

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

Southern Plains Regional Field Office
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Issue: TX-CW2722 Weekly Summary for July 18 - July 24 Released: July 25th, 2022

Most of the state received from trace amounts to upwards of 3.0 inches of precipitation. There was extreme drought throughout most of the state, while some areas of the state had exceptional drought. There were 6.7 days suitable for fieldwork.

Row Crops: Corn mature reached 20 percent, up 1 point from the previous year and unchanged from normal, with some areas of the state reporting harvesting. Corn yields were reported poor in the Southern High Plains and the Cross Timbers because of the heat on the crop. Irrigated cotton across the state is in good condition while non-irrigated cotton around the state struggled. Peanuts are in pegging stage in South Texas. Rice has begun harvest in the Upper Coast. Irrigated sorghum is doing well in the Northern High Plains and in the Southern Low Plains. Sorghum is being harvested in the Blacklands, the Edwards Plateau, the Coastal Bend, and the Upper Coast with 42 percent of the crop in fair condition. Soybeans have been baled for hay in the Blacklands due to excessive heat.

Fruit, Vegetable and Specialty Crops: In North East Texas, some vegetable crops started to dry up due to lack of moisture. Melon harvest continued in areas of the Southern High Plains. Pecan yields were reported good in the Trans-Pecos.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Insect pressure was reported as low in the Northern High Plains and the Blacklands while grasshoppers were a continuous problem in the Cross Timbers. Cattle are reported to be in good condition in the Southern High Plains but producers across much of the state had sold livestock or continued with supplemental feeding due to the heat. Pasture and hay conditions have been drying out and the state has had an increase in pasture fires. Pasture and range condition was rated 89 percent very poor to poor.

Crop Progress

Ctono	Percent of Acreage						
Stage	Current Week	Previous Week	Previous Year	5 Year Average			
Corn							
Silked	86	77	87	85			
Dough	68	62	66	63			
Dented	54	40	51	49			
Mature	20	(NA)	19	20			
Harvested	7	(NA)	0	2			
Cotton		, ,					
Squaring	75	68	71	75			
Setting Bolls	45	25	28	29			
Peanuts							
Pegging	40	28	39	43			
Rice							
Headed	68	63	80	86			
Sorghum							
Headed	84	77	85	79			
Coloring	63	57	63	63			
Mature	45	32	41	43			
Harvested	10	(NA)	0	22			
Soybeans		, ,					
Blooming	79	77	77	74			
Setting Pods	45	30	43	42			
Sunflowers							
Harvested	24	20	25	24			

(NA) Not available.

Crop Condition

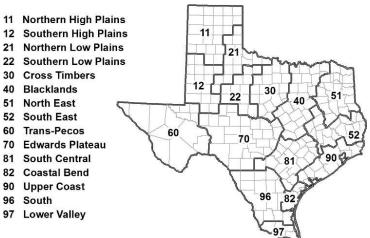
Crop		Pe	Index ¹						
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2022	2021		
Corn	3	21	34	30	12	51	78		
Cotton	2	15	43	19	21	47	74		
Peanuts	3	23	63	10	1	64	76		
Rice	14	24	61	1	0	74	78		
Sorghum	3	19	42	20	16	51	79		
Soybeans	3	36	33	16	12	60	72		
Range and Pasture	0	2	9	32	57	18	72		

¹ The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

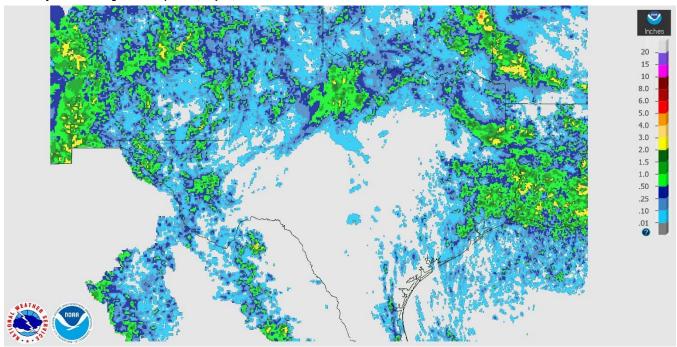
Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District

	Topsoil Moisture Condition by District			Subsoil Moisture Condition by District			Days Suitable for		
District	Percentage of Acreage			Percentage of Acreage					
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Fieldwork
11	59	28	13	0	61	32	7	0	6.7
12	33	40	27	0	33	40	27	0	7.0
21	63	35	2	0	64	34	2	0	7.0
22	98	2	0	0	80	20	0	0	6.2
30	84	11	5	0	69	28	3	0	5.6
40	88	12	0	0	71	27	2	0	6.9
51	57	34	7	2	56	37	7	0	6.7
52	69	31	0	0	60	37	3	0	7.0
60	18	8	74	0	17	9	74	0	7.0
70	84	16	0	0	81	18	1	0	7.0
81	68	32	0	0	64	36	0	0	6.6
82	61	27	12	0	61	24	15	0	7.0
90	76	22	2	0	72	26	2	0	7.0
96	57	18	25	0	57	18	21	4	6.2
97	76	14	10	0	27	60	13	0	5.0
State	65	25	10	0	59	32	9	0	6.7

Texas Agricultural Districts

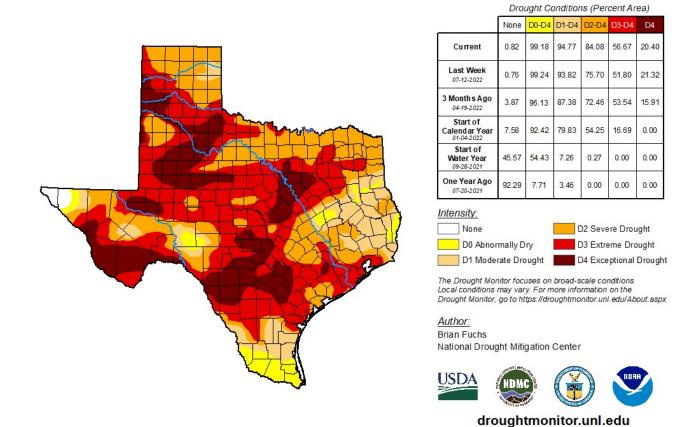


Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, July 24, 2022.



Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov

Drought Monitor, Valid July 19, 2022.



Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu