

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

Southern Plains Regional Field Office
Post Office Box 70 Austin, Texas 78767
(800) 626-3142 · FAX (855) 270-2725 · www.nass.usda.gov/tx

Issue: TX-CW3221 Weekly Summary for August 23-August 29 Released: August 30

Most of the state received from trace amounts to 2.0 inches of precipitation. The Coastal Bend and Upper Coast received up to 8.0 inches of precipitation. There was an average of 6.4 days suitable for fieldwork.

Small Grains: Winter wheat seeding was just getting underway in some areas of the High and Low Plains. Meanwhile, preparations ramped up in areas of the Cross Timbers, the Blacklands, and the Edwards Plateau.

Row Crops: Corn harvested reached 50 percent, down 4 points from the previous year and down 3 points from normal. Many areas throughout Texas reported advantageous harvesting conditions with warm weather and little or no rain. Cotton bolls opening reached 22 percent, down 10 points from the previous year and down 4 points from normal. Some areas in the Southern Low Plains reported continued stress due to prolonged heat and insufficient moisture. Peanuts pegging reached 6 percent, down 4 points from the previous year and down 1 point from normal. In the Southern High Plains, some areas reported peanuts were maturing quickly. Rice harvested reached 68 percent, down 8 points from the previous year and down 9 points from normal. While rice harvest progressed last week, there were some complications due to rainfall in the Upper Coast. Sorghum harvested was 63 percent, down 5 points from the previous year and up 1 point from normal. Soybeans dropping leaves was 52 percent, up 9 points from the previous year and up 9 points from normal.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Reports throughout the state indicate livestock were in good condition. Pasture and range condition was rated mostly good to fair.

Crop Progress

Grop i rogress								
Ctoro	Percent of Acreage							
Stage	Current Week	Previous Week	Previous Year	5 Year Average				
Corn								
Dough	95	90	94	96				
Dented	84	82	83	84				
Mature	60	57	64	62				
Harvested	50	35	54	53				
Cotton								
Setting Bolls	81	72	91	92				
Bolls Opening	22	15	32	26				
Peanuts								
Pegging	93	88	94	96				
Mature	6	NA	10	7				
Rice								
Harvested	68	51	76	77				
Sorghum								
Coloring	85	80	83	83				
Mature	75	69	73	73				
Harvested	63	55	68	62				
Soybeans								
Setting Pods	87	80	81	85				
Dropping Leaves	52	39	43	43				
Sunflowers								
Harvested	53	49	47	43				

NA: Not Available

Crop Condition

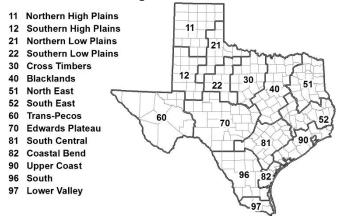
Crop	Percent of Acreage					Index ¹	
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2021	2020
Corn	17	44	29	9	1	78	67
Cotton	18	50	25	6	1	81	50
Peanuts	11	62	26	1	0	84	75
Rice	16	58	24	1	1	85	88
Sorghum	15	48	28	8	1	79	67
Soybeans	2	50	37	9	2	72	78
Range and Pasture	10	33	33	17	7	65	42

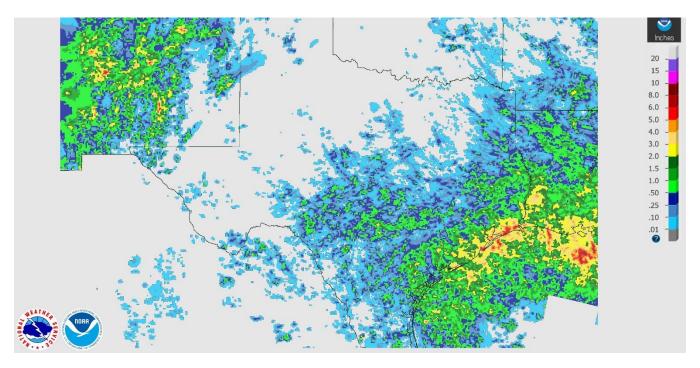
¹ The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District

	Topsoil Moisture Condition by District			Subsoil Moisture Condition by District				Days Suitable	
District	Percentage of Acreage			Percentage of Acreage					
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	for Fieldwork
11	21	40	39	0	13	36	51	0	7.0
12	2	15	51	32	0	25	71	4	5.3
21	10	41	49	0	7	30	62	1	6.2
22	4	42	54	0	0	43	57	0	6.8
30	4	29	67	0	5	31	64	0	6.7
40	8	44	47	1	5	30	64	1	6.7
51	6	23	70	1	8	24	68	0	6.9
52	1	32	67	0	1	28	69	2	6.8
60	13	22	51	14	14	24	48	14	6.0
70	19	35	45	1	18	34	47	1	7.0
81	0	27	71	2	0	18	80	2	6.8
82	0	29	67	4	0	5	91	4	5.4
90	2	19	52	27	1	15	37	47	4.3
96	23	47	30	0	12	32	56	0	6.7
97	6	40	52	2	4	16	78	2	7.0
State	9	32	51	8	6	29	61	4	6.4

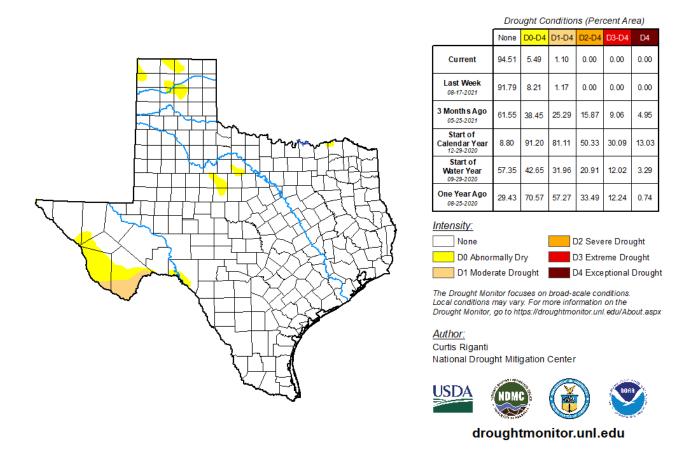
Texas Agricultural Districts





Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov

Drought Monitor, Valid August 24, 2021.



Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu