ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The acreage, production, and value statistics in this publication are the official State and USDA estimates prepared by the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS), Florida Field Office in cooperation with the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS). These estimates are current as of September 2017 and may be revised later in the year or in the following year, if additional data become available. Any revisions made to these estimates, as well as estimates made after September 2017, are included in reports posted to the website shown below and available from the NASS Florida Field Office.

Most of the data used to develop these estimates were provided voluntarily by growers, shippers, and processors and we sincerely appreciate their public spirited cooperation. The Florida Tomato Committee, the Florida Fruit and Vegetable Association, Florida Department of Citrus, floriculture and nursery producers, sales agencies, and transportation firms have provided valuable assistance and data throughout the season. The FDACS Bureau of State Farmers Markets and the County Agricultural Agents of the University of Florida Cooperative Extension Service were also very helpful in supplying area and county estimates.

The individuals and organizations who make up the Florida agricultural industry need reliable and accurate estimates of production to make informed and knowledgeable decisions. Increasing unpredictability of commodity prices and competition from global markets, make accurate and unbiased estimates even more important. Farmers, agribusinesses, producers groups, educators, researchers, legislators and the media all need these estimates to develop sound policies and to promote Florida agricultural products.

I want to express my sincere gratitude to our dedicated staff of statisticians, support personnel, citrus field staff, and field and telephone enumerators. They are the ones who have worked hard to collect, review, and summarize these important data and publish the results.

All NASS reports are available free of charge at: www.nass.usda.gov (National reports) www.nass.usda.gov/fl (Florida reports)

Mark E. Hudson State Statistician USDA-NASS Florida Field Office

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FLORIDA AGRICULTURAL OVERVIEW

Florida's 47,100 **farms and ranches**, utilized 9.41 million acres, and continue to produce a wide variety of safe and dependable food products. From the **citrus groves** and the **nurseries** in central and southern Florida, to the **vegetables** in various regions around the State, to the **cattle and calves** throughout the State, these farms and ranches provide Florida with a large and stable economic base.

In 2016 Florida ranked:

First in the United States in the value of production for fresh market snap beans, fresh market cucumbers, cucumbers for processing, grapefruit, oranges, sugarcane, fresh market tomatoes, and watermelons.

Second in value of production for bell peppers, fresh market sweet corn, squash, and strawberries.

Third in value of production for fresh market cabbage and honey.

Fourth in value of production for **peanuts**.

In 2016, in terms of agricultural value of production, Florida accounted for:

- **54** percent of the total U.S. value for **grapefruit** (\$136 million, packing house door equivalent)
- 53 percent of the total U.S. value for **oranges** (\$905 million, packing house door equivalent)
- 40 percent of the total U.S. value for fresh market tomatoes (\$382 million)
- **37** percent of the total U.S. value for **fresh market snap beans** (\$106 million)
- **36** percent of the total U.S. value for **fresh market cucumbers** (\$66 million)
- 31 percent cucumbers for processing (\$50.8) million
- 29 percent of the total U.S. value for fresh market bell peppers (\$210 million)
- 24 percent of the total U.S. value for **fresh market sweet corn** (\$160 million)
- 21 percent of the total U.S. value for watermelons (\$123 million)
- 19 percent of the total U.S. value for strawberries (\$450 million)
- 18 percent of the total U.S. value for squash (\$30.1 million)
- 12 percent of the total U.S. value for fresh market cabbage (\$49.4 million)
- 5 percent of the total U.S. value for tangerines (\$32.4 million, packing house door equivalent)

Florida citrus growers in 2015-2016 produced 81.6 million boxes of **oranges** (95 percent of which were used for **orange juice**) and 10.8 million boxes of **grapefruit** (54 percent of which were used for **grapefruit juice**). All citrus fruit on-tree sales exceeded \$825 million.

Florida growers harvested **vegetables for fresh market, potatoes, sweet potatoes, strawberries, and blueberries** from 198,600 acres in 2016. The value of vegetable crops exceeded \$1.73 billion. Florida ranks second to California in the total value of published fresh market vegetable production.

Milk in 2016 produced **cash receipts** of \$489 million, while **cattle and calves** produced \$547 million in cash receipts. **Poultry farms** generated \$285 million in sales with \$175 million from **broilers** and \$110 million from **eggs**.

On January 1, 2017 there were 1.70 million head of **cattle** on farms and ranches in Florida, including 908,000 head of **beef cows** and 123,000 head of **milk cows**. Florida ranked 14th in **egg production** for 2016. Florida's poultry farmers maintained an average of 8.00 million **layers** in 2016 (producing 2.36 billion **eggs**) and produced 63.2 million **broilers**.

Florida Cash Receipts - 2015

The Economic Research Service, (ERS), USDA, reports that receipts from Florida agricultural products in 2015 totaled to \$8.37 billion. This is down 2 percent from last year's \$8.53 billion.

All crops accounted for 72.9 percent of total cash receipts. As in previous years, the leading crop commodities were oranges (14.0 percent), floriculture (12.4 percent), sugarcane for sugar and seed (6.7 percent), and tomatoes for fresh market (5.4 percent). The leading livestock commodities were cattle and calves (10.3 percent of all cash receipts), dairy products (6.6 percent), and poultry and eggs (6.5 percent).

Cash Receipts, by Commodity Groups and Selected Commodities - Florida: 2015

[2015 preliminary as of November 30, 2016. Percent's for individual commodities may not add to totals in some groups because of rounding]

Let to promise of the control of the	Cash receipts		Inmodities may not add to totals in s	Cash receipts	
Commodity	2015	Percent of total	Commodity	2015	Percent of total
Total Cash Receipts from Farm Marketings	8,367,569	100	Field Crops	271,113	3.2
All Crops	6,103,356	72.9	Corn	20,099	
Citrus	1,357,919	16.2	Cotton	60,654	0.7
Grapefruit	127,313	1.5	Cotton lint, Upland	51,845	0.6
Oranges	1,173,488	14.0	Cottonseed	8,809	0.1
Tangelos	9,221	0.1	Hay	57,418	
Tangerines	47,897		Peanuts	120,215	1.4
Other Fruits and Nuts	394,859		Soybeans	10,444	0.1
Avocados	20,562	0.2	Wheat	2,283	(
Pecans	1,432	0.02	All Other Crops	2,749,357	32
Blueberries	82,267	1.0	Sugarcane and seed	561,099	6.7
Strawberries, Winter	290,598		Floriculture	1,039,411	12.4
Vegetables and Melons	1,330,108	1:	Other Crops	1,148,847	13.7
Cabbage, Fresh	33,825		All Livestock and Products	2,264,213	27.1
Cucumbers, Fresh	47,827		Cattle and Calves	859,164	10.3
Peppers, Bell	220,478		Hogs	2,480	(
Potatoes	103,366		Dairy Products: Milk	548,688	6.6
Sweet Potatoes	49,179		Poultry and Eggs	539,763	6.5
Snap Beans, Fresh	76,261	0.9	Broilers	203,149	2.4
Squash	27,480	0.3	Farm Chickens	417	0.0 05
Sweet Corn, Fresh	154,980		Chicken Eggs	315,615	
Tomatoes, Fresh	453,102		Other Poultry	20,582	
Watermelons	88,200		Honey	23,404	
Miscellaneous vegetables	75,410	0.9	Other livestock ¹	290,714	3.5

NA Not Available

¹ Beginning in 2011, sheep and lambs are included in Other Livestock.

Cash Receipts by Commodity Group and Year – Florida:1975-2015 [Sub-categories may not sum, due to rounding]

Year	Crops	Livestock	Total cash receipts
	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
1975	1,879,670	623,905	2,503,575
1976	1,901,292	672,709	2,574,001
1977	2,018,719	742,598	2,761,317
1978	2,579,409	849,213	3,428,622
1979	2,845,812	1,001,876	3,847,688
1980	3,103,833	978,525	4,082,358
1981	3,231,728	1,026,286	4,258,014
1982	3,326,155	1,020,062	4,346,217
1983	3,546,915	1,081,535	4,628,450
1984	3,638,231	1,098,092	4,736,323
1985	3,762,770	1,030,336	4,793,106
1986	3,747,156	1,030,336	4,777,492
1987	4,207,789	1,100,854	5,308,643
1988	4,685,891	1,146,040	5,831,931
1989	5,023,935	1,218,705	6,242,640
1990	4,326,865	1,253,903	5,580,768
1991	4,817,348	1,171,626	5,988,974
1992	4,956,617	1,263,874	6,220,491
1993	4,858,968	1,310,232	6,169,200
1994	4,826,178	1,296,603	6,122,781
1995	4,838,463	1,238,378	6,076,841
1996	5,099,829	1,312,154	6,411,983
1997	5,238,267	1,385,551	6,623,818
1998	5,830,390	1,390,311	7,220,701
1999	5,311,395	1,347,573	6,658,968
2000	5,463,634	1,315,908	6,779,542
2001	5,236,159	1,389,601	6,625,760
2002	5,362,779	1,239,055	6,601,834
2003	5,491,564	1,211,110	6,702,674
2004	5,315,049	1,469,412	6,784,461
2005	6,028,520	1,420,758	7,449,278
2006	5,994,267	1,321,940	7,316,207
2007	6,662,821	1,381,508	8,044,329
2008	6,470,446	1,407,736	7,878,182
2009	6,128,976	1,125,194	7,254,170
2010 1	6,372,397	1,369,365	7,741,762
2011 1	6,455,261	1,523,323	7,978,584
2012 1	6,724,783	1,865,011	8,589,794
2013 1	6,446,772	1,965,933	8,412,705
2014 1	6,145,349	2,383,444	8,528,794
2015 1	6,103,356	2,264,213	8,367,569

¹ As of November 30, 2016

Total Cash Receipts – Leading States and United States: 2015 [As of November 30, 2016]

Rank	State	Cash receipts	Percent of United States
		(1,000 dollars)	
1	California	47,007,704	12.5
2	lowa	27,674,193	7.4
3	Texas	23,609,735	6.3
4	Nebraska	23,093,469	6.1
5	Minnesota	16,348,311	4.3
6	Illinois	15,827,219	4.2
7	Kansas	15,554,250	4.1
8	North Carolina	11,666,533	3.1
9	Wisconsin	11,139,567	3.0
10	Indiana	11,042,782	2.9
17	Florida	8,367,569	2.2
	United States	376,250,404	100.0

Vegetable and Melons Cash Receipts – Leading States and United States: 2015[As of November 30, 2016]

Rank	State	State Cash receipts	
		(1,000 dollars)	
1	California	8,864,064	44.9
2	Florida	1,330,108	6.7
3	Washington	1,249,102	6.3
4	Idaho	1,056,552	5.4
5	Arizona	1,024,625	5.2
6	Michigan	594,742	3.0
7	North Dakota	572,971	2.9
8	Georgia	493,401	2.5
9	North Carolina	492,580	2.5
10	Wisconsin	460,366	2.3
	United States	19,748,068	100.0

Crop Cash Receipts - Leading States and United States: 2015

[As of November 30, 2016]

Rank	State	Cash receipts	Percent of United States
		(1,000 dollars)	
1	California	35,053,611	18.8
2	Illinois	13,288,516	7.1
3	lowa	12,968,883	7.0
4	Nebraska	9,142,447	4.9
5	Minnesota	8,631,871	4.6
6	Washington	7,112,732	3.8
7	Texas	7,036,328	3.8
8	Indiana	6,822,249	3.7
9	Florida	6,103,356	3.3
10	North Dakota	5,820,175	3.1
	United States	186,484,535	100.0

Leading Cash Receipts by Commodity – Florida and United States: 2015 [As of November 30, 2016]

Commodity	Florida	U.S.	Florida percent of U.S.	Florida national ranking
	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	(percent)	
Oranges	1,173,488	1,963,353	59.8	1
Floriculture	1,039,411	4,373,639	23.8	2
Cattle/Calves	859,164	78,228,639	1.1	21
Sugarcane for Sugar and Seed	561,099	1,016,944	55.2	1
Dairy Products	548,688	35,739,249	1.5	16
Tomatoes, Fresh	453,102	1,243,113	36.4	1
Chicken Eggs	315,615	13,499,904	2.3	15
Strawberries	290,598	2,219,144	13.1	2
Peppers, Bell	220,478	806,115	27.4	2
Broilers	203,149	28,709,834	0.7	19
Sweet Corn, Fresh	154,980	927,413	16.7	2
Grapefruit	127,313	216,258	58.9	1
Peanuts	120,215	1,275,227	9.4	3
Potatoes	103,366	3,594,450	2.9	12
Watermelons	88,200	483,003	18.3	1
Blueberries	82,267	859,172	9.6	6
Snap Beans, Fresh	76,261	236,993	32.2	1
Hay	57,418	6,941,495	0.8	32
Cotton Lint, Upland	51,845	3,600,026	1.4	15
Sweet Potatoes	49,179	716,553	6.9	4
Tangerines	47,897	468,083	10.2	2
Cucumbers	47,827	176,983	27.0	1

Sugarcane for Sugar and Seed Cash Receipts – Leading States and United States: 2015 [As of November 30, 2016]

[A3 01 November 30, 2010]			
State	Value	Value Percent of Total	
	(1,000 dollars)	(percent)	
Florida	561,099	55.2	1
Louisiana	386,513	38.0	2
Hawaii	52,514	5.2	3
Texas	16,818	1.7	4
United States	1,016,944	100	

Farms and Land in Farms

Florida had 47,100 commercial farms in 2016, using a total of 9.41 million acres. There were 5,600 farms with sales exceeding \$100,000. The average farm size was 200 acres. Florida ranks 18th among all States in number of farms and 30th in land in farms.

