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Cattle on Feed

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United States Cattle on Feed Up 2 Percent

Cattle and calves on feed for the slaughter market in the United States for feedlots with capacity of 1,000 or more head totaled 12.1 million head on April 1, 2022. The inventory was 2 percent above April 1, 2021. This is the highest April 1 inventory since the series began in 1996. The inventory included 7.54 million steers and steer calves, up 2 percent from the previous year. This group accounted for 62 percent of the total inventory. Heifers and heifer calves accounted for 4.57 million head, up 2 percent from 2021.

Placements in feedlots during March totaled 1.99 million head, slightly below 2021. Net placements were 1.94 million head. During March, placements of cattle and calves weighing less than 600 pounds were 375,000 head, 600-699 pounds were 330,000 head, 700-799 pounds were 530,000 head, 800-899 pounds were 515,000 head, 900-999 pounds were 180,000 head, and 1,000 pounds and greater were 60,000 head.

Marketings of fed cattle during March totaled 2.00 million head, 2 percent below 2021.

Other disappearance totaled 53,000 head during March, 12 percent below 2021.

Cattle on Feed Inventory, Placements, Marketings, and Other Disappearance on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots – United States: April 1, 2021 and 2022

Item	2021	2022	Percent of previous year
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(percent)
On feed March 1 Placed on feed during March Fed cattle marketed during March Other disappearance during March On feed April 1	2,041	12,168 1,990 2,000 53 12,105	101 100 98 88 102

Cattle on Feed Inventory, Placements, Marketings, and Other Disappearance on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots – United States: March 1, 2021 and 2022

Item	2021	2022	Percent of previous year	
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(percent)	
On feed February 1	12,106	12,199	101	
Placed on feed during February	1,691	1,853	110	
Fed cattle marketed during February	1,739	1,825	105	
Other disappearance during February	58	59	102	
On feed March 1	12,000	12,168	101	

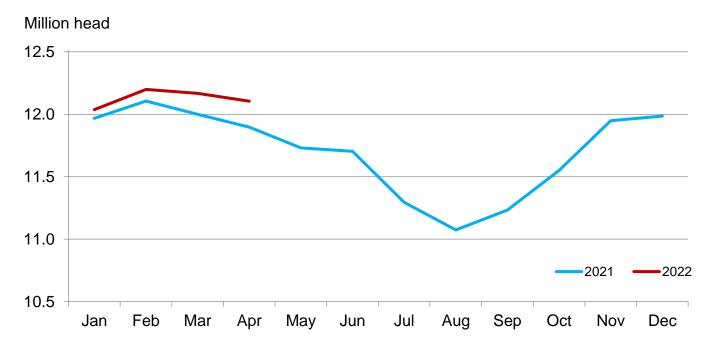
Cattle on Feed by Class on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots – United States: April 1, 2021 and 2022

ltem	2021	2022	Percent of		
liem	2021	2022	previous year	inventory	
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(percent)	(percent)	
Class on feed April 1 Steers and steer calves Heifers and heifer calves	7,407 4,490	7,540 4,565	102 102	62 38	

Cattle on Feed Inventory on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots by Month – States and United States: 2021 and 2022

				April 1, 2022	
State	April 1, 2021 March 1, 2022		Inventory	Percent of previous year	Percent of previous month
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(percent)	(percent)
Arizona	272 555 1,060 290 630 2,480 115 2,580 300 240 2,870 205 300	283 560 1,120 310 610 2,510 100 2,690 300 235 2,940 205 305	285 565 1,100 305 600 2,510 100 2,660 290 230 2,950 205 305	105 102 104 105 95 101 87 103 97 96 103 100	101 101 98 98 98 100 100 99 97 97 98 100 100
United States	11,897	12,168	12,105	102	99

Cattle on Feed Inventory on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots – United States



Cattle Placed on Feed on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots by Month – States and United States: 2021 and 2022

	During		During March 2022			
State	During March 2021	During February 2022	Placements	Percent of previous year	Percent of previous month	
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(percent)	(percent)	
Arizona California Colorado Idaho Iowa Kansas Minnesota Nebraska Oklahoma South Dakota Texas Washington	55 39 465	30 61 175 42 106 430 15 495 35 39 350 30	31 69 180 37 100 490 15 470 45 35 435 32	103 110 100 106 89 100 94 107 82 90 94 168	103 113 103 88 94 114 100 95 129 90 124 107	
Other States	54	45	51	94	113	
United States	1,998	1,853	1,990	100	107	

Cattle Placed on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots – United States

Million head



Cattle Placed on Feed by Weight Group on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots and Month - States and United States: 2021 and 2022

