

Highlights In This Report

Quarterly Milk Production  
Winter Wheat Production  
Pecan Production

Production per cow in the 20 major states averaged 1,587 pounds for June, unchanged from June 2002.

The number of cows on farms in the 20 major states was 7.77 million head, 10,000 head less than June 2002 and 11,000 head less than May 2003.

Milk production in the U.S. during April-June quarter totaled 43.9 billion pounds, down 0.3 percent from the April-June period last year. The average number of milk cows in the U.S. during the quarter was 9.11 million head, 35,000 head less than the same period last year.

**Louisiana Milk Production**

Louisiana dairies produced 143 million pounds of milk during the April-June 2003 quarter, down 11 percent from the same period in 2002. Milk cows averaged 47,000 head during the quarter, down 8 percent from last year.

**United States Milk Production**

Milk production in the 20 major states during June totaled 12.3 billion pounds, down 0.1 percent from June 2002. May revised production, at 13.0 billion pounds, was down 0.4 percent from May 2002. The May revision represented a decrease of 9 million pounds from last month's preliminary production estimate.

**Milk Production: Selected States, April-June 2002-2003**

Selected States	April - June Milk Cows <sup>1</sup>		April - June Milk Production <sup>2</sup>	
	2002	2003	2002	2003
	-----Thousands-----		-----Million Pounds-----	
Alabama	20	18	76	69
Arkansas	33	30	111	100
<b>Louisiana</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>143</b>
Mississippi	34	32	133	118
Oklahoma	88	87	334	337
Tennessee	90	79	360	320
Texas	308	312	1,414	1,496
20 Major States <sup>3</sup>	7,782	7,772	12,348	12,333
<b>United States</b>	<b>9,149</b>	<b>9,114</b>	<b>44,015</b>	<b>43,862</b>

<sup>1</sup>Includes dry cows. Excludes heifers not yet fresh.

<sup>2</sup>Excludes milk sucked by calves.

<sup>3</sup>Arizona, California, Florida, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Mexico, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin.

## July 1, 2003 Crop Report, Winter Wheat

Selected States	Area Harvested		Yield		Production	
	2002	Ind. 2003	2002	Ind. 2003	2002	Ind. 2003
	-----1,000 Acres-----		-----Bushels-----		-----1,000 Bushels-----	
Arkansas	840	580	46.0	50.0	38,640	29,000
Colorado	1,650	2,200	22.0	35.0	36,300	77,000
Kansas	8,100	9,700	33.0	49.0	267,300	475,300
<b>Louisiana</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>40.0</b>	<b>1/</b>	<b>8,800</b>	<b>1/</b>
Mississippi	205	125	44.0	48.0	9,020	6,000
Oklahoma	3,500	4,700	28.0	41.0	98,000	192,700
Texas	2,700	3,600	29.0	29.0	78,300	104,400
<b>United States</b>	<b>29,651</b>	<b>36,491</b>	<b>38.5</b>	<b>47.0</b>	<b>1,142,802</b>	<b>1,715,912</b>

<sup>1</sup>Will be available September 30, 2003.

### United States Winter Wheat Production Down From Last Year

Winter wheat acres harvested for grain are forecast at 36.5 million, up 23 percent from 2002. Harvest progress, in the 18 major producing states, was 47 percent complete by June 29. This was 10 percentage points behind last year and 3 points behind the 5-year average.

Yield increases from last month are forecast in most of the major Hard Red Winter states. Kansas and Oklahoma, the largest winter wheat growing states, recorded significant increases, and are now at record high levels. In Colorado, June brought mild temperatures and needed precipitation to most growing areas. Crop condition ratings in Nebraska were well above the 5-year average. High temperatures in Montana accelerated crop development.

Yields forecast are mixed this month across the Soft Red Winter states. Yield declines are forecast across the Delta, Southeast and Atlantic Coast States, however yields in most Corn Belt States are better than previously expected. Growers in Illinois and Missouri are harvesting a record high yielding crop.

White Wheat yield prospects are improved in Washington, but unchanged in Idaho and Oregon. In Idaho, declines in the non-irrigated yields due to hot, dry conditions during June are expected to be offset by yield increases in irrigated fields. Yield expectations remain steady in Oregon even though little moisture was received during June.