Farms and Acreage by Year and by Economic Sales Class - Florida: 2003-2016

		Number	of farms			Total acres			Average
Year	Total	\$1,000 - \$9,999	\$10,000 - \$99,999	\$100,000 & over	Total	\$1,000 - \$9,999	\$10,000 - \$99,999	\$100,000 & over	farm size
					(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(acres)
2003	44,000	27,600	11,000	5,400	10,040	1,600	2,300	6,140	228
2004	43,200	27,000	10,700	5,500	9,830	1,600	2,100	6,130	228
2005	42,000	26,000	10,600	5,400	9,570	1,500	2,000	6,070	228
2006	41,000	24,700	10,600	5,700	9,460	1,400	2,000	6,060	231
2007	47,500	29,500	12,700	5,300	9,300	1,400	2,000	5,900	196
2008	47,500	29,300	12,900	5,300	9,300	1,410	1,970	5,920	195
2009	47,700	29,200	13,200	5,300	9,350	1,410	1,910	6,030	195
2010	47,600	29,000	13,300	5,300	9,400	1,400	1,900	6,100	195
2011	47,700	29,000	13,300	5,400	9,450	1,420	1,810	6,220	195
2012	47,700	28,800	13,600	5,300	9,550	1,410	1,800	6,340	200
2013	47,700	28,800	13,600	5,300	9,550	1,410	1,800	6,340	200
2014	47,600	27,400	14,700	5,500	9,500	1,260	1,900	6,340	200
2015	47,300	27,100	14,600	5.600	9,450	1,240	1,900	6,310	200
2016	47,100	27,000	14,500	5,600	9,410	1,240	1,850	6,320	200

Number of Farms - Leading States and United States: 2016

State	Number of farms	Total acres in farms	Average size of farm
		(1,000 acres)	(acres)
Texas	241,500	129,800	537
Missouri	96,800	28,500	294
lowa	87,000	30,500	351
Oklahoma	78,100	34,200	438
California	76,700	25,400	331
Kentucky	76,000	12,900	170
Ohio	74,500	14,000	188
Minnesota	73,300	25,900	353
Illinois	72,200	26,700	370
Wisconsin	68,700	14,400	210
Florida	47,100	9,410	200
United States	2,060,000	911,000	442

Number of All Hired Farm Workers and Hours Worked – Florida: 2015-2017

[Exclude agricultural service workers]

	Hired								
Date	Number of workers	Expected to	be employed	Number of hours					
	Number of workers	150 days or more	149 days or less	worked per week					
2017									
April 9-15, 2017	45,000	36,000	9,000	39.1					
January 8-14, 2017	45,000	34,000	11,000	39.4					
2016									
October 9-15, 2016	33,000	30,000	3,000	41.4					
July 10-16, 2016	30,000	27,000	3,000	41.4					
April 10-16, 2016	37,000	30,000	7,000	40.7					
January 10-16, 2016	43,000	31,000	12,000	38.4					
2015									
October 11-17, 2015	37,000	32,000	5,000	40.1					
July 12-18, 2015	32,000	31,000	1,000	40.7					

Wage Rates by Type of Worker – Florida: 2015-2017 [Exclude agricultural service workers]

		Wage rates for all hired workers		
Date	Field			
	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)	(dollars per hour)
2017				
April 9-15, 2017	11.10	12.45	11.20	12.31
January 8-14, 2017	11.05	12.35	11.15	12.17
2016				
October 9-15, 2016	11.00	12.50	11.20	12.48
July 10-16, 2016	10.85	12.30	11.08	12.41
April 10-16, 2016	11.05	12.85	11.37	12.33
January 10-16, 2016	10.55	12.70	10.87	11.74
2015				
October 11-17, 2015	10.75	11.50	10.83	12.10
July 12-18, 2015	10.65	11.55	10.76	12.21

Value Added to the U.S. Economy by the Agricultural Sector – Florida: 2013-2015

[Data as of February 7, 2017]

Item	2013	2014	2015
	(thousand dollars)	(thousand dollars)	(thousand dollars)
Value of crop production	6,383,229	6,144,760	6,137,907
Value of animals and products production	1,936,065	2,414,759	2,296,913
Farm-related income	607,910	737,732	662,353
Value of agricultural sector production	8,927,205	9,297,251	9,097,173
Intermediate product expenses ¹	3,866,358	3,952,114	3,304,342
Farm origin	1,191,380	1,129,463	1,011,812
Manufactured inputs	1,359,978	1,468,702	1,146,532
Other intermediate expenses ¹	1,315,000	1,353,949	1,145,997
Contract labor	406,438	570,627	583,453
Net government transactions	-120,212	-126,917	-152,836
Direct government payments	71,090	82,580	68,912
Property taxes and fees ¹	191,302	209,497	221,748
Gross value added	4,534,197	4,647,592	5,056,544
Capital consumption ¹	633,701	862,237	623,082
Net value added	3,900,496	3,785,356	4,433,462
Factor payments to stakeholders ²	1,702,146	1,613,334	1,419,781
Hired labor and non-cash employee	1,393,562	1,269,373	1,126,547
Net rent paid to operator landlords	14,900	25,233	2,818
Net rent paid to non-operator landlords	32,797	42,902	4,792
Total interest expenses ¹	260,888	275,826	285,624
Net Farm Income	2,198,350	2,172,022	3,013,681

Net Farm Income, State Ranking - 2015

State	Net farm income
	(million dollars)
1. California	14,630,664
2. Texas	6,511,763
3. lowa	5,589,655
4. Nebraska	4,885,044
5. Minnesota	3,421,287
6. Washington	3,288,887
7. Florida	3,013,681
8. North Carolina	2,923,643
9. Wisconsin	2,548,653
10. Georgia	2,528,714
11. Oklahoma	2,166,468
12. South Dakota	2,066,840
13. Pennsylvania	1,894,724
14. Idaho	1,868,434
15. Kansas	1,756,690
16. Kentucky	1,665,206
17. Alabama	1,600,665

¹ Includes expenses associated with operator dwellings.
² Prior to 2008 estimates, factor payments to stakeholders only includes net rent paid to non-operator landlords.

Cash Rents for Pasture Land and Cropland by District and County - Florida: 2014 and 2016

District and	Pasture land	Non-irr Crop		Irrigated o	cropland			
county	2014	2016	2014	2016	2014	14 2016		
	(dollars per acre)	(dollars per acre)						
District 10		acie)	acre)	acie)	acie)	acie)		
Calhoun	(D)	(D)	61.00	(D)	(D)	(D)		
Escambia	` '	40.00	88.00	92.00	(D)	(D)		
Gadsden		(D)	(D)	34.00	(D)	(D)		
Holmes		30.00	43.00	41.00	(D)	(D)		
Jackson		35.00	48.00	58.50	(D)	138.00		
Jefferson	31.00	37.00	39.00	57.50	(D)	(D)		
Okaloosa	(D)	29.00	71.00	63.00	(D)	(D)		
Santa Rosa		(D)	88.00	92.50	(D)	(D)		
Walton		23.50	32.00	45.00	(D)	(D)		
Washington	36.00	(D)	46.00	50.50	(D)	(D)		
Other, District 10	31.50	30.00	38.50	62.50	93.00	151.00		
Total	30.00	34.50	61.00	64.50	93.00	144.00		
District 30								
Columbia	26.00	22.00	44.00	43.50	(D)	(D)		
Hamilton	(D)	(D)	(D)	42.50	(D)	(D)		
Lafayette	(D)	(D)	45.00	(D)	(D)	(D)		
Madison	18.00	12.50	50.00	42.50	(D)	(D)		
Suwannee	20.50	20.50	43.50	46.00	106.00	200.00		
Other, District 30	17.50	14.50	44.00	49.00	93.00	98.00		
Total	18.00	17.00	44.50	45.00	103.00	184.00		
District 50								
Alachua		(D)	39.00	38.00	112.00	190.00		
Bradford	(-)	(D)	45.00	50.00	(D)	(D)		
Citrus	()	11.50	(D)	22.00	(D)	(D)		
Clay	` ,	(D)	(D)	39.00	(D)	(D)		
Flagler	` '	9.50	(D)	(D)	178.00	200.00		
Gilchrist	` '	30.00	67.00	68.00 22.00	106.00	(D)		
Hernando	` '	10.00	22.00		(D)	(D)		
Hillsborough	10.50 13.00	10.50 17.00	26.00	23.50	410.00 198.00	400.00 238.00		
Lake		32.00	(D) 52.00	(D) 52.00	118.00	115.00		
Levy Marion		32.00 15.50	30.50	28.00	100.00	98.00		
Orange		5.80			235.00	245.00		
Osceola		8.50	(D) (D)	(D) (D)		245.00 (D)		
Pasco		14.00	(D) (D)	(D) 34.00	(D) (D)	(D)		
Polk		7.50	(D) (D)	22.50	(D) (D)	(D) (D)		
Putnam		7.50 (D)	(D) (D)	22.50 (D)	200.00	(D) (D)		
St. Johns	` '	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	165.00	168.00		
Sumter		(D) 20.00	(D) 28.00	(D) 27.50	136.00	(D)		
Volusia		10.00	27.00	27.50 25.50	293.00	(D)		
Other, District 50		25.00	37.00	49.00	375.00	195.00		
Total		13.00	42.00	39.50	164.00	202.00		

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Cash Rents for Pasture Land and Cropland by District and County - Florida: 2014 and 2016

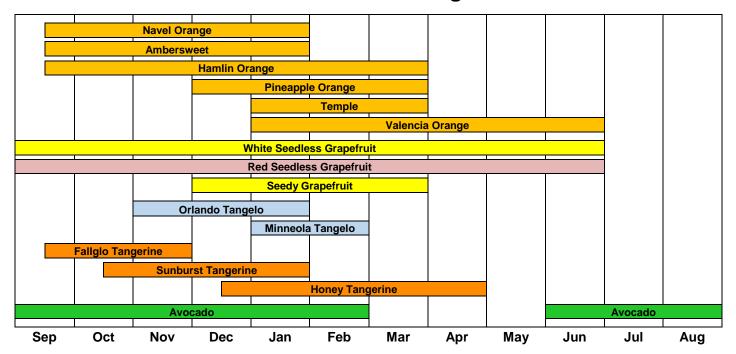
(continued)

District and county	Pastur	e land	Non-irr cropl		Irrigated cropland		
	2014	2016	2014	2016	2014	2016	
	(dollars per acre)	(dollars per acre)	(dollars per acre)	(dollars per acre)	(dollars per acre)	(dollars per acre)	
District 80							
Brevard	7.70	6.50	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	
Charlotte	(D)	11.00	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	
Collier	7.00	13.50	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	
DeSoto	12.50	20.00	34.00	27.00	(D)	(D)	
Hardee	12.00	16.00	(D)	28.50	276.00	230.00	
Hendry	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	337.00	(D)	
Highlands	(D)	15.50	(D)	45.00	(D)	(D)	
Lee	4.90	10.50	(D)	25.50	(D)	(D)	
Manatee	12.50	11.50	35.00	43.50	(D)	(D)	
Martin	6.00	12.50	(D)	41.00	(D)	150.00	
Miami-Dade	(D)	(D)	385.00	91.00	475.00	400.00	
Okeechobee	17.00	27.50	(D)	(D)	202.00	(D)	
Palm Beach	(D)	30.00	115.00	89.50	239.00	(D)	
St. Lucie	11.50	13.50	(D)	29.00	(D)	(D)	
Other, District 80	12.50	13.50	30.00	38.50	208.00	282.00	
Total	13.50	16.00	65.00	41.00	256.00	297.00	
Other Districts, All Counties	-	-	-	-	-	-	
State Total	13.00	15.00	54.00	50.00	192.00	227.00	

⁻ Represents zero.

