reported nonfarm incomes to themselves and members of their families greater than the value of farm products sold. Opportunities for nonfarm earnings are generally greatest in the Eastern Corn Belt because there are more cities and industrial establishments there than in other parts of the Corn Belt. A larger percentage of cash-grain farmers than of livestock farmers had a relatively large income from nonfarm sources, reflecting the greater amount of time available for nonfarm activities by cash-grain farmers at some seasons of the year.

Somewhat more than two-thirds of the farm operators in the Corn Belt who gave information as to off-farm work reported none at all. Off-farm work includes work on farms other than the oper-

ator's own farm as well as jobs in industrial plants and in nonfarm occupations. The proportion of operators not doing any off-farm work was largest in the Western Corn Belt and smallest in the Eastern Corn Belt. Most of the operators who did some off-thefarm work worked less than 100 days at such activities. The group of operators who spent the most time at off-farm work was among the cash-grain farmers in the Eastern Corn Belt. About 18 percent of these worked 200 or more days off their farms in 1954.

The economic classes of farms with the largest percentages of farms reporting other income exceeding the value of farm products sold were Classes IV and V (table 46). The relatively low farm incomes on these farms make outside sources of income more urgent

Table 45.—Number and Percentage of Commercial Farm Operators Reporting as to Other Income and Off Farm Work, by Type of Farm, in the Corn Belt and Component Regions: 1954

Region and type of farm	Operators with other income exceeding value of farm products sold 1		Operators reporting as to off-farm work		Percentage distribution of operators reporting as to off-farm work					
	Operators reporting	Percent of all operators	Total operators reporting	Percent of all operators	Total operators reporting	Not working off farm	Working off farm—			
							1 to 99 days	100 to 199 days	200 days or more	
Total Corn Belt: All commercial farms. Oash-grain farms. Livestock farms 2.	60, 409	7. 6	769, 593	96. 5	100. 0	67. 9	21. 5	3. 4	7. 2	
	23, 056	8. 7	254, 731	96. 3	100. 0	63. 5	23. 3	4. 4	8. 8	
	21, 584	6. 6	315, 900	96. 7	100. 0	71. 5	20. 0	2. 5	6. 0	
Eastern Corn Belt: All commercial farms. Cash-grain farms. Livestock farms ²	25, 456	14. 4	169, 263	95. 5	100. 0	60. 0	19. 3	5. 4	15. 3	
	11, 411	16. 7	65, 239	95. 5	100. 0	55. 1	20. 3	6. 2	18. 4	
	6, 881	13. 4	49, 096	95. 4	100. 0	63. 6	18. 2	4. 5	13. 7	
Central Corn Belt: All commercial farms. Cash-grain farms. Livestock farms ²	7, 392	4. 4	161, 359	96. 1	100. 0	71. 0	22. 1	2. 4	4. 5	
	2, 991	4. 3	65, 978	95. 6	100. 0	68. 4	23. 6	3. 0	5. 0	
	2, 969	4. 1	69, 590	96. 6	100. 0	73. 5	20. 8	1. 8	3. 9	
Northern Corn Belt; All commercial farms. Cash-grain farms. Livestock farms ²	3, 898	3. 6	105, 224	96. 9	100. 0	71. 8	22. 6	2. 0	3. 6	
	1, 282	4. 7	26, 653	97. 0	100. 0	67. 5	24. 3	3. 2	5. 0	
	1, 260	3. 1	39, 335	96. 9	100. 0	73. 6	22. 1	1. 3	3. 0	
Western Corn Belt: All commercial farms. Cash-grain farms. Livestock farms ²		4. 7 4. 8 4. 4	181, 090 57, 308 88, 808	97. 3 97. 3 97. 2	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	72. 0 67. 8 75. 4	21. 5 24. 7 18. 9	2. 4 3. 3 1. 8	4. 1 4. 2 3. 9	
Southern Corn Belt: All commercial farms. Cash-grain farms. Livestock farms 2.	14, 921	9. 5	152, 657	97. 0	100. 0	66. 0	22. 4	4. 3	7. 3	
	4, 574	11. 2	39, 553	96. 8	100. 0	60. 2	25. 2	5. 9	8. 7	
	6, 410	9. 0	69, 071	97. 1	100. 0	68. 9	20. 5	3. 6	7. 0	

¹ Farm operators with other income of family exceeding value of farm products sold. ² Livestock other than dairy and poultry farms.

Table 46.—Number and Percentage of Commercial Farm Operators Reporting as to Other Income and Off-Farm Work, BY TYPE AND ECONOMIC CLASS OF FARM, IN THE CORN BELT: 1954

Type and economic class of farm	Operators with other income exceeding value of farm products sold 1		Operators reporting as to off-farm work		Percentage distribution of operators reporting as to off-farm work				
	Operators reporting	Percent of all operators	Total operators reporting	Percent of all operators	Total operators reporting	Not working off farm	Working off farm—		
							1 to 99 days	100 to 199 days	200 days or more
All commercial farms	60, 409	7. 6	769, 593	96. 5	100. 0	67. 9	21. 5	3. 4	7. 2
Cash-grain farms: Total. Class I. II. IV. V. VI.	23, 056 107 911 3, 498 8, 044 10, 496	8. 7 1. 6 1. 5 3. 9 13. 0 30. 9	254, 731 6, 233 59, 658 87, 030 59, 849 32, 754 9, 207	96. 3 96. 0 96. 2 96. 5 96. 5 96. 5 92. 6	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	63. 5 72. 7 70. 5 66. 5 59. 1 46. 0 74. 0	23. 3 22. 6 25. 3 25. 0 21. 7 17. 3 26. 0	4. 4 1. 6 1. 9 3. 7 6. 3 8. 9	8. 8 3. 1 2. 3 4. 8 12. 9 27. 8
Livestock farms: 3 Total	21, 584 442 1, 215 2, 669 6, 714 10, 544	6. 6 1. 9 1. 5 2. 8 10. 0 26. 4	315, 900 22, 044 80, 886 91, 469 64, 764 38, 754 17, 983	96. 7 97. 1 96. 8 96. 8 96. 7 96. 9 95. 2	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	71. 5 77. 3 74. 4 74. 1 68. 1 56. 9 81. 7	20. 0 19. 2 22. 4 20. 6 18. 9 16. 3 18. 3	2. 5 1. 2 1. 2 2. 1 3. 9 6. 1	6. 0 2. 3 2. 0 3. 2 9. 1 20. 7

Farm operators with other income of family exceeding value of farm products sold.
 Livestock other than dairy and poultry farms.