## United States Pecans

Variety	Utilized Production			Price Per Pound		
	2000	2001	2002	2000	2001	2002
	-----1,000 Pounds-----			-----Dollars-----		
<b>Improved Varieties<sup>1</sup></b>						
Alabama	10,000	10,000	4,000	0.900	0.580	0.670
Arizona	14,500	21,000	16,000	1.310	0.460	1.030
Arkansas	650	1,950	1,200	1.000	0.600	0.600
California	3,400	3,700	3,800	1.520	0.810	1.270
Florida	1,200	1,200	500	1.050	0.510	0.870
Georgia	65,000	85,000	42,000	1.230	0.660	1.020
<b>Louisiana</b>	<b>3,500</b>	<b>3,500</b>	<b>2,000</b>	<b>1.250</b>	<b>0.600</b>	<b>0.890</b>
Mississippi	2,500	3,000	2,100	0.970	0.650	0.950
New Mexico	35,000	60,000	36,000	1.370	0.640	1.250
North Carolina	1,400	2,700	1,500	1.150	0.650	0.950
Oklahoma	200	2,000	1,500	1.300	0.530	0.600
South Carolina	1,200	2,500	120	1.110	0.640	0.970
Texas	22,000	50,000	20,000	1.300	0.800	1.020
<b>United States</b>	<b>160,550</b>	<b>246,550</b>	<b>130,720</b>	<b>1.260</b>	<b>0.662</b>	<b>1.070</b>
<b>Native and Seedling</b>						
Alabama	5,000	5,000	1,000	0.600	0.360	0.490
Arkansas	250	650	500	0.750	0.400	0.500
Florida	2,100	2,100	900	0.600	0.420	0.500
Georgia	15,000	25,000	3,000	0.980	0.450	0.680
Kansas	550	2,200	2,900	0.830	0.400	0.750
<b>Louisiana</b>	<b>14,500</b>	<b>10,500</b>	<b>4,000</b>	<b>0.600</b>	<b>0.350</b>	<b>0.500</b>
Mississippi	1,000	1,500	900	0.520	0.450	0.550
North Carolina	200	500	400	0.800	0.450	0.600
Oklahoma	2,300	18,000	8,500	0.800	0.420	0.500
South Carolina	400	1,500	80	0.920	0.460	0.570
Texas	8,000	25,000	20,000	0.750	0.400	0.650
<b>United States</b>	<b>49,300</b>	<b>91,950</b>	<b>42,180</b>	<b>0.754</b>	<b>0.412</b>	<b>0.603</b>
<b>All Pecans</b>						
Alabama	15,000	15,000	5,000	0.800	0.507	0.634
Arizona	14,500	21,000	16,000	1.310	0.460	1.030
Arkansas	900	2,600	1,700	0.931	0.550	0.571
California	3,400	3,700	3,800	1.520	0.810	1.270
Florida	3,300	3,300	1,400	0.764	0.453	0.632
Georgia	80,000	110,000	45,000	1.180	0.612	1.000
Kansas	550	2,200	2,900	0.831	0.400	0.750
<b>Louisiana</b>	<b>18,000</b>	<b>14,000</b>	<b>6,000</b>	<b>0.726</b>	<b>0.413</b>	<b>0.630</b>
Mississippi	3,500	4,500	3,000	0.841	0.583	0.830
New Mexico	35,000	60,000	36,000	1.370	0.640	1.250
North Carolina	1,600	3,200	1,900	1.110	0.619	0.876
Oklahoma	2,500	20,000	10,000	0.840	0.431	0.515
South Carolina	1,600	4,000	200	1.060	0.573	0.810
Texas	30,000	75,000	40,000	1.150	0.667	0.835
<b>United States</b>	<b>209,850</b>	<b>338,500</b>	<b>172,900</b>	<b>1.140</b>	<b>0.594</b>	<b>0.955</b>

<sup>1</sup>Budded, grafted, or top worked varieties.

### 2002 Pecan Production Down

Production of all pecans in the United States in 2002 totaled 172.9 million pounds, down 49 percent from 2001. Production of improved varieties, at 130.7 million pounds, was down 47 percent from the previous year, while the native and seedling output totaled 42.2 million pounds, compared to the 91.95 million pounds the previous year.

The average price of all pecans in the United States was \$0.96 per pound, down .36 cents from 2001.

The value of utilized production in the U.S. was \$165 million in 2002, down 18 percent from the previous year. New Mexico led all States in value of pecan production with \$45.0 million, Georgia was second with \$44.9 million and Texas was third with \$33.4 million.