D Withheld to avoid disclosing data of individual operations.

Florida Citrus Harvesting Season



U.S. and Florida Production

United States citrus utilized production for the 2015-2016 season totaled 8.56 million tons, down 6 percent from the 2014-2015 season. Florida accounted for 49 percent of total U.S. citrus production; California totaled 47 percent, and Texas and Arizona combined produced the remaining 4 percent.

Florida's share of U.S. citrus production was 94.2 million boxes in the 2015-2016 season, down 16 percent from the previous season's 113 million boxes. Production decreased for all citrus varieties when compared to the previous season.

Florida's all orange production decreased by 16 percent to 81.6 million boxes. All grapefruit production is down 16 percent to 10.8 million boxes. Production of tangerines is down 38 percent, and tangelo production is down 41 percent.

Production by Area and County

The top 5 citrus producing counties were Hendry (14.3 million boxes), DeSoto (12.8 million), Polk (12.5 million), Highlands (9.74 million), and Hardee (8.44 million). Together they account for 61 percent of the state's total citrus production. The Southern area had the most citrus, followed by the Western and Central areas. The remaining two areas, the Indian River and Northern area, account for only 16 percent of the state's total citrus production. Oranges constitute 87 percent of the citrus production, grapefruit accounted for over 11 percent, and tangerines and tangelos represent only 2 percent.

Estimates of county production are prepared from objective survey data used in forecasting citrus crop production. The apportionment of final harvest to the counties is based on bearing trees, an estimate of the average fruit per tree, and the drop and size surveys. Sample size used in these surveys and the distribution of the sample groves around the state are chosen to minimize error in the estimates of production and are not to be considered as precise for the counties as at the state or area levels.

Value

The value of the 2015-16 United States citrus crop decreased slightly from last season, to \$3.34 billion (packinghouse door equivalent). Orange value of production decreased 13 percent from last season and grapefruit value is up 16 percent. Tangerine and mandarin value of production is 36 percent higher than last season and lemon value of production is up 5 percent. Tangelo value decreased 6 percent from the previous season.

Florida's \$825 million preliminary on-tree value of the 2015-2016 citrus crop is 21 percent less than the revised value of \$1.05 billion for 2014-2015. The price per box is lower for oranges and Honey tangerines, but higher for the grapefruit, tangelos and early tangerines. Only grapefruit and tangelos have a higher value of production than last season.

Citrus Value of Sales On-Tree - Florida: Crop Years 2006-2007 through 2015-2016

Crop year	Value ¹	Crop year	Value ¹
	(1,000 dollars)		(1,000 dollars)
2006-2007	1,499,112	2011-2012	1,640,423
2007-2008	1,283,994	2012-2013	1,164,763
2008-2009	1,046,735	2013-2014	1,173,181
2009-2010	1,131,107	2014-2015 ²	1,049,743
2010-2011	1,368,626	2015-2016 ³	825,253

¹ Excludes lemons.

Foreign Exports

Fresh fruit exports totaled 6.0 million 4/5 bushel cartons. Japan accounted for the majority of Florida's grapefruit exports. Canada received most of Florida's orange and tangerine exports. A total of 10.4 million gallons of Frozen Concentrated Orange Juice (FCOJ), and 1.7 million gallons of Frozen Concentrated Grapefruit Juice (FCGJ) were exported in the 2015-2016 season.

Frozen Concentrate

Final Frozen Concentrated Orange Juice (FCOJ) yield, as reported by the Florida Department of Citrus, was 1.405527 gallons per box of 42° Brix concentrate. This 2015-2016 yield is the lowest since the 1989-1990 freeze affected season. The early-midseason portion of the crop finalized at 1.347046 gallons per box. The late crop yielded 1.472983 gallons per box.

The final Frozen Concentrated Grapefruit Juice (FCGJ) yield was 1.182574 gallons per box of 40° Brix concentrate, up from the previous season's final of 1.174619 gallons per box. A record FCGJ yield of 1.364660 gallons was set in the 2006-2007 season.

The final Frozen Concentrated Tangerine Juice (FCTJ) yield of 1.275460 gallons per box of 42° Brix concentrate was lower than last season's final of 1.372700 gallons per box. A record FCTJ yield of 1.757423 gallons was set in the 1992-1993 season.

Citrus Average Price Delivered-in Processed Fruit – Florida: Crop Year 2015-2016

Variety	Price per box	Price per pound of solids
	(dollars)	(dollars)
All oranges	10.730920	1.828282
Early-midseason	9.651116	1.709664
Valencia	11.621749	1.919522
All grapefruit	8.495437	1.864454
White	8.206310	1.834339
Red	8.748605	1.889938

SOURCE: Florida Department of Citrus

² Revised.

³ Preliminary.

Tree Inventory

Results of the annual Commercial Citrus Inventory show total citrus acreage is 480,121 acres, down 4 percent from the last survey and the lowest in a series which began in 1966. The gross loss of 31,365 acres is the largest loss recorded in a single season since beginning one year interval surveys in 2009. New plantings, at 10,090 acres is less than each of the last two seasons.

Of the 27 counties included in the survey, 24 recorded decreases in acreage, 3 showed increases. Polk County had the largest decrease in acreage, down 4,033 acres from last year, while Hillsborough County had the highest percentage net loss, with a 33 percent reduction in acreage. Hendry County had the highest gain with 512 acres, followed by DeSoto and Charlotte counties. Polk remains the leader in acres with 76,455 acres.

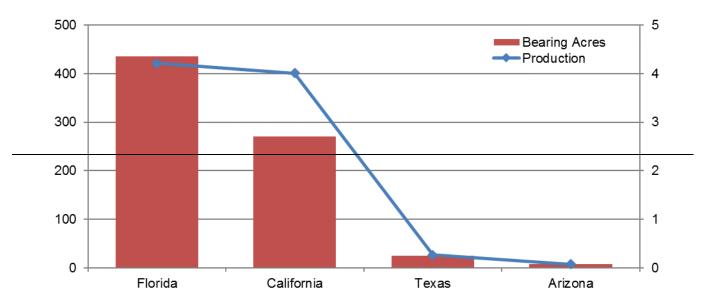
Orange acreage declined to 425,728, continuing a trend that began after the 2000 survey. Valencia acreage accounts for over 54 percent of the total orange acreage, non-Valencia acreage represents just under 43 percent, and unidentified acreage is 3 percent.

Grapefruit acreage is now at 40,316, the lowest in the series. White grapefruit sustained the greater loss at 17 percent, while red seedless grapefruit lost only 4 percent of its total.

Specialty fruit acreage continued to decline and is now at 14,077 acres, down 11 percent from the last survey. Tangelo acreage decreased 17 percent to 2,623. All tangerine acreage fell 17 percent to 8,799 acres.

Leading Citrus States: Bearing Acreage and Production, Crop Year 2015-2016

Thousand Acres Million Tons



Citrus Box Approximate Net Weight by Fruit Type – States: Crop Year 2015-2016

		<u> </u>			
State	Orange	Grapefruit	Tangerine	Tangerine Lemon Lime	
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)
FL	(1) 90	85	95	90	88
CA	(2) 80	⁽³⁾ 80	⁽²⁾ 80	⁽⁴⁾ 80	(X)
TX	85	80	(X)	(X)	(X)
AZ	(X)	(X)	(2) 80	⁽⁴⁾ 80	(X)

X Not applicable.

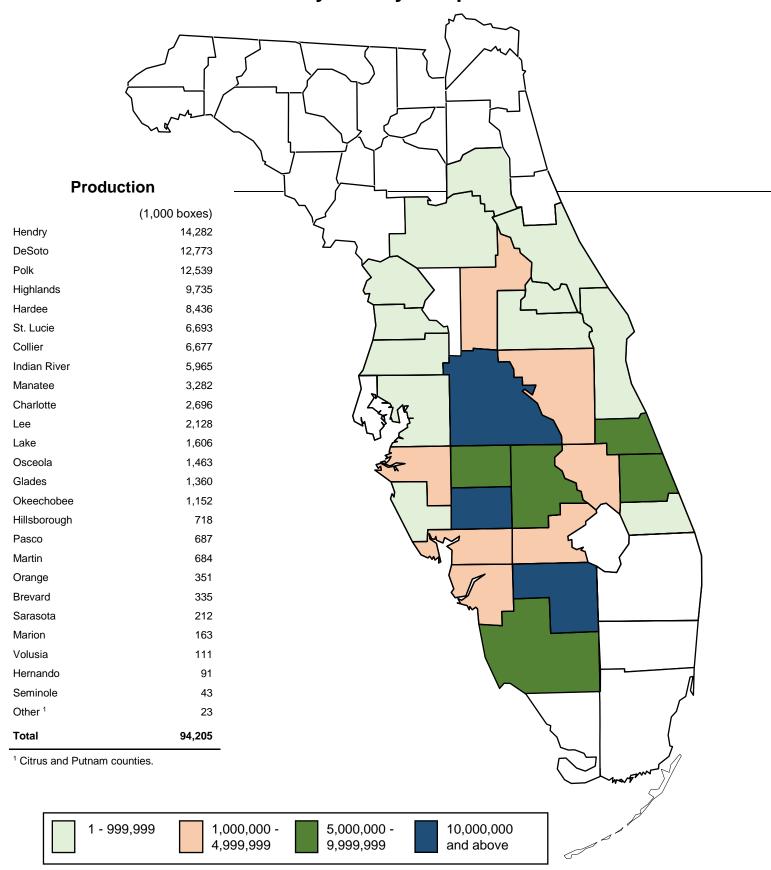
¹ Includes Temples and tangelos at 90 pounds.

² Was 75 pounds prior to the 2010-2011 season.

³ Was 67 pounds from the 1993-1994 to 2009-2010 season.

⁴ Was 76 pounds prior to the 2010-2011 season.

