



Range Review

Wyoming Field Office

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THANK YOU
to all the producers who participated in our recent surveys. The results you requested are in this issue.

Agriculture Prices
Annual Cattle Inventory
Cattle on Feed
Livestock Slaughter
Grazing Fees
Annual Goat Inventory
Annual Sheep Inventory & Wool Production

WHEAT PRICES CONTINUE TO CLIMB

The *Index of Prices Received* by farmers and ranchers in **Wyoming** for agriculture commodities sold during January was 129 percent of the 1990-1992 base. The index was up 10 points (8 percent) from December and up 14 points (12 percent) from January 2007. The seasonal changes in the mix of commodities farmers sell also affect the overall indexes.

The **All Livestock Index**, at 120, was up 9 points (8 percent) from December and up 8 points (7 percent) from January 2007. Prices for all livestock were up from last year except for cows and lambs. Prices were down for all livestock except for sheep compared to last month. Cow prices averaged \$41.50 per hundredweight, down \$2.60 from December and \$2.40 below last year. Steer and heifer prices, at \$103.00 per hundredweight, were down \$5.00 from last month but up \$5.00 from last year's price. Calf prices averaged \$122.00 per hundredweight, down \$1.00 from last month but up \$10.00 from January 2007. Sheep prices, at \$35.00, were \$8.00 above December and \$5.00 above last year's price. Lamb prices, at \$99.00, were down \$1.00 from both last month and last year.

The **All Crops Index**, at 171, was up 13 points (8 percent) from December and up 40 points (31 percent) from last January. All crop prices were higher than both last month and last year with the exception of oats, alfalfa hay, and other hay. Corn averaged \$4.50 per bushel, up 50 cents from December and \$1.77 above last year. Wheat averaged \$8.70, up 25 cents from December and up \$4.18 from last year. Dry beans averaged \$29.00 per hundredweight in January, up \$1.00 from December and up \$8.70 from last year. Alfalfa hay, down \$4.00 from last month but up \$2.00 per ton from last year, was \$103.00 per ton. Other hay, at \$105.00 per ton, was down \$6.00 last month and up \$7.00 from last year.

United States: The preliminary All Farm Products Index of Prices Received by Farmers in January, at 150 percent, based on 1990-92=100, increased 6 points (4.2 percent) from December. The Crop Index is up 16 points (11 percent) but the Livestock Index decreased 4 points (2.9 percent). The All Farm Index and All Crop Index are at record highs. Producers received higher commodity prices for corn, soybeans, broilers, and wheat and lower prices were received for milk, tomatoes, hogs, and turkeys.

The overall index is also affected by the seasonal change based on a 3-year average mix of commodities producers sell. Increased average marketings of corn, soybeans, cattle, and strawberries offset decreased marketings of grapes, milk, broilers, and cottonseed.

The preliminary All Farm Products Index is up 27 points (22 percent) from January 2007. The Food Commodities Index, at 150, increased 2 points (1.4 percent) from last month and increased 26 points (21 percent) from January 2007.

PRICES RECEIVED BY FARMERS AND RANCHERS, JANUARY 2007, DECEMBER 2007, AND JANUARY 15, 2008 U.S. PRICES AS PERCENT OF PARITY

COMMODITY	UNIT	WYOMING			UNITED STATES			
		JAN 2007	DEC 2007	JAN 15 2008	JAN 2007	DEC 2007	JAN 15 2008	% OF PARITY
		Dollars			Dollars			Percent
LIVESTOCK AND PRODUCTS								
Cows	100#	43.90	44.10	41.50	44.40	44.90	46.20	—
Steers & Heifers	100#	98.00	108.00	103.00	89.80	95.10	95.20	—
Calves	100#	112.00	123.00	122.00	115.00	118.00	116.00	35
Sheep	100#	30.00	27.00	35.00	37.10	29.70	1/	—
Lambs	100#	100.00	100.00	99.00	96.50	98.50	1/	—
CROPS								
Corn	Bu.	2.73	4.00	4.50	3.05	3.76	4.28	57
Oats	Bu.	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.20	2.69	2.71	55
Feed Barley	Bu.	2/	2/	2/	3.11	4.78	5.23	—
All Wheat	Bu.	4.52	8.45	8.70	4.53	7.74	8.55	71
Dry Beans	100#	20.30	28.00	29.00	22.70	27.00	28.40	47
Alfalfa Hay (Baled)	Ton	101.00	107.00	103.00	112.00	136.00	135.00	—
Other Hay (Baled)	Ton	98.00	111.00	105.00	104.00	126.00	118.00	—

1/Mid-month prices discontinued January 1996.

