	101
Wisconsin	1,234	1,241	1,242	1,630	1,580	1,655	2,011	1,961	2,056	102
23 State Total	8,131	8,240	8,259	1,760	1,727	1,782	14,311	14,228	14,714	103

1/ Includes dry cows, excludes heifers not yet fresh. 2/ Excludes milk sucked by calves.

OHIO RED MEAT PRODUCTION

Commercial red meat production in Ohio during May 2006 totaled 23.2 million pounds, up 1 percent from a year earlier. Total live weight production in Ohio by species, compared with a year earlier was: cattle, 9.1 million pounds, up 7 percent; calves, no reported slaughter; hogs, 25.7 million pounds, up 6 percent; sheep & lambs, 99,000 pounds, up 29 percent. May 2006 contained 23 weekdays (including one holiday) and 4 Saturdays.

Commercial red meat production for the United States totaled 4.05 billion pounds in May, up 9 percent from the 3.71 billion pounds produced in May 2005. Beef production, at 2.30 billion pounds, was 11 percent above the previous year. Cattle slaughter

totaled 3.04 million head, up 9 percent from May 2005. The average live weight was up 19 pounds from the previous year, at 1,241 pounds. Veal production totaled 13.1 million pounds, 1 percent below May a year ago. Calf slaughter totaled 57,000 head, down 3 percent from May 2005. The average live weight was 2 pounds above last year, at 378 pounds. Pork production totaled 1.72 billion pounds, up 7 percent from the previous year. Hog kill totaled 8.54 million head, 6 percent above May 2005. The average live weight was 1 pound above the previous year, at 271 pounds. Lamb and mutton production, at 16.3 million pounds, was up 10 percent from May 2005. Sheep slaughter totaled 225,800 head, 9 percent above last year. The average live weight was 144 pounds, up 1 pound from May a year ago.

MAY COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER

Item	Ohio			United States		
	2005	2006	% of prev. yr.	2005	2006	% of prev. yr.
	Number of Head (000)					
Cattle	7.4	8.1	109	2,793.3	3,038.7	109
Calves	4.4	1/	-	58.5	57.0	97
Hogs	88.4	93.7	106	8,031.7	8,537.0	106
Sheep & Lambs	.7	.9	129	208.1	225.8	109
	Average live weight (lbs.)					
Cattle	1,150	1,125	98	1,222	1,241	102
Calves	398	1/	-	376	378	101
Hogs	273	274	100	270	271	100
Sheep & Lambs	116	105	91	143	144	101
	Total live weight (000 lbs.)					
Cattle	8,518	9,072	107	3,414,554	3,771,115	110
Calves	1,757	1/	-	21,999	21,578	98
Hogs	24,134	25,674	106	2,166,713	2,316,699	107
Sheep & Lambs	77	99	129	29,664	32,516	110

1/ No slaughter reported.

COLD STORAGE HIGHLIGHTS

Frozen food stocks in refrigerated warehouses on May 31, 2006 were greater than year earlier levels for beef, eggs, chicken, butter, and cheese.

Butter stocks were up 15 percent from last month and up 29 percent from a year ago. Total red meat supplies in freezers were down 4 percent from last month, but up 9 percent from last year. Frozen pork supplies were down 9 percent from last month and down 8 percent from the previous year. Stocks of pork bellies

were down 7 percent from last month and down 21 percent from last year.

Total frozen poultry supplies on May 31, 2006 were down 2 percent from the previous month, but up 10 percent from a year ago. Total stocks of chicken were down 8 percent from the previous month, but up 17 percent from last year. Total pounds of turkey in freezers were up 10 percent from last month and up slightly from May 31, 2005.

U.S. STOCKS IN COLD STORAGE MAY 31, 2006 WITH COMPARISONS

Commodity	May 31, 2005	Apr. 30, 2006	May 31, 2006	May 31, 2006 as percent of	
				05/31/05	04/30/06
		1,000 Pounds		Percent	
Butter	178,045	200,179	229,826	129	115
Cheese, Total Natural	815,635	820,015	835,762	102	102
Eggs, Frozen	17,667	23,259	21,095	119	91
Fruits, Frozen	684,513	710,915	743,992	109	105
Fruit Juices, Frozen	1,968,103	1,410,834	1,461,847	74	104
Meats, Total Red	848,629	964,065	925,924	109	96
Beef, Total Frozen	318,190	428,508	434,523	137	101
Pork, Total Frozen	512,887	517,447	473,083	92	91
Poultry, Total Frozen	1,133,203	1,272,729	1,248,746	110	98
Chicken	665,006	840,995	774,827	117	92
Turkeys	465,920	423,732	465,990	100	110
Vegetables, Total Frozen	1,485,152	1,551,785	1,385,696	93	89
Potatoes, Total Frozen	1,178,072	1,175,519	1,104,983	94	94

Data for this report are collected from public and private refrigerated warehouses storing commodities from 30 days or more. Stocks in space owned or leased by the armed forces are excluded. Food stocks held under bond are included in the storage data.

Address Service Correction

OFFICIAL BUSINESS
Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068
P.O. Box 686
Ohio Field Office

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