Citrus Production by County: Crop Year 2015-2016



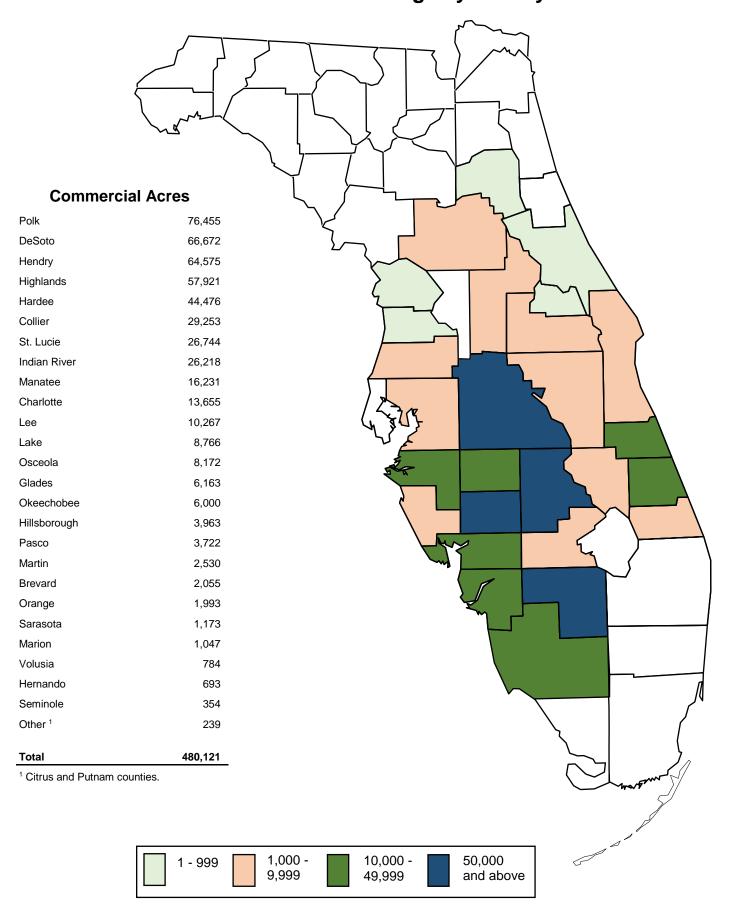
Citrus Production by Type, by County and Production Area – Florida: Crop Year 2015-2016

Country		Oranges	,		Grapefruit	i ioriaa. Oi	Cassish.	All	
County and area	Non- Valencia ¹	Late (Valencia)	All	White	Red	All	Specialty fruit ²	citrus	
	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	
Brevard	164	142	306	-	11	11	18	335	
Charlotte	805	1,668	2,473	8	126	134	89	2,696	
Collier	2,784	3,619	6,403	10	172	182	92	6,677	
DeSoto	5,166	7,470	12,636	5	96	101	36	12,773	
Glades	727	608	1,335	-	5	5	20	1,360	
Hardee	5,533	2,762	8,295	2	83	85	56	8,436	
Hendry	5,086	8,729	13,815	107	192	299	168	14,282	
Hernando	84	1	85	1	3	4	2	91	
Highlands	3,139	6,287	9,426	53	91	144	165	9,735	
Hillsborough	420	264	684	1	8	9	25	718	
Indian River	717	858	1,575	1,277	3,023	4,300	90	5,965	
Lake	684	528	1,212	24	182	206	188	1,606	
Lee	686	1,311	1,997	12	51	63	68	2,128	
Manatee	1,690	1,552	3,242	4	23	27	13	3,282	
Marion	97	34	131	1	6	7	25	163	
Martin	96	579	675	4	1	5	4	684	
Okeechobee	514	483	997	45	81	126	29	1,152	
Orange	153	168	321	-	12	12	18	351	
Osceola	773	532	1,305	69	69	138	20	1,463	
Pasco	470	193	663	-	8	8	16	687	
Polk	5,734	5,905	11,639	87	266	353	547	12,539	
St. Lucie	407	1,687	2,094	777	3,722	4,499	100	6,693	
Sarasota	63	86	149	1	55	56	7	212	
Seminole	26	11	37	-	2	2	4	43	
Volusia	66	21	87	2	17	19	5	111	
Other 3	16	2	18	-	5	5	0	23	
Total	36,100	45,500	81,600	2,490	8,310	10,800	1,805	94,205	
Indian River	1,031	2,445	3,476	2,041	6,771	8,812	199	12,487	
Northern	1,579	950	2,529	26	218	244	256	3,029	
Central	9,455	12,600	22,055	191	424	615	727	23,397	
Western	12,872	12,134	25,006	13	265	278	137	25,421	
Southern	11,163	17,371	28,534	219	632	851	486	29,871	
Total	36,100	45,500	81,600	2,490	8,310	10,800	1,805	94,205	

⁻ Represents zero.

1 Includes early, midseason, Navel, and Temple varieties.
2 Tangelos and tangerines.
3 Citrus and Putnam counties.

Commercial Citrus Acreage by County 2016



Citrus Acreage, by Variety and County - Florida: Crop Year 2015-2016

Citius Acreag		Oranges	y	riua. Cr	Grap				
County	Non-Valencia 1	Late	All ²	Seed	lless	Soody	All ²	Specialty fruit ³	All citrus
	Non-valencia	(Valencia)	All -	White	Red	Seedy	All -		0.1.1 0.0
	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)
Brevard	1,088	776	1,895	1	48	-	49	111	2,055
Charlotte	. 3,907	7,549	12,169	35	1,058	-	1,093	393	13,655
Collier	. 10,936	16,492	27,704	36	894	-	930	619	29,253
DeSoto	. 25,192	38,529	65,382	47	582	-	629	661	66,672
Glades	. 3,425	2,561	6,021	-	34	-	34	108	6,163
Hardee	. 28,020	15,249	43,647	11	241	5	257	572	44,476
Hendry	. 20,932	36,984	62,037	263	1,287	-	1,615	923	64,575
Hernando	. 641	6	657	1	9	-	10	26	693
Highlands	. 17,290	38,407	56,088	205	403	245	853	980	57,921
Hillsborough	2,242	1,389	3,738	-	34	3	37	188	3,963
Indian River	4,824	4,679	9,653	5,121	9,721	-	14,971	1,594	26,218
Lake	. 4,625	2,104	6,831	21	514	32	572	1,363	8,766
Lee	. 3,545	5,730	9,334	46	554	-	600	333	10,267
Manatee	. 8,122	7,807	15,964	24	76	-	100	167	16,231
Marion	. 674	158	870	4	18	-	22	155	1,047
Martin	. 385	2,060	2,473	11	10	-	21	36	2,530
Okeechobee	2,294	2,605	4,947	155	608	-	763	290	6,000
Orange	. 992	800	1,799	-	28	-	28	166	1,993
Osceola	. 4,211	3,048	7,302	365	344	-	709	161	8,172
Pasco	2,750	703	3,532	-	28	-	28	162	3,722
Polk	. 31,656	35,754	70,345	500	1,532	145	2,212	3,898	76,455
St. Lucie	. 2,853	8,156	11,265	2,354	11,941	-	14,511	968	26,744
Sarasota	. 364	541	930	2	180	3	185	58	1,173
Seminole	. 198	51	266	-	13	-	13	75	354
Volusia	. 544	138	688	4	50	3	57	39	784
Other ⁴	. 167	9	191	-	17	-	17	31	239
Total	181,877	232,285	425,728	9,206	30,224	436	40,316	14,077	480,121

⁻ Represents zero.

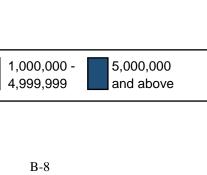
¹ Includes early, midseason, Navel, and Temple varieties.

² Includes unidentified variety acreage.

³ Tangelos, tangerines, lemons, and other citrus.

⁴ Citrus and Putnam counties.

Commercial Citrus Trees by County 2016 Commercial Trees (1,000 trees) Hendry 9,955.2 Polk 9,544.7 DeSoto 8,973.3 7,651.8 Highlands Hardee 5,692.5 Collier 4,317.2 St. Lucie 3,615.6 Indian River 3,060.5 Manatee 2,110.7 Charlotte 1,963.6 Lee 1,398.8 Lake 1,264.4 1,033.0 Osceola Glades 877.2 Okeechobee 750.8 Pasco 531.3 Hillsborough 514.6 Martin 447.0 Brevard 257.2 Orange 248.1 143.1 Sarasota Marion 125.0 Volusia 86.9 Hernando 84.8 Seminole 44.1 Other 1 31.6 Total 64,723.0 ¹ Citrus and Putnam counties.



100,000 -

999,999

1 - 99,999

Citrus Trees, by Variety and County - Florida: Crop Year 2015-2016

		Oranges			Grape	fruit			ı
County	Nan Valansia 1	Late	All ²	Seed	dless	Caadu	A II 2	Specialty fruit ³	All citrus
	Non-Valencia 1	(Valencia)	All -	White	Red	Seedy	All ²		
	(1,000 trees)	(1,000 trees)	(1,000 trees)	(1,000 trees)	(1,000 trees)	(1,000 trees)	(1,000 trees)	(1,000 trees)	(1,000 trees)
Brevard	139.8	92.0	236.6	0.1	5.9	-	6.0	14.6	257.2
Charlotte	554.6	1,081.5	1,741.4	3.7	138.2	-	141.9	80.3	1,963.6
Collier	1,637.9	2,446.2	4,116.7	3.9	108.0	-	111.9	88.6	4,317.2
DeSoto	3,385.6	5,173.9	8,786.4	5.5	80.0	-	85.5	101.4	8,973.3
Glades	475.7	373.0	854.7	-	3.8	-	3.8	18.7	877.2
Hardee	3,555.6	1,967.7	5,575.0	1.3	30.5	0.6	32.4	85.1	5,692.5
Hendry	3,129.5	5,745.9	9,591.3	35.0	175.7	-	222.8	141.1	9,955.2
Hernando	78.2	0.9	80.6	0.1	0.9	-	1.0	3.2	84.8
Highlands	2,376.7	4,979.5	7,415.7	19.4	48.8	23.7	91.9	144.2	7,651.8
Hillsborough	274.3	191.7	477.0	-	3.4	0.3	3.7	33.9	514.6
Indian River	582.8	590.9	1,198.5	483.5	1,090.9	-	1,589.2	272.8	3,060.5
Lake	637.6	309.4	962.8	2.2	70.3	3.3	76.3	225.3	1,264.4
Lee	453.6	814.0	1,276.8	5.6	65.3	-	70.9	51.1	1,398.8
Manatee	1,020.8	1,052.1	2,078.2	2.8	8.5	-	11.3	21.2	2,110.7
Marion	76.4	18.8	100.4	0.5	1.7	-	2.2	22.4	125.0
Martin	78.5	357.3	439.9	1.3	1.1	-	2.4	4.7	447.0
Okeechobee	299.1	303.3	610.9	14.8	74.6	-	89.4	50.5	750.8
Orange	129.2	93.3	223.4	0.1	3.8	-	3.9	20.8	248.1
Osceola	523.6	412.7	941.5	38.7	31.8	-	70.5	21.0	1,033.0
Pasco	389.5	104.1	505.4	-	3.3	-	3.3	22.6	531.3
Polk	3,897.2	4,417.4	8,713.8	49.0	161.7	13.4	229.8	601.1	9,544.7
St. Lucie	422.1	1,300.5	1,772.0	279.0	1,388.7	-	1,704.3	139.3	3,615.6
Sarasota	44.7	69.6	117.9	0.1	17.7	0.2	18.0	7.2	143.1
Seminole	25.5	6.4	34.2	-	1.5	-	1.5	8.4	44.1
Volusia	62.3	13.9	76.9	0.3	5.3	0.2	5.8	4.2	86.9
Other 4	20.7	1.3	24.1	-	2.3	-	2.3	5.2	31.6
Total	24,271.5	31,917.3	57,952.1	946.9	3,523.7	41.7	4,582.0	2,188.9	64,723.0

⁻ Represents zero.

¹ Includes early, midseason, Navel, and Temple varieties.

² Includes unidentified variety tree numbers.

³ Tangelos, tangerines, lemons, and other citrus.

⁴ Citrus and Putnam counties.

