COLORADO CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
COLORADO FIELD OFFICE

CONTO

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE May 15, 2023

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CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING MAY 14, 2023

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: A string of strong spring storms delivered heavy rainfall to much of Eastern Colorado during the latter half of the week, with damaging hail reported across isolated locations, according to the Mountain Region Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Based on National Oceanic and Atmospheric Association data, accumulations exceeding 3 inches dominated most counties in the northeastern corner of the State. The U.S. Drought Monitor for May 9 noted some week-to-week deterioration. Roughly 58 percent of the State was reported in some drought category, up from 56 percent last week, but down from 100 percent a year ago. Of note, this most recent iteration of the U.S. Drought Monitor did not include the heavy rain events noted above. Along with the rainfall, the storms brought a drop in temperatures. Reports from the San Luis Valley noted that the cooler days led to some development delays in the alfalfa and barley crops. Additionally, valley pastures were noted to be greening up, although grass growth was slow. Elsewhere, reporter comments from Yuma County indicated that substantial rainfall in the area would provide a marginal boost to wheat stands. Flooding resulting from snowmelt remained a concern at the forefront for producers in mountainous locations. According to the Natural Resources Conservation Service, USDA, Colorado's average snowpack as of May 14 totaled 131 percent of median.

With progress limited mostly to east central counties, the first cutting of alfalfa hay was underway by week's end. Similarly, growers in the area were also busy planting their dry edible bean crop where field conditions allowed. In the San Luis Valley, potato producers were active early in the week, planting about one-quarter of their intended acreage before the rainfall halted most field activities. Statewide, 26 percent of the winter wheat crop was reported in good to excellent condition, compared with 22 percent last week, 19 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 41 percent. Of note, condition ratings in East Central Colorado, where the largest portion of the winter wheat crop is produced, were mostly fair to good. Stored feed supplies were rated 15 percent very short, 26 percent short, 58 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus. Cattle death loss was 1 percent heavy, 41 percent average, and 58 percent light. Sheep death loss was 1 percent heavy, 49 percent average, and 50 percent light.

CROP PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Alfalfa hay	u ,	,	,	, ,		
1 st cutting harvested	2	NA		1		
Barley						
Planted	87	80	94	95		
Emerged	49	30	68	79		
Corn						
Planted	40	22	38	49		
Emerged	1		5	11		
Dry edible beans						
Planted	3	NA		1		
Onions						
Planted	70	50	55	72		
Potatoes inside San Luis Valley						
Planted	58	33	75	76		
Potatoes outside San Luis Valley						
Planted	46	36	53	66		
Emerged	9		10	14		
Proso Millet						
Planted	7	4	1	7		
Sorghum						
Planted	12	9	4	6		
Sugarbeets						
Planted	51	30	68	79		
Emerged	9		12	27		
Sunflower						
Planted	1	NA	2	4		
Winter wheat						
Jointed	54	39	71	76		
Headed	5	1	5	10		

NA – not available

(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION						
	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
Days suitable for fieldwork	3.5	6.3	6.8	5.9		
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Very short	10	15	30	14		
Short	25	30	30	27		
Adequate	60	52	40	57		
Surplus	5	3		2		
Subsoil moisture						
Very short	15	18	33	18		
Short	30	34	41	28		
Adequate	52	46	26	53		
Surplus	3	2		1		

NA – not available (--) – zero

CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay	.,	, ,	,	, ,
Very poor	3	5	10	5
Poor	6	8	10	8
Fair	27	29	34	25
Good	55	49	45	52
Excellent	9	9	1	10
Pasture and range				
Very poor	7	11	33	16
Poor	22	25	19	17
Fair	33	35	18	30
Good	37	28	30	35
Excellent	1	1		2
Winter wheat				
Very poor	16	14	20	12
Poor	25	33	25	17
Fair	33	31	36	30
Good	23	21	18	35
Excellent	3	1	1	6
Livestock				
Very poor	2	2		1
Poor	12	15	7	6
Fair	37	35	26	21
Good	43	42	58	63
Excellent	6	6	9	9

NA – not available (--) – zero