Appendix B.
General Explanation and Census of Agriculture Report Form

DEVELOPMENT OF THE CENSUS REPORT FORMS

Before the release of the 2012 Census of Agriculture’s results, NASS had already begun preparations for the 2017 Census of Agriculture. The first team assembled was the 2017 Census Content Team, which evaluated the content and report form design for the census. They reviewed the 2012 report forms, solicited input from both internal and external customers, and developed criteria for determining acceptable content for inclusion in the 2017 Census of Agriculture. The team tested the effectiveness of the 2017 report forms for various modes of data collection (mail, telephone, personal interview, and electronic data reporting) and made recommendations to NASS senior executives for final determination.

Throughout development NASS sought the advice and input from the data user community. Integral partners included the Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, State Departments of Agriculture and other State government officials, Federal agency officials, land grant universities, agricultural trade associations, media, and various community-based organizations.

NASS conducted a three phase content test (OMB No. 0535-0243) of the general and short census of agriculture forms. Phase 1 of this test began in early 2016. The report forms were mailed to a nationwide sample of approximately 30,000 farm producers (23,500 producers received the general form and 6,500 received the short form). The report forms were tested for question phrasing, form design and flow, respondent comprehension, and regional differences. NASS used mail and phone follow-up to conduct this phase of the test. For Phase 2 NASS conducted two rounds of cognitive interviews to discover problems and issues farm producers had with the report forms they received during Phase 1. Phase 3 was a test of the internet form to evaluate the feasibility of the online submission system. Content test results helped determine final report form content and design. A sample copy of the report form and instruction sheet is included in this appendix.

DATA CHANGES

Following are descriptions of the report form changes and their effect on the publication tables.

Crop Data Changes

Added items include:

- Aronia berries
- Cherimoyas
- Chickpeas
- Coffee – first time collected in States other than Hawaii
- Elderberries
- Indian or traditional corn
- Raspberries, other

Deleted items include:

- Pineapples not harvested
- Sugarcane not harvested
- Berry acres harvested and not harvested
- Grain storage capacity

Other changes include:

- Ginger root added to the vegetable section; removed from the field crop section
- Pineapple added to fruit, nuts, and berries section; removed from the field crop section
- Taro root added to the vegetable section; removed from the field crop section
- Berry acreage for 2017 was collected as bearing age and nonbearing age, similar to all other fruit;
2012 data were collected as harvested and not harvested acres

Items combined with another item(s) on the 2017 report form that were reported individually on the 2012 report form include:

- Small grain dry hay
- Wild dry hay
- Other tame dry hay excluding small grain hay and wild hay

Livestock and Poultry Data Changes

Deleted items include:

- Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding
- Ewes one year old or older
- Number of hair sheep or wool-hair crosses
- Inventory of owned horses and ponies

Other changes include:

- Modified cattle in feedlots for slaughter market to exclude cows and bulls. Data series now includes steers and heifers only. Number of cattle sold or moved from feedlots also excludes cows and bulls.

Economic, Energy, Land Use Practices, Selected Practices, Organic, Producer Characteristics, and Type of Organization/Legal Status Data Changes

Added items include:

- Number of acres irrigated in the past five years
- Military service
- Producers’ involvement in day-to-day, land use, livestock, financial management, and estate planning decisions
- Number of male producers
- Demographic characteristics for four persons (producers)
- Sales to retail, institutions, and food hubs
- Value-added sales
- Expenses for cover crop seed as a subcategory of seeds, plants, vines, trees, etc.
- Expenses for medical supplies, veterinary, and custom services for livestock
- Have a barn built before 1960
- Aware of right to appeal an adverse program decision to USDA’s National Appeals Division

Deleted items include:

- Principal operator characteristics
- Percent of household income from the farm operation

Items reported individually on the 2012 and 2017 report forms that were published individually in 2012 and combined as Other crops in 2017:

- Grains and oilseeds delivered under a production contract
- Vegetables, melons, and potatoes delivered under a production contract
- Other crops delivered under a production contract

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

The following definitions and explanations provide a detailed description of specific terms and phrases used in this publication. Items in the publication tables which carry the note “see text” also are explained. Report form section number references refer to the general version (17-A100). Many of the definitions and explanations are the same as those used in earlier censuses.

Acres and quantity harvested. Crops were reported in whole acres, except for the following crops that were reported in tenths of acres: tobacco, nursery and greenhouse crops in the open, vegetables including potatoes and sweet potatoes, fruit and nut crops including land in orchards, and berries. Totals for crops reported in tenths of acres were rounded to whole acres at the aggregate level during the tabulation process. Nursery and greenhouse crops grown under glass or other protection were reported in square feet and are published in square feet.

If two or more crops were harvested from the same land during the year (double cropping), the acres were counted for each crop. Therefore, the total acres of all crops harvested could exceed the acres of cropland harvested. No double cropping is allowed for hay or fruit and nut crops.

When more than one cutting of hay was taken from the same acres, the acres were counted only once. If there were multiple cuttings of one type of hay
production, e.g., two cuttings of alfalfa for dry hay, acreage was reported once but the quantity harvested includes all cuttings. Acreage cut and tons harvested for both dry hay and haylage, silage, or greenchop were reported for each crop. For interplanted crops or “skip-row” crops, acres were reported according to the portion of the field occupied, whether by a crop or whether it was idle land. If a crop was interplanted in an orchard or vineyard and harvested, then the entire orchard or vineyard acreage was reported under the appropriate fruit crop and the interplanted estimated crop acreage was reported under the appropriate crop.

If a crop was planted but not harvested, the acres were not reported as harvested. These acres were reported in the Land Use section on the report form under the appropriate items – cropland on which all crops failed or were abandoned, cropland in summer fallow, cropland idle or used for cover crops or soil-improvement but not harvested and not pastured or grazed, or other pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. This does not include fruit and nut orchards, vineyards, berries, acres in production for cultivated Christmas trees, and acres in production for short rotation woody crops that were not harvested. Acreage in these commodities were included in cropland harvested regardless of whether the crop was harvested. Abandoned orchards were reported as cropland idle, not as harvested cropland, and the individual abandoned orchard crop acres were not reported.

Crops that were grazed by livestock were reported as “Other pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements.” Crop residue left in fields after the 2017 harvest and later grazed by livestock were reported as cropland harvested and not as other pasture or grazing land that could have been used for crops.

Quantity harvested was not obtained for crops such as fruits, nuts, berries, vegetables, melons, nursery crops, and greenhouse crops.

Agri-tourism and recreational services. See Total income from farm-related sources.

Agricultural products sold directly to individuals for human consumption. See Value of food sold directly to consumers.

All haylage, grass silage, and greenchop (tons). See Haylage, grass silage, and greenchop, all.

All non-principal producers. See Producer.

All principal producers. See Producer.

All producers. See Producer.

All other production expenses. See Total farm production expenses.

American Indian and Alaska Native farm producers, total. Data are reported in Chapter 1, tables 52 through 77 and Chapter 2, tables 45 and 49. In Chapter 2, table 49 data are published for a maximum of four producers reported in the Personal Characteristics section of the report form. The individual producers were included on the census mail list for most reservations. Those reservations that did not include all the individual producers on the census mail list were identified and the data for the entire reservation, including the data for the producers that would have met the definition of a farm, were collected on one report form. The count of reservations and the number of producers that were reported on these reservations are included in Appendix A, Table D.

Amount from Conservation Reserve, Wetlands Reserve, Farmable Wetlands, and Conservation Reserve Enhancement Programs. See Land enrolled in the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), Wetlands Reserve Program (WRP), Farmable Wetlands Program (FWP), or Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP).

Amount from State and local government agricultural program payments. See Total income from farm-related sources.

Amount spent to repay CCC loans. See also Commodity Credit Corporation loans. Farming operations that receive a CCC loan can use cash to repay the loan, purchase certificates for use in the repayment, or deliver the pledged collateral as full payment at maturity. If a farmer uses cash instead of certificates to repay the loan, the farmer and the IRS receive an information return showing the market gain realized. The farmer can repay the loan to the
CCC and then sell the grain, feed the grain, or store it. These provisions only apply until the maturity date of the loan. After the maturity date of the loan, the entire original loan principal and all accrued interest must be repaid or, as an alternative choice, the crop may be forfeited to CCC.

**Animal production and aquaculture (112).** See Farms by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

**Any poultry sold.** The number of farms with any poultry sold includes all farms with sales of poultry, poultry hatched, or eggs.

**Aquaculture.** Aquaculture is defined as the farming of fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and other aquaculture products. The aquaculture production reported in the census requires some form of intervention in the rearing process and requires inputs such as seeding, stocking, feeding, protection from predators, etc. It also requires ownership of the stock being cultivated and harvesting that is conducted in a controlled environment by the operation. The value of sales includes all sizes and eggs by species and includes aquaculture distributed for restoration, conservation, or recreational purposes, such as State and Federal hatcheries. Distributed fish with unknown values were assigned a value based on sales of farm-raised fish.

**Aquaculture and other animal production (1125, 1129).** See Farms by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

**Aronia berries.** This is a new item for 2017. In 2012 and previous censuses, data were included in Other berries. A new summarization of Blueberries, all for 2017, which combines Blueberries, tame and Blueberries, wild data was added. Raspberries, other was added as an additional breakout for the Raspberries, all summarization in 2017. Berry acreage for 2017 was collected as bearing age and nonbearing age, similar to all other fruit crops; however, in 2012, data were collected as harvested and not harvested acres.

**Biodiesel production systems.** See Renewable energy producing systems.

**Blueberries, all.** This is a new summarization for 2017. It combines Blueberries, tame and Blueberries, wild data.

**Breeding livestock.** See Total farm production expenses.

**By economic class.** See Economic class of farms.

**Cattle on feed.** Cattle on feed are steers and heifers being fed a ration of grain, silage, hay and/or protein supplement for slaughter market that are expected to produce a carcass that will grade select or better. It excludes cattle being "backgrounded only" for later sale as feeders or later placement in another feedlot.

**Cattle on feed sold.** Data are for cattle on feed sold that weighed 500 pounds or more that were shipped directly from the feedlot to the slaughter market. This category excludes cattle that were pastured only, owned cattle that were shipped from feedlots operated by others, background feeder cattle, and veal calves.

**Cattle weighing 500 pounds or more.** In 2012 this item was referred to as Cattle, including calves weighing 500 pounds or more. This is a wording change only; data are comparable.

**Bees.** See Colonies of honey bees and Honey collected.

**Berries.** Aronia berries and Elderberries are new items for 2017. In 2012 and previous censuses, data were included in Other berries. A new summarization of Blueberries, all for 2017, which combines Blueberries, tame and Blueberries, wild data was added. Raspberries, other was added as an additional breakout for the Raspberries, all summarization in 2017. Berry acreage for 2017 was collected as bearing age and nonbearing age, similar to all other fruit crops; however, in 2012, data were collected as harvested and not harvested acres.

**Biodiesel production systems.** See Renewable energy producing systems.

**Blueberries, all.** This is a new summarization for 2017. It combines Blueberries, tame and Blueberries, wild data.

**Breeding livestock.** See Total farm production expenses.

**By economic class.** See Economic class of farms.

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**Cattle weighing 500 pounds or more.** In 2012 this item was referred to as Cattle, including calves weighing 500 pounds or more. This is a wording change only; data are comparable.

**Bees.** See Colonies of honey bees and Honey collected.

**Berries.** Aronia berries and Elderberries are new items for 2017. In 2012 and previous censuses, data were included in Other berries. A new summarization of Blueberries, all for 2017, which combines Blueberries, tame and Blueberries, wild data was added. Raspberries, other was added as an additional breakout for the Raspberries, all summarization in 2017. Berry acreage for 2017 was collected as bearing age and nonbearing age, similar to all other fruit crops; however, in 2012, data were collected as harvested and not harvested acres.

**Biodiesel production systems.** See Renewable energy producing systems.

**Blueberries, all.** This is a new summarization for 2017. It combines Blueberries, tame and Blueberries, wild data.

**Breeding livestock.** See Total farm production expenses.

**By economic class.** See Economic class of farms.
**Chemicals applied.** For each type of chemical used, the acres treated were reported only once even if the acres were treated more than once. If multi-purpose chemicals were used, the acres treated for each purpose were reported. See Total farm production expenses; Chemicals.

**Cherimoyas.** This is a new item for 2017. In 2012 cherimoyas were reported in other noncitrus fruit.

**Cherries.** Cherries were reported as either sweet cherries or tart cherries. Combined crops or non-specified cherry acres were not options for the respondent. Total acres, bearing age acres, and nonbearing age acres were reported for each crop.

**Chickpeas.** This is a new item for 2017. In 2012 chickpeas were reported as dry edible beans. See Dry edible beans, excluding chickpeas and limas.

**Christmas trees, cultivated.** Data are for acres of Christmas trees - cut or to be cut - in production, acres irrigated, and number of trees cut. Sales data are included in the Cut Christmas trees and short rotation woody crops category. In 2012 this item was referred to as Cut Christmas trees. This is a wording change only; data are comparable.

**Christmas trees, live.** Data were reported as nursery stock and include Christmas trees sold live, generally balled and burlapped, from the operation.

**Coffee.** This is a new item for 2017 in all States except for Hawaii. In 2012 and previous censuses except for Hawaii, data were included in other noncitrus fruit. Data include trees grown in the open as well as under shade or in greenhouses. Data for coffee relate to the July 2016 through June 2017 harvest season.

**Colonies of honey bees.** Published colonies inventory is the total number of colonies owned on December 31, 2017. Colonies of bees were collected in their own section to clarify to respondents that only “owned” colonies were to be reported versus any colonies on the operation. In 2017 bee operations with multiple locations reported inventory on the location where the bees were present and the inventory was tabulated in those counties. Inventories in 2012 were tabulated in the county where the operation had the largest value of all agricultural products raised or produced. Data may not be comparable. Package bees were not included as separate colonies.

**Commodities raised and delivered under production contracts.** A production contract is an agreement between a producer or grower and a contractor (integrator) setting terms, conditions, and fees to be paid by the contractor to the operation for the production of crops, livestock, or poultry. The grower receives a payment or fee from the contractor, generally after delivery, which is less than the full market price of the commodity. A production contract involves the shifting of some risk and control from the grower to the contractor. Marketing contracts, futures contracts, forward contracts, or other contracts based strictly on price are not considered production contracts. Commodities sold to a co-op where some of the input items were purchased from the same co-op at a discount price were also excluded. Many operations produce commodities only under production contracts or only independently. Some operations may produce a commodity under production contract and also produce more of the same commodity that they sell independently. The production contract data are totals for the portion of agriculture production raised and delivered under production contract. Crops and livestock inventory, production, and value of sales are the total of all production, both independent and raised under production contract.

**Custom fed cattle shipped directly for slaughter under a production contract.** Cattle under production contract which were not shipped directly to slaughter were reported in either Replacement dairy heifers under production contract or in the Other cattle, sheep, livestock, or poultry under production contract category.

**Grains, oilseeds, vegetables, melons, potatoes, and other crops under production contract.** This category is the number of farms that produced and delivered any crop grown under a production contract. This item was reported as three different categories (grains and oilseeds, vegetables/melons/potatoes, and all other crops).

**Layers under production contract.** The production contract is based on eggs, but the layers are owned by the contractor and are also under contract. The layers...
are produced at the pullet farm, which may have a separate production contract.

*Other cattle, sheep, livestock, or poultry under production contract.* The data for commodities raised and delivered under a production contract include cattle which were not shipped directly to slaughter (backgrounding), sheep, livestock, and poultry not listed separately.

**Commodity Credit Corporation loans.** This category includes nonrecourse marketing loans for wheat, corn, sorghum, barley, oats, cotton, rice, soybeans, Austrian winter peas, honey, dry edible peas, lentils, chickpeas, peanuts, sunflower seed, flaxseed, canola and other rapeseed, safflower, mustard seed, crambe, sesame seed, wool and mohair.

**Corn, Traditional or Indian.** This is a new item for 2017. Traditional corn is an open-pollinated (non-hybrid), non-GMO cultivar of Zea mays that was indigenously developed and consists of many heritage varieties of sizes, color, and drought tolerance. Traditional corn grown on southwest reservations has been passed from generation to generation through seed saving by American Indian and Hispanic communities. Traditional corn is culturally significant.

**Cover crop seed purchased.** See Total farm production expenses.

**Crop and livestock insurance payments received.** See Total income from farm-related sources.

**Crop units of measure.** The report form allowed the producer to report the quantity of field crops harvested in a unit of measure commonly used in the region. When the producer reported in units different than the unit of measure published, the quantity harvested was converted to the published unit of measure.

**Crop year or season covered.** Acres and quantity harvested are for the calendar year 2017 except for coffee. Data for coffee relate to July 2016 through June 2017.

**Cropland, harvested.** See Harvested cropland.

**Cropland idle or used for cover crops or soil improvement but not harvested and not pastured or grazed.** Cropland idle includes any other acreage which could have been used for crops without any additional improvement and which was not reported as cropland harvested, cropland on which all crops failed, cropland in summer fallow, or other pasture or grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. This category includes:

1. Land used for cover crops or soil improvement but not harvested or grazed.
2. Land in Federal or State conservation programs that was not hayed or grazed in 2017.
3. Land occupied with growing crops for harvest in 2018 or later years but not harvested or summer fallowed in 2017 (except fruit or nuts in an orchard, grove, or vineyard or berries being maintained for production). Examples are acreage planted in winter wheat, strawberries, etc., for harvest in 2018 and no crop was harvested from these acres in 2017.
4. Land in “skipped” rows between rows of crops or field strips.

**Cropland in summer fallow.** This includes cropland cultivated or treated with herbicides to control weeds and conserve moisture and not seeded or harvested in 2017. It includes cropland summer fallowed in 2017 and planted to a crop (i.e., winter wheat, etc.) for harvest in 2018. In 2012 this item was referred to as Cultivated summer fallow. This is a wording change only; data are comparable.

**Cropland, irrigated.** See Irrigated land.

**Cropland on which intensive tillage practices were used.** See Land use practices.

**Cropland on which reduced tillage, excluding no-till, practices were used.** See Land use practices.

**Cropland, other.** See Other cropland.

**Cropland, total.** See Total cropland.

**Cropland used only for pasture or grazing.** See other pasture and grazing land that could have been
used for crops without additional improvements.

**Crustaceans.** These are invertebrate animals with jointed legs and a hard shelled segmented body. Examples include crawfish, lobster, prawns, shrimp, and softshell crabs.

**Cultivated Christmas trees.** See Christmas trees, cultivated.

**Custom fed cattle shipped directly for slaughter.** See Commodities raised and delivered under production contract.

**Customwork and custom hauling.** See Total farm production expenses.

**Customwork and other agricultural services.** See Total income from farm-related sources.

**Cuttings, seedlings, liners, and plugs.** See Nursery, greenhouse, floriculture, and sod.

**Data are based on sample of farms.** For censuses from 1987 through 2002, selected data items were collected from only a sample of farms. These data were subject to sampling error.

**Depreciation expenses claimed.** The calculation of total farm production expenses does not include depreciation because it is a capital expense. Depreciation allows the expensing of capital purchases over multiple years. It is not included in the calculation of Net cash farm income.

**Don't know.** This is a new option in 2017 under the farms with internet access question. Those producers who were unable to determine how they receive their internet were able to check “Don’t know.”

**Dry edible beans, excluding chickpeas and limas.** Dry edible beans do not include chickpeas, dry edible peas, dry lima beans, or dry southern (black eyed/cowpeas). In 2012, chickpeas (garbanzo beans) were included in dry edible beans. Data are not directly comparable to 2012.