Orange Trees, Acreage, Yield, Production, Price, and Value, by Variety - Florida: Crop Years

2006-2007 through 2015-2016

Crop	Bearing	Bearing	Yield	Uti	lization of product	ion	Or	n-tree
year	trees	acreage	per acre	Total	Fresh	Processed	Price per box	Value of production
	(1,000 trees)	(1,000 acres)	(boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
Non-Valencia Oranges ¹								
2006-2007	27,790	212.7	308	65,600	4,162	61,438	8.92	584,871
2007-2008	26,824	206.9	404	83,500	3,885	79,615	5.90	492,634
2008-2009	26,380	204.8	413	84,600	4,342	80,258	5.09	430,684
2009-2010	25,760	200.3	342	68,600	3,827	64,773	5.95	408,507
2010-2011	25,253	196.1	358	70,300	4,122	66,178	7.11	500,040
2011-2012	24,909	192.8	385	74,200	3,998	70,202	8.88	659,157
2012-2013	24,809	190.9	351	67,100	3,695	63,405	6.25	419,144
2013-2014	24,185	185.3	288	53,300	3,224	50,076	8.41	448,334
2014-2015	23,328	177.6	267	47,400	2,815	44,585	8.40	397,943
2015-2016 ²	22,419	169.2	213	36,100	2,199	33,901	7.61	274,644
Navel Oranges								
2006-2007	1,388	10.8	264	2,850	2,228	622	10.57	30,128
2007-2008	1,303	10.2	294	3,000	2,302	698	6.47	19,403
2008-2009	1,233	9.6	313	3,000	2,449	551	6.42	19,269
2009-2010	1,137	8.9	258	2,300	1,873	427	9.68	22,266
2010-2011	1,089	8.6	308	2,650	2,273	377	10.71	28,371
2011-2012	1,045	8.2	323	2,650	2,159	491	10.46	27,720
2012-2013	1,006	7.8	282	2,200	1,815	385	12.66	27,852
2013-2014	977	7.6	254	1,930	1,504	426	14.18	27,364
2014-2015	958	7.4	189	1,400	1,086	314	16.57	23,204
2015-2016 ²	965	7.5	137	1,030	739	291	17.28	17,800
Late (Valencia) Oranges								
2006-2007	36,160	263.2	241	63,400	2,234	61,166	11.69	740,871
2007-2008	34,918	257.0	337	86,700	1,910	84,790	7.30	632,714
2008-2009	34,374	254.3	306	77,900	2,585	75,315	6.50	506,385
2009-2010	33,801	250.7	260	65,100	2,033	63,067	8.01	521,408
2010-2011	32,905	243.9	288	70,200	1,837	68,363	9.71	681,858
2011-2012	32,550	240.6	301	72,500	2,090	70,410	10.99	796,560
2012-2013	32,335	238.3	279	66,500	2,279	64,221	8.62	573,382
2013-2014	31,704	233.4	220	51,400	2,276	49,124	10.90	560,288
2014-2015	31,054	227.9	217	49,550	2,155	47,395	10.32	511,444
2015-2016 ²	29,785	217.8	209	45,500	1,720	43,780	8.96	407,624
All Oranges								
2006-2007	63,950	475.9	271	129,000	6,396	122,604	10.28	1,325,742
2007-2008	61,742	463.9	367	170,200	5,795	164,405	6.61	1,125,348
2008-2009	60,754	459.1	354	162,500	6,927	155,573	5.77	937,069
2009-2010	59,561	451.0	296	133,700	5,860	127,840	6.96	929,915
2010-2011	58,158	440.0	319	140,500	5,959	134,541	8.41	1,181,898
2011-2012	57,459	433.4	338	146,700	6,088	140,612	9.92	1,455,717
2012-2013	57,144	429.2	311	133,600	5,974	127,626	7.43	992,526
2013-2014	55,889	418.7	250	104,700	5,500	99,200	9.63	1,008,622
2014-2015	54,382	405.5	239	96,950	4,970	91,980	9.38	909,387
2015-2016 ²	52,204	387.0	211	81,600	3,919	77,681	8.36	682,268

¹ Early, midseason, Navel and Temple varieties. ² Preliminary.

Grapefruit Trees, Acreage, Yield, Production, Price, and Value, by Variety – Florida: Crop Years 2006-2007 through 2015-2016

				Uti	lization of product	ion	Or	n-tree
Crop year	Bearing trees	Bearing acreage	Yield per acre	Total	Fresh	Processed	Price per box	Value of production
	(1,000 trees)	(1,000 acres)	(boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
White Grapefruit ¹								
2006-2007	2,083	19.9	467	9,300	1,961	7,339	2.51	23,305
2007-2008	1,895	18.3	492	9,000	1,893	7,107	2.36	21,276
2008-2009	1,672	16.4	402	6,600	1,392	5,208	1.82	11,999
2009-2010	1,475	14.6	411	6,000	1,526	4,474	5.76	34,531
2010-2011	1,434	14.2	412	5,850	1,373	4,477	5.66	33,126
2011-2012	1,377	13.6	393	5,350	1,147	4,203	6.17	32,987
2012-2013	1,326	13.0	404	5,250	1,001	4,249	5.41	28,423
2013-2014	1,264	12.3	337	4,150	789	3,361	6.16	25,565
2014-2015	1,160	11.4	285	3,250	632	2,618	5.57	18,116
2015-2016 ²	981	9.6	259	2,490	587	1,903	8.49	21,135
Red Grapefruit								
2006-2007	4,232	37.5	477	17,900	8,998	8,902	5.42	96,975
2007-2008	4,094	36.5	482	17,600	8,730	8,870	5.47	96,231
2008-2009	3,961	35.5	425	15,100	7,947	7,153	4.68	70,697
2009-2010	3,725	33.5	427	14,300	7,831	6,469	8.23	117,625
2010-2011	3,602	32.3	430	13,900	7,006	6,894	7.17	99,621
2011-2012	3,557	31.9	423	13,500	6,782	6,718	7.57	102,242
2012-2013		31.9	411	13,100	6,742	6,358	6.89	90,235
2013-2014	3,480	30.8	373	11,500	5,901	5,599	7.44	85,589
2014-2015	3,302	29.0	333	9,650	5,076	4,574	7.82	75,432
2015-2016 ²	3,217	27.9	298	8,310	4,359	3,951	10.48	87,094
All Grapefruit								
2006-2007	6,315	57.4	474	27,200	10,959	16,241	4.42	120,280
2007-2008	5,989	54.8	485	26,600	10,623	15,977	4.42	117,507
2008-2009	5,633	51.9	418	21,700	9,339	12,361	3.81	82,696
2009-2010	5,200	48.1	422	20,300	9,357	10,943	7.50	152,156
2010-2011	5,036	46.5	425	19,750	8,379	11,371	6.72	132,747
2011-2012	4,934	45.5	414	18,850	7,929	10,921	7.17	135,229
2012-2013	4,896	44.9	409	18,350	7,743	10,607	6.47	118,658
2013-2014	4,744	43.1	363	15,650	6,690	8,960	7.10	111,154
2014-2015	4,462	40.4	319	12,900	5,708	7,192	7.25	93,548
2015-2016 ²	4,198	37.5	288	10,800	4,946	5,854	10.02	108,229

¹ Includes seedy grapefruit. ² Preliminary.

Specialty Trees, Acreage, Yield, Production, Price, and Value, by Variety – Florida: Crop Years 2006-2007 through 2015-2016

			\ <i>a</i>	Util	ization of produc	ction	On	-tree
Crop year	Bearing trees	Bearing acreage	Yield per acre	Total	Fresh	Processed	Price per box	Value of production
	(1,000 trees)	(1,000 acres)	(boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
Early Tangerines ¹								
2006-2007	1,185	8.0	300	2,400	1,661	739	12.01	28,820
2007-2008	1,140	7.7	338	2,600	1,761	839	8.64	22,461
2008-2009	1,125	7.6	336	2,550	1,904	646	5.59	14,263
2009-2010	1,044	7.0	321	2,250	1,550	700	10.72	24,115
2010-2011	990	6.6	394	2,600	1,742	858	9.43	24,525
2011-2012	933	6.2	376	2,330	1,665	665	7.49	17,448
2012-2013	901	5.9	324	1,910	1,307	603	12.54	23,955
2013-2014	859	5.6	313	1,750	1,183	567	15.00	26,250
2014-2015	806	5.3	273	1,445	978	467	16.87	24,382
2015-2016 ²	639	4.2	187	785	544	241	20.09	15,769
Honey Tangerines								
2006-2007	1,142	7.6	289	2,200	1,411	789	13.27	29,200
2007-2008	1,113	7.3	397	2,900	1,521	1,379	5.02	14,550
2008-2009	1,075	7.1	183	1,300	929	371	8.20	10,660
2009-2010	941	6.3	349	2,200	1,461	739	9.52	20,953
2010-2011	918	6.2	331	2,050	1,265	785	11.17	22,889
2011-2012	885	5.9	332	1,960	1,173	787	10.66	20,888
2012-2013	849	5.7	240	1,370	904	466	14.20	19,456
2013-2014	794	5.3	217	1,150	762	388	17.40	20,008
2014-2015	741	4.9	167	820	572	248	18.90	15,498
2015-2016 ²	640	4.1	154	630	414	216	18.53	11,671
All Tangerines								
2006-2007	2,327	15.6	295	4,600	3,072	1,528	12.64	58,152
2007-2008	2,253	15.0	367	5,500	3,282	2,218	6.70	36,830
2008-2009	2,200	14.7	262	3,850	2,833	1,017	6.49	24,986
2009-2010	1,985	13.3	335	4,450	3,011	1,439	10.14	45,134
2010-2011	1,908	12.8	363	4,650	3,007	1,643	10.23	47,558
2011-2012	1,818	12.1	355	4,290	2,838	1,452	8.99	38,554
2012-2013		11.6	283	3,280	2,211	1,069	13.22	43,370
2013-2014		10.9	266	2,900	1,945	955	15.97	46,308
2014-2015	1,547	10.2	222	2,265	1,550	715	17.60	39,857
2015-2016 ²	1,279	8.3	170	1,415	958	457	19.36	27,395
Tangelos								
2006-2007	704	5.5	227	1,250	428	822	8.24	10,298
2007-2008	668	5.2	288	1,500	432	1,068	2.87	4,309
2008-2009	659	5.2	221	1,150	504	646	1.73	1,984
2009-2010	593	4.7	191	900	415	485	4.34	3,902
2010-2011	555	4.3	267	1,150	443	707	5.58	6,423
2011-2012	527	4.1	280	1,150	434	716	9.65	11,101
2012-2013	499	3.9	256	1,000	474	526	10.21	10,209
2013-2014	465	3.6	244	880	394	486	8.06	7,097
2014-2015	389	3.0	227	665	346	319	10.45	6,951
2015-2016 ²	327	2.5	156	390	240	150	18.87	7,361

¹ Includes Fallglo and Sunburst varieties. ² Preliminary.

Avocados in Florida

The 2016-2017 production of Florida avocados decreased 127,000 bushels, or 13 percent, when compared to the 2015-2016 harvest season. Bearing acreage is down 800 acres from the previous season. The price per bushel is \$21.77, up 16 percent from the 2015-2016 crop year. The total value of crop production is \$19.1 million, a decrease of 7 percent from the previous season.

In Florida, most early season varieties of avocados are West Indian types, whereas midseason and late varieties are mostly Guatemalan-West Indian hybrids or Guatemalan types. Commercial production is primarily in Miami-Dade and Collier Counties. Florida avocados have a lower fat content than those from other states and countries, are typically larger than avocados from California, and are available from June through the end of February.

Avocado Trees, Acreage, Yield, Production, Utilization, Price, and Value - Florida: Crop

Years 2007-2008 through 2016-2017

Crop year	Bearing acreage	Yield per acre	Production	Price per bushel ¹	Value of production	
	(1,000 acres)	(bushels) 1	(1,000 bushels) ¹	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	
Avocados						
2007-2008	7.0	143	1,000	12.10	12,100	
2008-2009	7.5	133	998	13.20	13,176	
2009-2010	7.4	114	844	16.50	13,920	
2010-2011	7.4	111	818	22.00	18,000	
2011-2012	7.4	153	1,131	20.79	23,512	
2012-2013 ²	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
2013-2014	7.0	176	1,229	21.89	26,905	
2014-2015	7.0	171	1,196	18.04	21,582	
2015-2016	6.8	148	1,004	20.49	20,562	
2016-2017 ³	6.0	146	876	21.77	19,080	

NA Not available.

