



2019 California Almond Objective Measurement Report

Cooperating with the California Department of Food and Agriculture

Pacific Regional Office · P.O. Box 1258 · Sacramento, CA 95812 · (916) 738-6600 · www.nass.usda.gov/ca

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2019 CALIFORNIA ALMOND FORECAST DOWN 3.5 PERCENT

California's 2019 almond production is forecast at 2.20 billion meat pounds, down 12.0 percent from May's subjective forecast and down 3.5 percent from last year's crop. The forecast is based on 1.17 million bearing acres. Production for the Nonpareil variety is forecast at 880 million meat pounds, down 1.3 percent from last year's deliveries. The Nonpareil variety represents 40 percent of California's total almond production.

The 2019 almond crop experienced unusual weather. Significant rainfall during the bloom hindered pollination. Strong winds were reported to have damaged trees and knocked off some nuts. Instances of rain persisted through April and May, prompting concerns about disease pressure and warranting extra fungal applications. Cooler than average temperatures have continued throughout the growing season and the crop development is about a week behind last year.

The average nut set per tree is 4,667, down 17.8 percent from 2018. The Nonpareil average nut set of 4,429 is down 10.1 percent from last year's set of 4,924. The average kernel weight for all varieties sampled was 1.54 grams, unchanged from the 2018 average weight. The Nonpareil average kernel weight was 1.63, down 4.1 percent from last year. A total of 98.7 percent of all nuts sized were sound.

SAMPLING PROCEDURES

To determine tree set, nuts are counted along a path within a randomly selected tree. Work begins at the trunk and progresses to the end of the terminal branch. Using a random number table, one branch is selected at each forking to continue the path. A branch's probability of selection is directly proportional to its cross-sectional area. This methodology is

used because of its statistical efficiency. The method also makes it possible to end up at any one of the tree's numerous terminal branches.

Since the selected path has a probability of selection associated with it, this probability is used to expand nut counts arriving at an estimated set for the entire tree.

Along intermediate stages (i.e., the bearing surface between forkings), every fifth nut is picked. All nuts on the terminal branch are picked. These nuts are used to determine size and weight measurements.

FIELD SAMPLING ACTIVITIES

The survey began May 30 and sampling was completed by June 27. There were 1,634 trees sampled for the 2019 survey in 817 orchards. Additional orchards were not sampled for one of the following reasons:

- 1) Orchard had been sprayed.
- 2) Orchard had been recently irrigated and was wet.
- 3) Orchard had been pulled.
- 4) Grower would not grant permission or could not be contacted.

The Objective Measurement Survey is funded by the Almond Board of California.

DATA RELIABILITY

The 80 percent confidence interval is from 2,050 million meat pounds to 2,350 million meat pounds. This means that the results of our sampling procedures will encompass the true mean 80 percent of the time.

TABLE 1: JUNE OBJECTIVE MEASUREMENT SURVEY COUNTS; COMPARISON OF NUT ESTIMATES AND ORCHARDS SAMPLED BY DISTRICT AND VARIETY, 2014-2019

District and Variety	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	
	Nuts per tree	Orchards sampled	Nuts per tree	Orchards sampled	Nuts per tree	Orchards sampled	Nuts per tree	Orchards sampled	Nuts per tree	Orchards sampled	Nuts per tree	Orchards sampled
ALL DISTRICTS (All Varieties)	6,646	890	5,874	862	6,159	873	5,714	852	5,677	853	4,667	817
BY DISTRICTS												
<u>District I</u>												
Sacramento Valley	5,536	113	6,127	119	6,114	121	5,583	118	5,015	117	4,401	103
<u>District II</u>												
San Joaquin Valley	6,802	777	5,829	742	6,163	752	5,735	734	5,783	736	4,706	714
BY VARIETIES												
Butte	7,443	114	7,034	106	7,051	112	6,574	97	5,989	91	5,261	78
California Types ^{1/}	6,718	291	5,737	283	6,114	311	5,216	306	6,354	297	4,909	285
Carmel ^{2/}	6,962	114	5,714	103	5,849	105	5,456	95	6,353	91	4,865	83
Monterey ^{2/}	5,910	114	5,333	119	5,739	136	4,655	137	5,362	138	4,426	145
Nonpareil	6,121	382	5,239	382	5,583	343	5,717	343	4,924	333	4,429	324
Padre	7,989	72	9,037	66	7,788	70	7,168	65	6,732	63	4,928	56

^{1/} For survey purposes, the California classification includes the following varieties: Aldrich, Ballico, Carmel, Davey, Fritz, Harvey, Le Grand, Mono, Monterey, Norman, Price Cluster, Ruby, Sonora, Tokyo and Yosemite.