**Ducks, geese, and other miscellaneous poultry.** See Miscellaneous poultry.

**Economic class of farms.** Economic class data are the classification of farms by the sum of market value of agricultural products sold and Federal farm program payments. See Total market value of agricultural products sold and government payments. See Farms with sales and government payments of less than $1,000.

**Elderberries.** This is a new item for 2017. In 2012 and previous censuses, data were included in Other berries.

**Energy.** See Renewable energy producing systems.

**Equine products.** This category includes horse breeding fees, stud fees, semen, and other equine products and excludes boarding, training and riding facilities income. In 2012 equine products were included in Other livestock products.

**Ethanol production systems.** See Renewable energy producing systems.

**Expenses.** See Total farm production expenses.

**Farm or ranch producer.** See Producer.

**Farms by combined government payments and market value of agricultural products sold.** This category represents the value of products sold plus government payments. Total value of products sold combines total sales not under production contract and total sales under production contract. Government payments consist of government payments received from the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), Wetlands Reserve Program (WRP), Farmable Wetlands Program (FWP), or Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP) plus government payments received from Federal programs other than the CRP, WRP, FWP, and CREP, and Commodity Credit Corporation loans.

**Farms by economic class.** See Economic class of farms and Total market value of agricultural products sold and government payments.

**Farms by legal status.** All farms were classified by legal status in the 2017 census. This section collects information for federal tax purposes to determine an operation’s legal status. The classifications used were:
1. Family or individual (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.

2. Partnership, including family partnership – in selected tables, partnership was further subclassified into:
   a. Registered under State law.
   b. Not registered under State law.

3. Corporation, including family corporations - in selected tables, corporation was further subclassified into:
   a. Family held or other than family held.
   b. More than 10 stockholders.

4. Other - estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, American Indian reservation, etc.

**Farms by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).** The NAICS classifies economic activities. It was jointly developed by Mexico, Canada, and the U.S. NAICS makes it possible to produce comparable industrial statistics for Mexico, Canada, and the U.S. For the 2017 census, all agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) were classified by type of activity or activities using the NAICS code. The 2017 census is the fifth census to use NAICS. Censuses prior to the 1997 census used the old Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system to classify farms.

NAICS was developed to provide a consistent framework for the collection, analysis, and dissemination of industrial statistics used by government policy analysts, academia and researchers, the business community, and the public. It is the first industry classification system developed in accordance with a single principle of aggregation that production units using similar production processes should be grouped together. Though NAICS differs from other industry classification systems, statistics compiled on NAICS are comparable with statistics compiled according to the latest revision of the United Nations’ International Standard Industrial Classification, Revision Four, (ISIC, Revision 4) for some 60 high level groupings. Following are explanations of the major classifications used in 2017.

**Oilseed and grain farming (1111).** Comprises establishments primarily engaged in (1) growing oilseed and/or grain crops and/or (2) producing oilseed and grain seeds. These crops have an annual life cycle and are typically grown in open fields. This category includes corn silage and grain silage.

**Vegetable and melon farming (11121).** Comprises establishments primarily engaged in one or more of the following: (1) growing vegetables and/or melon crops, (2) producing vegetable and melon seeds, and (3) growing vegetable and/or melon bedding plants.

**Fruit and tree nut farming (1113).** Comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing fruit and/or tree nut crops. These crops are generally not grown from seeds and have a perennial life cycle.

**Greenhouse, nursery, and floriculture production (1114).** Comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing crops of any kind under cover and/or growing nursery stock and flowers. “Under cover” is generally defined as greenhouses, cold frames, cloth houses, and lath houses. Crops grown are removed at various stages of maturity and have annual and perennial life cycles. The category includes short rotation woody crops and Christmas trees that have a growing and harvesting cycle of 10 years or less.

**Other crop farming (1119).** Comprises establishments primarily engaged in (1) growing crops such as tobacco, cotton, sugarcane, hay, sugarbeets, peanuts, agave, herbs and spices, and hay and grass seeds, or (2) growing a combination of the valid crops with no one crop or family of crops accounting for one-half of the establishment’s agricultural production (value of crops for market). Crops not included in this category are oilseeds, grains, vegetables and melons, fruits, tree nuts, greenhouse, nursery and floriculture products.

**All other crop farming (11199).** Comprises establishments primarily engaged in (1) growing crops (except oilseeds and/or grains; vegetables and/or melons; fruits and/or tree nuts; greenhouse, nursery, and/or floriculture products; tobacco; cotton; sugarcane; or hay) or (2) growing a combination of crops (except a combination of oilseed(s) and grain(s)); and a combination of fruit(s) and tree nut(s) with no one crop or family of crops accounting for one-half of the establishment’s agricultural
production.

Animal production and aquaculture (112). Industries in the Animal Production and Aquaculture subsector raise or fatten animals for the sale of animals or animal products and/or raise aquatic plants and animals in controlled or selected aquatic environments for the sale of aquatic plants, animals, or their products. The subsector includes establishments, such as ranches, farms, and feedlots primarily engaged in keeping, grazing, breeding, or feeding animals. These animals are kept for the products they produce or for eventual sale. The animals are generally raised in various environments, from total confinement or captivity to feeding on an open range pasture. The industries in this subsector are grouped by important factors, such as suitable grazing or pasture land, specialized buildings, type of equipment, and the amount and types of labor required. Establishments are classified to the Animal Production and Aquaculture subsector when animal production (i.e., value of animals for market) accounts for one-half or more of the establishment's total agricultural production. Establishments with one-half or more animal production with no one animal product or family of animal products of an industry accounting for one half of the establishment's agricultural production are treated as combination animal farming classified to Industry 11299, All Other Animal Production.

Beef cattle ranching and farming (112111). Comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising cattle (including cattle for dairy herd replacements). Pastureland-only farms, those with only 100 or more acres of pastureland, were classified as “All other animal production farming (11299).”

Cattle feedlots (112112). Comprises establishments primarily engaged in feeding cattle for fattening.

Dairy cattle and milk production (112120). This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in milking dairy cattle.

Poultry and egg production (1123). This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in breeding, hatching, and raising poultry for meat or egg production.

Sheep and goat farming (1124). This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising sheep, lambs, and goats, or feeding lambs for fattening.

Aquaculture (1125). Comprises establishments primarily engaged in the farm raising of finfish, shellfish, or any other kind of animal aquaculture. These establishments use some form of intervention in the rearing process to enhance production, such as holding in captivity, regular stocking, feeding, and protecting from predators.

Other animal production (1129). Comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising animals and insects (except cattle, hogs and pigs, poultry, sheep and goats, and aquaculture) for sale or product production. These establishments are primarily engaged in one of the following: bees, horses and other equine, rabbits and other fur-bearing animals, etc. and producing products such as honey and other bee products. Establishments primarily engaged in raising a combination of animals with no one animal or family of animals accounting for one-half of the establishment’s agricultural production are included in this industry group. Farms with only 100 acres or more of pastureland were classified as “All other animal production farming (11299).”

Farms by number of households sharing in net income of operation. Households that received funds because they were only landlords, custom equipment producers, or provided other production services were not included. Published data can exceed the number of producers listed under Producers, all.

Farms by size. All farms were classified into size groups according to the total land area in the farm. The land area of a farm is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land rented to or assigned to a tenant was considered part of the tenant’s farm and not part of the owner’s.

Farms by tenure of producer. All farms were classified by tenure of producers. The classifications used were:

• Full owners operated only land they owned.

• Part owners operated land they owned and also land they rented from others.
• Tenants operated only land they rented from others or worked on shares for others.

Farms with hired managers are classified according to the land ownership characteristics reported. For example, a corporation owns all the land used on the farm and hires a manager to run the farm. The hired manager is considered the farm producer, and the farm is classified with a tenure type of “full owner” even though the hired manager owns none of the land he/she operates.

**Farms by type of organization.** The data categorizes an operation’s ownership.

*Operation more than 50 percent owned by one producer’s household and/or extended family.* The data are used to measure the principal producers’ ownership interest in the organization. In 2012 this item was labeled Operations with 50 percent or more ownership interest held by operator and/or persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption. This is a wording change only; data are comparable.

*Limited Liability Company.* This type of farm structure combines the pass-through taxation of a partnership or sole proprietorship with the limited liability of a corporation.

**Farms by value of sales.** See Market value of agricultural products sold.

**Farms or farms reporting.** The terms “farms” and “farms reporting” in the presentation of data are equivalent. Both represent the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there are 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of them had 28,594 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calves farms . . . . . 842
number . . . 28,594

**Farms with sales and government payments of less than $1,000.** This category includes farms with combined sales and government payments of less than $1,000 but having the potential for sales of $1,000 or more. It provides information on all items for farms that normally would be expected to sell agricultural products of $1,000.

**Farms with sales of less than $1,000.** This category includes farms with sales of less than $1,000 but having the potential for sales of $1,000 or more. Some of these farms had no sales in the census year. It provides information on all report form items for farms that normally would be expected to sell agricultural products of $1,000 or more.

**Fertilizer.** See Total farm production expenses; Fertilizer, lime, and soil conditioners.

**Field and grass seed crops, all.** Data are for all the field and grass seed crops not published as field crops and include field seed crops which did not have a specific code on the 2017 report form.

**Foliage plants, indoor (including hanging baskets).** For 2017 “(including hanging baskets)” was added to the description for clarity. Data are comparable.

**Food marketing practices.** This is a new section for 2017. This section consists of sales of edible agricultural products that are both produced and sold by the operation directly to consumers (farmers markets, on farm stores or farm stand, roadside stands or stores, u-pick, CSA, online marketplaces, etc.) or retail markets, institutions, or food hubs for local or regionally branding. Retail and institutional establishments include supermarkets, supercenters, restaurants, caterers, independently owned grocery stores, food cooperatives, K-12 schools, colleges or universities, hospitals, workplace cafeterias, prisons, foodbanks, etc.

**Forage - land used for all hay and all haylage, grass silage, and greenchop.** Data shown represent the area harvested with each acre counted only once if dry hay, haylage, grass silage, or greenchop were cut from the same acreage or if there were multiple cuttings of dry hay, haylage, grass silage, or greenchop. Data exclude corn silage and sorghum silage. Quantity produced is the sum of the quantity harvested of all hay including alfalfa, other dry hay, and all haylage, grass silage and greenchop after converting the all haylage, grass silage, and greenchop quantity harvested to a dry equivalent basis (13 percent moisture). The green tons of all haylage, grass silage, and greenchop harvested were multiplied by a factor of 0.4943 to convert to a dry equivalent. This conversion factor is based on the assumption that one ton of dry hay is 0.87 ton of dry matter, one ton of haylage or grass silage is 0.45 ton dry matter, and one ton of greenchop is 0.25 ton dry matter.
matter. The all haylage, grass silage, and greenchop quantity harvested is assumed to be comprised of 90 percent haylage and grass silage and 10 percent greenchop. Therefore, the conversion factor used to adjust all haylage, grass silage, and greenchop quantity harvested to a dry equivalent basis = 

\[
\frac{(0.45*0.9)+(0.25*0.1)}{0.87} = 0.4943.
\]

**Fruits and tree nuts.** Total acres, bearing age acres, and nonbearing age acres were collected.

**Geothermal/geoxchange systems.** See Renewable energy producing systems.

**Ginger root.** In 2017 data for ginger root are included in the vegetable section. In 2012 and previous censuses, data were included in the field crop section.

**Government payments.** This category consists of payments from Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), Wetlands Reserve Program (WRP), Farmable Wetlands Program (FWP), and Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP); loan deficiency payments; disaster payments; other conservation programs; and all other Federal farm programs under which payments were made directly to farm producers, including those specified in the 2014 Agricultural Act (Farm Bill), including Agriculture Risk Coverage (ARC) and Price Loss Coverage (PLC). Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) proceeds, amount from State and local government agricultural program payments, and Federal crop insurance payments were not tabulated in this category.

**Grain and bean combines.** Data were collected for self-propelled combines only.

**Grains, oilseeds, dry beans, and dry peas sales.** Data are for the total market value of cash grains sold, including corn for grain, seed, or silage; wheat for grain; soybeans for beans; sorghum for grain, seed, or silage; barley for grain; rice; oats for grain; and other grains. Also included is the total market value of cash oilseeds sold, including sunflower seed (oil and non-oil), flaxseed, canola, rapeseed, safflower seed, mustard seed, dry beans, and dry peas.

**Grains, oilseeds, vegetables, melons, potatoes, and other crops.** See Commodities raised and delivered under production contracts.

**Greenhouse fruits and berries.** Data include strawberries, raspberries, etc. grown in greenhouses and high tunnels where the crops were always covered. See Nursery, greenhouse, floriculture, and sod.

**Gross cash rent or share payments.** See Total income from farm-related sources.

**Had a barn that was built prior to 1960.** This is a new question asked of producers in 2017. The last time this question was asked was on the 2007 Census of Agriculture.

**Harvested cropland.** This category includes land from which crops were harvested and hay was cut, land used to grow short rotation woody crops, Christmas trees, and land in orchards, groves, vineyards, berries, nurseries, and greenhouses. Land from which two or more crops were harvested was counted only once. Land in tapped maple trees was included in woodland not pastured. The 2017 census definition for harvested cropland is the same as the 2012 definition.

**Hay - all hay including alfalfa, and other dry.** Data shown represent the acreage and quantity harvested of all types of dry hay. The quantity harvested was reported in dry tons (dry weight at the time the hay was removed from the field for storage or feeding). If two or more cuttings of dry hay were made from the same field, the acreage was reported only once as acres harvested of the appropriate dry hay category but the production from all dry hay cuttings was combined in the corresponding quantity harvested. Straw acreage and production are excluded.

If dry hay was cut from the same land that haylage, grass silage, or greenchop was cut, the acreage and production for the dry hay was reported in the appropriate category of dry hay and the acreage and production for haylage, grass silage, or greenchop was reported in the appropriate haylage, grass silage, or greenchop category. For example, if 20 acres of alfalfa were cut for hay and then the same land was used to produce alfalfa haylage, 20 acres and the quantity harvested of hay were reported as Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for dry hay and 20 acres and the quantity harvested of alfalfa haylage were reported as Haylage or greenchop from alfalfa or alfalfa mixtures.
Hay, other dry hay. Data shown represent acreage and dry tons of hay harvested from clover, fescue, lespedeza, timothy, Bermuda grass, Sudangrass, sorghum hay, and other types of legumes (excluding alfalfa) and tame grasses. For 2017, data include small grains harvested for hay including barley, oats, rye, and wheat as well as wild hay. In 2012 this item was reported in three categories – Small grain dry hay, Other tame dry hay, and Wild hay.

Haylage, grass silage, and greenchop, all. Data shown represent the acreage and quantity harvested of all types (alfalfa and all other haylage, grass silage, and greenchop). The quantity harvested was reported in green tons. If two or more cuttings of haylage, grass silage, or greenchop were made from the same field, the acreage was reported as acres harvested in the appropriate haylage category only once, and the tonnage from all cuttings was combined in the corresponding quantity harvested. Straw acreage and production is excluded.

Hired farm labor. Data are for total hired farm workers, including paid family members, by number of days worked. Data exclude contract laborers.

Hired managers. A hired manager is someone who receives a wage to manage the farm operation. For 2017 up to four hired managers were reported for each farm operation. In 2012 only one hired manager per farm was published.

Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin. Producers of Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin are found in all of the racial groups listed in the census and were tabulated according to the race reported, as well as on tables pertaining only to this group.

Hogs and pigs by type of operation. Hog and pig farms were classified by primary type of operation. Operation types were farrow to wean, farrow to feeder, farrow to finish, nursery, finish only, and other. Each description was accepted and the reported inventory and sales data were assigned to each reported type.

Hogs and pigs by type of producer. Hog and pig farms were classified by one type of producer. Producer types were independent grower, contractor or integrator, and contract grower (contractee). Each description was accepted and the reported inventory and sales data were assigned to each reported type.

Honey collected. Data are for pounds of honey collected but not necessarily sold. See Colonies of honey bees.

Horses and ponies sales. Data are for horses sold or moved off the farming operation regardless of ownership. In 2012 data only included value of owned horses sold.

Income. Net cash farm income is published for the operation and producer. The difference between net cash income and net cash returns is that net cash returns does not include government payments and other farm-related income as income. See Net cash farm income of the operations and Net cash farm income of the producers.

Income from farm-related sources. See Total income from farm-related sources.

Institutional, research, experimental, and American Indian Reservation farms. Data for these farms are combined into a single category. Research farms include farms operated by private companies as well as those operated by universities, colleges, and government organizations for the purpose of expanding agricultural knowledge.

Internet access. This item is the number of farms that reported using personal computers, laptops, or mobile devices (e.g., cell phones or tablets) to access the internet. This can be done using services such as dial-up, DSL, cable modem, fiber-optic, mobile internet service for a cell phone or other device (tablet), satellite, or other methods. In 2017 respondents were also able to report connecting with an unknown service type, labeled as “Don’t know” in the publication tables.

Involvement in decisionmaking. This is a new item in 2017. Questions were asked about each producer’s involvement in farm-related decisions, including day-to-day decisions, land use and/or crop decisions, livestock decisions, record keeping and/or financial management, and estate planning or succession planning.

Irrigated land. This category includes all land watered by any artificial or controlled means, such as
sprinklers, flooding, furrows or ditches, sub-
irrigation, and spreader dikes. Included are 
supplemental, partial, and preplant irrigation. Each 
acre was counted only once regardless of the number 
of times it was irrigated or harvested. If an operation 
reported less than one acre irrigated, the irrigated land 
for the operation was rounded to one acre. Livestock 
lagoon wastewater distributed by sprinkler or flood 
systems was also included.

**Land area, approximate.** The approximate land area 
represents the total land area as determined by records 
and calculations as of January 1, 2017. The proportion 
of land area in farms may exceed 100 percent because 
some operations have land in two or more counties, 
but all acres are tabulated in the principal county of 
operation. The approximate land area data were 
supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce, 
Bureau of the Census. See Land in two or more 
counties.

**Land enrolled in crop insurance programs.** The 
data are for all land enrolled in any Federal, private, 
or other crop insurance program. It includes acreage 
of pasture/rangeland enrolled in crop insurance 
programs in areas where it is provided.

**Land enrolled in the Conservation Reserve 
Program (CRP), Wetlands Reserve Program 
(WRP), Farmable Wetlands Program (FWP), or 
Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program 
(CREP).** CRP is a program established by the USDA 
in 1985 that takes land prone to erosion out of 
production for 10 to 15 years and devotes it to 
conservation uses. In return, farmers receive an 
annual rental payment for carrying out approved 
conservation practices on the conservation acreage. 
The WRP, FWP, and CREP programs are included 
under the Conservation Reserve Program.

Operations with land enrolled in the CRP, WRP, 
FWP, or CREP were counted as farms, given they 
received $1,000 or more in government payments, 
even if they had no sales and otherwise lacked the 
potential to have $1,000 or more in sales.

**Land in berries.** Data are for total land in berries. 
Respondents in 2017 reported bearing age acres and 
nonbearing acres by individual berry crops. In 2012 
and previous censuses, respondents reported acres 
harvested and acres not harvested of individual berry 
crops.