One bushel equals 55 pounds.

² Data unavailable due to program cuts.

³ Preliminary.

2016 FIELD CROPS HIGHLIGHTS

Value

The 2016 total value of production for corn, cotton, cottonseed, hay, peanuts, soybeans and wheat totaled \$343 million, a decrease of less than 1 percent from the previous year's total of \$344 million. The total value of corn production decreased 26 percent and was valued at \$19.7 million. The value of soybean production (\$9.14 million) increased 4 percent. Peanut value of production (\$108 million) decreased 11 percent, and hay (\$130 million) increased by 6 percent.

Acreage and Production

Acreage harvested in 2016 for corn, cotton, hay, peanuts, soybeans and wheat totaled 634 thousand acres, down 2 percent from the 647 thousand acres harvested in 2015. Harvested acreage for cotton (102,000), hay (300,000), and wheat (17,000) increased. Decreased acreage was estimated for corn (40,000), and peanuts (147,000) and soybeans (28,000). Production increased for cotton (28%) and cottonseed (39%). Production declined for hay (less than 1%), soybeans (-5%), peanuts (-12%), corn (-18%), and wheat (-21%).

Sugarcane

Florida producers harvested 413 thousand acres of sugarcane for sugar and seed in 2015, up 1 percent from 2014. Production was up 12 percent in 2015 from 2014. The value of production for the 2015 sugarcane for sugar crop was \$602 million, up 9 percent from the 2014 total of \$554 million.

Crop Weather

In **January** 2016, cotton harvest wrapped up in Jackson County the final two weeks and continued in Walton County. Sugarcane harvest activities continued as sucrose levels rose due to cooler temperatures. Heavy winds caused lodging in some sugarcane fields and disrupted harvest activities in some localities. Wet conditions delayed harvest schedules the final week. Sugarcane planting was impeded by heavy rainfall the final portion of the month.

In **February**, heavy rainfall caused standing water in Washington County fields. Field work was at a standstill in Jackson County. Winter wheat and other grains suffered some damage due to wet conditions. Northern Florida fields were too wet for soil preparation during the middle portion of February. Sugarcane harvest activities resumed as drier weather conditions prevailed the second week. Field preparation resumed in Washington County the third week. Current sugarcane harvest delays placed harvest schedules behind normal.

In **March**, soil moisture ratings statewide were 21 percent surplus at the first of the month. Field conditions continued to improve the second week as more land preparation was underway in the Panhandle. The lifting of weight restrictions on cane trucks in Palm Beach County helped sugarcane harvesting pace. Peanut land preparation made good progress in Jackson County. Heavy rains in Washington County needed reworking prior to planting row crops. Excessive rainfall in the Panhandle region hampered field work in several localities.

In **April**, fieldwork resumed in most areas. Corn planting occurred in the northern areas. Peanut planting began in Lafayette and Hamilton counties. Corn planting was complete in Lafayette and Hamilton counties. Sugarcane harvest was near completion in St. Lucie County as many fields were replanted and starting to gain size. Fieldwork activity pace increased as weather conditions improved. Sugarcane harvest and increased outturn due to recent rains and daytime heat.

In May, cotton planting began in Walton and Jackson counties. Soil temperatures warmed up sufficiently for more peanut seeding in Jackson and Jefferson counties. Corn planting was near completion in Washington and Dixie counties the first week of May. Available soil moisture was insufficient for planting in some areas the second week. Rainfall delayed harvest in some Palm Beach County sugarcane fields. Hay cutting and baling was reported in several Panhandle areas and north central portions. Dry weather during the third week allowed peanut and cotton planting to progress quickly in the Panhandle. However, other areas with dry ground halted plantings until additional moisture is received. Corn showed moisture stress in Escambia County fields. Sugarcane harvest, which is normally complete at the end of April, was ongoing in the major producing counties. This late sugarcane harvest is attributed to a wet fall producing a larger crop and

rain delays during harvest. Hay harvesting activities occurred in several counties as small grain harvest began the latter portion of the month.

In **June**, corn harvest began with good reported quality in Dixie County. Soybean planting was complete in Madison County during the first week. Received rain, along with anticipated moisture from Tropical Storm Colin, provided sufficient moisture for remaining fields to be planted during the first week. Sugarcane harvest was virtually complete during the first week with production moved into its summer vegetative state. Corn, cotton, peanuts, and soybean plantings were complete or nearly complete in the Panhandle counties the second week. Wet conditions prevented hay harvest in Orange and Seminole counties. Ideal weather conditions were reported in southern portions of the state. Corn silage harvest began in Columbia County the final week. Bahia seed harvest was noted in Gilchrist County the final week.

In **July**, field crops benefited from the warm and dry temperatures. Corn was harvested in Lafayette and Levy counties during the second week. Miami-Dade County sugarcane fields were four feet high and in need of rain the second week. Hay harvest activities continued in many areas during the third week. Sugarcane was reported growing well in Palm Beach County without problems. Corn harvest began in Flagler and Jackson counties. Some peanuts in Levy County may require harvesting early due to drought-like conditions. Sorghum planting in Gilchrist County was reported.

In **August**, corn shelling began the first week in Escambia County. Hay continued to be cut in many counties. Armyworms and loopers were spotted in Pasco County hay fields. Wet conditions prevented corn harvesting in Jackson and Okaloosa counties, and hay cutting in Jackson County. Some hay fields suffered from armyworm and bermuda grass stem maggot damage during the third week. Peanuts were nearly ready for harvest in Gilchrist and Levy counties. Cotton and soybean crops in Jackson and Walton counties appeared in good conditions. Peanut harvest in Lafayette County began during the third week and will begin soon in other counties. Corn harvest continued in Escambia and Suwannee counties and wrapped up in Washington County during the final week. Millet was planted in Gilchrist County.

In **September**, Hurricane Hermine brought rainfall to almost all areas. Some sorghum fields were blown down and cotton bolls lost due to Hermine. Peanut harvest began in Lafayette County, but many fields were water saturated and at risk for disease and rotting if they do not dry out soon. Throw-out pumps removed excess water from sugarcane fields. Cotton harvest continued in Jackson and Walton counties. Corn harvest began in Walton County during the third week. Some peanut fields were too wet to dig. Armyworm infestation continued in Pasco County hay fields.

In **October**, field conditions in Washington County were very dry, but still generally favorable for peanut harvest. In Jefferson and Walton counties however, the dry soil was a barrier to digging peanuts. Peanut harvest was delayed in Lafayette County due to Hurricane Hermine. Concerns about Hurricane Matthew halted sugar cane milling operations the second week, but resumed the third week. Peanut grade and yield issues were reported in Walton and Gilchrist counties. Jackson County reported dry conditions hampered peanut harvest which prevailed during the latter portion of the month. Cotton harvest continued in many localities.

In **November**, dry conditions continued. Peanut harvest was nearly complete in Washington County. Dry weather halted hay harvest in Jackson County. Sugarcane harvest continued on schedule. Peanut harvest was nearly complete, but some areas remained too dry to dig during the second week. Lack of moisture prevented winter crops seeding.

In **December**, rain fell in several Panhandle counties, which allowed for some winter forage plantings. Some areas still need additional rainfall during the third week. Some winter forages began germinating in Okaloosa County. Sugarcane harvest continued without delay throughout the month. The year ended with persistent dry conditions despite additional received rainfall.

Field Crops Acreage, Yield, Production, and Value by Crop Years – Florida: 2007-2016 [All 2016 estimates are preliminary]

Crop	Are	a	VC 11	D 1 "	Season	Value
and year	Planted	Harvested	Yield	Production	average price	of production
j	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
Corn ¹						
2007	70	35	90	3,150	4.00	12,600
2008	70	35	110	3,850	4.50	17,325
2009	70	37	97	3,589	4.00	14,356
2010	60	25	109	2,725	4.70	12,808
2011	70	33	104	3,432	6.65	22,823
2012	75	40	115	4,600	7.50	34,500
2013	115	78	133	10,374	4.51	46,787
2014	75	40	135	5,400	3.65	19,710
2015	80	50	141	7,050	3.80	26,790
2016	80	40	145	5,800	3.40	19,720
			(pounds)	(1,000 bales)		
Cotton, Upland ²						
2007	85	81	687	116.0	0.580	32,294
2008	67	65	916	124.0	0.504	29,998
2009	82	78	723	117.5	0.673	37,957
2010	92	89	766	142.0	0.779	53,097
2011	122	118	744	183.0	0.978	85,908
2012	108	107	897	200.0	0.763	73,248
2013	131	127	661	175.0	0.820	68,880
2014	107	105	878	192.0	0.667	61,471
2015	85	83	885	153.0	0.733	53,832
2016	103	102	922	196.0	0.678	65,088
				(1,000 tons)		
Cottonseed						
2007	(X)	(X)	(X)	32.9	161.00	5,297
2008	(X)	(X)	(X)	32.6	207.00	6,748
2009	(X)	(X)	(X)	34.5	135.00	4,658
2010	(X)	(X)	(X)	40.0	130.00	5,200
2011	(X)	(X)	(X)	53.0	218.00	11,554
2012	(X)	(X)	(X)	61.0	211.00	12,871
2013	(X)	(X)	(X)	38.0	197.00	7,486
2014	(X)	(X)	(X)	40.0	170.00	6,800
2015	(X)	(X)	(X)	41.0	208.00	8,528
2016	(X)	(X)	(X)	55.0	157.00	8,949

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Field Crops Acreage, Yield, Production, and Value by Crop Years – Florida: 2007-2016 (continued) [All 2016 estimates are preliminary]

Crop	Are	а	Viold	Draduction	Season	Value
and year	Planted	Harvested	Yield	Production	average price	of production
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
Hay, All ³						
2007	(X)	320	3.00	960	116.00	111,360
2008	(X)	300	3.00	900	136.00	122,400
2009	(X)	300	2.70	810	140.00	113,400
2010	(X)	320	2.40	768	141.00	108,288
2011	(X)	260	2.40	624	164.00	102,336
2012	(X)	320	2.50	800	167.00	133,600
2013	(X)	300	2.20	660	167.00	110,220
2014	(X)	320	2.60	832	152.00	126,464
2015	(X)	290	2.80	812	150.00	121,800
2016	(X)	300	2.70	810	160.00	129,600
			(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)		
Peanuts 4						
2007	130	119	2,700	321,300	0.186	59,762
2008	150	140	3,200	448,000	0.221	99,008
2009	115	105	3,200	336,000	0.202	67,872
2010	145	135	3,500	472,500	0.213	100,643
2011	170	157	3,500	549,500	0.292	160,454
2012	210	195	3,900	760,500	0.281	213,701
2013	140	131	3,950	517,450	0.242	125,223
2014	175	167	4,000	668,000	0.215	143,620
2015	190	180	3,600	648,000	0.188	121,824
2016	155	147	3,900	573,300	0.189	108,354
			(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)		
Soybeans ⁴						
2007	14	12	24	288	8.90	2,563
2008	32	29	38	1,102	8.50	9,367
2009	37	34	38	1,292	9.50	12,274
2010	25	23	30	690	11.00	7,590
2011	18	16	27	432	11.00	4,752
2012	21	20	39	780	14.00	10,920
2013	32	30	41	1,230	11.80	14,514
2014	39	37	43	1,591	8.90	14,160
2015	33	29	38	1,102	8.00	8,816
2016	31	29	36	1,044	8.75	9,135

See footnote(s) at end of table.