State	During March 2021							
State	Under 600 lbs	600-699 lbs	700-799 lbs	800-899 lbs	900+ lbs ¹	900-999 lbs	1,000+ lbs	Total
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)
Colorado Kansas Nebraska Texas	35 45 30 170	30 75 60 100	45 160 115 95	45 150 145 80	25 60 90 20	(D) (D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D) (D)	180 490 440 465
Other States	125	60	95	103	40	(D)	(D)	423
United States	405	325	510	523	(X)	175	60	1,998
State				During Feb	ruary 2022			
	Under 600 lbs	600-699 lbs	700-799 lbs	800-899 lbs	900+ lbs ¹	900-999 lbs	1,000+ lbs	Total
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)
Colorado Kansas Nebraska Texas	30 45 35 140	35 75 70 75	45 140 150 75	45 125 160 50	20 45 80 10	(D) (D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D) (D)	175 430 495 350
Other States	110	70	95	93	35	(D)	(D)	403
United States	360	325	505	473	(X)	135	55	1,853
State				During Ma	arch 2022			
State	Under 600 lbs	600-699 lbs	700-799 lbs	800-899 lbs	900+ lbs ¹	900-999 lbs	1,000+ lbs	Total
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)
Colorado Kansas Nebraska Texas	35 45 30 150	30 75 65 100	45 160 130 95	45 150 150 70	25 60 95 20	(D) (D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D) (D)	180 490 470 435
Other States	115	60	100	100	40	(D)	(D)	415
United States	375	330	530	515	(X)	180	60	1,990

(D) Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.

(X) Not applicable.
¹ The 900 pounds and greater weight group is the sum of 900-999 pounds and 1,000 pounds and greater weight groups.

Cattle Marketed on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots by Month – States and United States: 2021 and 2022

	During	During	During March 2022				
State	During March 2021	During February 2022	Marketings	Percent of previous year	Percent of previous month		
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(percent)	(percent)		
Arizona California Colorado Idaho Iowa Kansas Minnesota Nebraska Oklahoma	27 66 215 34 109 470 15 455 69	25 54 190 36 103 450 14 455 44	28 58 195 41 108 480 14 490 54	104 88 91 121 99 102 93 108 78	112 107 103 114 105 107 100 108 123		
South Dakota Texas Washington Other States	41 455 38 47	37 335 34 48	37 415 31 49	90 91 82 104	100 124 91 102		
United States	2,041	1,825	2,000	98	110		

Cattle Marketed on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots – United States

Million head



Cattle Other Disappearance on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots by Month – States and United States: 2021 and 2022

	During		During March 2022			
State	March 2021	During During — March 2021 February 2022		Percent of previous year	Percent of previous month	
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(percent)	(percent)	
Arizona	1	1	1	100	100	
California	7	7	6	86	86	
Colorado	5	5	5	100	100	
Idaho	1	1	1	100	100	
lowa	3	3	2	67	67	
Kansas	10	10	10	100	100	
Minnesota	1	1	1	100	100	
Nebraska	15	10	10	67	100	
Oklahoma	1	1	1	100	100	
South Dakota	3	2	3	100	150	
Texas	10	15	10	100	67	
Washington	1	1	1	100	100	
Other States	2	2	2	100	100	
United States	60	59	53	88	90	

Cattle on Feed by Class on 1,000+ Capacity Feedlots by Quarter – States and United States: 2021 and 2022

	Steers and steer calves Heifers and heifer c					lves	
State	Apr 1, 2021	Jan 1, 2022	Apr 1, 2022	Apr 1, 2021	Jan 1, 2022	Apr 1, 2022	
	(1,000 Head)	(1,000 Head)	(1,000 Head)	(1,000 Head)	(1,000 Head)	(1,000 Head)	
Arizona California Colorado Idaho Iowa Kansas Minnesota Nebraska Oklahoma South Dakota Texas Washington	267 465 610 155 485 1,360 95 1,590 180 150 1,740 115	267 470 635 160 450 1,340 85 1,590 165 135 1,760 110	280 470 655 170 450 1,370 85 1,680 160 145 1,770 110	5 90 450 135 145 1,120 990 120 90 1,130 90	5 85 495 150 1,150 1,150 1,150 1,15 1,010 145 95 1,160 100	5 95 445 135 150 1,140 15 980 130 85 1,180 95	
Other States	195	195	195	105	115	110	
United States	7,407	7,362	7,540	4,490	4,675	4,565	

Terms and Definitions of Cattle on Feed Estimates

Cattle on feed are steers and heifers being fed a ration of grain, silage, hay and/or protein supplement for slaughter market that are expected to produce a carcass that will grade select or better. It excludes cattle being "backgrounded only" for later sale as feeders or later placement in another feedlot.