^{2/} Carmel and Monterey varieties are also included in California Types.

TABLE 2: WEIGHT, SIZE AND GRADE OF AVERAGE ALMOND SAMPLE, 2014-2019

District and variety	Kernel weight (grams)	Kernel size (millimeters)			Grade (percent of nuts) ^{1/}						
		Length	Width	Thickness	Edible nuts		Insect damage	Shrivel	Natural gum	Blank	Other
					Singles	Doubles					
ALL DISTRICTS											
2014	1.45	21.42	12.69	10.06	96.3	2.4	^{2/}	1.3	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2015	1.43	21.43	12.58	9.89	96.0	2.8	^{2/}	0.9	0.1	0.1	^{2/}
2016	1.48	22.09	12.44	9.93	95.9	2.9	^{2/}	1.1	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2017	1.57	22.50	12.83	10.40	92.2	6.2	^{2/}	1.5	0.1	^{2/}	^{2/}
2018	1.54	21.32	12.79	10.37	90.9	7.9	^{2/}	1.0	^{2/}	^{2/}	0.1
2019	1.54	22.89	12.86	9.93	92.7	6.0	^{2/}	1.2	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
BY DISTRICT											
Sacramento Valley ^{3/}											
2014	1.60	22.35	13.38	10.43	95.1	2.4	^{2/}	2.0	^{2/}	^{2/}	0.4
2015	1.51	21.84	13.14	9.99	95.5	2.7	^{2/}	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.2
2016	1.51	22.67	13.19	10.02	97.2	1.2	^{2/}	1.4	^{2/}	^{2/}	0.1
2017	1.69	23.85	13.59	10.46	88.3	9.1	^{2/}	2.3	0.3	^{2/}	^{2/}
2018	1.61	20.91	13.26	10.45	91.6	7.4	^{2/}	0.8	^{2/}	^{2/}	0.2
2019	1.56	23.44	13.42	9.70	89.8	8.8	^{2/}	1.4	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
San Joaquin Valley ^{4/}											
2014	1.43	21.31	12.61	10.01	96.4	2.4	^{2/}	1.2	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2015	1.41	21.37	12.48	9.87	96.1	2.9	^{2/}	1.0	0.1	^{2/}	^{2/}
2016	1.48	22.00	12.32	9.91	95.7	3.1	^{2/}	1.1	0.1	^{2/}	^{2/}
2017	1.55	22.29	12.71	10.39	92.8	5.7	^{2/}	1.4	0.1	^{2/}	^{2/}
2018	1.53	21.38	12.73	10.36	90.8	8.0	^{2/}	1.0	^{2/}	^{2/}	0.1
2019	1.54	22.81	12.78	9.96	93.1	5.6	^{2/}	1.2	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
BY VARIETY											
Butte											
2014	1.20	18.46	12.04	10.01	96.7	1.8	^{2/}	1.3	^{2/}	^{2/}	0.1
2015	1.14	18.19	11.75	9.76	95.2	3.4	^{2/}	0.9	0.3	0.3	^{2/}
2016	1.20	18.93	11.76	9.84	96.1	2.6	^{2/}	1.2	0.1	^{2/}	^{2/}
2017	1.25	19.14	11.89	10.43	89.3	9.6	^{2/}	0.9	0.2	^{2/}	^{2/}
2018	1.19	17.97	11.97	10.09	92.9	6.0	^{2/}	0.9	^{2/}	^{2/}	0.2
2019	1.18	19.46	11.89	9.64	92.9	6.0	^{2/}	1.1	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
California Types ^{5/}											
2014	1.45	22.14	12.20	10.00	95.5	3.2	^{2/}	1.2	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2015	1.46	22.60	12.28	9.84	94.9	3.7	^{2/}	1.1	0.1	^{2/}	0.1
2016	1.51	23.09	12.08	9.86	94.6	4.3	^{2/}	1.0	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2017	1.62	23.51	12.52	10.43	89.3	9.3	^{2/}	1.2	0.3	^{2/}	^{2/}
2018	1.56	21.97	12.40	10.47	86.9	12.2	^{2/}	0.7	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2019	1.58	23.71	12.54	10.06	89.0	9.9	^{2/}	1.0	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
Carmel ^{6/}											
2014	1.48	22.21	12.15	10.04	95.5	3.2	^{2/}	1.3	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2015	1.45	22.70	12.10	9.82	95.0	3.7	^{2/}	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
2016	1.51	23.08	12.07	9.86	96.0	3.0	^{2/}	1.0	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2017	1.60	23.72	12.31	10.38	89.7	9.2	^{2/}	1.0	0.1	^{2/}	^{2/}
2018	1.61	22.43	12.52	10.57	87.0	12.6	^{2/}	0.4	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2019	1.60	23.99	12.43	10.02	89.8	9.0	^{2/}	1.1	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
Monterey ^{6/}											
2014	1.54	23.26	12.51	10.01	94.8	3.9	^{2/}	1.1	^{2/}	^{2/}	0.1
2015	1.59	23.75	12.67	9.91	94.3	4.5	^{2/}	1.0	0.1	^{2/}	^{2/}
2016	1.69	24.68	12.49	10.03	92.1	6.9	^{2/}	0.8	0.1	^{2/}	^{2/}
2017	1.83	25.20	13.06	10.64	85.4	12.8	^{2/}	1.3	0.5	^{2/}	^{2/}
2018	1.76	23.42	12.93	10.74	83.0	16.2	^{2/}	0.8	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2019	1.69	24.77	12.84	10.15	86.3	12.7	^{2/}	0.8	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
Nonpareil											
2014	1.60	22.57	13.51	10.07	96.8	2.0	^{2/}	1.1	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2015	1.61	22.76	13.46	9.96	96.8	2.2	^{2/}	0.7	0.2	0.1	^{2/}
2016	1.65	23.36	13.34	10.01	97.1	1.7	^{2/}	1.1	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2017	1.70	23.50	13.60	10.32	95.1	3.0	^{2/}	1.8	0.1	^{2/}	^{2/}
2018	1.70	22.36	13.66	10.37	94.0	4.8	^{2/}	1.2	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2019	1.63	23.46	13.48	9.85	95.4	3.2	^{2/}	1.4	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
Padre											
2014	1.22	18.48	11.96	10.17	97.0	1.2	^{2/}	1.8	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2015	1.07	17.71	11.41	9.85	97.6	1.5	^{2/}	0.8	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2016	1.14	18.47	11.42	9.86	96.7	1.7	^{2/}	1.4	0.1	0.1	^{2/}
2017	1.26	19.13	11.85	10.51	94.0	4.2	^{2/}	1.7	^{2/}	^{2/}	^{2/}
2018	1.15	17.54	11.72	10.16	94.0	4.4	^{2/}	1.2	^{2/}	^{2/}	0.4
2019	1.23	19.42	11.97	9.85	97.2	2.0	^{2/}	0.6	0.1	^{2/}	^{2/}

