

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

Southern Plains Regional Field Office
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Much of the state received from trace amounts to upwards of 3.00 inches of precipitation. Isolated areas in the Blacklands, South Central Texas and the North East Texas received up to 5.00 inches. Drought conditions ranged from none to exceptionally dry with the Edwards Plateau and the Plains being the driest. There was an average of 5.0 days suitable for fieldwork.

Small Grains: In some areas of the Northern High Plains and the Edwards Plateau, producers have continued to cut their wheat for hay and silage. In the Blacklands, winter wheat continued to show improvement and in South Texas, wheat-was mature and ready for harvest. Winter wheat condition throughout the state was rated poor to very poor. Winter wheat headed reached 77 percent, up 2 points from the previous year and unchanged from normal. Oats headed reached 90 percent, down one point from the previous year. Oats condition was rated 59 percent fair to poor.

Row Crops: In the Blacklands and the Coastal Bend, both corn and sorghum continued to show progress. Corn emerged reached 67 percent, up 4 points from the previous year. In South Central Texas, corn started to tassel. Sorghum planted reached 73 percent, up 4 points from the previous year. In the Blacklands, excess moisture prevented cotton from growing, while in the Trans-Pecos, pima and upland cotton growth was in good progress. Peanuts were planted in the Southern High Plains and Northern Low Plains. Rice emerged reached 79 percent, down four points from the previous year.

Fruit, Vegetable, and Specialty Crops: In South East Texas and South Texas, onions were being harvested. In South Texas, watermelon and cantaloupe were in good conditions.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Producers reduced supplemental feeding in South Texas. Range and pasture condition was rated 52 percent very poor to poor. In the areas that received rain, pasture and rangeland benefited and started to show signs of improvement.

Crop Progress

Ctore		Percent of Acreage						
Stage	Current Week	Previous Week	Previous Year	5 Year Average				
Corn								
Planted	77	74	80	77				
Emerged	67	65	63	61				
Cotton								
Planted	23	20	22	22				
Peanuts								
Planted	9	0	4	9				
Rice								
Planted	89	83	87	88				
Emerged	79	69	75	77				
Sorghum								
Planted	73	69	69	73				
Headed	15	7	10	11				
Winter Wheat								
Headed	77	69	75	77				
Oats								
Headed	90	80	91	93				

Crop Condition

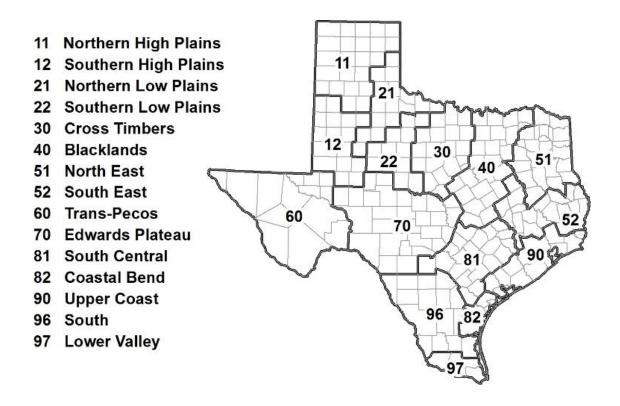
Crop	Percent of Acreage					Index ¹	
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2023	2022
Corn	17	43	23	16	1	81	64
Rice	5	76	17	2	0	83	N/A
Wheat	3	17	24	31	25	40	23
Oats	2	22	33	26	17	45	23
Range and Pasture	5	21	22	26	26	45	29

¹ The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent. (NA) Not available.

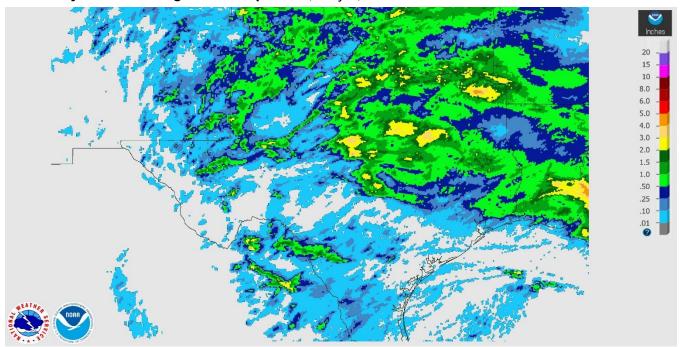
Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District

	Subsoil Moisture Condition by District			Topsoil Moisture Condition by District			Days Suitable for		
District	Percentage of Acreage			Percentage of Acreage					
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Fieldwork
11	45	39	16	0	42	43	15	0	4.8
12	88	12	0	0	77	23	0	0	5.1
21	14	46	38	2	21	43	34	2	5.4
22	33	44	22	1	30	45	18	7	5.7
30	16	32	33	19	5	31	47	17	5.1
40	9	15	53	23	3	8	65	24	3.5
51	1	4	57	38	1	4	55	40	5.9
52	2	5	74	19	1	5	73	21	4.5
60	29	23	48	0	29	23	48	0	6.0
70	37	54	9	0	57	27	16	0	6.7
81	1	24	68	7	2	19	71	8	5.5
82	5	5	58	32	5	5	58	32	3.9
90	0	21	40	39	0	4	53	43	4.7
96	18	33	49	0	17	37	42	4	6.2
97	3	14	79	4	5	24	69	2	5.4
State	34	26	31	9	30	27	33	10	5.0

Texas Agricultural Districts

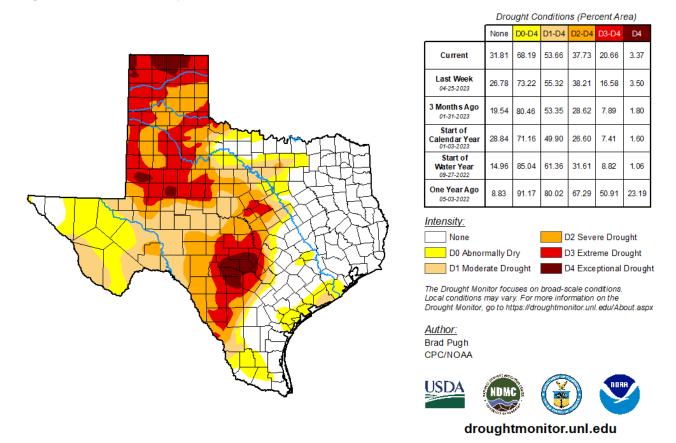


Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, May 7, 2023.



Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov

Drought Monitor, Valid May 2, 2023.



Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/