Placements are steers and heifers put into a feedlot, fed a ration which will produce a carcass that will grade select or better, and are intended for the slaughter market.

Marketings are steers and heifers shipped out of feedlots to a slaughter market.

Other disappearance includes death loss, movement from feedlots to pasture, and shipments to other feedlots for further feeding.

Statistical Methodology

Survey Procedures: During January and July all known feedlots in the United States with capacity of 1,000 or more head are surveyed to provide data for cattle on feed estimates. During the other months, all known feedlots from 16 States are surveyed. The 16 States account for approximately 98 percent of the cattle on feed in feedlots with capacity of 1,000 or more head. Individual State estimates are published monthly for 12 of the 16 States. Data collected from the remaining 4 States are used to establish the "Other States" estimates. These 4 States include Illinois, New Mexico, Oregon, and Wyoming. The "Other States" category represents all cattle on feed with a capacity of 1,000 or more head for the rest of the United States.

Estimating Procedures: These cattle on feed estimates were prepared by the Agricultural Statistics Board after reviewing recommendations and analysis submitted by Regional Field Offices. Regional and State survey data were reviewed for reasonableness with each other and with estimates from the previous month when establishing the current estimates.

Revision Policy: Revisions to previous estimates are made to improve month to month relationships. Estimates for the previous month are subject to revision in all States each month when current estimates are made. In February, all monthly estimates for the previous year, and the number of feedlots and annual marketings from two years ago are reviewed and subject to revisions. The reviews are primarily based on slaughter data, state check-off or brand data, and any other data that may have been received after the original estimate was made. Estimates will also be reviewed after data from the *Census of Agriculture* are available. No revisions will be made after that date and estimates become final.

Reliability: Since all 1,000+ capacity cattle on feed operators in every State are not included in the monthly survey, survey estimates are subject to sampling variability. Survey results are also subject to non-sampling errors such as omissions, duplications, and mistakes in reporting, recording, and processing the data. The effects of these errors cannot be measured directly. They are minimized through rigid quality controls in the data collection process and through a careful review of all reported data for consistency and reasonableness.

To assist users in evaluating the reliability of estimates in this report, the **"Root Mean Square Error"** is shown for selected items in the table on the following page. The "Root Mean Square Error" is a statistical measure based on past performance and is computed using the differences between first and latest estimates. The "Root Mean Square Error" for cattle on feed inventory estimates over the past 24 months is 0.0 percent. This means that chances are 2 out of 3 that the final estimate will not be above or below the current estimate of 12.1 million head by more than 0.0 percent. Chances are 9 out of 10 that the difference will not exceed 0.0 percent.

The table on the following page shows a 24-month record of the range of differences between first and latest estimates for selected items. Using estimates of number on feed as an example, changes between the first estimate and the latest estimate during the past 24 months have averaged 1,000 head, ranging from 0 to 6,000 head. During this period the initial estimate has been above the latest estimate 0 times and has been below the latest estimate 5 times. This does not imply that the initial estimate is likely to understate or overstate final inventory.

Reliability of Monthly Cattle on Feed Estimates

[Based on data for the past 24 months]

	_	90 percent	Difference between first and latest estimate					
Item	Root mean square error	confidence	Average			Mor	Months	
	Square entri	level	Average	Smallest	Largest	Below latest	Above latest	
	(percent)	(percent)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(number)	(number)	
On feed	0.0	0.0	1	0	6	5	0	
Placements	0.2	0.4	3	0	15	8	7	
Marketings	0.2	0.4	2	0	15	5	7	

Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity specialists in the Livestock Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. E-mail inquiries may be sent to nass@usda.gov.

Travis Averill, Chief, Livestock Branch	
Scott Hollis, Head, Livestock Section	
Sherry Bertramsen – Livestock Slaughter	
Ryan Cowen – Cattle, Cattle on Feed	
Anthony Fischer – Hogs and Pigs	
Logan Hartley-Sanguinett – Sheep and Goats	
Mike Miller – Milk Production and Milk Cows	
Suzanne Richards – Dairy Products	

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- Cornell's Mann Library has launched a new website housing NASS's and other agency's archived reports. The new website, <u>https://usda.library.cornell.edu</u>. All email subscriptions containing reports will be sent from the new website, <u>https://usda.library.cornell.edu</u>. To continue receiving the reports via e-mail, you will have to go to the new website, create a new account and re-subscribe to the reports. If you need instructions to set up an account or subscribe, they are located at: <u>https://usda.library.cornell.edu/help</u>. You should whitelist <u>notifications@usda-esmis.library.cornell.edu</u> in your email client to avoid the emails going into spam/junk folders.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: <u>nass@usda.gov</u>.

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