--continued

Field Crops Acreage, Yield, Production, and Value by Crop Years – Florida: 2007-2016 (continued)

[All 2015 estimates are preliminary]

Crop	Are	a	Viola	Duadvation	Season	Value
and year	Planted	Harvested	Yield	Production	average price	of production
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
Sugarcane For Sugar and Seed						
2007	(X)	393	36.1	14,177	(NA)	447,993
2008	(X)	401	33.1	13,255	(NA)	398,975
2009	(X)	387	36.0	13,939	(NA)	550,591
2010	(X)	392	33.1	12,972	(NA)	492,936
2011	(X)	397	37.6	14,930	(NA)	673,343
2012	(X)	413	36.9	15,220	(NA)	677,290
2013	(X)	416	34.6	14,400	(NA)	505,440
2014	(X)	408	38.6	15,738	(NA)	579,158
2015	(X)	413	42.7	17,653	(NA)	628,447
2016	(X)	430	40.9	17,607	(NA)	(NA)
Sugarcane For Sugar						
2007	(X)	375	36.0	13,500	31.60	426,600
2008	(X)	384	32.9	12,634	30.10	380,283
2009	(X)	370	35.9	13,283	39.50	524,679
2010	(X)	374	32.7	12,230	38.00	464,740
2011	(X)	380	37.5	14,250	45.10	642,675
2012	(X)	396	36.6	14,494	44.50	644,983
2013	(X)	400	34.3	13,720	35.10	481,572
2014	(X)	392	38.4	15,053	36.80	553,950
2015	(X)	398	42.5	16,915	35.60	602,174
2016	(X)	413	40.8	16,850	(NA)	(NA)
			(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)		
Wheat, Winter						
2007	13	9	55	495	4.00	1,980
2008	25	23	54	1,242	5.50	6,831
2009	17	14	44	616	4.30	2,649
2010	12	7	41	287	5.00	1,435
2011	12	8	46	368	6.60	2,429
2012	20	15	42	630	6.30	3,969
2013	25	19	59	1,121	5.75	6,446
2014	15	10	39	390	5.10	1,989
2015	25	15	43	645	4.15	2,677
2016	25	17	30	510	3.90	1,989

NA Not available.

NA Not available.

X Not applicable.

Planted for all purposes; harvested for grain.

Production in 480-pound net weight bales.

Baled hay.

Planted for all purposes; harvested for dry nuts or beans.

Pecan Production and Price by Variety - Florida: 2007-2016

		Utilized production		Price per pound			
Crop Year	Improved varieties 1	Native and seedling	All pecans	Improved Varieties	Native and seedling	All pecans	
	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(dollars)	(dollars)	(dollars)	
2007	1,700	200	1,900	1.000	.700	.968	
2008	1,400	300	1,700	2.000	1.100	1.840	
2009	1,500	1,600	3,100	1.200	1.100	1.150	
2010	1,200	300	1,500	1.900	1.100	1.740	
2011	1,400	2,600	4,000	1.850	1.400	1.560	
2012	1,100	900	2,000	1.100	0.750	0.943	
2013	700	(D)	(D)	1.720	(D)	(D)	
2014	100	(D)	(D)	1.750	(D)	(D)	
2015	190	(D)	(D)	2.170	(D)	(D)	
2016	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	

D Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.

NA Not available.

Pecan Value of Utilized Production by Variety - Florida: 2007-2016

Crop Year	Improved varieties 1	Native and seedling	All pecans
	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
2007	1,700	140	1,840
2008	2,800	330	3,130
2009	1,800	1,760	3,560
2010	2,280	330	2,610
2011	2,590	3,640	6,230
2012	1,210	675	1,885
2013	1,204	(D)	(D)
2014	175	(D)	(D)
2015	412	(D)	(D)
2016	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

D Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual operations. NA Not available.

¹ Budded, grafted, or top-worked varieties.

¹ Budded, grafted, or top-worked varieties.

Peanuts Acreage, Yield, and Production by District and County - Florida: 2015 and 2016

Peanuts Acreage, Yield, and Production by District and County – Florida: 2015 and 2016											
District		ed for		ed for dry		eld	Produ	uction			
and	all pur	poses	pea	nuts	per a	acre					
county	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016			
	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)			
District 10											
Calhoun	4,100	(D)	3,900	(D)	3,179	(D)	12,400	(D)			
Escambia	9,600	6,500	9,200	6,200	3,788	4,234	35,850	26,250			
Holmes	6,100	5,400	5,200	5,100	3,154	3,137	16,400	16,000			
Jackson	41,500	33,200	39,900	31,500	3,110	3,724	124,100	117,300			
Santa Rosa	26,000	16,100	25,300	15,500	3,449	4,552	87,250	70,550			
Walton	5,300	(D)	5,100	(D)	3,578	(D)	18,250	(D)			
Washington	(D)	3,600	(D)	3,400	(D)	4,426	(D)	15,050			
Other, District 10	10,400	13,800	9,800	12,900	3,648	3,694	35,750	47,650			
Total	103,000	78,600	98,400	74,600	3,343	3,925	329,000	292,800			
District 30											
Lafayette	4,600	(D)	4,500	(D)	4,356	(D)	19,600	(D)			
Madison	(D)	9,200	(D)	8,800	(D)	3,443	(D)	30,300			
Suwannee	10,500	11,300	8,400	10,800	4,940	4,380	41,500	47,300			
Other, District 30	28,400	16,600	27,300	15,800	3,722	4,582	101,600	72,400			
Total	43,500	37,100	40,200	35,400	4,047	4,237	162,700	150,000			
Other, Counties	43,500	39,300	41,400	37,000	3,775	3,527	156,300	130,500			
State Total	190,000	155,000	180,000	147,000	3,600	3,900	648,000	573,300			

D Not published due to insufficient data or to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

Cotton Acreage, Yield, and Production, by District and County - Florida: 2015 and 2016

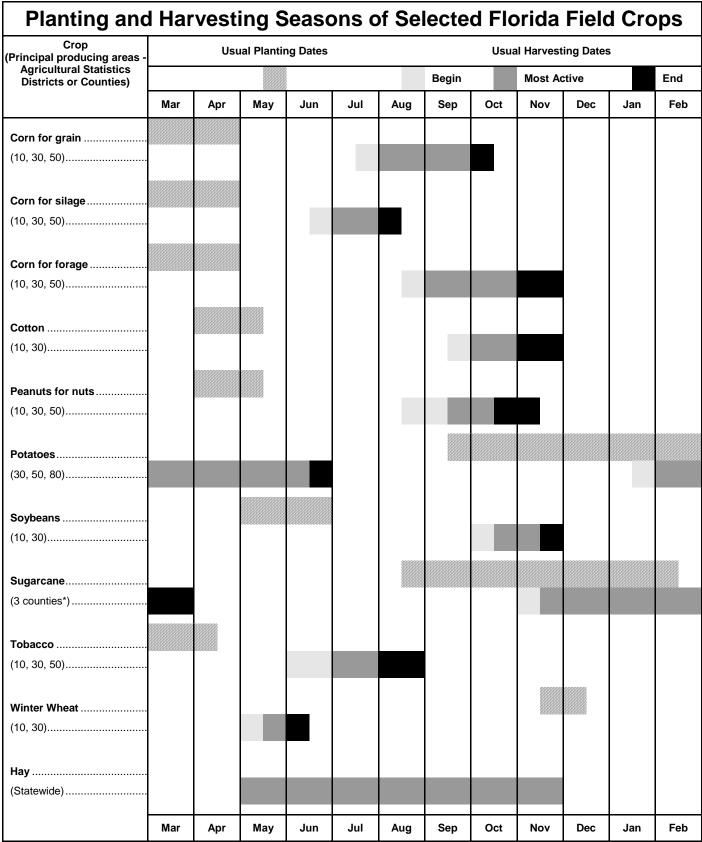
District and	Planted		Harvested		Yield p	er acre	Produ	ıction
county	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015 (1)	2016 (1)
	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(bales)	(bales)
District 10								
Calhoun	7,500	8,600	7,400	7,800	908	775	14,000	12,600
Escambia	10,100	12,300	10,000	12,300	1,003	991	20,900	25,400
Holmes	3,500	3,700	3,000	3,700	704	778	4,400	6,000
Jackson	32,400	34,400	31,600	34,300	852	956	56,100	68,300
Santa Rosa	16,100	22,700	15,900	22,700	842	992	27,900	46,900
Washington	3,600	4,300	3,500	4,300	789	882	5,750	7,900
Other, District 10	7,700	9,200	7,600	9,200	1,083	981	17,150	18,800
Total	80,900	95,200	79,000	94,300	888	946	146,200	185,900
Other districts total	4,100	7,800	4,000	7,700	816	630	6,800	10,100
State Total	85,000	103,000	83,000	102,000	885	922	153,000	196,000

D Not published due to insufficient data or to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

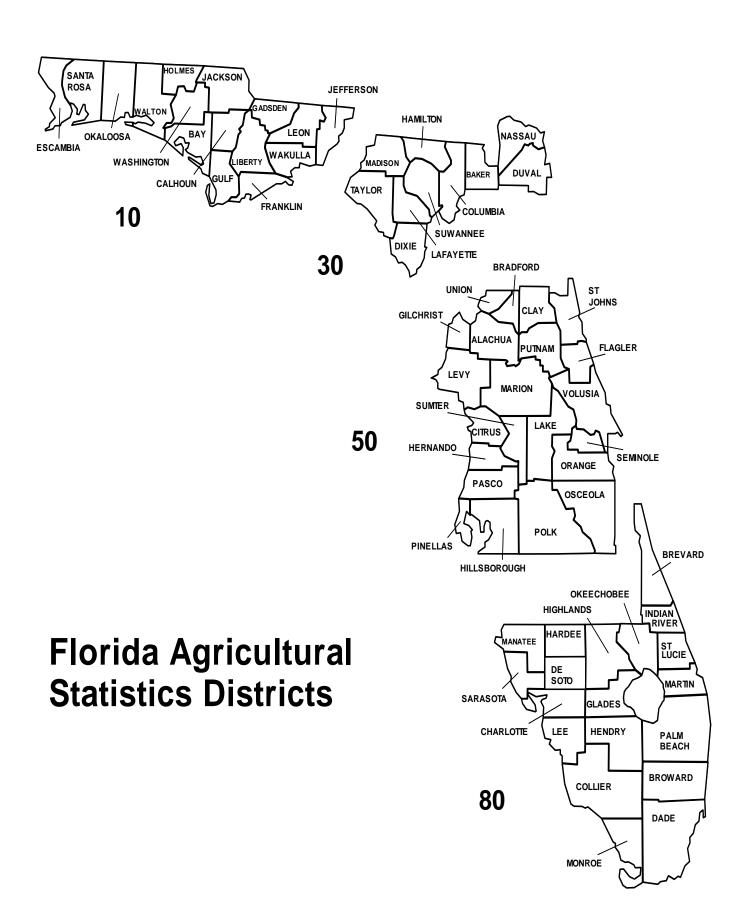
¹ 480-lb net weight bale.

Sugarcane for Sugar Acreage, Yield, and Production by County - Florida: 2014 and 2015

County	Harve	ested	Yield p	er acre	Production		
County	2014 2015		2014	2015	2014	2015	
	(acres)	(acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)	
Glades	23,000	23,300	38.4	42.0	883,000	987,000	
Hendry	63,000	65,000	38.1	41.8	2,399,000	2,715,000	
Palm Beach	292,000	294,000	38.4	42.6	11,209,000	12,526,000	
Other	14,000	15,700	40.1	44.3	562,000	696,000	
State Total	392,000	398,000	38.4	42.5	15,053,000	16,915,000	



^{*} Palm Beach, Hendry, and Glades



LIVESTOCK HIGHLIGHTS

Dairy

Florida dairies produced 2.50 billion pounds of milk in 2016 down from 2.58 billion pounds produced during 2015. Annual milk production per cow was 20,350 pounds, down from 20,656 pounds per cow in 2015. On January 1, 2017, there were 123,000 milk cows on Florida farms and commercial dairies, a decrease of 2,000 from 2016. Florida ranked 19th among States in number of milk cows.

