

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

Southern Plains Regional Field Office

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Issue: TX-CW3721 Weekly Summary for September 27-October 3 Released: October 4

Most of the state received from trace amounts to 8.0 inches of precipitation. Some areas in South Central Texas, the Upper Coast, and the Coastal Bend received up to 10.0 inches of precipitation. There was an average of 5.6 days suitable for fieldwork.

Small Grains: Winter wheat seeded increased to 47 percent, up 5 points from the previous year and up 4 points from normal. Winter wheat seedings continued around the state although some producers were waiting until after the rain to begin. Oats seeded reached 35 percent, up 5 points from the previous year and from normal.

Row Crops: Corn harvested increased to 86 percent, up 9 points from the previous year and up 12 points from normal. Cotton harvested reached 23 percent, down 2 points from the previous year but unchanged from normal. Peanuts harvested reached 11 percent, up 1 point from the previous year and up 5 points from normal. Rice harvested increased to 99 percent, down 1 point from the previous year but unchanged from normal. Sorghum harvested reached 84 percent, down 4 points from the previous year but up 5 points from normal. Soybeans harvested reached 69 percent, up 10 points from the previous year and up 7 points from normal. Row crop harvest continued statewide but was delayed due to precipitation.

Fruit, Vegetable and Specialty Crops: Pecan harvest in the Trans-Pecos commenced. Pumpkins were being harvested in the Northern High Plains and the Trans-Pecos. Winter vegetables in the Lower Valley were being planted.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Livestock were reported to be in good condition. Supplemental feeding occurred in various areas across the state. The pasture and range condition was rated mostly fair to good.

Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District

	Topsoil Moisture Condition by District				Subsoil Moisture Condition by District				Days Suitable for
District	Percentage of Acreage				Percentage of Acreage				
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Fieldwork
11	41	37	22	0	22	45	33	0	6.3
12	0	100	0	0	0	100	0	0	5.8
21	27	46	27	0	21	55	24	0	6.2
22	21	50	21	8	22	50	28	0	5.4
30	22	47	21	10	21	50	24	5	5.4
40	34	21	41	4	34	31	34	1	5.4
51	20	47	29	4	21	41	34	4	6.4
52	3	41	52	4	4	47	45	4	5.9
60	13	24	52	11	12	25	53	10	5.6
70	14	23	43	20	24	10	65	1	5.7
81	0	13	85	2	0	33	65	2	5.2
82	0	7	62	31	0	5	64	31	4.7
90	7	38	27	28	8	20	14	58	3.3
96	12	35	52	1	16	32	52	0	4.6
97	2	43	42	13	0	13	70	17	3.3
State	19	48	28	5	16	49	30	5	5.6

Crop Progress

Ctago	Percent of Acreage							
Stage	Current Week	Previous Week	Previous Year	5 Year Average				
Corn								
Mature	97	94	92	87				
Harvested	86	83	77	74				
Cotton								
Bolls Opening	64	54	80	67				
Harvested	23	21	25	23				
Peanuts								
Mature	41	35	39	31				
Harvested	11	4	10	6				
Rice								
Harvested	99	94	100	99				
Sorghum								
Mature	95	90	92	86				
Harvested	84	80	88	79				
Soybeans								
Dropping Leaves	95	90	81	83				
Harvested	69	59	59	62				
Sunflowers								
Harvested	72	69	69	64				
Winter Wheat								
Planted	47	37	42	43				
Emerged 19		10	16	17				
Oats								
Planted	35	26	30	30				
Emerged	8	(NA)	9	6				

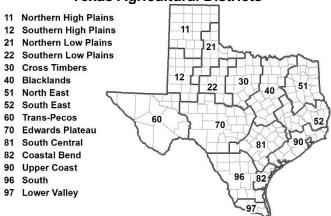
(NA)Not available.

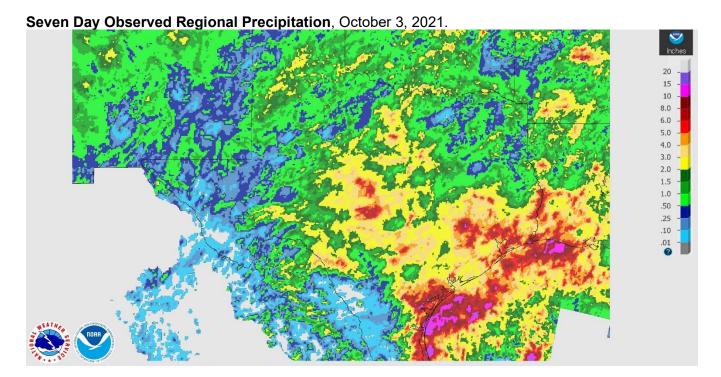
Crop Condition

Crop		P	Index ¹						
Сюр	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2021	2020		
Corn	17	44	29	9	1	78	67		
Cotton	9	48	37	5	1	77	52		
Peanuts	10	52	37	1	0	80	60		
Rice	16	58	24	1	1	85	88		
Sorghum	15	48	28	8	1	79	67		
Soybeans	5	45	40	7	3	72	82		
Range and Pasture	2	25	38	22	13	54	61		

¹ The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

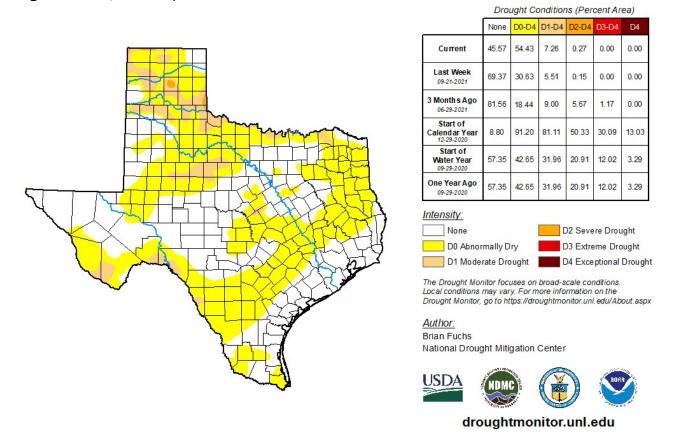
Texas Agricultural Districts





Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov.

Drought Monitor, Valid September 28, 2021.



Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu.