Table 32.—Gross Sales and Specified Expenditures Per Farm, for Poultry Farms, by Economic Class of Farm, for Selected Poultry Subregions: 1954—Continued

Subregion and item	Average per farm by economic class of farm (dollars)								
	Total	I	11	111	IV	v	VI		
Subregion 116: Gross sales Solected expenses, total Feed for livestock and poultry Hired labor Machine hire Gasoline and other petroleum products Fertilizer Lime Gross sales minus selected expenses Subregion 117: Gross sales	17, 355 15, 534 1, 366 108	67, 891 49, 567 43, 979 4, 443 219 783 138 5 18, 324	13, 681 12, 398 908 89 259 26 1 4, 141	5, 913 5, 416 251 103 132 11 	3, 775 3, 594 64 28 79 10 	2, 165 2, 011 41 63 49	775 255 11 149 2 		
Solected expenses, total. Feed for livestock and poultry Hired labor Machine hire Gasoline and other petroleum products	12, 925 11, 969 695	41,800 38,244 3,017 62	14, 123 13, 208 576 76	6, 998 6, 548 228 25	4,028 3,803 104 16	2, 283 2, 160 41 11	1,385 1,235 101 11		
products	214 (Z) 2, 517	462 14 1 12, 248	(Z) 4	190 7 499		68 3 (Z)	37 1 612		
Subregion 119: Gross sales Salected expenses, total Feed for livestock and poultry Hired labor Machine hire Gasoline and other petroleum	9, 098 6, 695 6, 018 402 54	47, 813 30, 538 26, 272 3, 246 157	15, 034 11, 125 10, 143 561 83	6, 826 5, 946 5, 548 147 48	2, 894 2, 661 64 43	1, 593 1, 460 30 19	886 966 858 33 30		
products	178 37 6 2,403	646 184 33 17, 275	283 53 2 3,909	154 40 9 880	114 10 2 679	71 12 1 239	36 8 1 -80		
			,						

Z 50 cents or less.

Practically all poultry farms have electricity and a high proportion have piped running water. Roughly two-thirds have telephones, about half television sets, and somewhat less than half, home freezers. About two-thirds of the farms in Class I have television sets and home freezers compared with less than one-third of the farms in Class VI.

Production expenses.—Expenditures on poultry farms are high. Expenses were particularly high in relation to income in 1954, as compared with earlier years, because of the relatively low prices for broilers. The total of specified expenses in 1954 generally ranged from 60 to 90 percent of the sales reported among the areas and classes of farms. Cost of feed is the largest item of expense. Of the six items included in the 1954 Census, feed represented 89 percent of the total expense for all poultry farms in the country. The other specified costs were; hired labor, 6 percent; gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil, 2.6 percent; cost of machine hire, fertilizer, and lime, 2.4 percent. In some cases the total of specified expenses exceeded gross sales, in 1954. This situation sometimes arose when the number of farms in the group was very small and one or more of the farms in the group were just starting in the poultry business that year, and when the gross sales of poultry products were not fully reported. On some of the farms in Classes V and VI, expenditures exceeded gross sales because considerable quantities of poultry products were consumed on farms.

The six specified expenditures do not, of course, represent all of the costs on poultry farms. It is significant, however, that the proportion that feed is of the total specified expenditures varies little with the size of operation as measured by economic class of farm. Feed represents between 80 and 90 percent of the total in each economic class. Hired labor, the next largest item, ranges from 8 percent for Class I farms to 3 percent for the poultry farms with the smallest gross sales.

Table 33.—Work Off the Farm and Other Income for Poultry Farms, by Economic Class of Farm, for Selected Poultry Subregions: 1954

Subregion and item		Economic class of farm							
	Total	I	11	III	IV	v	vı		
United States: Percent of farms reporting: No off-farm work. 1 to 99 days of off-farm work. 100 to 199 days of off-farm work. 200 days or more of off-farm work. Income of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold.	13.1	74. 2 10. 0 3. 3 11. 0 9. 8	63. 7 15. 3 5. 2 14. 7 16. 0	55. 4 13. 6 6. 7 22. 5 25. 7	49. 6 12. 7 7. 4 28. 5 34. 7	47. 1 11. 6 7. 4 31. 8 45. 5	81. 3		
Subregion 2:  Percent of farms reporting:  No off-farm work.  1 to 99 days of off-farm work.  100 to 199 days of off-farm work.  200 days or more of off-farm work.  Income of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold.	12. 2 3. 7	72. 4 5. 2 2. 6 19. 8 10. 4	69. 0 12. 9 2. 6 15. 5 15. 5	50. 0 13. 8 6. 4 25. 5 20. 2	44. 6 14. 5 6. 0 31. 3 38. 6	49. 3 10. 4 3. 0 35. 8 67. 2	82. 3 17. 7		
Subregion 3:  Percent of farms reporting:  No off-farm work  1 to 99 days of off-farm work  100 to 199 days or off-farm work  200 days or more of off-farm work  Lucome of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold.	5. 3 3. 6	91. 3 4. 3 4. 8	68. 6 6. 9 6. 9 16. 7 13. 7	67. 7 5. 0 4. 0 18. 2 14. 1	54. 8 3. 2 1. 1 37. 6 40. 9	41. 3 8. 2 5. 9 43. 4 57. 7	93.6		
Subregion 4: Percent of farms reporting: No off-farm work. 1 to 99 days of off-farm work. 100 to 190 days of off-farm work. 200 days or more of off-farm work. Income of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold.	5.0	86. 2 4. 9 2. 0 4. 9 3. 0	68. 2 7. 0 7. 0 17. 2 17. 2	58. 0 6. 8 5. 7 29. 5 25. 0	53. 5 4. 0 3. 0 39. 4 32. 3	48. 0 2. 0 3. 9 41. 2 53. 9	84. 4		
Subregion 5: Percent of farms reporting: No off-farm work.  1 to 99 days of off-farm work.  100 to 199 days of off-farm work.  200 days or more of off-farm work.  Income of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold.	5. 5 3. 0	82. 4 2. 3 11. 7 2. 6	75. 2 7. 0 3. 7 8. 4 5. 6	73. 5 3. 0 1. 8 21. 1 19. 9	52. 5 8. 6 4. 3 28. 8 34. 5	52. 4 6. 0 6. 0 29. 8 36. 9			

## FARMERS AND FARM PRODUCTION

Table 33.—Work Off the Farm and Other Income for Poultry Farms, by Economic Class of Farm, for Selected Poultry Subregions: 1954—Continued

Subregion and item	Economic class of farm:								
odorogion and nom		I	II	III	IV	v	VI		
Subregion 14:  Percent of farms reporting:  No off-farm work	66. 2 5. 3 3. 8 21. 1 20. 3	83. 3 8. 3 8. 3	79. 1 4. 7 7. 0 9. 3 4. 7	62. 9 2. 9 2. 9 22. 9 37. 1	47. 4 5. 3 42. 1 31. 6	40. 0 6. 7 6. 7 46. 7 40. 0	77.1		
Subregion 15: Percent of farms reporting: No off-farm work	67. 7 9. 5 5. 3 16. 2 18. 9	74. 4 7. 7 3. 6 12. 5 11. 3	71. 8 10. 0 5. 6 12. 0 14. 1	60. 9 8. 9 5. 7 22. 4 22. 8	55. 0 8. 3 8. 9 20. 0 37. 9	56. 7 11. 7 5. 0 25. 8 33. 3	85, 12.		
Subregion 16:  Percent of farms reporting: No off-farm work	52. 9 15. 6 5. 1 23. 3 23. 3	70. 2 14. 7 7. 4 7. 4 5. 5	60. 8 16. 8 4. 8 14. 4 10. 4	48. 9 22. 3 5. 0 22. 3 18. 7	51. 2 9. 4 4. 4 30. 6 28. 8	35. 6 11. 5 8. 0 42. 0 50. 0	72.		
Subregion 18:  Percent of farms reporting:  No off-farm work  1 to 99 days of off-farm work  100 to 199 days of off-farm work  200 days or incre of off-farm work  Income of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold	43. 8 21. 6 6. 8 27. 3 29. 6	62. 2 13. 8 3. 2 20. 9 13. 5	53. 0 33. 7 7. 2 4. 8 14. 5	34. 8 19. 6 6. 5 39. 1 42. 4	34. 3 17. 6 11. 8 37. 3 44. 1	30. 1 16. 9 7. 2 43. 4 41. 0	65. § 34. 1		
Subregion 26:  Percent of farms reporting: No off-farm work	45. 8 24. 4 5. 7 18. 5 27. 0	65. 5 26. 2 8. 3 25. 5	52. 0 20. 9 8. 9 12. 8 19. 1	38. 7 28. 2 6. 5 18. 5 27. 6	44. 1 18. 0 7. 8 25. 6 34. 5	38. 3 27. 2 3. 7 27. 2 37. 0	63. 627. 3		
Subregion 33:  Percent of farms reporting:  No off-farm work.  1 to 99 days of off-farm work.  100 to 199 days of off-farm work.  200 days or more of off-farm work.  Income of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold.	59. 0 14. 4 6. 4 19. 7 29. 5	77. 1 8. 9 2. 8 11. 2 16. 8	63. 2 16. 1 4. 5 15. 6 21. 2	52. 0 15. 2 10. 0 22. 4 29. 5	53. 4 15. 0 7. 8 23. 8 37. 3	54. 5 11. 5 6. 1 27. 3 46. 1	82. 6 15. 1		
Subregion 42: Percent of farms reporting: No off-arm work. 1 to 99 days of off-farm work. 100 to 199 days of off-farm work. 200 days or more of off-farm work Income of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold.	52. 7 12. 9 7. 1 27. 5 37. 0	60. 8 11. 1 10. 0 18. 1 23. 7	57. 4 14. 6 6. 0 22. 0 24. 8	51. 9 14. 1 8. 2 26. 3 37. 0	46. 9 11. 0 6. 0 35. 8 45. 3	46. 2 8. 0 8. 5 37. 2 59. 3	76. ( 25. (		
Subregion 82:  Percent of farms reporting: No off-farm work. 1 to 99 days of off-farm work. 200 days or more of off-farm work. Income of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold.	54. 7 18. 2 8. 9 17. 5 27. 3	70. 3 4. 8 10. 0 12. 4 12. 4	50. 7 25. 2 6. 8 17. 3 23. 9	54. 0 18. 6 9. 9 16. 1 27. 9	53. 0 15. 7 10. 4 20. 9 27. 0	47. 5 13. 5 12. 1 26. 9 57. 9	78.6		
Subregion 115:  Percent of farms reporting:  No off-farm work.  1 to 99 days of off-farm work.  100 to 199 days of off-farm work.  200 days or more of off-farm work.  Income of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold.	64. 2 5. 8 5. 2 24. 6 28. 4	88. 4 5. 7 2. 5 3. 4 5. 7	68. 6 7. 1 3. 4 20. 9 22. 5	62. 1 3. 9 6. 6 27. 4 28. 6	46. 1 3. 3 8. 9 41. 7 47. 2	48. 8 7. 7 6. 2 35. 8 50. 5	81. /		
Subregion 116: Percent of farms reporting: No off-farm work. 1 to 99 days of off-farm work. 100 to 199 days of off-farm work. 200 days or more of off-farm work. Income of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold.	69. 4 9. 5 2. 9 17. 7 19. 7	82. 3 6. 0 1. 5 8. 7 7. 2	78. 3 9. 3 2. 3 10. 8 11. 6	58. 9 9. 2 4. 1 26. 2 24. 5	54. 2 14. 5 6. 0 26. 5 39. 8	58. 7 9. 5 1. 6 28. 6 33. 3	85.7 14.3		
Subregion 117:  Percent of farms reporting:  No off-farm work.  1 to 99 days of off-farm work.  100 to 199 days or off-farm work.  200 days or more of off-farm work.  Income of operator and members of family greater than value of all farm products sold.	64. 4 7. 6 4. 6 23. 2 26. 4	74. 7 10. 4 1. 4 13. 5 5. 6	76. 1 7. 0 4. 1 12. 8 10. 5	62. 8 8. 0 4. 4 24. 1 27. 0	43. 2 8. 0 9. 0 39. 8 54. 8	47. 9 2. 8 5. 6 43. 7 59. 2	88. 11. 3		
Subregion 119: Percent of farms reporting: No off-farm work	56. 7 16. 0 7. 1 20. 2 26. 6	72. 9 16. 2 5. 4 5. 4 10. 8	62. 3 22. 3 3. 8 11. 5 14. 6	54. 1 15. 1 7. 5 23. 3 23. 3	51. 3 13. 5 10. 3 24. 9 35. 7	42. 6 14. 9 9. 2 33. 3 47. 5			