2/Insufficient sales to establish a price.

NOTE: Entire month price is a revision of previous mid-month price except for hay which is always a mid-month price.

INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY FARMERS & RANCHERS, WYOMING & U.S.

1990-92 = 100	WYOMING			UNITED STATES		
	JAN 2007	DEC 2007	JAN 15 2008	JAN 2007	DEC 2007	JAN 15 2008
All Commodities	115	119	129	123	144	150
All Crops	131	158	171	131	151	167
All Livestock and Products	112	111	120	116	136	132

WYOMING CATTLE INVENTORY DOWN 8 PERCENT FROM LAST YEAR; U.S. DOWN SLIGHTLY

WYOMING: The inventory of all **cattle and calves** on Wyoming ranches and farms on January 1, 2008 totaled 1.32 million head. This is down 8 percent from last year and January 1, 2006.

The number of **beef cows** that have calved was down 4 percent from last year to 733,000 head, compared with 763,000 head a year earlier. **Beef cow replacement heifers** decreased 17 percent from a year ago to a total of 150,000 on January 1. The number of **milk cows** was 7,000 head, unchanged from the previous year. There were 40,000 bulls on hand January 1, 2008, down 5,000 head from a year ago.

The total inventory of **steers, other heifers not intended for breeding, and calves under 500 pounds** was 385,000 head, down 10 percent from a year earlier. Steers totaled 150,000 head, down 40,000 head from a year earlier; other heifers totaled 115,000 down 30,000; and calves totaled 120,000, up 25,000 head from the previous year.

There were 70,000 head of cattle in Wyoming being fed on January 1 to go directly to slaughter, down 20,000 head from last year.

The 2007 **calf crop** in Wyoming totaled 710,000 head, down 5 percent or 40,000 head from 2006.

UNITED STATES: All cattle and calves in the United States as of January 1, 2008, totaled 96.7 million head, slightly below the 97.0 million on January 1, 2007.

All cows and heifers that have calved, at 41.8 million, were down 1 percent from the 42.0 million on January 1, 2007. **Beef cows**, at 32.6 million, were down 1 percent from January 1, 2007. **Milk cows**, at 9.22 million, were up 1 percent from January 1, 2007.

Other class estimates on January 1, 2008 and the change from January 1, 2007, were as follows: **all heifers 500 pounds and over**, 20.0 million, down slightly; **beef replacement heifers**, 5.67 million, down 4 percent; **milk replacement heifers**, 4.46 million, up 3 percent; **other heifers**, 9.88 million, down slightly; **steers weighing 500 pounds and over**, 17.3 million, up slightly; **bulls weighing 500 pounds and over**, 2.21 million, down slightly; **calves under 500 pounds**, 15.4 million, up slightly.

Cattle and calves on feed for slaughter in all feedlots totaled 14.3 million, up slightly from last year.

The 2007 **calf crop** was estimated at 37.4 million head, down slightly from 2006.

ALL CATTLE AND CALVES, JANUARY 1, 2007-08 WYOMING AND U.S.

Class	Wyoming			United States		
	2007	2008	2008 as % of 2007	2007	2008	2008 as % of 2007
	Thousand Head		Percent	Thousand Head		Percent
All Cattle and Calves	1,430	1,320	92	97,002.9	96,668.6	100
All Cows and Heifers that have Calved	770	740	96	42,023.2	41,776.5	99
Beef Cows	763	733	96	32,891.2	32,552.5	99
Milk Cows	7	7	100	9,132.0	9,224.0	101
Heifers 500 Pounds & Over	330	270	82	20,086.1	20,002.7	100
For Beef Cow Replacement	180	150	83	5,877.4	5,669.6	96
For Milk Cow Replacement	5	5	100	4,309.9	4,457.0	103
Other Heifers	145	115	79	9,898.8	9,876.1	100
Steers 500 Pounds & Over	190	150	79	17,222.0	17,304.7	100
Bulls 500 Pounds & Over	45	40	89	2,215.4	2,207.2	100
Heifers, Steers & Bulls Under 500 Pounds	95	120	126	15,456.2	15,377.5	99

CALF CROP 2006-07 WYOMING AND U.S.

Area	2006	2007	2007 as % of 2006
Wyoming	750	710	95
United States	37,518.7	37,360.7	100

U.S. Cattle on Feed Up 1 Percent

Cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in the United States for feedlots with capacity of 1,000 or more head totaled 12.1 million head on January 1, 2008. The inventory was 1 percent above January 1, 2007 and 2 percent above January 1, 2006. This is the highest January 1 inventory since the series began in 1996. The inventory included 7.65 million steers and steer calves, up 1 percent from the previous year. This group accounted for 63 percent of the total inventory. Heifers and heifer calves accounted for 4.38 million head, up 2 percent from 2007.

Placements in feedlots during December totaled 1.70 million, 1 percent below 2007 and 10 percent below 2006. Net placements were 1.64 million head. During December, placements of cattle and calves weighing less than 600 pounds were 480,000, 600-699 pounds were 505,000, 700-799 pounds were 420,000 and 800 pounds and greater were 296,000.

Marketings of fed cattle during December totaled 1.65 million, 1 percent above 2007 but 4 percent below 2006. This is the second lowest fed cattle marketings for the month of December since the series began in 1996.

Other disappearance totaled 58,000 during December, 34 percent below 2007 and 36 percent below 2006.

CATTLE ON FEED: 1000+ CAPACITY FEEDLOTS, SELECTED STATES AND UNITED STATES, JAN. 1, 2007-2008 1/

State	On Feed	Place-	Market-	Other	On Feed	On Feed
	Dec 1, 2007	ments Dec 2007	ings Dec 2007	Disapp. Dec 2007	Jan 1, 2008	Jan 1, 2007
Thousand Head						
CO	1,070	170	135	5	1,100	1,100
KS	2,500	385	390	15	2,480	2,540
NE	2,520	355	335	10	2,530	2,540
TX	3,010	380	420	10	2,960	2,870
Oth						
Sts.	2,999	411	365	18	3,027	2,924
U.S.	12,099	1,701	1,645	58	12,097	11,974

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals for slaughter market being fed a ration of grain or other concentrates and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade select or better.

ANNUAL RED MEAT PRODUCTION UP FROM PREVIOUS YEAR

Commercial red meat production in Wyoming during December 2007 totaled 500,000 pounds, according to Vito Wagner with the Wyoming Field Office of USDA NASS. This was up 8 percent from last month but down 6 percent from December 2006. Commercial red meat production excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

Six hundred **cattle** were slaughtered in December, unchanged from last year. Total live weight was 699,000 pounds, down 4 percent from December 2006. Average live weight of cattle slaughtered was 1,161 pounds, up 4 pounds from last year.

A total of 300 **hogs and pigs** were processed, down 100 hogs from last year. Total live weight, at 77,000 pounds, was down 21 percent from December 2006. Average live weight of hogs slaughtered was 260 pounds, down 16 pounds from last year.

One hundred **sheep and lambs** were processed in December, unchanged from last year. Total live weight, at 18,000 pounds, was up 1,000 pounds from December 2006. Average live weight of sheep and lambs was 137 pounds, up 7 pounds from last year.

Red meat production from January to December 2007 totaled 6.2 million pounds, up 3 percent from the same period last year.

UNITED STATES: Commercial red meat production for the United States totaled 4.06 billion pounds in December, up 5 percent from the 3.87 billion pounds produced in December 2006.

Beef production, at 2.06 billion pounds, was slightly above the previous year. Cattle slaughter totaled 2.65 million head, up 1 percent from December 2006. The average live weight was up 2 pounds from the previous year, at 1,302 pounds.

Pork production totaled 1.97 billion pounds, up 10 percent from the previous year. Hog kill totaled 9.69 million head, up 9 percent from December 2006. The average live weight was up 1 pound from the previous year, at 272 pounds.

Lamb and mutton production, at 15.4 million pounds, was down 1 percent from December 2006. Sheep slaughter totaled 229,100 head, 1 percent above last year. The average live weight was 135 pounds, down 1 pound from December a year ago.