^{1/} Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

^{2/} Not shown if less than 0.07 percent.

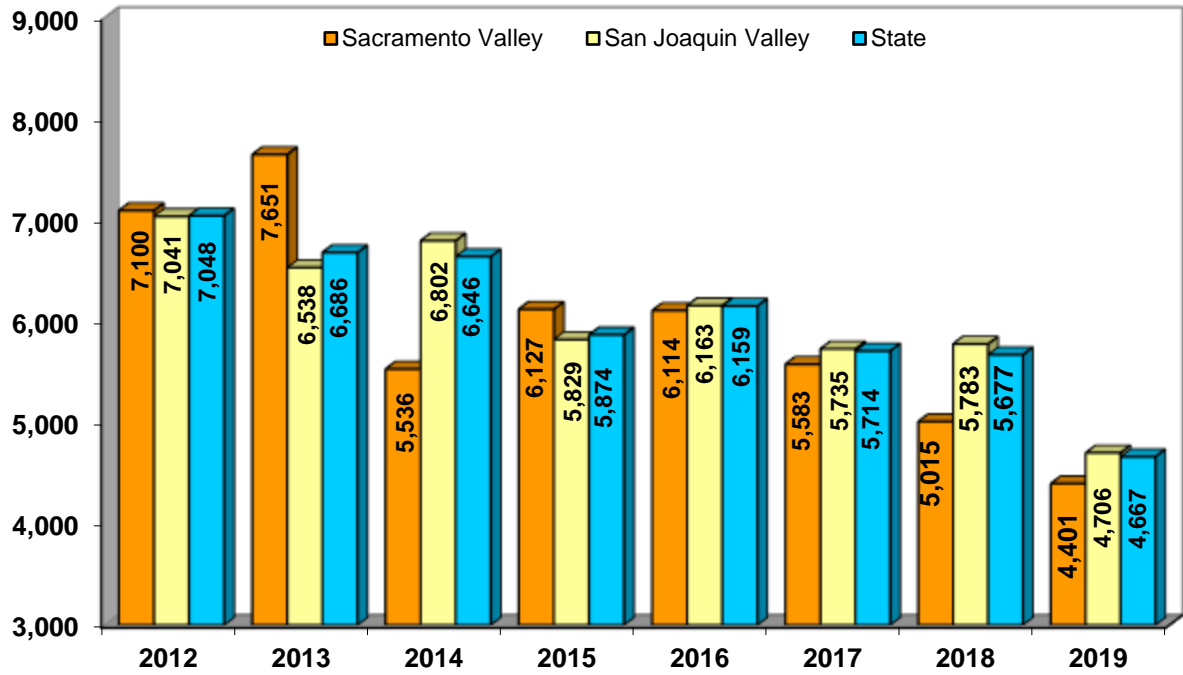
^{3/} Sacramento Valley includes these counties: Butte, Colusa, Glenn, Solano, Sutter, Tehama, Yolo and Yuba.

