Table 20.—Sources of Farm Income on Dairy Farms, by Economic Class of Farm, for the Northeastern Dairy Region: 1954

Item	Economic class of farm								
	Total	I	II	III	ıv	v	vi		
Number of farms	67, 521	1, 215	12, 525	24, 658	19, 447	7, 965	1, 711		
Gross sales— Per farmdollars Per crop acredo	7, 256 78	36, 282 136	14, 181 98	7, 163 76	3, 809 56		903 21		
Percent of gross sales from dairy products	85	84	85	86	86	83	71		
Sales per farm: Milkdollars Cattle and calvesdo Hogsdo Poultry products except eggs	498	30, 500 2, 987 48		6, 175 465 14	267	1, 657 163 6	645 108 7		
Gollars Eggs do Gollars Sheep do Gollars Other livestock and livestock		312 822 75		36 143 6	14 66 3	33 2	24 5		
productsdollars	6	29	- 8	7	4	6	3		
Total, livestock and livestock productsdollars	6, 922	34, 773	13, 523	6, 846	3, 634	1, 875	796		
Field cropsdododo	166 98	886 421	374 168	153 90	68 58	36 67	21 70		
Total cropsdo		1, 307	542	243	126	103	91		

¹ Includes horticultural and forest products.

Table 21.—Specified Farm Expenditures on Dairy Farms, by Economic Class of Farm, for the Northeastern Dairy Region: 1954

Item	Economic class of farm								
	Total	I	п	III	IV	v	vī		
Number of farms	67, 521	1, 215	12, 525	24, 658	19, 447	7, 965	1, 711		
Average per farm: Machine hire dollars. Hired labor do. Feed do. Gas and oil do. Fertilizer do Total do.	119 664 2, 332 368 191 52 3, 726	185 7, 023 10, 259 1, 402 993 255 20, 117	1, 570 4, 398 633 409 109	2, 323 376 183 52	186 1,315 238 86 24	78 83 791 146 48 12 1, 158	49 24 431 75 24 11		
A verage per orop acre: Machine hire	1 7 25 4 2 1	1 26 38 5 4 1	1 11 30 4 3 1	25 4 2 1	(Z) 3	2 2 16 3 1 (Z)	1 10 2 (Z)		

Z Less than 0.50

The net incomes are larger than they would be if the specified expenses were expanded to include other necessary items and cost (Table 22). Further, the average income for the area does not fully reflect the variation in effectiveness in the use of resources. The dairymen in Economic Subregion 1, with an average net income of \$2,871, have only two-thirds the income of the dairymen in Hudson Valley, Subregion 6, and Central New York, Economic Subregion 8. To the extent that net income is a measure of efficiency or effectiveness in the use of resources, the farmers of these two economic subregions are using to good advantage the resources at their command. Another indication

of effectiveness in the use of resources is the total investment in terms of gross sales. Economic Class I farmers used a total investment of \$221 to obtain \$100 income. This ratio was increased with the smaller units until farmers in Economic Class VI used \$1,039 of capital investment to obtain \$100 total income.

Table 22.—Measures of Income and Efficiency Levels for Dairy Farms, by Economic Class of Farm, for the Northeastern Dairy Region: 1954

Item	Economic class of farm							
	Total	r	11	III	IV	v	VI	
Number of farms	67, 521	1, 215	12, 525	24, 658	19, 447	7, 965	1, 711	
Gross sales per farmdollars Specified expenses per farm _do	7, 256 3, 726		14, 181 7, 268		3, 809 1, 953			
Gross sales less specified expenses per farmdollars_	3, 530	16, 165	6, 913	3, 597	1, 856	847	289	
Gross sales per man-equivalent	4, 837	6, 846	6, 446	4, 775	3, 463	2, 228	1,003	
Total investment— Per farmdollars Per man-equivalentdo Per \$100 gross salesdo	23, 348 15, 565 320	80, 128 15, 118 221	17, 163	15, 599	14, 894	12, 625 14, 028 631	10, 386	
Percent of sales of dairy products from cream	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	2	12	
Milk sales per cow: Dollars	264 6, 526	405 8, 036		254 6, 441	204 5, 361	160 4, 361	89 2, 782	

Z Less than 0.5 percent.

From three-fifths to three-fourths of the farms in the different economic subregions used fertilizer, the smallest number being in Northern New York, Economic Subregion 7, while in Economic Subregions 8 and 10, 77 percent used some fertilizer. Some fertilizer was applied to 28 percent of the harvested cropland.²

Table 23.—Use of Fertilizer and Lime on Dairy Farms, by Economic Class of Farm, for the Northeastern Dairy Region: 1954

Item	Economic class of farm							
	Total	r	II	III	IV	v	VI.	
Number of farms	67, 521	1, 215	12, 525	24, 658	19, 447	7, 965	1, 711	
Fertilizer: Percent of farms using Tons used per farm reporting	71 5	90 21	88 9	79 4	62 3	46 2	32 1	
Acres upon which used per farm reporting	28	107	47	25	16	12	8	
Poundsdollars_	360 9. 50	400 10. 29	380 9, 83			360 8. 99		
Lime: Percent of farms using	39	67	59	45	29	19	15	
reporting	15	37	20	13	10	9	7	
Poundsdollarsdollars	2, 900 8. 98	3, 020 10. 19			2, 700 7.84			

The larger farms fertilized a few percentage points more of its cropland than the smaller farms, but the rate of application was practically the same for large and small farms. Slightly more than one-half as many farms used lime as used fertilizer. Nominal applications of 350 to 400 pounds per acre were used (Table 23).

² Including cropland pastured.