January to December 2007 commercial red meat production was 48.7 billion pounds, up 2 percent from 2006. Accumulated beef production was up 1 percent from last year, veal was down 6 percent, pork was up 4 percent from last year, and lamb and mutton production was down 1 percent.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER, DECEMBER 2006 AND 2007, Wyoming and U.S.

SPECIES	WYOMING					UNITED STATES				
	Number of Head		Total Liveweight			Number of Head		Total Liveweight		
	Dec. 2006	Dec. 2007	Dec. 2006	Dec. 2007	07/06	Dec. 2006	Dec. 2007	Dec. 2006	Dec. 2007	07/06
			1,000 Pounds	Percent				1,000 Pounds	Percent	
Cattle	600	600	731	699	96	2,612,500	2,645,300	3,385,204	3,430,848	101
Hogs	400	300	97	77	79	8,882,800	9,691,300	2,402,254	2,633,077	110
Sheep & Lambs	100	100	17	18	106	226,900	229,100	30,762	30,826	100

U.S. FARM NUMBERS DOWN SLIGHTLY; INCREASE IN LARGEST SALES CLASS

The number of farms and ranches in **Wyoming** in 2007 is estimated at 8,800. This is down 300 farms from 2006. A farm is defined as "any establishment from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold or would normally be sold during the year."

Total land in farms and ranches was 34,400,000 acres, unchanged from 2005 and 2006, but down 40,000 acres or 0.1 percent from 2004 and 2003 and down from 34,500,000 in 2002, 2001 and 2000. Wyoming ranks first in the Nation in average size of farms and ranches at 3,909 acres. Arizona ranks second at 2,600 acres. In Wyoming, there were 3,350 farms (38 percent) with less than \$10,000 of agricultural sales in 2007, down 250 farms from last 3 years and down 350 farms from both 2003 and 2002. This group accounted for 3,300,000 acres or 10 percent of the total land.

UNITED STATES: The number of farms in the United States in 2007 is estimated at 2.08 million, 0.6 percent fewer than in 2006. Total land in farms, at 930.9 million acres, decreased 1.5 million acres, or 0.16 percent, from 2006. The average farm size was 449 acres during 2007, an increase of three acres from the previous year. The decline in the number of farms and land in farms reflects a continuing consolidation in farming operations and diversion of Agricultural land to nonagricultural uses.

Farm numbers declined in the \$1,000 - \$9,999 and the \$10,000 - \$99,999 sales classes. Farm numbers rose slightly in the three largest sales classes. The changes within the sales classes were a result of operations moving to larger sales classes by consolidation or expansion and rising incomes as result of strong commodity prices. Because of rising incomes, many farms and ranches near the top of their sales class in 2006 moved into the next higher sales class in 2007 without adding land or otherwise expanding their operations.

NUMBER OF FARMS AND RANCHES AND LAND, SELECTED STATES AND U.S. 2005-2007 1/

State	Number of Farms & Ranches			Land in Farms & Ranches		
	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007
<i>1,000 acres</i>						
CO	30,500	30,700	31,000	30,700	30,700	30,700
ID	25,000	25,000	24,500	11,800	11,800	11,700
MT	28,000	28,100	28,300	60,100	60,100	60,000
NE	48,000	47,600	47,300	45,700	45,700	45,600
SD	31,400	31,300	31,300	43,700	43,700	43,700
UT	15,200	15,100	15,000	11,600	11,600	11,600
WY	9,200	9,100	8,800	34,400	34,400	34,400
U.S.	2,098,690	2,088,790	2,075,510	933,210	932,430	930,920

1/ A "farm" is defined as any establishment from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold or would be sold during the year.

GRAZING RATES RISE

The average rate for grazing cattle in **Wyoming** on privately-owned, non-irrigated land in 2007 was \$15.40 per animal unit month (AUM), according to data collected on the January 1 cattle survey. The AUM rate was up 30 cents from the previous year. Average rates for other methods of payment also were higher in 2007. The cow-calf rate rose 60 cents to \$17.90 and the per head rate rose 30 cents to \$16.10.