^{4/} San Joaquin Valley includes these counties: Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera, Merced, San Joaquin, Stanislaus and Tulare.

^{5/} For survey purposes, the California classification includes the following varieties: Aldrich, Ballico, Carmel, Davey, Fritz, Harvey, Le Grand, Mono, Monterey, Norman, Price Cluster, Ruby, Sonora, Tokyo and Yosemite.

^{6/} Carmel and Monterey varieties are also included in California Types.

ALMONDS Nuts per Tree, by District



ALMONDS BY VARIETY

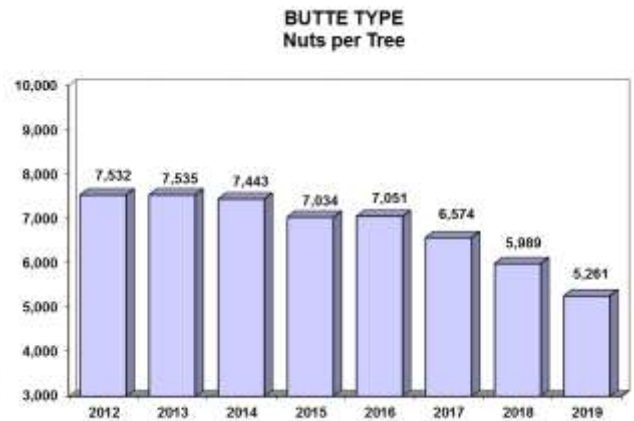
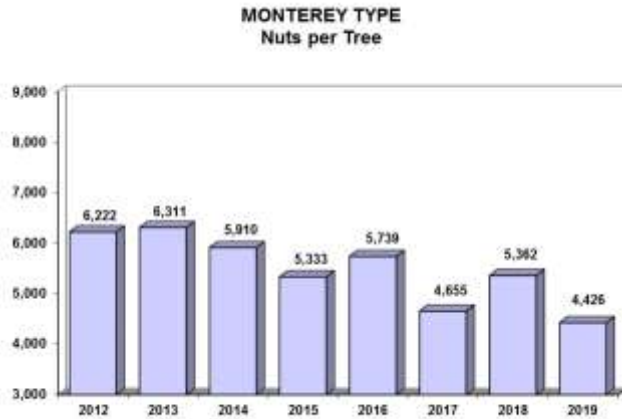
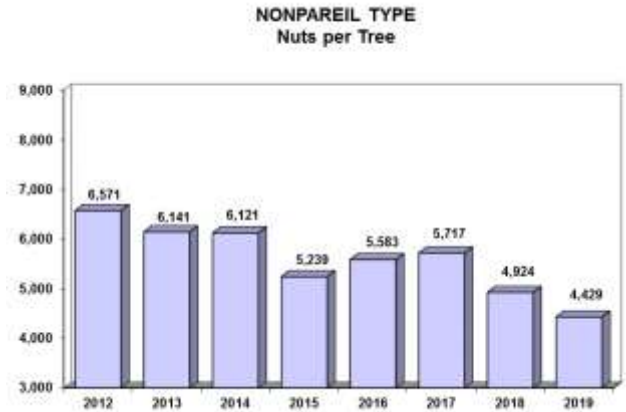
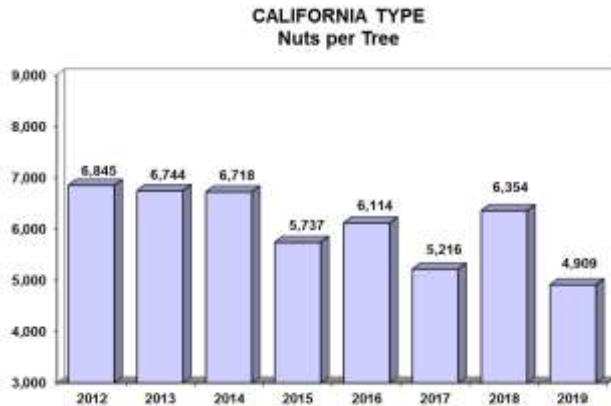


