

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

Southern Plains Regional Field Office
Post Office Box 70 Austin, Texas 78767
(800) 626-3142 · FAX (855) 270-2725 · www.nass.usda.gov/tx

Issue: TX-CW4120 Weekly Summary for Oct 26-Nov 1 Released: November 2, 2020

Most of the state received from trace amounts up to 2.0 inches of rain. Isolated areas of the Northern High and Low Plains, the Blacklands, and North East Texas received from 3.0 to 6.0 inches of precipitation. There were 4.2 days suitable for fieldwork.

Small Grains: Winter wheat seeding continued in some areas of South Texas, but seeding slowed in most areas of the High Plains and the Blacklands due to wet field wet field conditions. Although areas of the Edwards Plateau received some precipitation, small grains were still in need of additional moisture. Emerged winter wheat in some areas of South Central Texas had burned up due to lack of moisture. Winter wheat continued to progress in some areas of the Cross Timbers and the Blacklands.

Row Crops: Freezing conditions in some areas of the High and Low Plains halted cotton harvest. Meanwhile, cotton harvest was nearing completion in South East Texas. Peanut harvest continued in South Texas, the Cross Timbers, and the Southern High Plains.

Fruit, Vegetable and Specialty Crops: Pecan harvest continued in some areas of the Cross Timbers, the Edwards Plateau, South Texas, and South Central Texas. Citrus harvest continued in the Lower Valley, while vegetables continued to progress.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Supplemental feeding continued in the High Plains, the Edwards Plateau, South Central Texas, the Blacklands and South Texas. Stock tank levels continued to diminish in some areas of South Texas. Feral hogs continued to be a problem in areas of East Texas and the Blacklands. Pasture conditions were rated fair to poor.

Crop Progress

| Ctore | Percent of Acreage | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Stage | Current Week | Previous Week | Previous Year | 5 Year Average | | | | |
| Corn | | | | | | | | |
| Harvested | 92 | 89 | 87 | 88 | | | | |
| Cotton | | | | | | | | |
| Bolls Opening | 97 | 94 | 94 | 93 | | | | |
| Harvested | 58 | 48 | 40 | 38 | | | | |
| Peanuts | | | | | | | | |
| Mature | 68 | 54 | 64 | 61 | | | | |
| Harvested | 51 | 35 | 45 | 51 | | | | |
| Soybeans | | | | | | | | |
| Dropping Leaves | 96 | 94 | (NA) | (NA) | | | | |
| Harvested | 84 | 79 | 80 | 83 | | | | |
| Sunflowers | | | | | | | | |
| Harvested | 86 | 83 | 82 | 79 | | | | |
| Winter Wheat | | | | | | | | |
| Planted | 76 | 71 | 77 | 75 | | | | |
| Emerged | 57 | 49 | 55 | 59 | | | | |
| Oats | | | | | | | | |
| Planted | 80 | 72 | 86 | 82 | | | | |

(NA) Not available.

Crop Condition

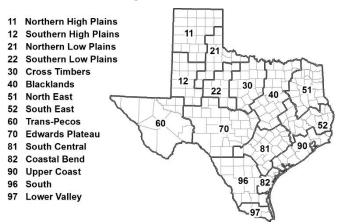
| Crop | | Pe | Index ¹ | | | | |
|----------|-----------|------|--------------------|------|-----------|------|------|
| | Excellent | Good | Fair | Poor | Very Poor | 2020 | 2019 |
| Cotton | 6 | 17 | 27 | 41 | 9 | 49 | 58 |
| Peanuts | 1 | 40 | 53 | 6 | 0 | 70 | 74 |
| Soybeans | 4 | 65 | 29 | 2 | 80 | 81 | 61 |
| Wheat | 8 | 27 | 37 | 19 | 9 | 60 | 62 |