AVERAGE GRAZING RATES ON PRIVATELY OWNED, NON-IRRIGATED LAND, SELECTED STATES

State	AUM 1/ 2/		Cow-Calf		Per Head	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
Dollars per Month						
CO	14.50	15.00	16.00	16.70	15.00	15.10
ID	12.80	13.80	15.00	16.50	13.50	14.60
MT	16.20	17.80	18.70	20.10	18.30	19.20
NE	24.00	23.00	28.50	27.50	26.00	25.00
SD	20.30	21.00	24.00	25.20	21.00	23.00
UT	11.70	12.90	14.60	14.60	13.50	14.20
WY	15.10	15.40	17.30	17.90	15.80	16.10

1/An AUM is the forage required to sustain one cow for one month

2/Includes animal unit plus cow-calf rates. Cow-calf rate converted to AUM using cow-calf=1.2 AUM's.



2007 CENSUS OF
AGRICULTURE

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WYOMING'S SHEEP AND LAMB INVENTORY DECREASE IN 2007

On January 1, 2008, Wyoming operators owned 440,000 **sheep and lambs**, down 4 percent from January 1, 2007. The number of **breeding sheep and lambs** was 340,000 head and the number of **market sheep and lambs** on January 1 was 100,000 head.

Of the total breeding sheep, 272,000 head were **ewes one year old and older**, down 3 percent from January 1, 2007. There were 9,000 **rams one year old and older**, down 10 percent from last year. **Replacement lambs** for breeding totaled 59,000, down 2 percent from 2007.

Of the 100,000 **market sheep and lambs**, 3,000 were **market sheep**, and 97,000 were **market lambs**. By weight groups, the number of market lambs was: under 65 pounds - 2,000 (2% of the total), 65 to 84 pounds - 5,000 (5%), 85 to 105 pounds - 40,000 (41%), and over 105 pounds - 50,000 (52%).

The **2007 lamb crop** in Wyoming at 290,000 head docked or branded is down 6 percent from the 2006 crop of 310,000.

Wyoming sheep produced 3.325 million pounds of **wool** from 360,000 sheep and lamb shorn during 2007 for a total value of \$4.19 million. Total value was up 28 percent from the previous year, even as production was down slightly but wool prices were up 34 cents to 1.26 dollars per pound. Wyoming was second in the nation in wool production behind Texas and California.

UNITED STATES: All sheep and lamb inventory in the United States on January 1, 2008, totaled 6.06 million head, down 2 percent from 2007. After consecutive increases in 2005 and 2006, inventory has now declined for the past two years.

Breeding sheep inventory decreased to 4.51 million head on January 1, 2008, down 2 percent from 4.61 million head on January 1, 2007. Ewes one year old and older, at 3.62 million head, were 2 percent below last year.

Market sheep and lambs on January 1, 2008, totaled 1.55 million head, down slightly from January 1, 2007. Market lambs comprised 95 percent of the total marketings. Twenty-four percent were lambs under 65 pounds, 14 percent were 65 - 84 pounds, 26 percent were 85 - 105 pounds, and 36 percent were over 105 pounds. Market sheep comprised the remaining 5 percent of total marketings.

The **2007 lamb crop** of 4.05 million head, was down slightly from 2006. The 2007 lambing rate was 110 lambs per 100 ewes one year old and older on January 1, 2007, down 1 percent from 2006.

Shorn wool production in the United States during 2007 was 34.5 million pounds, down 4 percent from 2006. Sheep and lambs shorn totaled 4.71 million head, down 3 percent from 2006. The average price paid for wool sold in 2007 was \$0.88 per pound for a total value of 30.3 million dollars, up 23 percent from 24.5 million dollars in 2006.

ALL SHEEP AND LAMBS, JANUARY 1, 2007-08 WYOMING AND U.S.

Class	Wyoming			United States		
	2007	2008	2008 as % of 2007	2007	2008	2008 as % of 2007
	Thousand Head			Thousand Head		
All Sheep and Lambs	460	440	96	6,165.0	6,055.0	98
Market Sheep and Lambs	110	100	91	1,555.0	1,550.0	100
Breeding Sheep	350	340	97	4,610.0	4,505.0	98
Ewes 1 yr. & Over	280	272	97	3,696.0	3,617.0	98
Rams 1 yr. & Over	10	9	90	195.0	193.0	99
Replacement Lambs	60	59	98	719.0	695.0	97

LAMB CROP 2006-07, WYOMING AND U.S.