TABLE 3: CALIFORNIA ALMOND ACREAGE, PRODUCTION AND TREES PER ACRE, 1986-2019

Year	Bearing acres ^{1/}	Trees per acre	Total Meat Production			Price per lb.	Value of production
			Metric Tons ^{2/}	Million lbs.	Lbs. per acre	dollars	1,000 dollars
1986	416,000	84.5	113,000	250	601	1.92	461,568
1987	417,000	84.0	299,000	660	1,580	1.00	648,000
1988	419,000	86.3	268,000	590	1,410	1.05	600,075
1989	411,000	87.3	222,000	490	1,190	1.02	480,930
1990	411,000	88.4	299,000	660	1,610	0.93	597,990
1991	405,000	89.6	222,000	490	1,210	1.19	564,179
1992	401,000	90.5	249,000	548	1,370	1.30	691,340
1993	413,000	92.0	222,000	490	1,190	1.94	930,618
1994	433,000	92.6	333,000	735	1,700	1.34	965,202
1995	418,000	93.7	168,000	370	885	2.48	880,896
1996	428,000	94.4	231,000	510	1,190	2.08	1,018,368
1997	442,000	95.5	344,000	759	1,720	1.56	1,160,640
1998	460,000	96.3	236,000	520	1,130	1.41	703,590
1999	485,000	97.3	378,000	833	1,720	0.86	687,742
2000	510,000	99.0	319,000	703	1,380	0.97	666,487
2001	530,000	101.0	376,000	830	1,570	0.91	740,012
2002	545,000	101.0	494,000	1,090	2,000	1.11	1,200,687
2003	550,000	103.0	472,000	1,040	1,890	1.57	1,600,144
2004	570,000	103.0	456,000	1,005	1,760	2.21	2,189,005
2005	590,000	104.0	415,000	915	1,550	2.81	2,525,909
2006	610,000	105.0	508,000	1,120	1,840	2.06	2,258,790
2007	640,000	105.0	630,000	1,390	2,170	1.75	2,401,875
2008	710,000	107.0	739,000	1,630	2,300	1.45	2,343,200
2009	750,000	108.0	640,000	1,410	1,880	1.65	2,293,500
2010	770,000	108.0	744,000	1,640	2,130	1.79	2,903,380
2011	800,000	111.0	921,000	2,030	2,540	1.99	4,007,860
2012	820,000	112.0	857,000	1,890	2,300	2.58	4,816,860
2013	880,000	112.0	912,000	2,010	2,280	3.21	6,384,690
2014	930,000	114.0	848,000	1,870	2,010	4.00	7,388,000
2015	950,000	114.0	862,000	1,900	2,000	3.13	5,868,750
2016	970,000	116.0	971,000	2,140	2,210	2.39	5,052,460
2017	1,030,000	117.0	1,030,000	2,270	2,200	2.53	5,603,950
2018	1,090,000	119.0	1,034,000	2,280	2,090	2.44	5,468,040
2019 ^{3/ 4/}	1,170,000	122.0	998,000	2,200	1,880	—	—

^{1/} Bearing acreage is defined as plantings four years and older^{2/} Rounded to nearest thousand, metric ton = 2,204.62 pounds.^{3/} Price and value will be available in the annual Noncitrus Fruits & Nuts publication, released in June 2020.^{4/} Preliminary estimate of bearing acres.

— Not available.