COLORADO CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
COLORADO FIELD OFFICE

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE May 17, 2021

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CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING MAY 16, 2021

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Counties in eastern districts continued to receive good moisture last week while western counties remained extremely dry, according to the Mountain Region Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. In northeastern and east central counties, planting delays continued in areas due to wet conditions. Cool temperatures and overcast weather delayed progress and emergence. Isolated severe weather and damaging hail was also reported. Winter wheat benefited from received moisture, but county reports noted crop loss in some cases where prior poor emergence was not recoverable. Livestock producers were busy turning stock out to summer pasture, but some were still waiting for native grass growth to pick up. In southwestern counties, exceptional drought conditions persisted. County reports noted extremely limited availability of irrigation water with early shut-offs reported. Limited irrigation is expected to adversely impact crops in the district, notably alfalfa hay. In the San Luis Valley, barley planting was virtually complete and potato planting continued to advance quickly. County reports noted growth and emergence picked up for crops and native grass. Feed stocks were notably short. In southeastern counties, good moisture was received in areas, improving crop and pasture conditions. Spring planting continued and producers were preparing to cut alfalfa. A county report noted producers were still providing supplemental feed to livestock. As of May 14, 2021, snowpack in Colorado was 70 percent measured as percent of median snowfall. The Southwest and San Luis Valley were 34 and 39 percent, respectively. Stored feed supplies were rated 22 percent very short, 26 percent short, and 52 percent adequate. Sheep death loss was 87 percent average and 13 percent light. Cattle death loss was 70 percent average and 30 percent light.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS							
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average			
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)			
Alfalfa hay	•						
1 st cutting harvested	1		2	NA			
Barley							
Planted	94	91	99	95			
Emerged	81	68	90	82			
Corn							
Planted	53	41	75	61			
Emerged	10	5	27	18			
Onions							
Planted	81	59	63	NA			
Potatoes inside San Luis Valley							
Planted	83	62	86	73			
Potatoes outside San Luis Valley							
Planted	79	54	75	79			
Emerged	13	3	20	30			
Proso millet							
Planted	2	1	15	NA			
Sorghum							
Planted	4		20	7			
Sugarbeets							
Planted	87	56	70	88			
Emerged	16	9	27	49			
Sunflowers							
Planted	4	NA	18	5			
Winter wheat							
Jointed	85	71	75	83			
Headed	5		20	21			

NA – not available

(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	5.0	5.4	6.0	5.3
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	6	14	22	8
Short	29	29	37	17
Adequate	62	54	40	69
Surplus	3	3	1	6
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	22	30	22	8
Short	34	34	29	17
Adequate	44	36	48	72
Surplus			1	3

NA – not available

(--) – zero

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay				
Very poor	1		5	3
Poor	5	5	10	7
Fair	24	23	25	20
Good	52	55	51	58
Excellent	18	17	9	12
Barley				
Very poor	1	1		
Poor	6	6	1	1
Fair	32	30	19	16
Good	44	49	51	57
Excellent	17	14	29	26
Pasture and range				
Very poor	13	23	19	8
Poor	27	26	13	10
Fair	50	43	30	26
Good	9	8	38	50
Excellent	1			6
Winter wheat				
Very poor	10	12	22	7
Poor	20	18	22	12
Fair	38	42	28	29
Good	29	25	26	44
Excellent	3	3	2	8
Livestock				
Very poor	3	3		
Poor	6	8	5	4
Fair	23	26	20	17
Good	59	55	66	69
Excellent	9	8	9	10

NA – not available (--) – zero