Area	Breeding Ewes 1 Yr. & Over January 1		Lambs Saved Per 100 Ewes 1 Yr. & Over January 1		Lambs Saved 1/		
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2007 as % of 2006
	Thousand Head		Percent		Thousand Head		Percent
Wyoming	278	280	112	104	310	290	94
United States	3,661.0	3,696.0	111	110	4,065	4,050.0	100

1/Lamb crop defined as lambs born in the Eastern States and lambs docked or branded in the Western States.

WYOMING WOOL VALUE UP 28 PERCENT

Wyoming sheep produced 3.325 million pounds of **wool** from 360,000 sheep and lamb shorn during 2007 for a total value of \$4.19 million. Total value was up 28 percent from the previous year, even as production was down slightly but wool prices were up 34 cents to 1.26 dollars per pound. Wyoming was second in the nation in wool production behind Texas and California.

UNITED STATES: Shorn wool production in the United States during 2007 was 34.5 million pounds, down 4 percent from 2006. Sheep and lambs shorn totaled 4.71 million head, down 3 percent from 2006. The average price paid for wool sold in 2007 was \$0.88 per pound for a total value of 30.3 million dollars, up 23 percent from 24.5 million dollars in 2006.

SHORN WOOL PRODUCTION AND VALUE, SELECTED STATES, 2006 AND 2007

State	Sheep & Lambs Shorn		Weight Per Fleece		Wool Production		Price Per Lb.		Value 1/	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
	1,000 Head		Pounds		1,000 Pounds		Dollars		1,000 Dollars	
WYOMING	370	360	9.6	9.2	3,550	3,325	.92	1.26	3,266	4,190
Colorado	380	400	6.8	6.8	2,600	2,700	.75	1.00	1,950	2,700
Montana	255	255	9.2	9.2	2,350	2,350	.91	1.30	2,139	3,055
S. Dakota	335	295	7.2	7.7	2,415	2,270	.63	.85	1,521	1,930
Texas	700	600	7.0	7.3	4,900	4,400	.91	1.21	4,459	5,324
Utah	260	255	9.0	8.5	2,350	2,180	.71	.90	1,669	1,962
U.S.	4,852	4,705	7.4	7.3	36,019	34,533	.68	.88	24,510	30,258

1/ Annual production multiplied by average price per pound.

U.S. GOAT AND KID INVENTORY UP 3 PERCENT

On January 1, 2007, there were 5,300 milk, meat, and other goats on Wyoming farms and ranches, compared with 5,800 head in 2007 and 5,600 in 2006. The number of **milk goats** was 1,700 in 2008, down 6 percent from the 1,800 in 2007, but up 6 percent from the 1,600 in 2006. The number of **meat goats and other goats** on January 1 was 3,600 head, down 10 percent from 2006 and 2007.

All goat inventory in the United States on January 1, 2008, totaled 3.02 million head, up 3 percent from 2007. **Breeding goat inventory** totaled 2.50 million head up 2 percent from 2007. **All market goats and kids** totaled 520,000 head, up 4 percent from a year ago.

On January 1, 2008 **meat and all other goats** totaled 2.50 million head, up 4 percent from 2007. **Milk goat** inventory increased 4 percent to 305,000 head while **angora goats** were down 12 percent totaling 210,000 head. The 2007 **kid crop** totaled 1.94 million head for all goats, up 1 percent from 2006.

Mohair production in the United States during 2007 was 1.14 million pounds. **Goats and kids clipped** totaled 185,000 head. Average weight per clip was 6.20 pounds. **Mohair price** was \$3.78 per pound with a value of 4.31 million dollars.

GOATS BY CLASS, JANUARY 1, 2007-2008, WYOMING AND U.S.

Class	Wyoming			United States		
	2007	2008	2008 as % of 2007	2007	2008	2008 as % of 2007
Angora	1/	1/		238,000	210,000	88
Milk	1,800	1,700	94	294,000	305,000	104
Meat & Other	4,000	3,600	90	2,402,000	2,500,000	104
All Goats	1/	1/		2,934,000	3,015,000	103

1/ Not Published.