¹ The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District

| | Topsoil Moisture Condition by District | | | | Subsoil Moisture Condition by District | | | | Days | |
|----------|--|-------|----------|---------|--|-------|----------|---------|-----------------|--|
| District | Percentage of Acreage | | | | Percentage of Acreage | | | | Suitable for | |
| | Very Short | Short | Adequate | Surplus | Very Short | Short | Adequate | Surplus | Fieldwork | |
| 11 | 12 | 33 | 42 | 13 | 17 | 41 | 32 | 10 | 2.7 | |
| 12 | 36 | 53 | 9 | 2 | 39 | 38 | 7 | 16 | 3.9 | |
| 21 | 1 | 15 | 71 | 13 | 2 | 22 | 63 | 13 | 3.1 | |
| 22 | 10 | 30 | 55 | 5 | 10 | 36 | 54 | 0 | 3.6 | |
| 30 | 5 | 24 | 70 | 1 | 8 | 27 | 65 | 0 | 4.2 | |
| 40 | 6 | 22 | 55 | 17 | 3 | 24 | 67 | 6 | 4.1 | |
| 51 | 2 | 28 | 64 | 6 | 7 | 37 | 51 | 5 | 6.4 | |
| 52 | 7 | 22 | 52 | 19 | 8 | 27 | 54 | 11 | 5.7 | |
| 60 | 12 | 38 | 50 | 0 | 39 | 11 | 50 | 0 | 6.2 | |
| 70 | 24 | 34 | 30 | 12 | 36 | 37 | 14 | 13 | 4.0 | |
| 81 | 19 | 63 | 18 | 0 | 27 | 47 | 26 | 0 | 6.2 | |
| 82 | 16 | 45 | 39 | 0 | 16 | 45 | 39 | 0 | 7.0 | |
| 90 | 4 | 22 | 72 | 2 | 4 | 35 | 61 | 0 | 6.0 | |
| 96 | 33 | 57 | 10 | 0 | 36 | 40 | 24 | 0 | 6.8 | |
| 97 | 42 | 36 | 22 | 0 | 21 | 38 | 41 | 0 | 7.0 | |
| State | 16 | 35 | 41 | 8 | 18 | 35 | 40 | 7 | 4.2 | |

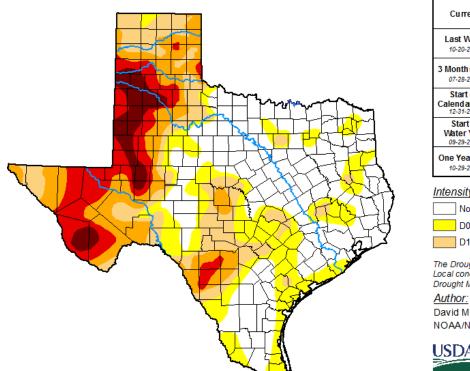
Texas Agricultural Districts



Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, November 1, 2020. 10 8.0 6.0 3.0 2.0 1.0 .50 .25 .10 .01

Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov.

Drought Monitor, Valid October 27, 2020.



Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

| None | D0-D4 | D1-D4 | D2-D4 | D3-D4 | D4 |
|-------|---|---|---|--|--|
| 37.98 | 62.02 | 42.98 | 28.28 | 14.42 | 4.72 |
| 46.81 | 53.19 | 39.60 | 25.69 | 14.42 | 4.72 |
| 39.66 | 60.34 | 34.39 | 14.99 | 2.99 | 0.00 |
| 44.69 | 55.31 | 36.12 | 9.19 | 0.74 | 0.00 |
| 57.35 | 42.65 | 31.96 | 20.91 | 12.02 | 3.29 |
| 38.98 | 61.02 | 46.55 | 22.40 | 4.65 | 0.00 |
| | 37.98 46.81 39.66 44.69 57.35 | 37.98 62.02 46.81 53.19 39.66 60.34 44.69 55.31 57.35 42.65 | 37.98 62.02 42.98 46.81 53.19 39.60 39.66 60.34 34.39 44.69 55.31 36.12 57.35 42.65 31.96 | 37.98 62.02 42.98 28.28 46.81 53.19 39.60 25.69 39.66 60.34 34.39 14.99 44.69 55.31 36.12 9.19 57.35 42.65 31.96 20.91 | 37.98 62.02 42.98 28.28 14.42 46.81 53.19 39.60 25.69 14.42 39.66 60.34 34.39 14.99 2.99 44.69 55.31 36.12 9.19 0.74 57.35 42.65 31.96 20.91 12.02 |

Intensity:

None D2 Severe Drought D0 Abnormally Dry D3 Extreme Drought D1 Moderate Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

David Miskus

NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC









Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu.