WEATHER

Average lows for California ranged from 32 to 64 in the mountains, 46 to 77 in the Central Valley, 47 to 66 along the coast, and 50 to 87 in the desert. Average highs for the state ranged from 47 to 87 in the mountains, 59 to 104 along the coast, and 66 to 115 in the desert.

FIELD CROPS

In the Sacramento Valley, winter crops season was nearly completed. Wheat straw was being windrowed, baled, banked out and taken off the fields. The rice crop was advancing at a normal rate. In Stanislaus County, weeds were being sprayed in corn fields. Alfalfa hay and silage were being harvested. Rice continued to be treated for pests in Sutter County. Sunflowers continued heading. In the San Joaquin Valley, cotton was making good progress. In Tulare County, farmers were starting to spread fertilizer and till their fields in preparation for summer plantings. Growers were turning on irrigation systems to keep soil conditions moist to support row crop growth during dry and hot weather. Farmers continued to harvest wheat and barley. Corn fields were bearing more leaves and was in early vegetative stage. Cotton fields were showing good growth.

FRUIT CROPS

The stone fruit season was well underway with early varieties of peaches, nectarines, plums, and apricots being harvested. Irrigation and weed control efforts continued. Apple and pear development was ongoing. Grape and kiwifruit size continued to increase, and vines were trimmed where necessary. Persimmon trees and pomegranates were steadily developing. Various citrus groves were hedge-rowed. Valencia oranges were harvested. Gold Nugget mandarins, tangelos, grapefruit, and lemon harvests progressed. Strawberry and blueberry harvests were still underway. Blackberry development has been steady.

NUT CROPS

Some orchard floors were cleaned up and weed control continued where necessary. Irrigation was ongoing. Almond, walnut, and pistachio nut development continued to progress nicely. Small immature nuts continued to develop.

VEGETABLE CROPS

In Colusa, Sacramento, Solano, and Yolo Counties, the organic asparagus harvest finished and the organic cherry tomato harvest will begin at end of this month. Processing tomato harvest will begin in July. In San Mateo County, greens, broccoli, and cauliflower were harvested. Brussels Sprouts were planted. In Stanislaus County, sweet potatoes continued to be transplanted into other fields. Garlic continued to grow. In Tulare County, Bell peppers, tomatoes and other early summer vegetables were harvested and sold at local fruit stands.

LIVESTOCK

Rangeland and non-irrigated pasture were in poor to fair condition. With the warm and dry weather, non-irrigated pasture in the Central Valley continued to dry rapidly. Irrigated range was in good to excellent condition. Bees were active pollinating kiwi vineyards, melon, and sunflower fields. Sheep grazed on fallow fields and retired farmland. Some cattle received supplemental hay.
### California Crop Weather – Week Ending June 12, 2022

#### Reservoir Data from the California Department of Water Resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reservoir</th>
<th>Capacity</th>
<th>Acre Feet</th>
<th>Storage</th>
<th>Percent of Capacity</th>
<th>Percent of Average</th>
<th>Acre Feet</th>
<th>Percent</th>
<th>Storage</th>
<th>Percent of Capacity</th>
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<td>Shasta Lake</td>
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</table>

Source: cdec.water.ca.gov/reportapp/javareports?name=OLYHYDRO

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1 Previously labeled as growing degree hours. The column title was corrected in the Sept 27, 2021 report. Additionally, degree days were previously calculated using a base of 60 degrees. The base temperature was changed to 50 degrees in the April 4, 2022 report.

2 Total number of days with precipitation events this season.

3 Rain or melted snow/ice.

4 Normal periods 1990-2020 used in departure from normal calculations.

Data retrieved from NOAA and NWS. Calculated by USDA NASS.

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu/CurrentMap/StateDroughtMonitor.aspx?CA