**Land in farms.** The acreage designated as “land in 
farms” consists primarily of agricultural land used for 
crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland 
and wasteland not actually under cultivation or used 
for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm 
producer’s total operation. Large acreages of 
woodland or wasteland held for nonagricultural 
purposes were deleted from individual reports during 
the edit process. Land in farms includes CRP, WRP, 
FWP, and CREP acres.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and 
includes land owned and operated as well as land 
rented from others. Land used rent free was reported 
as land rented from others. All grazing land, except 
land used under government permits on a per-head 
basis, was included as “land in farms” provided it 
was part of a farm or ranch. Land under the exclusive 
use of a grazing association was reported by the 
grazing association and included as land in farms. All 
land in American Indian reservations used for 
growing crops, grazing livestock, or with the potential 
of grazing livestock was included as land in farms. 
Land in reservations not reported by reservation, 
individual American Indians, or non-Native 
Americans was reported in the name of the 
cooperative group that used the land. In a few 
instances, an entire American Indian reservation was 
reported as one farm.

**Land in orchards.** Starting in 2017, pineapples were 
moved from the field crops section to the fruit and nut 
section. As a result, land in orchards includes 
pineapples in 2017 and land in orchards is not directly 
comparable to 2012. This category includes land in 
bearing age and nonbearing age fruit trees, citrus or 
other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, 
including land on which all fruit crops failed. 
Respondents also reported bearing age acres and 
nonbearing age acres by individual fruit and nut crops.

**Land in two or more counties.** With few exceptions, 
the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the 
producer’s principal county. The principal county was 
defined as the one where the largest value of 
aricultural products was raised or produced. It was 
usually the county containing all or the largest 
proportion of the land in the farm or viewed by the 
respondent as his/her principal county. Reports
received showing land in more than one county were separated into two or more reports if the data would substantially distort county totals.

**Land irrigated at least once in the past five years.** Data represent the total number of acres irrigated on the operation over the past five years. Land from different years can be added together as long as the land was irrigated at least once and the plots of land were in different locations. While land can be irrigated multiple times over the course of five years, it can only be counted once. In some situations, operations can report more acres irrigated in the past than they currently have, e.g., operations that rented irrigated acres to or from others in the past had more irrigated land than their current operation.

**Land use practices.** Includes all agricultural land used for the production of agricultural commodities.

*Drained by tile.* Tile drainage is a practice that removes excess water from the soils subsurface.

*Artificially drained by ditches.* A field ditch installed for surface drainage for collecting excess surface or subsurface water in a field.

*Conservation easement.* A conservation easement is a legal agreement voluntarily entered into by a property owner and a qualified conservation organization such as a land trust or government agency. This category excludes land in CRP (Conservation Reserve Program) acres.

*No-till practices used.* Using no-till or minimum till is a practice used for weed control and helps reduce weed seed germination by not disturbing the soil.

*Reduced tillage.* Conserves the soil by reducing erosion and decreasing water pollution. In 2012 this category was labeled conservation tillage. This is a wording change only; data are comparable.

*Intensive tillage.* Refers to tillage operations that use standard practices for a specific location and crop to bury crop residues. In 2012, this category was labeled conventional tillage.

*Cover crop.* A crop planted primarily to manage soil fertility, soil quality, water, weeds, pests, diseases, or wildlife. This item does not include CRP acres.

**Land used for vegetables.** Data are for the total land used for vegetable and melon crops. The acres were reported only once, even though two or more harvests of a vegetable or more than one vegetable were harvested from the same acres. Respondents also reported harvested acres, acres harvested for fresh market, and acres harvested for processing by individual vegetable crops.

**Landlord’s share of the total sales.** Data represent the share of the operation’s total sales that went to landlord(s).

**Layers.** This category includes table-egg type layers, hatching layers for meat-types, hatching layers for table egg types, and reported bantams.

**Legal status for tax purposes.** See Farms by legal status.

**Less than $1,000.** See Farms with sales and government payments of less than $1,000.

**Livestock and poultry purchased or leased.** See Total farm production expenses; Livestock and poultry purchased or leased.

**Maple syrup.** Data are for the number of taps set, syrup produced, and value of sales.

**Market value of agricultural products sold.** This category represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenses of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 2017 regardless of who received the payment. It is equivalent to total sales and it includes sales by the producers as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors, or others associated with the operation. It includes value of organic sales, direct sales and the value of commodities placed in the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) loan program. Market value of agricultural products sold does not include payments received for participation in other Federal farm programs. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as customwork and other agricultural services, or income from nonfarm sources.

The value of crops sold in 2017 does not necessarily represent the sales from crops harvested in 2017. Data
may include sales from crops produced in earlier years and may exclude some crops produced in 2017 but held in storage and not sold. For commodities such as sugar beets and wool sold through a co-op that made payments in several installments, respondents were requested to report the total value received in 2017.

The value of agricultural products sold was requested of all producers. If the producers failed to report this information, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested, livestock or poultry inventory, or number sold. Caution should be used when comparing sales in the 2017 census with sales reported in earlier censuses. Sales figures are expressed in current dollars and have not been adjusted for inflation or deflation. See Farms with sales and government payments of less than $1,000.

**Market value of agricultural products sold and government payments.** See Total market value of agricultural products sold and government payments.

**Medical supplies, veterinary, and custom services for livestock.** See Total farm production expenses.

**Methane digesters.** See Renewable energy producing systems.

**Migrant farm labor on farms reporting only contract labor.** Data are for those operations that did not have hired farm workers but reported that they did have migrant contract workers on their operation in 2017.

**Migrant farm labor on farms with hired labor.** Producers were asked whether any hired or contract workers were migrant workers. A migrant farm worker is a farm worker whose employment required travel that prevented the worker from returning to his/her permanent place of residence the same day.

**Migrant workers, total.** Data are for total migrant farm workers whose employment requires travel that prevents the worker from returning to his or her permanent place of residence the same day.

**Military service.** This item is new in 2017. A producer with military service is a person who currently or previously served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces.

**Mink, live.** The data are for inventory and sales of live mink. Number of farms producing mink pelts are included in Other livestock products.

**Miscellaneous poultry.** Data are for poultry other than chickens or turkeys. Data are published in Chapter 2, table 20.

**Misreported or miscoded crops.** In a few cases, data may have been reported on the wrong line, in the wrong section, or the wrong crop code may have been assigned to a write-in crop code. A few of these errors may not have been identified and corrected during processing which resulted in rare cases of inaccurately tabulated data. Reports with significant acres of unusual crops for the area were examined to minimize the possibility that they were in error.

**Mobile internet service for a cell phone or other device.** This includes counts of farm operations that reported accessing the internet from a mobile device, such as cell phone or tablet. In 2012 this item was labeled Mobile broadband plan for a computer or a cell phone. This is a wording change only; data are comparable.

**Mollusks.** These are invertebrate animals with a soft body covering and shells of 1-18 parts or sections. Examples include abalones, clams, mussels, oysters, and snails. See Aquaculture.

**More than one race reported.** This category represents producers who reported more than one race on the census form.

**Mushroom spawn.** Respondents reported only sales; growing area was not summarized.

**Mushrooms.** All mushroom crops were considered grown under glass or other protection and no mushroom data were published as area in the open. Those reporting mushrooms grown in the open area were converted to an equivalent area of square feet under protection proportional to their sales.

**NAICS.** See Farms by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

**Net cash farm income of the operations.** This concept is derived by subtracting total farm expenses from total sales, government payments, and other...
farm-related income. Depreciation is not used in the calculation of net cash farm income. Net cash farm income of the operation includes the value of commodities produced under production contract by the contract growers.

For publication purposes, farms are divided into two categories:

1. Farms with net gains (includes those operations that broke even).

2. Farms with net losses.

**Net cash farm income of producers.** This value is the producers’ total revenue (fees for producing under a production contract, total sales not under a production contract, government payments, and farm-related income) minus total expenses paid by the producers. Net cash farm income of the producer includes the payments received for producing under a production contract and does not include value of commodities produced under production contract by the contract growers. Depreciation is not used in the calculation of net cash farm income.

For publication purposes, farms are divided into two categories:

1. Farms with net gains (includes those producers that broke even).

2. Farms with net losses.

**New and beginning producers.** This is a new category for 2017. It includes producers operating on any operation for 10 years or less. They may be on farms with producers who are not beginning producers.

**Noncitrus fruit, all.** This is a summation of all acres reported in the commodities defined as noncitrus such as apples, grapes, and plums. Data for 2017 include pineapples. In 2012 and previous censuses, pineapples were included in field crops. Data are not directly comparable.

**Number of female producers.** This item is the total count of female producers involved in decisions for the operation reported by the respondent. Detailed demographic data are only available for up to four producers per farm operation.

**Number of male producers.** This item is the total count of male producers involved in decisions for the operation reported by the respondent. Detailed demographic data are only available for up to four producers per farm operation.

**Number of persons living in producers’ households.** This is the count of people living in the households of the producers on the farm. If producers on the farm are living in the same household, the count is not duplicated for each producer.

**Number of producers.** This item is the total count of producers involved in decisions for the operation reported by the respondent. Detailed demographic data are only available for up to four producers per farm operation.

**Nursery, greenhouse, floriculture, and sod.** Data are for total square feet under protection and acres in the open. Individual crop data were collected for area under glass or other protection, area in the open, and sales of aquatic plants, floriculture and bedding crops, nursery crops, sod, propagative materials, food crops grown under protection, and mushroom crops. Total sales data are the summation of all crops.

**Nursery stock crops.** Data include ornamentals, shrubs, shade trees, flowering trees, evergreens, live Christmas trees, fruit and nut trees and plants, vines, palms, ornamental grasses, and bare root herbaceous perennials.

**Nuts, all.** Data include all nut trees.

**Occupation.** See Producer characteristics.

**Operation more than 50 percent owned by one producer's household and/or extended family.** See Farms by type of organization.

**Operations legal status for tax purposes.** See Farms by legal status.

**Operators.** The term “operators” has been replaced with the term “producers.”

**Oranges, all.** All oranges are a summation of Valencia oranges and Other than Valencia oranges.
Total acres, bearing age acres, and nonbearing age acres were collected by category.

**Oranges, other than Valencia – include Navel.** This includes all oranges other than Valencia type. In 2012 this item was referred to as Other oranges. This is a wording change only; data are comparable.

**Organic agriculture.** Respondents were instructed to indicate if they had organic production according to USDA’s National Organic Program (NOP). Respondents reported whether their organic production was certified or exempt from certification and the sales from NOP produced commodities. They also reported whether they had acres transitioning into NOP production and the value of sales of USDA NOP certified or exempt organically produced commodities. Also see Total organic product sales.

**Organic fertilizer used.** This is a new item for 2017. These are the acres of cropland or pastureland on which approved organic fertilizers were applied.

**Organic value of sales.** See Total organic product sales.

**Ornamental fish.** This category includes various fish raised for water gardens, aquariums, etc. Examples include angel fish, guppies, koi, ornamental goldfish, and tropical fish. The value of sales was tabulated for each specified species.

**Other animals and other animal products sold.** This category includes number of farms and value of sales for all animals and animal products not listed elsewhere on that specific table.

**Other aquaculture products.** This category includes aquaculture not listed separately. Examples include the production of alligators, frogs, leeches, eels, live rock, salamanders, and turtles.

**Other berries.** This includes other berry varieties that were not pre-printed in the report form. In 2012 this category included Aronia berries and Elderberries which are reported separately in 2017. Data are not directly comparable.

**Other cattle.** Data include heifers that had not calved, steers, calves, and bulls.

**Other cattle, sheep, livestock, or poultry.** See Commodities raised and delivered under production contract.

**Other citrus.** Data relate to any citrus crop not having a specific code on the report form.

**Other cropland.** This includes all cropland other than harvested cropland or other pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. It includes cropland idle or used for cover crops or soil improvement, cropland on which all crops failed or were abandoned, and cropland in summer fallow.

**Other crops.** In Chapter 2, table 27, Other crops data relate to any field crops that did not have a specific code in the field crops section of the report form.

**Other crops and hay.** Data are for the total market value of all crops not categorized into one of the prelisted crop sales categories on the report form. This category includes crops such as grass seed, hay and grass silage, haylage, greenchop, hops, maple syrup, mint for oil, peanuts, sugarcane, sugarbeets, etc.

**Other dry hay.** See Hay, other dry.

**Other farm related income sources.** See Total income from farm-related sources.

**Other field and grass seed crops.** Data relate to any field or grass seed crop not having a specified code on the report form.

**Other floriculture and bedding crops.** Data relate to any floriculture and bedding crops not having a specific code on the report form.

**Other food fish.** Data are for fish, other than catfish and trout, raised on farms primarily for food. Examples include hybrid striped bass, perch, salmon, sturgeon, and tilapia.

**Other greenhouse vegetables and fresh cut herbs.** This category includes vegetable crops, other than tomatoes, that were grown under protection and fresh cut herbs grown under protection.

**Other land.** This category includes land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, ditches, wasteland, etc. It
includes those acres in the farm operation not classified as cropland, pastureland, or woodland. See Land in farms.

Other livestock. This category includes all livestock not having specific codes on the 2017 report form. In addition, package bees; bees, other than honey or package bees; laboratory animals; and worms are included. See Other animals and other animal products sold.

Other livestock and poultry purchased or leased. See Total farm production expenses.

Other livestock products. Data for this category include the number of farms that sold livestock products that did not have a specific code on the 2017 report form. In addition beeswax, breeding fees, embryos, fur or pelts, horns, manure sold, and semen are included in this category. In 2012 equine products were included but in 2017 they were reported separately. Data are for farms with production, not necessarily sold. The data are not directly comparable.

Other noncitrus fruit. Data relate to any noncitrus fruit not having a specific code on the census report form. Cherimoyas were included in this category prior to 2017 and are now published as an individual item.

Other nuts. This category includes any nut crop not having a specific code on the report form.

Other pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. This category includes land used only for pasture or grazing that could have been used for crops without additional improvement. Also included are acres of crops grazed by livestock, but not harvested prior to grazing. However, cropland that was pastured before or after crops were harvested in 2017 was included as harvested cropland rather than cropland for pasture or grazing.

Other poultry. Data are for other poultry not having a specific code on the report form.

Other spring wheat for grain. In 2012 other spring wheat for grain was sometimes referred to as spring wheat for grain. In 2017, spring wheat is consistently referred to as other spring wheat for grain. See also Wheat for grain.

Other vegetables. Data shown for other vegetables relate to any vegetable not having a specific code on the census form.

Patronage dividends. See Total income from farm-related sources.

Payments received by the contractee for commodities produced under production contract. These data show the number of farms and the dollar amount the contractees received from contractors for commodities produced under contract. This is not the market value of the commodities delivered, but the payment or fee the producers received for commodities delivered.

Peaches, all. In 2017 data were collected as Peaches, clingstone and Peaches, freestone in all States except Hawaii, which only collected Peaches, all. In 2012 and previous censuses, data for all peaches were collected as a category in all States except for California and Arizona. Peach data in California and Arizona were collected separately for clingstone and freestone peaches. The data were later combined as Peaches, all for publication. Data for clingstone and freestone are found in the California and Arizona publications only.

Peacocks and peahens. Peacocks and peahens were reported as other poultry.

Pears, all. In 2017 data were collected as Pears, Bartlett and Pears, other than Bartlett in all States except Hawaii, which only collected Pears, all. In 2012 and previous censuses, data for all pears were collected as a category in all States except for California, Arizona, Idaho, Oregon, Alaska, and Washington. These States collected data separately for Bartlett pears and Other pears which were later combined into the Pear, all category.

Peas, green. Excludes all dry peas which were collected in the field crop section. Also excluded are Chinese peas and southern peas which were reported separately. In 2012 this item was labeled Peas, green (excluding southern). This is a wording change only; data are comparable.
Peas, southern (cowpeas) – blackeyed, crowder, etc. Excludes dry peas which were collected in the field crop section. In 2012 this item was referred to as Peas, green southern (cowpeas). This is a wording change only; data are comparable.

Pecans, all. All pecans is a summation of Pecans, improved and Pecans, native and seedling. Total acres, bearing acres, and nonbearing acres were collected by category.

Pecans, improved. Improved pecans are varieties that have been genetically altered through breeding and grafting techniques to produce more nuts, and nuts with a greater percentage of nut meat. See Pecans, all.

Pecans, native and seedlings. Native pecans are varieties that developed under natural conditions. Seedling pecans are produced from seed (the nut) and have not been budded or grafted. See Pecans, all.

Peppers, Bell (excluding pimientos). Pimientos were reported as Other vegetables.

Peppers, other than Bell (including chile). The data include all other peppers including chile. Pimientos were reported as Other vegetables.

Permanent pasture and rangeland, other than cropland and woodland pastured. This land use category encompasses grazable land that does not qualify as woodland pasture or cropland pasture. It may be irrigated or dry land. In some areas, it can be a high quality pasture that could not be cropped without improvements. In other areas, it is barely able to be grazed and is only marginally better than wasteland.

Pineapples. In 2017 pineapples were included in the noncitrus fruit section. Data for 2012 and previous censuses were included in the field crop section.

Plumcots, pluots, and other plum-apricot hybrids. This category includes everything that is not a plum or prune. Pluot is a registered trademark of plumcots, which are genetic crosses between plums and apricots.

Plums. In 2017 plums are published as a separate item. In 2012 plums were reported as an individual item only in California and Arizona. All other States reported plums in a combined plum and prune category.

Potatoes. Potato acres are included in the vegetable acres. Data are for total acres harvested, acres harvested for fresh market, and acres harvested for processing. Production was not collected.

Poultry hatched. This category includes all poultry hatched on the operation during the year. The number of poultry hatched is published under the sales heading.

Poultry, other. See Other poultry.

Primary occupation of producer. Data on primary occupation were obtained from up to four producers per farm. The primary occupation classifications used were:

1. Farm or ranch work. The producer spent 50 percent or more of his/her worktime during 2017 farming or ranching.

2. Other. The producer spent less than 50 percent of his/her worktime during 2017 farming or ranching.

Producer. The term producer designates a person who is involved in making decisions for the farm operation. Decisions may include decisions about such things as planting, harvesting, livestock management, and marketing. The producer may be the owner, a member of the owner’s household, a hired manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If a person rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he/she is considered the producer only of the land which is retained for his/her own operation. The census collected information on the total number of male producers, the total number of female producers, and demographic information for up to four producers per farm.

Producer characteristics. Producers (up to four producers per farm) were asked to report primary occupation, sex, age, race, if they were of Hispanic, Latino or Spanish origin, place of residence, if retired from farming, number of days worked off farm, year in which his/her operation of the farm began, year began operating any farm, if they were a hired
manager, if they had military service, and the number of persons living in the their households. In addition the total number of male and female producers was collected from each operation.

**Producer, primary.** One primary producer is designated for each farm. A primary producer is a principal producer (comparable to 2012 principal operator). If multiple principal producers were reported on a farm, a primary producer was chosen by designating the person who made the most decisions for the farm. If equal decisions were made, the primary producer was the person who worked off the farm the least. If multiple principal producers worked the least off the farm, a random choice was made as to which producer was the single designated primary producer.

**Producers, all non-principal.** Demographic data were collected for up to four producers per farm. Each producer was asked if they were a principal operator or senior partner. A non-principal producer is a producer who did not indicate they were a principal operator. There may be no non-principal producers on a farm.

**Producers, all principal.** Demographic data were collected for up to four producers per farm. Each producer was asked if they were a principal operator or senior partner. A principal producer is a producer who indicated they were a principal operator. There may be multiple principal producers on a farm. Each farm has at least one principal producer.

**Producers, number.** Demographic and other information were collected for up to four producers per farm. This may be fewer than the total number of producers on some farms.

**Producers of Hispanic, Latino or Spanish origin.** This category is relabeled from 2012.

**Producers with military service.** This category is new for 2017. A producer with military service is a person who currently or previously served on active duty in the U. S. Armed Forces.

**Production contracts.** See Commodities raised and delivered under production contracts.

**Production expenses.** See Total farm production expenses.

**Prunes.** In 2017 prunes are published as a separate item. In 2012 and prior years, prunes were reported as an individual item only in California and Arizona. All other States reported prunes in a combined plum and prune category.

**Pullets for laying flock replacement.** Data are for pullet inventory and the number sold or moved for laying flock replacement.

**Rabbits, live.** The data are for inventory and sales of live rabbits. The number of rabbit pelts is included in Other livestock products.

**Race of producer.** With the exception of Hawaii, data were collected for American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and White producers. Respondents were asked to mark one or more of the race categories. In Hawaii producer race data were collected for American Indian (included Alaska Native), Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Other Asian, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian, other Pacific Islander, and White. The combination of Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander is equivalent to the Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander category on the other forms. The combination of the Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, and Other Asian categories is equivalent to the Asian category on the other forms. The Volume 1, Geographic Area Series, U.S. Summary publication only displays counts for the categories of Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander and Asian. Data for the 11 Hawaii race categories are published in chapter 2 of the Hawaii publication of the Volume 1 series.

**Raspberries, all.** In 2017 data for raspberries were reported as black raspberries, red raspberries, and other raspberries (includes all other raspberries not listed on the report form) for all States except Hawaii. In 2012 and previous censuses, raspberries were reported as All raspberries except in Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington where data were reported separately for black and red raspberries. In these States, black raspberries and red raspberries data were combined and published as Raspberries, all for comparability with other States.
Renewable energy producing systems. These types of systems produce power, heat, or mechanical energy by converting resources either to electricity or to motor power.

Biodiesel production systems. Data are for production of non-petroleum based diesel fuel made from vegetable oil or animal fats. Biodiesel can be used alone or blended with conventional petroleum-based diesel fuel.

Ethanol production systems. A fuel produced by converting crops such as corn and sugarcane, biomass crops, or wood. This fuel is generally blended with gasoline. Production of ethanol for fuel requires a permit from the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms (ATF). Only ethanol production for fuel was reported.

Geothermal/geoexchange system. A system that uses temperatures from the earth to reduce the operational costs of heating and cooling.

Methane digesters. It is a device which captures biogas resulting from the decomposition of manure, processing by-products, and other materials. Harvested biogas is used as a substitute for natural gas to power engines which generate electricity. It is fed into the natural gas pipeline or flared. Methane digesters were reported only if in production and used in 2017.

Small hydro system. A water driven system, which produces electricity, by the gravitational force of falling or flowing water. It excludes water driven systems that only provide mechanical power, such as turning a grinding stone for a flour mill.

Solar panels. A flat panel designed to capture the sun’s energy. Includes photovoltaic systems, which convert light from the sun into electricity, and thermal systems that passively generate electricity.

Wind turbines. A device which converts wind power into electricity. Includes wind generators, wind power units, wind energy converters, and aero generators. Excludes windmills, which do not produce electricity.

Rental of farmland. See Total income from farm-related sources, Gross cash rent or share payments.

Sales, total. See Market value of agricultural products sold.

Sex of producers. This item pertains only to four producers from whom detailed demographic data were collected. Total male and female producer counts may be larger.

Sheep and lambs inventory. Data are for sheep and lambs of all ages owned regardless of location. Sheep and lambs were collected in their own section to clarify to respondents when to report “owned” sheep and lambs versus any sheep and lambs on the operation. Prior to 2017 in the Eastern States, data were collected for sheep and lambs regardless of ownership.

Short rotation woody crops. Data are for short rotation woody crops that grow from seed to a mature tree in 10 years or less. These are trees for use by the paper or pulp industry or as engineered wood. This does not include lumber. Acres in production were included in Cropland harvested in the Land use section of the report form.

Size of farm. See Farms by size.

Small hydro system. See Renewable energy producing systems.

Solar panel. See Renewable energy producing systems.

Sport or game fish. Data are for sport or game fish raised on farms to be used primarily for sport. Examples include bluegill, crappie, largemouth bass, smallmouth bass, sunfish, muskie, northern pike, and walleye.

Squash, all. All squash is a summation of summer squash and winter squash. Total acres, acres for fresh market, and acres for processing were collected by category.

Summer fallow. In 2012 this category was labeled Cultivated summer fallow. This is a wording change only; data are comparable.

Sweet potatoes. Sweet potato acres are included in the vegetable acres. Data are for total acres harvested, acres harvested for fresh market, and acres harvested
for processing. Production was not collected.

**Tangerines.** In 2017 data include Temples. In 2012 data for Temples were published separately. Data are not directly comparable.

**Taro.** A tropical plant grown primarily for its edible corms or root. Beginning in 2017 data were reported in the vegetable section. In 2012 and previous censuses, data for taro root were reported in the field crop section.

**Tenure.** See Farms by tenure of producer.

**Tobacco transplants.** Data are for tobacco transplants that were sold for transplant to farm fields. Transplants grown for transplanting to the same operation were not reported or removed during data review.

**Tomatoes in the open.** Data are for tomatoes grown in the open and excludes tomatoes produced under glass or other protection.

**Total cropland.** This category includes cropland harvested, other pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements, cropland on which all crops failed or were abandoned, cropland in summer fallow, and cropland idle or used for cover crops or soil improvement but not harvested and not pastured or grazed.

**Total farm production expenses.** Includes the production expenses provided by the producers, partners, landlords (excluding property taxes), and production contractors for the farm business in 2017. Tenant farmers reported expenses paid by landlords for the agricultural production on the operation, as well as their expenses. Farm or ranch producers who rented part of their land to others reported only the expenses for the land they actually used themselves and not expenses for land rented to others. The 2017 total farm production expenditure includes all farm-related expenses such as customwork, fuel costs, cost of cutting timber, services provided to hunters, cooperative membership fees, etc. However, if the income from these farm-related categories was not considered a part of the operation (i.e., if the income was regarded as derived from a separate business), then the associated expenses were not included. The contractor’s portion of expenses was solely based on computer generated estimates for 2017.

This item excludes expenses relating to non-farm activities such as trading and speculation in the commodities market or livestock trading activities. Explanations of selected production expenses are listed below.

**All other production expenses.** This category is not comparable with 2012 data. In 2012 this category included *Medical supplies, veterinary, and custom services for livestock* but in 2017 this item was reported separately. All other production expenses include all expenses not listed on the report form. Examples include storage and warehousing, marketing and ginning expenses, insurance, etc. Health insurance premiums and payroll taxes are reported in hired labor expenses.

**Breeding livestock purchased or leased.** These expenses include all breeding livestock and poultry purchased or leased during 2017 for production on the farm or ranch. The total includes amount spent for beef and dairy cows, heifers, bulls, sows, gilts, boars, rams, lambs, ewes, roosters, hens, layers, etc. Estimations of the value of livestock or poultry fed on a custom basis were to be made based on their value when they arrived on the farm or ranch.

**Cash rent paid in 2017 for land and buildings.** These data include the cost of renting land and buildings that were part of the operation. Rent paid for the producer’s dwelling or other non-farm property and the value of the shares of crops and livestock paid to landlords were excluded.

**Chemicals.** These 2017 expenses include insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, and other pesticides, including costs of custom application. Data exclude commercial fertilizer purchased.

**Contract labor.** These data include payments made to contractors, crew leaders, cooperatives, or any other organization hired to furnish a crew of laborers to do a job that may involve one or more agricultural operations. In some cases, a crew leader may furnish some equipment. Data exclude expenses made on a contractual basis for repair or maintenance or for capital improvements, such as construction of farm buildings, installation of fences or irrigation systems,
and land leveling.

_Cover crop seed purchased._ This is a new category item in 2017. This expense category is a subset of total seeds, plants, vines, and trees expense. It includes the cost of all seeds, bulbs, plants, propagation materials, trees, seed treatments, seed cleaning costs, etc. for cover crops purchased during 2017.

_Customwork and custom hauling._ These expenses include costs incurred for having customwork done on the place and for renting machines to perform agricultural operations. The cost of cotton ginning is excluded. The cost of labor involved in the customwork service is included in the customwork expense. Some examples of customwork are planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for marketing, grinding and mixing feed, corn picking, grain drying, and silo filling. The cost of custom application of fertilizer and chemicals is included in expenditures for fertilizer and chemicals in 2017, just as it was in the 2012 census. The cost of hired labor for operating rented or hired machinery is included as a hired farm and ranch labor expense.

_Feed purchased._ These expenses include the cost of all feed purchased for livestock and poultry including grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds, concentrates, etc. during 2017.

_Fertilizer, lime, and soil conditioners._ These 2017 expenses include fertilizer, lime, rock phosphate, and gypsum and the costs of custom application.

_Gasolines, fuels, and oils._ These expenses include the cost of all gasoline, diesel, natural gas, LP gas, motor oil, and grease products for the farm during 2017. Expenses exclude fuel for personal use of automobiles by the family and others, fuel used for cooking and heating the farmhouse, and any other use outside of farmwork on the operation.

_Hired farm labor._ These 2017 expenses include the total amount paid for farm or ranch labor including regular workers, part-time workers, and members of the producer’s family if they received payments for labor. Expenses include Social Security taxes, State taxes, unemployment tax, payment for sick leave or vacation pay, workman’s compensation, insurance premiums, and pension plans.

_Interest paid on debts._ These expenses include interest and finance charges paid in 2017 for debts secured by real estate and on debt not secured by real estate. Interest expenses excluded from this category are non-farm interest expenses and interest expenses originating from machinery and equipment used for a separate customwork business or for other operations. Interest expense for the producer’s dwelling, where the amount is separate from interest on farm land and buildings on the operation, is excluded. Interest paid on debts was reported in one of two categories:

1. _Secured by real estate._ These data include all interest expenses paid in 2017 on debts secured by real estate for the farm.

2. _Not secured by real estate._ These data include all interest expenses paid in 2017 on debts secured by machinery, tractors, trucks, other equipment, livestock, poultry, breeding stock, money borrowed for use as working capital, and interest paid on CCC loans for the farm.

_Livestock and poultry purchased or leased._ These data include Breeding livestock purchased or leased and Other livestock and poultry purchased or leased.

_Medical supplies, veterinary, and custom services for livestock._ This expense category is a new category in 2017. These expense were included in All Other production expenses in 2012.

_Other livestock and poultry purchased or leased._ These expenses include all non-breeding livestock and poultry purchased or leased during 2017 for production on the farm or ranch. The total includes amounts spent for cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep, hatchery eggs, etc.

_Property taxes paid._ These data include property taxes paid by the producers for the farm share of land, machinery, buildings, and livestock, excluding taxes paid by this producer’s landlords.

_Rent and lease expenses for machinery, equipment, and farm share of vehicles._ These data include the farm share cost of renting or leasing machinery, equipment, and vehicles during 2017. Rental and lease expenses of items used only for custom hire are excluded here.
Repairs, supplies, and maintenance. These expenses include all costs for the repair and upkeep of buildings, motor vehicles, fences, and farm equipment used for the farm business during 2017. Repairs to equipment used both for the farm business and for performing customwork are included.

Seeds, plants, vines, and trees. These expenses include the cost of all seeds, bulbs, plants, propagation materials, trees, seed treatments, seed cleaning costs, etc. purchased during 2017. Excluded were items purchased for immediate resale or the value of seed grown on the operation.

Utilities. These data show the farm share cost of electricity, telephone charges, internet fees, and water purchased in 2017. Included in the water cost is water purchased for irrigation purposes, livestock watering, etc. Household utility costs were excluded from these items.

Total female producers. See Number of female producers.

Total greenhouse vegetables and fresh cut herbs. This category includes greenhouse tomatoes and other greenhouse vegetables and fresh cut herbs.

Total horses and ponies. See Horses and ponies value of sales.

Total income from farm-related sources. This includes gross income from farm-related sources received in 2017 before taxes and expenses from the sales of farm byproducts and other sales and services closely related to the principal functions of the farm business. The data exclude income from employment or business activities, which were separate from the farm business.

Agri-tourism and recreational services. This income includes income from recreational services such as hunting, fishing, farm or wine tours, hay rides, etc.

Amount from State and local government agricultural program payments. This income includes State and local government agricultural program payments. Respondents were to exclude the State and local portion of Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP) payments if they were reported in the amount received for participation in CREP in section 5, item 2 of the report form.

Crop and livestock insurance payments received. This income includes insurance payments from crop and livestock losses.

Customwork and other agricultural services. This income includes gross receipts received by the farm producers for providing services for others such as planting, plowing, spraying, and harvesting. Income from customwork and other agricultural services is generally included in the agriculture census if it is closely related to the farming operation. However, it is excluded if it constituted a separate business or was conducted from another location.

Gross cash rent or share payments. This income includes gross cash or share payments received from renting out farmland, payments received from the lease or sale of allotments, and payments received for livestock pastured on a per-head, per month, or per pound basis. It excludes rental income from nonfarm property.

Other farm-related income sources. This is other income which is closely related to the agricultural operation. This income includes animal boarding, breeding fees (horse breeding or stud fees received were reported in the Value of Sales section in the Other animals and other animal products category), tobacco quota buyouts, State fuel tax refunds, farm generated energy, etc. Crop and livestock insurance payments received and amount from State and local government agricultural program payments were published separately.

Patronage dividends and refunds from cooperatives. This income includes payments to a farmer or rancher for business done with a cooperative to which he/she usually belongs. The payment is usually for goods sold through the co-op.

Sales of forest products. This income includes gross receipts from sales of standing timber, pulpwood, firewood, etc. from the farm or ranch operation. It excludes income from nonfarm timber tracts, sawmill businesses, cultivated Christmas trees, maple products, and short rotation woody crops.

Total market value of agricultural products sold and government payments. This category represents
the value of products sold plus government payments. Total value of products sold combines total sales not under production contract and total sales under production contract. Government payments consist of government payments received from the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), Wetlands Reserve Program (WRP), Farmable Wetlands Program (FWP), or Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP) plus government payments received from Federal, State, and local programs other than the CRP, WRP, FWP, and CREP, and Commodity Credit Corporation loans.

**Total male producers.** See Number of male producers.

**Total organic product sales.** The data represent the value of organically produced agricultural commodities sold from operations during 2017. It includes only the value of those products that were produced as organic according to the National Organic Standards and sold by certified or exempt from certification farm operations.

**Total payments received.** See Commodities raised and delivered under production contracts.

**Total producers.** See Number of producers.

**Total sales.** See Market value of agricultural products sold.

**Turkeys.** Turkey data are a combination of turkeys for meat production, turkey hens and toms kept for breeding, and turkey brooders tabulated from three questions. Turkey brooders are immature birds sent to another farm for further growout to meat production or breeding. This may result in a turkey being sold more than once from different operations.

**Type of organization.** See Farms by type of organization.

**Unpaid workers.** Data include agricultural workers not on the payroll who performed activities or work on a farm or ranch.

**Utilities.** See Total farm production expenses.

**Value of commodities.** Data show the number of farms and the market value of all commodities delivered under a production contract.

**Value of food sold directly to consumers.** Data represent the value of edible products, including value added products, produced and sold for human consumption directly to consumers at farmers markets, on-farm stores or farm stands, roadside stands or stores, u-pick, CSA (Community Supported Agriculture), online marketplaces, etc. In 2012 this item was labeled Value of food sold directly to individuals for human consumption. Data are not directly comparable to 2012. In 2012 Value of food sold directly to individuals for human consumption excluded value added sales.

**Value of food sold directly to retail markets, institutions, and food hubs for local or regionally branded products.** This item is new for 2017. Data represent the value of products, including value added products, produced and sold for human consumption directly to retail markets, institutions, or food hubs for locally or regionally branded products. Examples include supermarkets, restaurants, caterers, independently owned grocery stores, food cooperatives, K-12 schools, colleges or universities, hospitals, workplace cafeterias, prisons, food banks, etc.

**Value of landlord’s share of total sales.** Data include the value of agricultural sales received by the landlords.

**Value of organically produced commodities.** See Total organic product sales.

**Value of processed or value-added agricultural products sold.** This is a new item for 2017. Data represent the value of products that originated from crop or livestock commodities produced on the operation. Through further manufacture or processing, these items are transformed into products worth more than the originally produced commodity.

**Value of sales.** See Market value of agricultural products sold.

**Vegetable transplants.** Data are for vegetable transplants grown and sold from the operation for transplanting to fields on another operation.
Vegetables harvested for fresh market. Respondents reported the total vegetable acres harvested, harvested for fresh market, and harvested for processing.

Vegetables harvested for sale. The acres of vegetables harvested is the summation of the acres of individual vegetables harvested. All of the individual vegetable items may not be shown. When more than one vegetable crop was harvested from the same acreage, acres were counted for each crop.

Vegetables, melons, and potatoes. See Commodities raised and delivered under production contracts.

Vegetables, other. See Other vegetables.

Wheat for grain. Data were reported by type of wheat - Durum, winter, and other spring.

Wind turbines. See Renewable energy producing systems.

Woodland pastured. This category includes all woodland used for pasture or grazing during the census year. Woodland or forest land pastured under a per-head grazing permit was not counted as land in farms and, therefore, was not included in woodland pastured.

Woodland, total. This category includes natural or planted woodlots or timber tracts, cutover and deforested land with young growth which has or will have value for wood products, and woodland pastured. Land covered by sagebrush or mesquite was reported as Permanent pasture and rangeland or Other land. Land planted for Christmas tree production and short rotation woody crops was reported in Cropland harvested, and land in tapped maple trees was reported as Woodland not pastured.

Write-in crops. The respondent was asked to look at a list of crops in each section of the report form and write in the crop name and its code for all commodities produced. For crops that had no individual code listed on the report form, the respondent was to write in the crop name and code of the appropriate “all other” category for that section. Write-in crops coded as “all other” were reviewed and assigned a specific code when possible. Crops not assigned a specific code were left in the appropriate “all other” category.

Years operating any farm. This number is based on the year each producer began operating any farm operation. The published categories have changed since the 2012 census.

Young producers. A young producer is defined as a producer 35 years of age or younger.
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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Agricultural Statistics Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return your completed report to: Census of Agriculture 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville, IN 47132</td>
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<td>OFFICE USE ONLY</td>
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Make corrections to name, address, and ZIP code if necessary.

Complete your report by mail or via the internet at [www.agcounts.usda.gov](http://www.agcounts.usda.gov).

- **Your report is due by February 5, 2018.**
- **To fill out the paper form, use a black or blue ballpoint pen.**
- **Duplicate forms?** If you received extra Census report forms for the SAME farming operation, return all report forms in the same envelope with this completed report.

Print the information below for the person completing this form:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
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<tr>
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THANK YOU FOR YOUR COOPERATION.

Questions? Call us toll free at 1-888-424-7828.

¿Preguntas? Llámenos libre de cargos al 1-888-424-7828.

The information you provide will be used for statistical purposes only. Your responses will be kept confidential and any person who willfully discloses ANY identifiable information about you or your operation is subject to a jail term, a fine, or both. This survey is conducted in accordance with the Confidential Information Protection provisions of Title V, Subtitle A, Public Law 107-347 and other applicable Federal laws. For more information on how we protect your information please visit: [www.nass.usda.gov/privacy](http://www.nass.usda.gov/privacy).

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB number is 0535-0226. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 50 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.
### SECTION 1  ACREAGE IN 2017

Report land owned, rented, or used by you, your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization named on the front of this form. Include ALL LAND, REGARDLESS OF LOCATION OR USE - cropland, Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) and Wetlands Reserve Program (WRP) land, pastureland, rangeland, woodland, idle land, farmsteads, etc.

1. Number of acres OWNED. ................................................. 0043  
   
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2. Total number of acres RENTED or LEASED FROM OTHERS

   INCLUDE
   - land worked by you on shares
   - land used rent free in exchange for services, payment of taxes, etc.
   - Federal, State, and railroad land leased on a per acre basis
   - land rented or leased by you for cash

   EXCLUDE
   - land used on a fee per-head or animal unit basis.
   - acres rented or leased to others part of the year.

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3. Number of acres RENTED or LEASED TO OTHERS

   INCLUDE LAND
   - worked on shares by others
   - subleased
   - rented or leased to others for cash
   - used rent free in exchange for services, payment of taxes, etc.

   EXCLUDE acres enrolled in:
   - Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)
   - Wetlands Reserve Program (WRP)
   - Farmable Wetlands Program (FWP)
   - Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP)
   - acres rented or leased to others part of the year.

   a. How many acres rented or leased to others (Box C above) did this operation own? .............. 0053  
      
      | Number of Acres |
      |-----------------|
      |                 |
      |                 |
      |

4. Enter the figures from the boxes above to determine your total acres operated:

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<th>BOX A</th>
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   = 0046  

5. Does the figure in Box D = 0?

   □ Yes - Refer to the instruction sheet to complete this form
   □ No - Continue

6. Did this operation pay on a fee per-head or animal unit month (AUM) basis to use any land?

   1  □ Yes - Continue  
   3  □ No - Go to item 7

   a. If yes, how many acres? ........................................ 1160  
      
      | Number of Acres |
      |-----------------|
      |                 |
      |                 |
      |

   b. DO NOT include these acres in the boxes above. If you did, GO BACK and EXCLUDE them from the boxes above and recalculate BOX D.

7. Considering the total acres in Box D above, in what county was the largest value of this operation’s agricultural products raised or produced?

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</tbody>
</table>

   a. If this operation had agricultural activity in any other county, enter the county name(s), etc.
## SECTION 2  LAND USE IN 2017

Report how the acres in Box D on the previous page were used.
- For acres used for more than one purpose, report them in the first item that applies.
- Report each acre only once on this page.
- Report acres in CRP, WRP, FWP, and CREP in the most appropriate land use below.

1. **Cropland**
   a. Cropland harvested
      - land from which field crops were harvested or hay was cut
      - land used for vegetables
      - land used for nursery and greenhouses (rounded to the nearest acre)
      - land used for orchards, vineyards, citrus groves, Christmas trees, short rotation woody crops, fruits, nuts, and berries (bearing and nonbearing).

2. **Pasture**
   a. Permanent pasture and rangeland
   b. Woodland pastured.
   c. Other pasture and grazing land (including rotational pasture) that could have been used for crops without additional improvements.

3. **Woodland not pastured**
   - woodlots
   - timber tracts
   - sugarbush

4. **All other land**
   - farmsteads, home, and buildings
   - livestock facilities
   - ponds
   - roads
   - wasteland, etc.

5. **TOTAL ACRES** - Add items 1-4 to determine your total acres operated.

6. Does Box E above = Box D on the previous page?

   The acres in Box E will be referred to as “this operation” for the remainder of this form.
**SECTION 3**  LAND RENTED OR LEASED FROM OTHERS FOR CASH

1. In 2017, did this operation rent or lease any cropland or pasture acres from others for cash? Exclude land rented or leased on a share basis, per-head or AUM basis, free of charge, and rent that includes buildings, such as barns.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Yes - Complete this section</th>
<th>No - Go to SECTION 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□ 3420</td>
<td>3 □</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. How many acres of non-irrigated cropland were rented or leased for cash? Include fruit, nut, berry, vineyard, nursery, and hay land.

   - Number of Acres

3. How many acres of irrigated cropland were rented or leased for cash? Include fruit, nut, berry, vineyard, nursery, and hay land.

   - Number of Acres

4. How many acres of permanent pasture, grazing, or grassland were rented or leased for cash? Exclude Federal, State, and other types of land rented or leased on an animal unit month (AUM) basis.

   - Number of Acres

**SECTION 4**  LAND USE PRACTICES

1. During 2017, considering the total acres on this operation, how many acres –

   a. Were drained by tile?

   - Number of Acres

   b. Were artificially drained by ditches?

   - Number of Acres

   c. Were under a conservation easement?

   - Number of Acres

2. During 2017, considering the cropland acres on this operation, how many acres –

   a. Were no-till practices used?

   - Number of Acres

   b. Were reduced (conservation) tillage, excluding no-till, practices used?

   - Number of Acres

   c. Were intensive (conventional) tillage practices used?

   - Number of Acres

   d. Were planted to a cover crop? (Cover crops are planted primarily for managing soil fertility, soil quality, and controlling weeds, pests, and diseases.) Exclude CRP acres.

   - Number of Acres

3. During 2017, considering the acres irrigated by sprinklers, flooding, ditches or furrows, drip or trickle irrigation, etc. on this operation –

   a. How many acres of harvested cropland were irrigated?

   - Irrigated Acres

   b. How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, abandoned cropland, and other land were irrigated?

   - Irrigated Acres

4. How many acres on this operation were irrigated at least once in the past five years (2013-2017)?

   - Irrigated Acres
### SECTION 5  CROP INSURANCE AND GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS

1. How many acres in this operation were covered under any crop insurance policy in 2017? .......................... 1067  
   - Number of Acres

2. How many acres in this operation were enrolled in the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), Wetlands Reserve Program (WRP), Farmable Wetlands Program (FWP), or Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP) on September 30, 2017? .................. 0683  
   - Number of Acres

   a. What was the amount received in 2017 for participation in these programs?  . 0685  
      - Dollars

3. What was the amount received in 2017 for all other Federal agricultural program payments? Exclude any type of insurance payments received .... 1422  
   - Dollars

4. What was the amount received in 2017 from state and local government agricultural program payments?  ......................... 1423  
   - Dollars

5. What was the total amount received in 2017 from Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) loans for all commodities?  .................. 1411  
   - Dollars

6. What was the total amount spent in 2017 to repay CCC loans?  .............. 1414  
   - Dollars

7. Do you know that you have the right to appeal an adverse program decision to USDA’s National Appeals Division?  ......................... 1416  
   - Yes 3 No

### SECTION 6  TYPE OF ORGANIZATION

1. In 2017, was more than 50 percent of this operation owned by an operator’s household and/or extended family?  
   - Mark “yes” if more than 50 percent of the assets of this operation are owned by one of the operators, members of their household, and/or other persons related to them by blood, marriage, or adoption, including relatives not residing in his/her household. Consider only farm and ranch assets owned—not rented or leased—by this operation, and exclude the assets held by non-family landlords and contractors .......................... 1672  
   - Yes 3 No

2. Was this operation organized as a Limited Liability Company (LLC) under State law?  .. 1673  
   - Yes 3 No

3. In 2017, what was this operation’s legal status for tax purposes? Mark one answer only:

   1  □ Family or individual operation – Exclude partnerships and corporations.
   2  □ Partnership operation – Include family partnerships.
      - Is this partnership registered under state law?  .... 1567  
        - Yes 3 No
   3  □ Incorporated under state law –
      - Is this a family-held corporation?  .... 1681  
        - Yes 3 No
      - Are there more than 10 stockholders?  .... 1683  
        - Yes 3 No
   4  □ Other, such as estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, American Indian Reservation, etc. Specify type. ...  
      - Number

4. In 2017, how many households shared in the net farm income of this operation?  ............ 1608
### SECTION 7 PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. In 2017, how many men and women were involved in decisions for this operation (include family members and hired managers)? Exclude hired workers unless they were a hired manager or family member. 1571 Men, 1574 Women

2. Answer the following questions for up to four individuals who were involved in the decisions for this operation as of December 31, 2017.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person 1</th>
<th>Person 2</th>
<th>Person 3</th>
<th>Person 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 1927</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Race</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native, Specify tribe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Occupation</td>
<td>Farm or ranch work</td>
<td>Work other than farming or ranching</td>
<td>Farm or ranch work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Worktime</td>
<td>1 - 49 days</td>
<td>50 - 99 days</td>
<td>100 - 199 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### SECTION 7 CONTINUED –

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person 1, continued</th>
<th>Person 2, continued</th>
<th>Person 3, continued</th>
<th>Person 4, continued</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1923</td>
<td>1930</td>
<td>2834</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### m. Has this person ever served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces, Reserves, or National Guard?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mark one.</th>
<th>Mark one.</th>
<th>Mark one.</th>
<th>Mark one.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Never served in the military</td>
<td>1 Never served in the military</td>
<td>1 Never served in the military</td>
<td>1 Never served in the military</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Only on active duty for training in the Reserves or National Guard</td>
<td>2 Only on active duty for training in the Reserves or National Guard</td>
<td>2 Only on active duty for training in the Reserves or National Guard</td>
<td>2 Only on active duty for training in the Reserves or National Guard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Now on active duty</td>
<td>3 Now on active duty</td>
<td>3 Now on active duty</td>
<td>3 Now on active duty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 On active duty in the past, but not now</td>
<td>4 On active duty in the past, but not now</td>
<td>4 On active duty in the past, but not now</td>
<td>4 On active duty in the past, but not now</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### n. How many people lived in this person’s household in 2017?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number living in household of Person 1</th>
<th>Number living in household of Person 2</th>
<th>Number living in household of Person 3</th>
<th>Number living in household of Person 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2577</td>
<td>1589</td>
<td>1599</td>
<td>1641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### o. Was this person hired and paid a salary or wages to manage this operation?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number living in household of Person 1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2576</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3. Was this person involved in these specific decisions as of December 31, 2017? For each person and for each item, mark all that apply.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person 1</th>
<th>Person 2</th>
<th>Person 3</th>
<th>Person 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1642</td>
<td>1643</td>
<td>1644</td>
<td>1645</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person 1</th>
<th>Person 2</th>
<th>Person 3</th>
<th>Person 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1650</td>
<td>1651</td>
<td>1652</td>
<td>1653</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person 1</th>
<th>Person 2</th>
<th>Person 3</th>
<th>Person 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1654</td>
<td>1655</td>
<td>1656</td>
<td>1657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person 1</th>
<th>Person 2</th>
<th>Person 3</th>
<th>Person 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1776</td>
<td>1777</td>
<td>1778</td>
<td>1779</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person 1</th>
<th>Person 2</th>
<th>Person 3</th>
<th>Person 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1757</td>
<td>1758</td>
<td>1759</td>
<td>1760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
<td>1 Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person 1</th>
<th>Person 2</th>
<th>Person 3</th>
<th>Person 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1765</td>
<td>1766</td>
<td>1767</td>
<td>1768</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person 1</th>
<th>Person 2</th>
<th>Person 3</th>
<th>Person 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1769</td>
<td>1790</td>
<td>1601</td>
<td>1773</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
<td>1 Yes 3 No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### SECTION 8 HAY AND FORAGE CROPS

1. Were any hay or forage crops cut or harvested from this operation in 2017?

   **INCLUDE**
   - your landlord’s share and crops grown under contract

   **EXCLUDE**
   - crops grown on land rented to others

1152 1 ☐ Yes - Complete this section 3 ☐ No - Go to SECTION 9

2. All land from which dry hay, haylage, grass silage, or greenchop was cut or forage was harvested in 2017. Exclude straw, corn silage, and sorghum silage.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acres Harvested</th>
<th>Acres Irrigated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mark “X” if None

Mark “X” if None

3. Report gross value of hay and forage sold from this operation in 2017. Include the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc. Exclude dollars for items produced under production contracts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$ 0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For items 4 through 7, when both dry hay and haylage were cut from the same acres, report acres for each type. If two or more cuttings were made from the same acres, report acres for that item only once, but report total quantity harvested from all cuttings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mark “X” if None</th>
<th>Acres Harvested</th>
<th>Acres Irrigated</th>
<th>Total Tons Harvested</th>
<th>Total Number of Bales</th>
<th>Average Weight per Bale</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for dry hay...

5. Haylage or greenchop from alfalfa or alfalfa mixtures...

6. Other dry hay from barley, clover, fescue, lespedeza, oats, rye, timothy, wheat, wild, Bermuda grass, Sudangrass, etc...

7. All other haylage, grass silage, and greenchop...

### SECTION 9 CULTIVATED CHRISTMAS TREES, SHORT ROTATION WOODY CROPS, AND MAPLE SYRUP

1. Were any Christmas trees or woodland crops grown, harvested, or tapped on this operation in 2017?

   **INCLUDE**
   - your landlord’s share and crops grown under contract

   **EXCLUDE**
   - crops grown on land rented to others

1153 1 ☐ Yes - Complete this section 3 ☐ No - Go to SECTION 10

For items 2 through 4, fill in the columns below for this operation in 2017.

   - Include the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc.
   - Exclude from sales dollars for items produced under production contracts.

2. Cultivated Christmas trees - cut or to be cut. Exclude wild harvested trees. Report live trees sold in SECTION 11...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acres in Production</th>
<th>Number of Trees Cut</th>
<th>Acres Irrigated</th>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ 0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mark “X” if None

Mark “X” if None

3. Short rotation woody crops - trees with growth cycles of 10 years or less. Exclude nursery trees, evergreens for replanting, and timber. Report nursery stock in SECTION 11...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acres in Production</th>
<th>Acres Harvested</th>
<th>Acres Irrigated</th>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ 0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mark “X” if None

Mark “X” if None

4. Maple syrup...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Taps</th>
<th>Syrup Produced</th>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>$ 0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   | Gross Value of Sales (Dollars) |
   | $ 0.00                       |

Mark “X” if None

Mark “X” if None

17100082
1. Were any field crops, such as corn, soybeans, wheat, etc., harvested from this operation in 2017?

**INCLUDE**
- your landlord’s share and crops grown under contract

**EXCLUDE**
- crops grown on land rented to others

1011 1 □ Yes - Complete this section 3 □ No - Go to SECTION 11

2. Acres from which field crops were harvested in 2017. Report multiple cropped acreage only once . . . . . . . . . . . . 1780

3. Fill in the columns below for all field crops harvested from this operation in 2017. Enter the crop name and code from the table below.
   - Report production in the units specified next to the crop.
   - Include the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc.
   - Exclude from sales dollars for items produced under production contracts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enter Field Crop Name</th>
<th>Enter Code</th>
<th>Acres Harvested</th>
<th>Total Production Harvested</th>
<th>Acres Irrigated</th>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa seed (pounds)</td>
<td>542</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bahia grass seed (pounds)</td>
<td>551</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barley for grain or seed (bushels)</td>
<td>079</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, dry edible - exclude chickpeas and limas (hundredweight)</td>
<td>554</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bentgrass seed (pounds)</td>
<td>560</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bermuda grass seed (pounds)</td>
<td>563</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bird's foot trefoil seed (pounds)</td>
<td>566</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bromegrass seed (pounds)</td>
<td>569</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buckwheat (bushels)</td>
<td>575</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camelina (pounds)</td>
<td>608</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canola, edible (pounds)</td>
<td>614</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickpeas, all (garbanzos) (hundredweight)</td>
<td>2816</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover, crimson clover seed (pounds)</td>
<td>593</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover, red clover seed (pounds)</td>
<td>671</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover, white clover seed (pounds)</td>
<td>761</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn for grain or seed (bushels)</td>
<td>067</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn for silage or greengrosh (tons)</td>
<td>070</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton, Pima (bales) - include cottonseed in value of sales only</td>
<td>644</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton, Upland (bales) - include cottonseed in value of sales only</td>
<td>581</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dill for oil (pounds)</td>
<td>596</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emmer and spelt (bushels)</td>
<td>599</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fescue seed (pounds)</td>
<td>602</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flaxseed (bushels)</td>
<td>605</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guar (pounds)</td>
<td>617</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Herbs, dried (pounds)</td>
<td>620</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If more space is needed, use a separate sheet of paper.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FIELD CROPS</th>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>FIELD CROPS</th>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>FIELD CROPS</th>
<th>CODE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa seed (pounds)</td>
<td>542</td>
<td>Hops (pounds)</td>
<td>623</td>
<td>Sorghum for grain or seed - include milo (bushels)</td>
<td>082</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bahia grass seed (pounds)</td>
<td>551</td>
<td>Indian corn (pounds)</td>
<td>695</td>
<td>Sorghum for silage or greencrop - exclude sorghum-sudan crosses (tons)</td>
<td>085</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barley for grain or seed (bushels)</td>
<td>079</td>
<td>Jojoba (pounds)</td>
<td>626</td>
<td>Sorghum for syrup (gallons)</td>
<td>704</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, dry edible - exclude chickpeas and limas (hundredweight)</td>
<td>554</td>
<td>Lentils (hundredweight)</td>
<td>635</td>
<td>Soybeans for beans (bushels)</td>
<td>088</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bentgrass seed (pounds)</td>
<td>560</td>
<td>Lespedeza seed (pounds)</td>
<td>638</td>
<td>Sudangrass seed (pounds)</td>
<td>713</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bermuda grass seed (pounds)</td>
<td>563</td>
<td>Lima beans, dry (hundredweight)</td>
<td>557</td>
<td>Sugarbeets for seed (pounds)</td>
<td>716</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bird's foot trefoil seed (pounds)</td>
<td>566</td>
<td>Mint, peppermint (pounds of oil)</td>
<td>047</td>
<td>Sugarbeets for sugar (tons)</td>
<td>719</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bromegrass seed (pounds)</td>
<td>569</td>
<td>Mint, spearmint (pounds of oil)</td>
<td>050</td>
<td>Sugarcane for seed (tons)</td>
<td>725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buckwheat (bushels)</td>
<td>575</td>
<td>Mint, tea leaves (pounds)</td>
<td>767</td>
<td>Sugarcane for sugar (tons)</td>
<td>722</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camelina (pounds)</td>
<td>608</td>
<td>Miscanthus (tons)</td>
<td>641</td>
<td>Sunflower seed, non-oil variety (pounds)</td>
<td>776</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canola, edible (pounds)</td>
<td>614</td>
<td>Mustard seed (pounds)</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>Sunflower seed, oil variety (pounds)</td>
<td>773</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickpeas, all (garbanzos) (hundredweight)</td>
<td>2816</td>
<td>Oats for grain or seed (bushels)</td>
<td>076</td>
<td>Sweet corn for seed (tons)</td>
<td>740</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover, crimson clover seed (pounds)</td>
<td>593</td>
<td>Peanuts for nuts (pounds)</td>
<td>656</td>
<td>Switchgrass (tons)</td>
<td>647</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover, red clover seed (pounds)</td>
<td>671</td>
<td>Peas, Austrian winter peas</td>
<td></td>
<td>Timothy seed (tons)</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clover, white clover seed (pounds)</td>
<td>761</td>
<td>(hundredweight)</td>
<td>548</td>
<td>Tobacco (pounds) - Report to the nearest tenth acre</td>
<td>094</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn for grain or seed (bushels)</td>
<td>067</td>
<td>Peas, dry edible (hundredweight)</td>
<td>659</td>
<td>Triticale for grain (bushels)</td>
<td>749</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn for silage or greengrosh (tons)</td>
<td>070</td>
<td>Peas, dry southern/cowpeas (bushels)</td>
<td>584</td>
<td>Vetch seed (pounds)</td>
<td>755</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton, Pima (bales) - include cottonseed in value of sales only</td>
<td>644</td>
<td>Popcorn (pounds shelled)</td>
<td>662</td>
<td>Wheat, durum for grain or seed (bushels)</td>
<td>578</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton, Upland (bales) - include cottonseed in value of sales only</td>
<td>581</td>
<td>Potatoes - report in SECTION 12</td>
<td></td>
<td>Wheat, other spring for grain or seed (bushels)</td>
<td>728</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dill for oil (pounds)</td>
<td>596</td>
<td>Proso millet for grain or seed (bushels)</td>
<td>665</td>
<td>Wheat, winter for grain or seed (bushels)</td>
<td>572</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emmer and spelt (bushels)</td>
<td>599</td>
<td>Rapseseed (pounds)</td>
<td>668</td>
<td>Wheatgrass seed (pounds)</td>
<td>758</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fescue seed (pounds)</td>
<td>602</td>
<td>Rape (hundredweight)</td>
<td>677</td>
<td>Wild rice (hundredweight)</td>
<td>764</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flaxseed (bushels)</td>
<td>605</td>
<td>Rye for grain or seed - exclude ryegrass (bushels)</td>
<td>686</td>
<td>Other seeds, specify above (pounds)</td>
<td>770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guar (pounds)</td>
<td>617</td>
<td>Rice (hundredweight)</td>
<td>699</td>
<td>Other field crop, specify above (pounds)</td>
<td>752</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Herbs, dried (pounds)</td>
<td>620</td>
<td>Safflower (pounds)</td>
<td>692</td>
<td>Sesame (pounds)</td>
<td>701</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

17100090
1. Were any nursery, floriculture, or greenhouse crops, including ornamental plants, flowers, mushrooms, aquatic plants, sod, food and other crops grown under protection, vegetable seeds, flower seeds, or other propagative materials grown for sale on this operation in 2017? Report food crops temporarily covered for early germination, frost protection, etc. in SECTION 12 or 13.

**INCLUDE**
- crops produced, including under contract
- food crops grown in greenhouses, caves, and high tunnels where crops were always covered

**EXCLUDE**
- home garden, personal or home use crops
- finished plants purchased from others and resold

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1032</th>
<th>☐ Yes - Complete this section</th>
<th>☐ No - Go to SECTION 12</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

2. Report total area and irrigated area on which nursery, greenhouse, floriculture, sod, mushrooms, and propagative materials were grown under glass or other protection in 2017. 

3. Report total acres and irrigated acres on which nursery, greenhouse, floriculture, sod, mushrooms, and propagative materials were grown in the open in 2017.

4. Fill in the columns below for all nursery, greenhouse, floriculture, sod, mushrooms, vegetable seeds, and propagative materials grown for sale on this operation in 2017. Enter the crop name and code from the table below.

- Include the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc.
- Exclude from sales dollars for items produced under production contracts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enter Nursery, Greenhouse, Floriculture, Sod, Mushroom, Vegetable Seed, or Propagative Material Name</th>
<th>Enter Code</th>
<th>Square Feet Under Glass or Other Protection</th>
<th>Acres in the Open</th>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acres</td>
<td>Tenths</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If more space is needed, use a separate sheet of paper.

**FLORICULTURE AND BEDDING CROPS**
- Bedding/Garden plants - annuals, herbaceous perennials, vegetable plants - Include hanging baskets 0479
- Cut flowers and cut florist greens 0485
- Foliage plants, indoor - Include hanging baskets 0707
- Potted flowering plants 0710
- Other floriculture and bedding, specify above 1015

**NURSERY CROPS**
- Nursery stock – ornamentals, shrubs, shade trees, flowering trees, evergreens, live Christmas trees, fruit and nut trees and plants, vines, palms, ornamental grasses, and bareroot herbaceous perennials 0488
- Aquatic plants 0880
- SOD 0880
- Sod harvested 0497

**PROPAGATIVE MATERIALS SOLD**
- Bulbs, corms, rhizomes, and tubers, dry 0482
- Cuttings, seedlings, liners, plugs 1002
- Flower seeds 0882
- Tobacco plants sold for transplant to farm fields 1004
- Vegetable seeds 0884
- Vegetable transplants to farm fields 1006

**FOOD CROPS GROWN UNDER GLASS OR OTHER PROTECTION**
- Tomatoes 1019
- Other vegetables and fresh cut herbs 0503
- Fruits and berries 1008

**MUSHROOM CROPS**
- Mushrooms - Report growing area and sales 0494
- Mushroom spawn - Report sales only 2495
**SECTION 12  VEGETABLES, POTATOES, AND MELONS**

1. Were any vegetables, potatoes, sweet corn, or melons harvested from this operation in 2017? Report crops grown under glass or other protection in SECTION 11.

   **INCLUDE**
   - crops grown under contract

   **EXCLUDE**
   - home garden, personal or home use crops

   1. [ ] Yes - Complete this section  
   3. [ ] No - Go to SECTION 13

2. Acres from which vegetables, potatoes, and melons were harvested in 2017. Report multiple cropped acreage only.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acres Harvested</th>
<th>Acres Irrigated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Report gross value of vegetables, potatoes, and melons sold from this operation in 2017. Include the value of your landlord's share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc. Exclude dollars for items produced under production contracts.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gross Value of Sales</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>($0.00)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Fill in the columns below for all vegetables, potatoes, and melons harvested from this operation in 2017. Enter the crop name and code from the table below.

   - If more than one vegetable crop was harvested from the same acres, report acres for each crop.
   - For two or more pickings of the same crop, report the area harvested only once.
   - Processing refers to vegetables that have been altered by heat, pressure, or freezing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enter Vegetable, Potato, or Melon Name</th>
<th>Enter Code</th>
<th>Total Acres Harvested</th>
<th>Acres Harvested for Fresh Market</th>
<th>Acres Harvested for Processing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acres</td>
<td>Tenths</td>
<td>Acres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If more space is needed, use a separate sheet of paper.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CROP NAME</th>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>CROP NAME</th>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>CROP NAME</th>
<th>CODE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Artichokes - exclude Jerusalem</td>
<td>0377</td>
<td>Garlic</td>
<td>0421</td>
<td>Peppers, other than bell include chile</td>
<td>0445</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asparagus, bearing age</td>
<td>0418</td>
<td>Ginger root</td>
<td>0611</td>
<td>Potatoes</td>
<td>0097</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, lima</td>
<td>0429</td>
<td>Ginseng</td>
<td>0446</td>
<td>Pumpkins</td>
<td>0449</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans, snap (bush and pole)</td>
<td>0381</td>
<td>Herbs, fresh cut</td>
<td>0455</td>
<td>Radishes</td>
<td>0451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beets</td>
<td>0383</td>
<td>Honeydew melons</td>
<td>0423</td>
<td>Rhubarb</td>
<td>0453</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broccoli</td>
<td>0385</td>
<td>Horseradish</td>
<td>0424</td>
<td>Spinach</td>
<td>0457</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brussels sprouts</td>
<td>0387</td>
<td>Kale</td>
<td>0425</td>
<td>Squash, summer</td>
<td>0468</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cabbage, Chinese</td>
<td>0389</td>
<td>Lettuce, head</td>
<td>0428</td>
<td>Squash, winter</td>
<td>0470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cabbage, head</td>
<td>0391</td>
<td>Lettuce, leaf</td>
<td>0430</td>
<td>Sweet corn</td>
<td>0461</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cabbage, mustard</td>
<td>0393</td>
<td>Lettuce, Romaine</td>
<td>0432</td>
<td>Sweet potatoes</td>
<td>0100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cantaloupes and muskmelons</td>
<td>0395</td>
<td>Mustard greens</td>
<td>0431</td>
<td>Taro</td>
<td>0743</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrots</td>
<td>0397</td>
<td>Okra</td>
<td>0437</td>
<td>Tomatoes in the open</td>
<td>0463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cauliflower</td>
<td>0399</td>
<td>Onions, dry</td>
<td>0433</td>
<td>Turnip greens</td>
<td>0467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Celery</td>
<td>0401</td>
<td>Onions, green</td>
<td>0435</td>
<td>Turnips</td>
<td>0465</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicory</td>
<td>0403</td>
<td>Parsley</td>
<td>0439</td>
<td>Watercress</td>
<td>0471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collards</td>
<td>0407</td>
<td>Peas, Chinese (sugar, snow)</td>
<td>0405</td>
<td>Watermelons</td>
<td>0473</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucumbers and pickles</td>
<td>0410</td>
<td>Peas, green</td>
<td>0441</td>
<td>Other vegetables, specify above</td>
<td>0475</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daikon</td>
<td>0413</td>
<td>Peas, southern (cowpeas) - blackeyed, crowdor, etc</td>
<td>0409</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eggplant</td>
<td>0415</td>
<td>Peppers, bell - exclude pimientos</td>
<td>0443</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Escarole and endive</td>
<td>0417</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### SECTION 13  FRUIT, NUTS, AND BERRIES

1. Were any fruit or nut trees, including grapevines, or berries on this operation in 2017?
   
   **INCLUDE**
   - crops grown under contract
   
   **EXCLUDE**
   - abandoned acres
   - home garden, personal or home use crops

   1  Yes - Complete this section 3  No - Go to SECTION 14

2. Acres and irrigated acres in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, vineyards, nut trees, and berries in 2017...

3. Report gross value of fruits, nuts, and berries sold from this operation in 2017. Include the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc. Exclude dollars for items produced under production contracts...

4. Fill in the columns below for all fruit, nut trees, and berries on this operation in 2017. Enter the crop name and code from the table below.
   - Include acres even if not harvested because of low prices, damage from hail, frost, etc.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enter Fruit, Nut, or Berry Name</th>
<th>Enter Code</th>
<th>Total Acres</th>
<th>Bearing Age Acres</th>
<th>Nonbearing Age Acres</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acres</td>
<td>Tenths</td>
<td>Acres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If more space is needed, use a separate sheet of paper.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NON-CITRUS FRUIT</th>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>NON-CITRUS FRUIT</th>
<th>CODE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Apples</td>
<td>0123</td>
<td>Plums</td>
<td>0243</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apricots</td>
<td>0129</td>
<td>Plum/apricot hybrids</td>
<td>0264</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avocados</td>
<td>0135</td>
<td>Pomegranites</td>
<td>0255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bananas</td>
<td>0141</td>
<td>Prunes</td>
<td>0249</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherimoyas</td>
<td>0293</td>
<td>Other non-citrus fruits,</td>
<td>0261</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherries, sweet</td>
<td>0345</td>
<td>specify above</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherries, tart</td>
<td>0587</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coffee (2016-2017 crop)</td>
<td>0153</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dates</td>
<td>0159</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figs</td>
<td>0165</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grapes</td>
<td>0366</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guavas</td>
<td>0183</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kiwifruit</td>
<td>0189</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mangoes</td>
<td>0195</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nectarines</td>
<td>0201</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Olives</td>
<td>0207</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Papayas</td>
<td>0213</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passion fruit</td>
<td>0219</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peaches, clingstone</td>
<td>0222</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peaches, freestone</td>
<td>0216</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pears, Bartlett</td>
<td>0234</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pears, other than Bartlett</td>
<td>0240</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persimmons</td>
<td>0237</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pineapples</td>
<td>1297</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CITRUS FRUIT</th>
<th>CODE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grapefruit</td>
<td>0267</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kumquats</td>
<td>0273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lemons</td>
<td>0279</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limes</td>
<td>0285</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tangelos</td>
<td>0303</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tangerines (Mandarins)</td>
<td>0309</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temple</td>
<td>0144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oranges, Valencia</td>
<td>0150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oranges, other than Valencia</td>
<td>0174</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other citrus fruit, specify above</td>
<td>0315</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NUTS</th>
<th>CODE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Almonds</td>
<td>0321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chestnuts</td>
<td>0324</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BERRIES</th>
<th>CODE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hazelnuts (Filberts)</td>
<td>0327</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Macadamia nuts</td>
<td>0333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pecans, improved</td>
<td>0336</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pecans, native and seedling</td>
<td>0342</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pistachios</td>
<td>0351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walnuts, English</td>
<td>0357</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other nuts, specify above</td>
<td>0363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackberries</td>
<td>0507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blueberries, tame</td>
<td>0512</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blueberries, wild</td>
<td>0515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boysenberries</td>
<td>0518</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cranberries</td>
<td>0521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currants (black or red)</td>
<td>0524</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elderberries</td>
<td>0508</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logaberries</td>
<td>0530</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raspberries, black</td>
<td>0490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raspberries, red</td>
<td>0491</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raspberries, other</td>
<td>0506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strawberries</td>
<td>0536</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other berries, specify above</td>
<td>0539</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 14  CATTLE AND CALVES

1. Did you or anyone else have any cattle or calves, including dairy cattle, on this operation in 2017?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INCLUDE</th>
<th>EXCLUDE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• cattle on this operation</td>
<td>• cattle grown or fed by someone else on a custom or contract basis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• cattle on public or industrial property under a grazing permit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• cattle on land used rent free by this operation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• cattle grown or fed on this operation for others on a custom or contract basis</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1201  □ Yes - Complete this section  □ No - Go to SECTION 15

2. Of the total number of cattle and calves on hand December 31, 2017, how many were –

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Beef cows? Include beef heifers that had calved. Exclude heifers that had not calved, steers, calves, and bulls.</td>
<td>0804</td>
<td>□</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Milk cows kept for production of milk? Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved.</td>
<td>0805</td>
<td>□</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Other cattle and calves? Include heifers that had not calved, steers, calves, and bulls</td>
<td>1206</td>
<td>□</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. <strong>TOTAL</strong> cattle and calves on hand December 31, 2017. Add items 2a, 2b, and 2c</td>
<td>0803</td>
<td>□</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Of the cattle and calves sold or moved from this operation during 2017, how many were –

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Calves sold or moved from this operation in 2017 weighing less than 500 pounds?</td>
<td>0808</td>
<td>□</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Cattle sold or moved from this operation in 2017, including calves weighing 500 pounds or more?</td>
<td>0810</td>
<td>□</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Report gross value of sales of cattle and calves in 2017. Include the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc. Exclude dollars for items produced under production contracts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INCLUDE</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• beef and dairy cattle for breeding stock, and beef and dairy cull animals</td>
<td>1339</td>
<td>□</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• fed cattle, stockers, and feeders</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• veal calves, etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. Sales of milk from cows | 1380 | □ |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sales of milk from cows</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. **CATTLE IN FEEDLOTS FOR SLAUGHTER MARKET**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INCLUDE</th>
<th>EXCLUDE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• steers and heifers for slaughter market fed a ration of grain or other concentrates that are expected to produce a carcass that will grade select or better</td>
<td>• cows and bulls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• cattle being backgrounded, pastured only, fed for home use, or veal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. How many steers and heifers reported in item 2c above were on feed December 31, 2017, and were or will be shipped directly from your feedlot to a slaughter market?</td>
<td>1207</td>
<td>□</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. How many of the steers and heifers sold during 2017 reported in item 3b above were shipped directly from your feedlot to a slaughter market? Exclude any of your cattle custom fed in feedlots operated by others. Exclude cattle sold as feeders</td>
<td>0812</td>
<td>□</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**SECTION 15**  
**HOGS AND PIGS**

1. Did you or anyone else have any hogs or pigs on this operation in 2017? If you are a contractor or integrator, report only the hogs on the land you operate.

   **INCLUDE**
   - hogs grown for others on a contract basis

   **EXCLUDE**
   - hogs grown by someone else on a custom or contract basis

   1211  ☐ Yes - Complete this section  ☐ No - Go to SECTION 16

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number on this operation</th>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>December 31, 2017</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Total number of hogs and pigs on hand December 31, 2017................. 0815

3. Number of hogs and pigs sold or moved from this operation during 2017, including feeder pigs. ................................................................. 0820

4. Report gross value of sales for hogs and pigs sold from this operation in 2017. Include the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc. Exclude dollars for items produced under production contracts . . . 1341

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. Mark one item which best describes this type of operation:

   1241  ☐ Farrow to wean  1242  ☐ Farrow to finish  1243  ☐ Finish only
   1244  ☐ Farrow to feeder  1245  ☐ Nursery  1246  ☐ Other, specify →

   1118

6. Mark one item which best describes this type of producer:

   1214  ☐ Independent grower  1216  ☐ Contract grower (contractee)  1215  ☐ Contractor or integrator

**SECTION 16**  
**HORSES, PONIES, MULES, BURROS, AND DONKEYS**

1. Did you or anyone else have any horses, ponies, mules, burros, or donkeys on this operation in 2017?

   1247  ☐ Yes - Complete this section  ☐ No - Go to SECTION 17

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number on this operation</th>
<th>Total Number Sold in 2017</th>
<th>Gross Value of Sales in 2017 (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>December 31, 2017</td>
<td></td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Horses and ponies OWNED by this operation. .................. 0872

3. Horses and ponies NOT owned by this operation. ................ 0822

4. Mules, burros, and donkeys .................. 0833

5. Horse breeding or stud fees, semen, and other equine products  
   (Exclude income from boarding, training, or riding facilities which should be reported in SECTION 32, item 7). .............................. 1406

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gross Value of Sales in 2017 (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 17  SHEEP AND GOATS

1. Did this operation own or custom feed for others any sheep, lambs, goats, or kids in 2017, regardless of location?

   INCLUDE
   • sheep and goats on public or industrial property under a grazing permit
   • sheep and goats on land used rent free by this operation
   • sheep and goats grown or fed on this operation for others on a custom or contract basis

   EXCLUDE
   • sheep and goats grown or fed by someone else on a custom or contract basis

   1102

   1  ☐ Yes - Complete this section
   3  ☐ No - Go to SECTION 18

Report for this operation in 2017.
• Include in the value of sales the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc. Mark “X” if None

   Number owned or custom fed on December 31, 2017

   Total number sold or moved in 2017

   Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)

   2. Sheep and lambs ............. 0824

   3. Goats and kids
   a. Angora goats and kids .... 0847
   b. Milk goats and kids ...... 0843
   c. Meat goats and kids, other goats and kids .... 0851

   4. Sheep and goat products
   a. Wool shorn ............. 0828
   b. Mohair clipped ........... 0849
   c. Milk from sheep and goats .... 1389

SECTION 18  AQUACULTURE

1. Did you or anyone else have any aquaculture on this operation in 2017? Include production for others on a contract basis.

   1157

   1  ☐ Yes - Complete this section
   3  ☐ No - Go to SECTION 19

2. Fill in the columns below for all aquaculture raised on this operation in 2017. Report aquatic plants in SECTION 11.
• Include the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc.
• Include all sizes for each type.
• Include food size, fingerlings, fry, and eggs.
• Exclude wild-caught products.

   Enter Aquaculture Type
   Enter Code
   Total pounds sold or moved in 2017

   OR

   Total number sold or moved in 2017

   Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)

   If more space is needed, use a separate sheet of paper.

AQUACULTURE CODE AQUACULTURE CODE AQUACULTURE CODE

Cattfish ..................... 0860 Crustaceans (crawfish for food, shrimp, softshell
Trout ..................... 0863 crabs, etc.) ....................... 0902
Other food fish - include salmon, Mollusks (clams, oysters, etc.) ......... 0978
specify in table ............. 0896 specify above .................... 0869
Baitfish - include crawfish for bait .. 0900 Ornamental fish .......... 0980
### SECTION 19  POULTRY

1. Did you or anyone else have any poultry, such as chickens, turkeys, ducks, emus, ostriches, etc., on this operation in 2017? Include poultry grown for others on a contract basis.

   1217  1  ☐ Yes - Complete this section  3  ☐ No - Go to SECTION 20

2. VALUE OF SALES - Report gross value of sales for poultry, chicks, eggs, and other poultry products. Include the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc. Exclude dollars for items produced under production contracts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mark “X” if None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. CHICKENS
   a. Broilers, fryers, and other chickens raised for meat production, including capons and roasters.  
      Number on this operation:  
      Mark "X" if None  
      December 31, 2017  
      Total number sold or moved from this operation in 2017

4. TURKEYS
   a. Turkeys raised for meat production –  
      Exclude breeders.

3. OTHER Poultry
5. ALL OTHER Poultry – Fill in the columns below for all other poultry on this operation in 2017. Enter the poultry type and code from the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enter Poultry Type</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If more space is needed, use a separate sheet of paper.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OTHER Poultry</th>
<th>CODE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bantams</td>
<td>0934</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chukars</td>
<td>1275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ducks</td>
<td>0904</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emus</td>
<td>0845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geese</td>
<td>0906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geese</td>
<td>0906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guinea</td>
<td>0966</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hungarian partridges</td>
<td>1277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ostriches</td>
<td>0878</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peacocks or peahens</td>
<td>1279</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pigeons or squabs</td>
<td>0908</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quail</td>
<td>0912</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhes</td>
<td>1281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roosters</td>
<td>0968</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other poultry, specify above</td>
<td>0865</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. POULTRY HATCHED
   a. All poultry hatched in this operation's hatcheries in 2017. Include chicks, poults, ducklings, etc. Include poultry custom hatched for others.

   1291  ☐ Egg-type chickens  1292  ☐ Broiler-type chickens  1293  ☐ Turkeys  1294  ☐ All other poultry

   Number hatched on this operation in 2017

17100165

2017 Census of Agriculture
USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service
### SECTION 20 COLONIES OF HONEY BEES

1. Did this operation own honey bees in 2017, regardless of location?
   \[104\] Yes - Complete this section \[3\] No - Go to SECTION 21

2. Colonies of honey bees owned.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of colonies owned on December 31, 2017</th>
<th>Largest number of colonies owned for all purposes in 2017</th>
<th>Largest number of honey producing colonies owned in 2017</th>
<th>Honey collected in 2017, regardless of location (Pounds)</th>
<th>Gross Value of Sales of Honey (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
<td>. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
<td>. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
<td>. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
<td>$ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 21 OTHER LIVESTOCK AND LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS

1. Did you or anyone else have other livestock or livestock products on this operation in 2017?
   \[239\] Yes - Complete this section \[3\] No - Go to SECTION 22

2. Fill in the columns below for all other livestock on this operation in 2017. Enter the livestock type and code from the table below.
   - Include the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc.
   - Exclude from sales dollars for items produced under production contracts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enter Livestock Type</th>
<th>Enter Code</th>
<th>Number on this operation December 31, 2017</th>
<th>Total number sold in 2017</th>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If more space is needed, use a separate sheet of paper.

#### OTHER LIVESTOCK

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OTHER LIVESTOCK</th>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>OTHER LIVESTOCK</th>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>OTHER LIVESTOCK</th>
<th>CODE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alpacas</td>
<td>0876</td>
<td>Deer in captivity</td>
<td>0888</td>
<td>Mink, live (exclude pelts)</td>
<td>1106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Package bees</td>
<td>4790</td>
<td>Elk in captivity</td>
<td>0890</td>
<td>Rabbits, live (exclude pelts)</td>
<td>1108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bees, other than honey</td>
<td>4840</td>
<td>Laboratory animals</td>
<td>4892</td>
<td>Worms</td>
<td>4895</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or package bees</td>
<td>0886</td>
<td>Llamas</td>
<td>0874</td>
<td>Other livestock, specify above</td>
<td>4898</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bison</td>
<td>. . . . .</td>
<td>. . . . .</td>
<td>. . . . .</td>
<td>. . . . .</td>
<td>. . . . .</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Fill in the columns below for other livestock products produced on this operation in 2017. Enter the livestock product type and code from the table below.
   - Include the value of your landlord’s share, marketing charges, taxes, hauling, etc.
   - Exclude from sales dollars for items produced under production contracts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enter Livestock Product Type</th>
<th>Enter Code</th>
<th>Quantity Produced in 2017</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Gross Value of Sales (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If more space is needed, use a separate sheet of paper.

#### OTHER LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OTHER LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS</th>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>OTHER LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS</th>
<th>CODE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beeswax</td>
<td>4961</td>
<td>Horns</td>
<td>4949</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breeding fees</td>
<td>4940</td>
<td>Manure sold</td>
<td>4952</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Embryos</td>
<td>4943</td>
<td>Semen</td>
<td>4955</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fur or pelts</td>
<td>4946</td>
<td>Other animal products not listed</td>
<td>4958</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

17100173
### SECTION 22 PRODUCTION CONTRACTS AND CUSTOM FEEDING

1. During 2017, were you a production contract grower for a processor or contractor for whom you grew a crop, raised livestock or poultry, or custom fed any livestock that you did not own? A production contract is an agreement setting terms, conditions, and fees to be paid by the contractor to this operation for the production of crops, livestock, or poultry. Exclude commodities grown or raised for marketing contracts.

   **Yes - Complete this section**

   **No - Go to SECTION 23**

2. Report number of head, bushels, etc. that were grown or raised under production contracts and moved from this operation in 2017.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Total quantity moved from this operation in 2017</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Total dollar amount received in 2017 for delivering commodities under production contracts (Dollars)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Broilers and other meat-type chickens</td>
<td></td>
<td>birds 3304</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Chicken eggs</td>
<td></td>
<td>dozen 3305</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Layers</td>
<td></td>
<td>birds 3302</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Pullets for laying flock replacement</td>
<td></td>
<td>birds 3306</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e. Turkeys</td>
<td></td>
<td>birds 3307</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f. Custom fed cattle shipped directly for slaughter – Exclude cattle custom fed for you by others</td>
<td></td>
<td>head 3308</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g. Replacement dairy heifers</td>
<td></td>
<td>head 3303</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h. Hogs and pigs</td>
<td></td>
<td>head 3309</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i. Other cattle, sheep, livestock, or poultry – specify type</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>j. Grains and oilseeds – specify type</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k. Vegetables, melons, and potatoes – specify type</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>l. Other crops – specify type</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Mark all inputs that were partially or completely paid or provided by contractor(s) –

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feed</th>
<th>Seed</th>
<th>Supplies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Feeder livestock and poultry</td>
<td>Fertilizer and lime</td>
<td>Utilities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breeding livestock</td>
<td>Chemicals</td>
<td>Other, specify</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veterinary services</td>
<td>Fuels</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Enter the name of the contractor that provided inputs and owned the commodity
### SECTION 23 ORGANIC AGRICULTURE

1. During 2017, did this operation produce organic products according to USDA’s National Organic Program (NOP) standards or have acres transitioning into USDA NOP production? Exclude processing and handling.

   - Yes - Complete this section
   - No - Go to SECTION 24

2. Report type of production. Mark all that apply.

   - USDA NOP certified organic production
   - USDA NOP organic production exempt from certification (exempt is production normally less than $5,000 in sales).
   - Acres transitioning into USDA NOP organic production.
   - Production according to USDA NOP standards but NOT certified or exempt.

3. What was the value of USDA NOP certified or exempt organically produced commodities sold from this operation in 2017?

### SECTION 24 PRACTICES

1. At any time during 2017, did this operation –
   a. Receive irrigation water supplied by a U.S. Bureau of Reclamation project or facility? Include reclamation water delivered by a local district.
   b. Practice rotational or management-intensive grazing?
   c. Practice alley cropping, silvopasture, or forest farming, or have riparian forest buffers or windbreaks?
   d. Harvest any biomass (crop residue, grasses, woody biomass, etc.) for use in the production of renewable energy? Exclude grains, oilseeds, and firewood.
   e. Have an on-farm packing facility for distributing vegetables, potatoes, fruit, nuts, berries, or other crops?
   f. Raise or sell veal calves?
   g. Have a barn that was built prior to 1960?

2. During 2017, did this operation produce and sell any processed or value-added products from its own agricultural production?

   **INCLUDE**
   - jam, wine, cheese, meat, floral arrangements, cider, etc.
   **EXCLUDE**
   - products purchased and resold
   - live animals

   a. How much was received in 2017 for the sales of the processed or value-added product(s)?

3. At any time during 2017, did this operation have internet access, either on the operation or at an operator’s residence?

   - Yes – Report the type of service that was used to access the internet. Mark all that apply:
   - Dial-up
   - Cable modem
   - Fiber-optic
   - Mobile internet service for a cell phone or other device (tablet, iPad, etc.)
   - Satellite
   - Other, specify below

   - No – Go to SECTION 25
## SECTION 25  FOOD MARKETING PRACTICES

1. During 2017, did this operation produce and sell any crops, livestock, poultry, or agricultural products that were food for humans to eat or drink?

**INCLUDE**
- edible agricultural products for human consumption

**EXCLUDE**
- non-edible products such as hay, cut flowers, Christmas trees, nursery products, etc.
- commodities produced under production contracts
- products purchased and resold

2. How much was received in 2017 for the food produced and sold directly to:

   a. **Consumers:** Farmers markets, on-farm stores or farm stands, roadside stands or stores, u-pick, CSA (Community Supported Agriculture), online marketplaces, etc.? 

   (i) Specify the food(s) that was produced and sold directly to consumers in 2017.

   b. **Retail Markets, Institutions, or Food Hubs for Local or Regionally Branded Products:** Supermarkets, supercenters, restaurants, caterers, independently owned grocery stores, food cooperatives, K-12 schools, colleges or universities, hospitals, workplace cafeterias, prisons, foodbanks, etc.? 

   (i) Specify the food(s) that was produced and sold directly to retail markets, institutions, or food hubs in 2017.

## SECTION 26  FERTILIZERS, CHEMICALS, AND SOIL CONDITIONERS APPLIED

1. Were any fertilizers, manure, herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, nematicides, other pesticides, growth regulators, or other chemicals used on this operation during 2017?

**INCLUDE**
- rock phosphate, lime, and gypsum as fertilizer

**EXCLUDE**
- pretreated seeds

2. Acres to which commercial fertilizer and soil conditioners were applied –

   a. Cropland in 2017 – Exclude cropland used only for pasture.

   b. Pastureland and rangeland acres in 2017 – Include cropland used only for pasture or grazing.

3. Acres of cropland and pastureland on which animal manure was applied.

4. Acres of cropland and/or pastureland treated with organic fertilizer according to USDA’s National Organic Program (NOP) standards.

5. Acres on which chemicals were applied to control the items listed below. The same acres can be reported in more than one item below. However, report acres only once for each item, regardless of the number of applications.

   a. Insects
   b. Weeds, grass, or brush - Include both pre-emergence and post emergence
   c. Nematodes
   d. Diseases in crops and orchards such as blight, smut, rust, etc.
   e. Acres of crops treated to control growth, thin fruit, ripen, or defoliate.

3  No - Go to SECTION 26

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2750</th>
<th>Yes - Complete this section</th>
<th>3  No - Go to SECTION 26</th>
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<tr>
<th>4160</th>
<th>$ 0.00</th>
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<tr>
<th>2752</th>
<th>$ 0.00</th>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>1568</th>
<th>Yes - Complete this section</th>
<th>3  No - Go to SECTION 27</th>
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<th>1569</th>
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<th>1570</th>
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<th>0932</th>
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<th>0936</th>
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<th>0937</th>
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<th>0938</th>
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<th>0940</th>
<th></th>
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</table>
**SECTION 27  RENEWABLE ENERGY**

1. During 2017, what types of renewable energy producing systems were on this operation, regardless of ownership? Mark all that apply.

   - Solar panels  
   - Wind turbines  
   - Methane digesters  
   - Geothermal/Geoexchange system  
   - Small hydro system  
   - Biodiesel production system  
   - Ethanol production system

2. On the land owned by this operation, were any wind rights leased to others?  
   - Yes  
   - No

**SECTION 28  MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT**

1. For the items listed below, report the number on this operation on December 31, 2017. Include machinery, equipment, and implements used for the farm or ranch business in 2016 or 2017 and usually kept on the operation.

   - Trucks, including pickups  
   - Tractors less than 40 horsepower (PTO) – Exclude garden tractors  
   - Tractors 40 - 99 horsepower (PTO)  
   - Tractors 100 horsepower (PTO) or more  
   - Grain and bean combines, self-propelled  
   - Cotton pickers and strippers, self-propelled  
   - Forage harvesters, self-propelled  
   - Hay balers

**SECTION 29  FARM LABOR**

1. What was the number of HIRED farm or ranch workers, including paid family members and office workers, who –

   - Worked less than 150 days on this operation in 2017? Exclude contract labor  
   - Worked 150 days or more on this operation in 2017? Exclude contract labor

2. What was the number of UNPAID farm or ranch workers, including family members and office workers, who worked on this farm or ranch?

3. What was the number of foreign and domestic MIGRANT workers on this operation in 2017? A migrant worker is a farm worker whose employment required travel that prevented the migrant worker from returning to his/her permanent place of residence the same day. Include hired and contract workers.
### PRODUCTION EXPENSES

Report total production expenses paid by this operation in 2017.

**INCLUDE**
- expenses paid by you and your landlords
- expenses connected with performing customwork for others

**EXCLUDE**
- expenses not related to the farm business
- any expenses paid by the contractor

#### EXPENSES PAID BY THIS OPERATION AND ITS LANDLORD(S)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Mark “X” if None</th>
<th>Dollars</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Fertilizer, lime, and soil conditioners purchased. Include rock phosphate, gypsum, manure purchased, potting soil, growing media, and other organic materials. Include the cost of any custom application.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1501.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Chemicals purchased such as insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, etc. Include the cost of custom application.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1502.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Seeds, plants, vines, trees, etc. purchased. Include technology or other fees, seed treatments, and seed cleaning cost. Exclude items purchased for resale without additional growth.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1503.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a. Of the total in item 3, how much was for cover crop seed?</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$2753.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Breeding livestock purchased or leased, regardless of age. Include dairy cattle.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1504.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>All other livestock and poultry purchased or leased. Include stocker and feeder cattle, calves, sheep, lambs, feeder pigs, chicks, pullets, pouls, horses, fish, goats, bee colonies, etc. Include livestock leasing expense.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1505.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Feed purchased for livestock and poultry. Include grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds, concentrates, supplements, premixes, etc.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1506.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Gasoline, fuels, and oils purchased for the farm business. Include diesel, natural gas, LP gas, motor oil, grease, etc.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1507.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Utilities purchased for the farm business. Include electricity, farm share of telephone, water purchased, etc.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1508.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Repairs, supplies, and maintenance cost for the farm business.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1509.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Labor –</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1510.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a. Hired farm and ranch labor. Include employer’s cost for social security, worker’s compensation, health and life insurance premiums, pension plans, etc.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1510.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b. Contract labor. Include expenses for labor, such as harvesting of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc. performed on a contract basis by a contractor, crew leader, etc.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1511.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Customwork and custom hauling, such as custom planting, harvesting, etc. and custom hauling of grain, livestock, milk, manure, etc.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1512.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Rent –</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1513.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a. Cash rent paid in 2017 for land and buildings. Include grazing fees.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1513.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b. Rent and lease expenses for machinery, equipment, and farm share of vehicles. Exclude custom hire.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1514.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Interest paid on debts –</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1515.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a. Secured by real estate.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1515.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b. Not secured by real estate.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1516.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Property taxes paid in 2017. Include farm real estate, machinery, livestock, etc. for the farm business. Exclude taxes paid by this operation’s landlords.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1517.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Medical supplies, veterinary, and custom services for livestock. Include artificial insemination (AI), branding, breeding fees, castrating, custom feed processing, hormone injections, performance testing, pregnancy testing, shearing, sheep shearing, etc. Exclude manure disposal.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1935.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Other production expenses. Include storage and warehousing, marketing expenses, insurance, etc. Exclude health insurance premiums and payroll taxes.</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1518.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Total production expenses (add items 1-16)</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>$1936.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### SECTION 30 CONTINUED –

18. How much did your landlord(s) pay for the production expenses for this operation in 2017? 
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Dollars</th>
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<tbody>
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19. What was the value of your landlord’s share of the total sales produced by this operation? Exclude cash rent. 
   
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<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Dollars</th>
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<tbody>
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20. What was the total depreciation expense claimed by this operation in 2017 for all capital assets? Estimate 2017 from 2016 if necessary. 
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Dollars</th>
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### SECTION 31 MARKET VALUE OF LAND, BUILDINGS, MACHINERY, AND EQUIPMENT

1. Report your estimate of the current market value of land and buildings reported in SECTION 1. 
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Estimated Market Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Dollars)</td>
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</table>

   a. All land and buildings owned. 
   
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<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Estimated Market Value</th>
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<td></td>
<td>(Dollars)</td>
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   b. All land and buildings rented or leased from others. 
   
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<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Estimated Market Value</th>
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<td>(Dollars)</td>
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<td>$</td>
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</table>

   c. All land and buildings rented or leased to others. 
   
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<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Estimated Market Value</th>
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<td>(Dollars)</td>
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2. What is your estimate of the current value of all machinery, equipment, and implements used for farm-related activities on this operation, regardless of ownership, on December 31, 2017? 
   
   INCLUDE - the following if kept on this operation and used for this farm or ranch business in 2017. 

- cars
- combines
- trucks
- plows
- tractors
- disks
- tools
- motors
- tanks
- feeders
- dairy equipment
- irrigation equipment
- grinding and mixing equipment, etc.

### SECTION 32 INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES

Report the gross dollar amount received before taxes and expenses in 2017 for – 

1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, such as plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. Exclude if customwork was an entirely separate business from your agricultural operation. 
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Gross Dollars</th>
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2. Payments received from cash rent or share payments from renting out farmland or payments from lease of allotments. Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, AUM basis, etc. 
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Gross Dollars</th>
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3. Sales of forest products. Include timber, firewood, etc. Exclude sales of Christmas trees, short rotation woody crops, and maple products. 
   
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<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Gross Dollars</th>
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4. Agri-tourism and recreational services, such as farm tours, hay rides, hunting, fishing, etc. 
   
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<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Gross Dollars</th>
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5. Patronage dividends and refunds from cooperatives. 
   
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<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Gross Dollars</th>
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6. Crop and livestock insurance payments received. Exclude payments received from casualty insurance, vehicle liability, blanket policies, and operator dwelling insurance. 
   
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<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Gross Dollars</th>
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7. Other income which is closely related to the agricultural operation. Include renting and leasing farm machinery and trucks, renting and leasing of livestock, bee colony rental, animal boarding, state fuel tax refunds, farm-generated energy, etc. Specify. 
   
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<tr>
<th>Mark &quot;X&quot; if None</th>
<th>Gross Dollars</th>
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1433...1403

$0.00
**SECTION 33**  
AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY WITHIN THE BORDERS OF AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATIONS, PUEBLOS, AND SERVICE AREAS

1. Did this operation use any land for livestock or cropland within the borders of an American Indian Reservation, Pueblo, or Service Area at any time during 2017? Include owned, deeded, tribal, or allotted land.

   1050  
   1  Yes - Complete this section  
   3  No - Go to SECTION 34

2. Enter the name and state of the American Indian Reservation, Pueblo, or Service Area where the agricultural activity occurred.

   1051  
   Reservation, Pueblo, or Service Area Name  
   1052  
   State

3. How many total acres did this operation use for livestock or cropland within this Reservation, Pueblo, or Service Area in 2017? Exclude land used on a per-head or animal unit month (AUM) basis.

   1053

   a. How many of these acres were harvested cropland?

4. In 2017, did this operation have any livestock within the borders of an American Indian Reservation, Pueblo, or Service Area? Include livestock on land used on a per-head or animal unit month (AUM) basis.

   1056  
   1  Yes - Continue  
   3  No - Go to SECTION 34

   a. On December 31, 2017, what percent of this operation’s livestock was on this Reservation, Pueblo, or Service Area?

   1057  
   1  None  
   3  26 - 50 percent  
   5  76 - 99 percent

   2  1 - 25 percent  
   4  51 - 75 percent  
   6  100 percent (all livestock)

**SECTION 34**  
CONCLUSION

1. Is it possible that the agricultural activity information reported for this operation could also be reported by another operation?

   1080  
   1  Yes - Provide the other name and address below  
   3  No - Go to item 2

   Possible Duplicate Name

   1081  
   Address

   1082

   City

   1083

   State  
   1084

   Zip

2. Do you (the individual named on the label) make any day-to-day decisions for another farm or ranch? It is important that the Census of Agriculture accurately accounts for all of your farm or ranch operations.

   1086  
   1  Yes - Enter the information of the additional farm or ranch below  
   3  No - Go to item 3

   Additional Farm or Ranch

   1088  
   Area Code and Phone Number

   1089

   a. Did you receive a 2017 Census of Agriculture report form for this additional farm or ranch?

   1087  
   1  Yes  
   3  No

   b. Did you include all data from this additional farm or ranch on THIS REPORT? Do not make changes to the data in this report, regardless of your answer.

   1091  
   1  Yes  
   3  No

3. Return your form in the envelope provided. Thank you for your participation.
SECTION 1 - ACREAGE IN 2017

Your answers in this section will determine the land (Acres in "THIS OPERATION") referred to throughout the report form. Include all land owned, rented, or used by you, your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization named on the front of the form, regardless of location or use during 2017, even if only for part of the year. Include cropland, non-tillable land, land in government programs such as Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), Wetlands Reserve Program (WRP), etc., pastureland and rangeland, woodland and idle land, farmsteads, buildings, and structures. Include only actively managed tidelands. Exclude residential or commercial land. Report land in whole acres.

Item 1 (Box A) - Report all land owned in 2017 whether held under deed, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir/heiress or trustee of an undivided estate. Include all land owned by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization named on the front of the report form.

Item 2 (Box B) - Report all land rented or leased from others by you or your operation. Include water area leased for aquaculture production. Exclude land used under Government grazing permits or on a fee per-head or animal unit (AUM) basis. Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Section 15 land leased by your operation with a specified acreage tract should be included here even though your fees to BLM are paid on an AUM basis.

Item 3 (Box C) - Include all land rented out to others for any purpose if it was part of the acreage reported in Items 1 and 2. Your tenant(s) will receive a form to report production for the land they rent. Do not report land placed in conservation programs as acres rented to others.

Item 3a - Report all land owned by the operation and rented or leased to others.

Item 4 (Box D) - This is all land you operated at any time in 2017. Land use in Section 2 should be reported for these acres.

Item 5 Total acres equal zero (0) - After completing Section 1, if the acres in Item 4, BOX D equal zero and you did not raise or own any livestock, aquaculture, or poultry in 2017, write a description of land use in the space by question 5. Complete Section 34 and mail the report form in the return envelope.

SECTION 2 - LAND USE IN 2017

The total acres from Items 1 - 4 entered in BOX E should equal the total acres in Section 1. Item 4, BOX D. These acres represent “this operation” for this census report. If these two numbers are not the same, please GO BACK and CORRECT your figures. Do not report any crops grown on land rented or leased to others or worked by others on shares during 2017.

Land used for more than one purpose - Do not report the same acreage in more than one of the listed categories. If part or all of your land was used for more than one listed purpose in 2017, report that land only in the first purpose listed. For example, if you planted and harvested a grain crop and grazed the crop residue in the fall, report the land in Item 1a, cropland harvested. Do not report those acres again in Item 2c pasture or grazing land.

CRP/WRP and other conservation programs - Report these acres in the Items in this section that best describe them. For example, CRP land may be reported in cropland harvested, cropland idle, or woodland not pastured depending on its use.

Item 1a - Land maintained for orchards or vineyards is included even if the crop failed or the trees or vines are not of bearing age. Abandoned acres of orchards or vineyards should be reported in Item 1d. Harvested cropland includes acres of trees for fruit, nuts, and berries along with acres of grape vines, Christmas trees, and short rotation woody crops in production. Do not include the area harvested for timber or firewood. If more than one crop was harvested from the same land in 2017, report that land as cropland harvested only once.

Item 1b - Include land you intended to harvest but had to abandon or had the crop fail.

Item 1c - Include cropland left unseeded for the 2017 harvest and tilled summer fallowed, or treated with herbicides to control weeds and conserve moisture. Include cropland summer fallowed in 2017 even though it may have been planted to wheat, etc., for the 2018 harvest.
**Item 4** - Report all acres covered by any crop insurance policy in 2017. Include land in pasture insurance programs and acres covered by guaranteed revenue policies.

**Item 2a and 3** - For conservation program costs, include the government’s share of the amount paid.

**Item 5** - Report amount received for commodities placed under CCC loan during 2017. Include amount received even if commodities was redeposited or forfeited prior to December 31, 2017. Exclude CCC loans to build crop storage facilities.

**Item 6** - Report the total amount to repay CCC loans in 2017, regardless of the crop year the loan was made.

**Section 5** - **Type of Organization**

Use the following definitions to determine the type of organization for this operation:

**An organization as a Limited Liability Company (LLC) may fall into any of the categories.**

**Farm household operation** - Farm or business organization controlled and operated by a family or an individual (sole proprietor). Include family operations that are not incorporated and operated under a partnership agreement. Report family corporations under “Incorporated under state law.”

**Partnership operation** - Two or more persons who conduct an operation together and share work and profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife does not constitute a partnership unless a specific agreement to share contributions, decision making, profits, and losses exists. Production under contract or under a share rental agreement does not constitute a partnership.

**Incorporated under state law** - A corporation is a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business, including family corporations. Exclude cooperatives, even if they are incorporated.

**Other** - Estate or trust, grazing association, American Indian Reservation, university farm, prison farm, institution run by a government or religious entity, cooperatives (an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or an association created and formed jointly by members), etc.

**Item 4** - The number of households that share in the net farm income are those households involved with the day-to-day decisions and not those households that received funds because they are landlords, custom equipment operators, or provide other supplies that are listed in Section 30, Production Expenses.

**Section 7** - **Personal Characteristics**

This section collects information about decision makers of this operation. A farm may be a family operation and still have multiple operators. Complete one column for each operator.

**Item 1** - Enter the number of men and the number of women who make day-to-day decisions for this operation. Do not report as operators minor-aged children who only worked on the farm.

**Item 2** - Answer each question for up to four operators. If there were more than four, answer for the four individuals most involved in the decision making for this operation.

**Item 2e** - Report the first year the specified operator began to operate any part of this operation on a continuous basis. If the operator returned to a place previously operated, report the year operations were resumed on this operation.
SECTION 11 - NURSERY, GREENHOUSE, FLORICULTURE, SOD, MUSHROOMS, VEGETABLE SEEDS, AND PROPAGATIVE MATERIALS

Report Christmas trees grown on this operation and sold live as nursery stock, code 0488. Exclude crops bought for resale without additional growing, and garden center items, such as chemicals and fertilizers. Report all acres of Christmas trees in production for cut Christmas trees and the number cut in 2017 in Section 9, Item 2.

SECTION 12 - VEGETABLES, POTATOES, AND MELONS

Item 4 - Report acres harvested for individual crops. If the same crop was planted more than once during the year on the same field, report the sum of the acres harvested during 2017. For example, if 4 acres were planted to lettuce and harvested, then replanted to lettuce and harvested, report 8 acres of lettuce in Item 4 but only 4 acres in Item 2.

SECTION 13 - FRUIT, NUTS AND BERRIES

If nonbearing trees and vines are intermixed with bearing trees and vines, estimate area for each category. Exclude abandoned acres of orchards or vineyards. Abandoned acres should only be reported in Section 2, Item 1d. Bearing age acres are the acres of trees or vines that produced any fruit or nut crop in 2017 or previous years. If fruit and nut trees and vines were interplanted with other crops, report only the total acres for the orchard in Section 13, and the total acres of each interplanted crop in their appropriate section(s).

Berries - Report all acres on which berries were grown in 2017.

SECTION 14, 15, AND 19 - CATTLE AND CALVES, HOGS AND PIGS, AND POULTRY

Include all animals on this operation on December 31, 2017 owned by you, raised by you under contract, or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced lands, National Forest land, Indian Reservation Land, cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per head, animal unit month (AUM), or lease basis. Animals in transit on December 31, 2017, should be reported by the person who had control of the animals on that day. Report beefalo and catallo as cattle in Section 14. Report buffalo as bison in Section 21, Item 2.

Contract and custom feeding operations - Report numbers of all animals or poultry sold or moved from this operation in 2017 should be reported as sold. Do NOT include fees received for commodities produced under a production contract in the value of sales. In addition, report in Section 22 - Production Contracts and Custom Feeding on the appropriate line the quantity delivered of custom fed livestock or production contract livestock and poultry; and the dollar amount received by the contractor.

Cattle, hogs, and poultry to exclude from the report form - Exclude animals or poultry kept on land rented to others or kept under a share arrangement on land rented to others. Exclude animals quartered in feedlots that were not located on this operation. Do not report the sales of animals bought and then resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered dealer transactions.

Number sold - Report all animals and poultry sold or moved from this operation in 2017, regardless of ownership or who shared in the receipts. Include animals sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods or services. Do not report number sold of any hogs and pigs, cattle and calves, or poultry owned by you that were kept and sold from a location that you did not operate.

Number moved from this operation - For animals and poultry moved from this operation to another, such as for further feeding, report them as “sold.” Cattle moved under a share arrangement are not considered sold if they were moved to another operation for a short term, such as for winter wheat or corn stubble grazing, or during the winter to public grazing land.

Cattle in feedlots - Exclude the following for this item:
- Cattle and calves sold or moved off the operation for further feeding
- Veal calves or any calves weighing less than 500 pounds
- Cull or dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold
- All cows and bulls

SECTION 16 - HORSES, PONIES, MULES, BURROS AND DONKEYS

Exclude horses owned by this operation but stabled elsewhere. Horses, mules, burros and donkeys that are on this operation should be reported regardless of ownership. Exclude feral equine.

SECTION 17 - SHEEP AND GOATS


SECTION 18 - AQUACULTURE

Include all sizes for each type. Report all type sold or moved on a separate line and specify whether the sale was fish eggs, fry, fingerlings, food for the food industry, as bushels, bags, or gallons to number or pounds. Do not duplicate the same quantity sold in both the pounds and number columns.

SECTION 20 - COLONIES OF HONEY BEES

Item 2 - Report the number of bee colonies owned regardless of location. Report the pounds of honey collected in 2017 whether sold or not sold. Report sales of packaged bees, nuclear colonies, whole colonies, queen, and all non-apis bees (bumble, leaf cutter, etc.) in Section 21, Item 2. Report sales of honey bee products such as wax, pollen, and propolis in Section 21, Item 3. Report pollination fees in Section 32, Item 7.

SECTION 21 - OTHER LIVESTOCK AND LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS

Item 2 - Report the sales of only live animals.

Item 3 - Include pelts and any meat from mink and rabbits.

SECTION 22 - PRODUCTION CONTRACTS AND CUSTOM FEEDING

A production contract is an agreement between a grower and contractor (integrator) that specifies that the grower will raise an agricultural commodity and that the contractor will provide certain inputs such as seed, livestock, etc. The grower receives a payment or fee from the contractor, generally after delivery, which is less than the full market price of the commodity.

Commodities raised under a production contract should be reported in Section 22 and also included in Sections 8 through 21. The money received as a production contract fee is reported in Section 22 only, under “Total dollar amount received” and not in Sections 8 through 21.

Please report amount of the specified commodity that you raised and delivered under production contracts in Item 2. If you had multiple contracts to produce different commodities, report the appropriate amount of each commodity produced under each contract in the proper categories. Exclude marketing contracts, futures contracts, forward contracts, or other contracts based strictly on price. The contractor should not report commodities that were produced by the grower.

SECTION 23 - ORGANIC AGRICULTURE

Certified National Organic Program (NOP) farms, those exempt from certification because they sell less than $5,000 in organic products a year, and farms with acres transitioning to future NOP production should report in this section.

Item 3 - Report the total sales of NOP organically produced commodities. Include gross value of agricultural sales before expenses or taxes. Exclude sales of crops and livestock from transitioning land. Exclude the value of processed or value added items.

SECTION 24 - PASTURES

Item 1c - Alley cropping is the growing of annual or perennial crops between rows of trees. The agricultural crop generates annual income while the tree crop matures. Silvopasture combines timber, livestock and forage production on the land. Trees provide longer-term returns, while livestock generates an annual income. Forest farming is the intentional management of woodlands to grow non-tree crops such as mushrooms, berries, and root crops under trees. Reforestation buffers are natural or planted trees, shrubs and grasses adjacent to water bodies to protect water resources from non-point source pollution.

Item 3 - Do not include access from a computer at a public site such as a library.

SECTION 25 - FOOD MARKETING PRACTICES

Include only edible commodities sold directly for human consumption, such as vegetables, fruit, eggs, milk, cattle, chickens, hogs, turkeys, etc. Report only commodities grown or raised on this operation. Exclude crops, livestock, poultry, or other products that you bought and resold within 30 days. Exclude nonedible products such as hay, cut flowers, Christmas trees, nursery products, etc.


**SECTION 26 - FERTILIZERS, CHEMICALS, AND SOIL CONDITIONERS APPLIED**

**Fertilizer** - Report acres on this operation on which commercial fertilizer was applied during 2017 only once, even if multiple applications were made. Report fertilizer and manure expenditures in Section 30, Item 1.

**Chemicals** - Include acres on which custom application of chemicals was applied. If multiple applications of chemicals for the same purpose (for example, herbicides) were applied on the same acres, report the acreage only once. If chemicals were applied for different purposes, report the acres for each purpose for which the chemicals were applied. Report agricultural chemical expenditures in Section 30, Item 2. Estimate the acreage for spot treatments.

**SECTION 27 - RENEWABLE ENERGY**

**Item 1** - Report the following renewable energy producing systems, regardless of ownership:

- **Solar panels** - panels designed to capture the sun's energy. Include photovoltaic systems which convert light from the sun into electricity, and thermal systems that passively generate electricity. Include water heaters and pumps. Report if there are solar panels on this operation owned by you or others used to produce electricity. Exclude low wattage solar panels that supply power for just one item, e.g., solar livestock fence or a solar security light.

- **Wind turbines** - Devices which convert wind power into electricity. Include wind generators, wind power units, wind energy converters, and aero generators. Exclude windmills that do not produce electricity. Exclude wind powered water pumps.

- **Methane digesters** - These are devices which capture biogas from the decomposition of manure, processing by-products, and other materials and convert it to methane.

- **Geothermal/Geoexchange systems** - These are systems which capture heat stored in the earth to reduce the operational costs of heating and cooling.

- **Small hydro system** - These are water driven systems which produce electricity from the gravitational force of falling or flowing water. Exclude water driven systems that only provide mechanical power, such as turning a grinding stone for a flour mill.

- **Biodiesel production system** - Systems which produce nonpetroleum-based diesel fuel from vegetable oil or animal fats.

- **Ethanol production system** - Systems which produce fuel by converting crops such as corn and sugarcane, biomass crops, or wood.

**Other, specify** - Report any other renewable energy system not listed. Exclude wood-burning stoves and densified biomass-producing systems.

**SECTION 28 - MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT**

Report the total on this operation, or normally on this operation and normally used on this operation, in the first column. Do not report obtained or rented. In the second column, report only the number manufactured in the last five years.

**SECTION 29 - FARM LABOR**

Report the number of paid farm or ranch workers who performed agricultural labor on this operation in 2017. Include paid family members. Include workers such as hired bookkeepers, office workers, maintenance workers, etc., if their work was primarily associated with agricultural production on this operation.

**Item 1** - Include any short term or temporary workers who may have worked only a few days. Exclude contract labor.

**SECTION 30 - PRODUCTION EXPENSES**

Include farm production expenses paid by you or your landlord for crops, livestock, or poultry produced on this operation in 2017 in Items 1 through 16. Include expenses associated with the generation of farm-related income reported in Section 32. Include expenses incurred in 2017 even if they were not paid in 2017. Estimate only for custom timber extraction.

**Contract growers or custom feeders** - Do not report as production expenses the value of inputs provided by the contractor or livestock owner. Identify the items that were contractor provided in Section 22, Item 3.

**Item 2** - Include surfactants and oils and other products used to increase a chemical’s effectiveness.

**Item 6** - Report the purchase cost of all grains, silage, hay, commercially mixed and premixed feeds, ingredients, concentrates, etc., fed to livestock or poultry on this operation. Contract livestock and poultry growers should not report the value of feed that was provided by a contractor. Do not report the value of feed raised and fed on this operation as an expense.

**Item 9** - Include the cost of repairs and upkeep of farm machinery, vehicles, buildings, fences, and other equipment used in the farm business. Include expenses for repairs to machinery and equipment used only for custom work if income from those machines is reported in Section 32. Exclude repairs to vehicles not used in the farm business. Exclude expenditures for the construction of new buildings or the cost of additions to existing buildings.

**Item 10a** - Include labor expense for the farm business for gross salaries and wages, commissions, vacation pay, and bonuses paid to hired workers, family members, hired managers, administrative and clerical employees, and salaried corporate officers. Include cost for benefits such as employer’s social security contributions, unemployment compensation, worker’s compensation insurance, employer paid life and medical insurance expense, pension plans, etc.

**Item 13** - Report all interest expenses paid in 2017 for the farm business. Include interest paid on CCC loans in Item 13b. Exclude interest associated with activities not related to production of crops or livestock on this operation, such as land or buildings rented to others, packing sheds, or feed mills that provided services to others. Exclude interest on owner/operator dwelling where the amount is separated from the interest on the land and buildings on this operation.

**Item 14** - Include real estate property taxes you paid on the acres and buildings you owned and used in the farm business and property taxes on equipment or livestock. Exclude property taxes on land or buildings rented to someone else, or property taxes paid on other property not associated with the farm business.

**SECTION 31 - MARKET VALUE OF LAND, BUILDINGS, MACHINERY, AND EQUIPMENT**

**Item 1** - Estimate the value of the land, houses, barns, and other buildings for each of the three listed categories if they were sold in the current market. The real estate tax assessment value should not be used unless that value represents a full market value assessment and the land, house, and buildings could reasonably be assumed to be sold at that price. Do not deduct real estate marketing charges from your estimate. Report the total value, not the value on a per acre basis.

**Item 2** - The estimated market value refers to all machinery and equipment kept primarily on this operation and used for the farm business. Report the value in its present condition, not the replacement or depreciated value. Include mobile implements, hand tools, and office supplies. Permanently installed equipment or equipment that is an integral part of a building should be included as a part of the value of land and buildings and reported in Item 1.

**SECTION 32 - INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES**

Report gross amounts received before taxes and expenses.

**Item 2** - Exclude rental income from nonfarm property.

**Item 3** - Include only those forest products cut from this operation, not items cut from other nonfarm timber acreage. Exclude income from a sawmill business. Report sales of Christmas trees, maple syrup, or sap products in Section 9.

**Item 7** - Include pollination fees.

**SECTION 33 - AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY WITHIN THE BORDERS OF AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATIONS, PUEBLOS, AND SERVICE AREAS**

Complete this section if any of your cropland or livestock was on an American Indian Reservation, Pueblo, or service area in 2017. Include trust acres used, as well as deeded land or land leased from others that was on the Reservation.

**SECTION 34 - CONCLUSIONS**

**Item 1** - If the agricultural activity on your operation might be identified under a different name than is printed on the front of the form (for example, a farm name or another partner), please provide these names.

**Item 2a** - All farms and ranches should receive their own forms to complete. If you operated another farm or ranch, indicate whether you received a form for that operation.