Cash receipts from marketings of Florida milk in 2016 totaled \$489 million, down from \$549 million in 2015. In 2016, the highest price of replacement milk cows was \$1,800 per head in January 2016, down from a peak price of \$2,170 in January 2015.

Beef

All cattle and calves on Florida farms and ranches as of January 1, 2017, including dairy cattle, totaled 1.70 million head, up 20,000 from 2016. Beef cows in Florida were 908,000 head, up 3,000 head from 2016. Nationally, Florida ranked 13th in beef cows and 18th in total cattle. Calves born during 2016 totaled 810,000 head, up 10,000 head from 2015.

Cash receipts from cattle and calf marketings were \$547 million in 2016, down from \$870 million in 2015. There were 782,500 head of cattle marketed in 2016, of which 560,000 head were calves.

Poultry

Hens and pullets of laying age on farms in December 2016 were 8.00 million birds, compared to 9.27 million birds in December 2015. Florida egg production from December 1, 2015 to November 30, 2016, was 2.36 million eggs, a decrease from the previous year's production of 2.46 million eggs.

The total value of Florida egg production in 2016 was \$110 million, down from \$317 million in 2015. Florida ranks 14th among all States. The value of broilers produced in Florida during 2016 totaled \$175 million, down from \$203 million a year earlier.

Florida live weight broiler production in 2016 totaled 367 million pounds, down from 377 million pounds produced in 2015. Broilers produced in Florida during 2016 totaled 63.2 million birds, down from 65.1 million birds in 2015. Florida was the 18th ranked State in broiler production.

Hogs

The hog inventory in Florida in December 1, 2016 was 18,000 head. There were 27,000 head of hogs marketed in Florida in 2016, down from 31,000 head in 2015. There were 49,400 head slaughtered in 2016, down from 51,100 head in 2015. Cash receipts from hogs in 2016 were \$1.75 million.

Beef and Dairy Cows that have Calved and Replacement Heifers - Florida: January 1, 2008-2017

-		Cows that h	nave calved	-		Heifers 500 pc	ounds and over	
Year	Total	Beef	Milk	Milk cattle Percent of Total	Total	Beef	Milk	Other Heifers
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(percent)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)
2008	1,060	940	120	11.3	200	135	35	30
2009	1,060	942	118	11.1	190	130	35	25
2010	1,070	958	112	10.5	180	125	30	25
2011	1,050	936	114	10.9	160	100	35	25
2012	1,090	970	120	11.0	170	110	30	30
2013	1,100	977	123	11.2	160	110	30	20
2014	1,030	907	123	11.9	180	115	35	30
2015	1,030	906	124	12.0	195	130	35	30
2016	1,030	905	125	12.1	190	125	40	25
2017	1,030	908	122	11.8	190	125	35	30

Milk Cows Inventory by County – Florida: January 1, 2008-2017 [All milk cows both dry and in milk which have calved at least once]

Year	Alachua	DeSoto	Duval	Escambia	Gilchrist
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	4,000	3,000	(1)	(1)	15,000
2009	2,700	3,400	(1)	(1)	14,500
2010	2,000	3,200	(1)	(1)	14,000
2011	2,500	3,300	(1)	(1)	13,900
2012	2,700	3,400	(1)	(1)	14,800
2013	1,600	3,300	(1)	300	11,600
2014	1,600	3,300	(1)	300	11,600
2015	1,700	3,300	(1)	300	11,700
2016	1,700	3,400	(1)	300	11,800
2017	1,600	3,300	(1)	300	11,500
Rank	9	8		16	4
Year	Hardee	Hernando	Highlands	Hillsborough	Holmes
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	12,000	1,900	5,300	1,800	900
2009	12,000	1,600	6,000	1,400	800
2010	11,000	1,300	5,800	1,100	800
2011	11,300	1,400	6,000	1,300	800
2012	12,000	1,600	6,100	1,400	1,000
2013	14,000	(1)	7,500	600	1,200
2014	14,000	(1)	7,500	600	1,200
2015	14,000	(1)	7,600	600	1,200
2016	14,200	(1)	7,600	400	1,200
2017	13,800	(1)	7,500	600	1,200
Rank	2		6	13	11

See footnote(s) at end of table.

Milk Cows Inventory by County – Florida: January 1, 2008-2017(continued)
[All milk cows both dry and in milk which have calved at least once]

Year	Jackson	Lafayette	Lake	Levy	Manatee
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	1,200	14,000	100	100	2,500
2009	900	14,500	100	100	3,400
2010	1,000	14,000	100	100	3,400
2011	900	14,000	(1)	(1)	3,300
2012	900	14,800	100	100	3,600
2013	1,300	12,700	100	(1)	4,100
2014	1,300	12,700	(1)	(1)	4,100
2015	1,300	12,700	(1)	(1)	4,200
2016	1,300	12,800	(1)	(1)	4,400
2017	1,300	12,600	(1)	(1)	4,100
Rank	10	3			7
Year	Marion	Okeechobee	Pasco	Polk	Sarasota
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	(1)	31,000	1,700	(1)	1,500
2009	(1)	29,500	1,900	(1)	3,000
2010	(1)	28,000	1,800	(1)	3,000
2011	(1)	28,500	1,700	(1)	2,900
2012	(1)	30,000	2,000	(1)	3,100
2013	(1)	31,000	1,100	400	(1)
2014	(1)	31,000	1,100	400	(1)
2015	(1)	31,000	1,100	400	(1)
2016	(1)	31,500	1,100	600	(1)
2017	(1)	30,500	1,100	400	(1)
Rank		1	12	15	
Year	Sumter	Suwannee	Washington	Other counties	Total
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	(1)	9,000	300	14,700	120,000
2009	(1)	7,500	300	14,400	118,000
2010	(1)	7,000	300	14,100	112,000
2011	(1)	7,300	300	14,600	114,000
2012	(1)	7,600	300	14,500	120,000
2013	(1)	11,000	500	20,800	123,000
2014	(1)	11,000	500	20,800	123,000
2015	(1)	11,100	500	21,300	124,000
2016	(1)	11,100	500	21,700	125,000
2016	(1)	10,900	500	20,800	122,000
Rank		5	14		

¹ Included in Other counties.

Milk Cows and Production - Florida: 2007-2016

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual
	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)
Milk Cows													
2007	130	130	129	128	127	126	125	124	123	121	120	120	125
2008	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	119	119	118	120
2009	118	117	117	117	117	116	115	114	114	113	113	112	115
2010	112	113	114	114	115	115	115	114	113	114	114	114	114
2011	116	118	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	120	120	120	119
2012		122	122	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123
2013		122	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	123	123	123	123	123	123	123
2014		123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	124	123
2015		124	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125
2016	126	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	120	120	121	122	123
	(pounds)												
Monthly Production Per Cow													
2007	1,470	1,415	1,620	1,595	1,585	1,470	1,400	1,235	1,170	1,155	1,240	1,410	16,832
2008	1,550	1,535	1,660	1,565	1,625	1,440	1,385	1,240	1,160	1,225	1,320	1,515	17,175
2009	1,660	1,540	1,760	1,710	1,710	1,535	1,450	1,335	1,185	1,230	1,365	1,545	18,087
2010	1,645	1,600	1,815	1,770	1,705	1,600	1,530	1,335	1,255	1,335	1,475	1,660	18,711
2011	1,775	1,685	1,865	1,740	1,725	1,630	1,520	1,405	1,305	1,350	1,460	1,635	19,067
2012	1,780	1,720	1,870	1,805	1,770	1,625	1,520	1,405	1,250	1,300	1,445	1,570	19,024
2013		1,670	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,625	1,445	1,325	1,400	1,495	1,600	19,374
2014	•	1,715	1,925	1,870	1,885	1,770	1,715	1,565	1,420	1,470	1,535	1,685	20,390
2015		1,780	1,960	1,895	1,920	1,790	1,715	1,555	1,450	1,470	1,530	1,745	20,656
2016	1,810	1,715	1,895	1,855	1,870	1,730	1,645	1,585	1,450	1,475	1,595	1,785	20,350
	(million pounds)												
Annual Milk Production													
2007	191	184	209	204	201	185	175	153	144	140	149	169	2,104
2008	186	184	199	188	195	173	166	149	139	146	157	179	2,061
2009	196	180	206	200	200	178	167	152	135	139	154	173	2,080
2010	184	181	207	202	196	184	176	152	142	152	168	189	2,133
2011	206	199	222	207	205	194	181	167	155	162	175	196	2,269
2012	217	210	228	222	218	200	187	173	154	160	178	193	2,340
2013	211	204	227	220	225	202	200	178	163	172	184	197	2,383
2014	223	211	237	230	232	218	211	192	175	181	189	209	2,508
2015	233	221	245	237	240	224	214	194	181	184	191	218	2,582
2016	228	216	237	230	230	211	199	190	174	177	193	218	2,503

NA Not available.

Milk Production, Utilization, Milkfat, and Cash Receipts - Florida: 2007-2016

Year	Total milk production 1	Milk used on farms	Milk sold to plants and dealers ²	Milkfat	Cash receipts from marketings	
	(million pounds)	(million pounds)	(million pounds)	(percent)	(1,000 dollars)	
2007	2,104	7	2,097	3.63	459,243	
2008	2,061	6	2,055	3.60	464,430	
2009	2,080	6	2,074	3.58	350,506	
2010	2,133	6	2,127	3.60	440,289	
2011	2,269	6	2,263	3.67	545,646	
2012	2,340	6	2,334	3.66	520,482	
2013	2,383	6	2,377	3.64	568,103	
2014	2,508	6	2,502	3.60	705,564	
2015	2,582	6	2,576	3.60	548,688	
2016	2,503	6	2,497	3.62	489,412	

¹ Excludes milk fed to calves.

Milk Price Monthly and Annual for Milk Marketed by Producers to Plants – Florida: 2007-2016 [Milk eligible for fluid market]

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June
	(dollars per cwt)					
2007	17.60	17.40	18.20	18.90	19.80	21.80
2008	24.50	23.20	20.40	22.00	21.90	22.80
2009	20.40	16.30	14.90	15.80	16.30	15.50
2010	20.00	20.00	19.60	18.40	19.00	20.50
2011	20.80	21.90	23.30	24.20	24.40	25.30
2012	23.50	21.70	21.10	20.50	20.10	19.90
2013	23.80	23.30	23.00	22.80	22.80	23.50
2014	26.60	27.60	28.50	28.70	29.40	27.70
2015	22.60	21.20	20.20	20.10	20.50	20.90
2016	19.80	18.90	18.30	18.50	18.30	18.20

Year	July	August	September	October	November	December	Weighted Average
	(dollars per cwt)						
2007	24.90	25.80	26.00	25.90	25.90	23.90	21.90
2008	25.50	23.90	23.10	21.00	22.20	21.00	22.60
2009	15.70	15.50	16.10	17.70	18.20	19.40	16.90
2010	21.00	21.00	21.40	22.00	22.80	22.30	20.70
2011	25.80	26.80	26.80	24.50	23.70	23.20	24.20
2012	20.50	21.90	22.90	24.20	25.70	25.40	22.30
2013	23.70	23.80	24.20	24.60	25.30	25.60	23.90
2014	28.20	29.20	29.80	28.80	27.30	26.90	28.20
2015	21.40	21.00	22.20	21.50	22.20	21.50	21.30
2016	19.00	19.00	21.40	20.90	19.90	22.10	19.60

² Includes sales directly to consumers by producers who sell milk from their own herds. Also includes milk produced by institutional herds.

Replacement Milk Cow Price per Head, by Quarter – Florida: 2007-2016

Year	January	April	July	October
	(dollars per head)	(dollars per head)	(dollars per head)	(dollars per head)
2007	1,770	1,850	2,050	2,250
2008	2,200	2,250	2,350	2,250
2009	1,980	1,550	1,550	1,350
2010	1,360	1,450	1,360	1,400
2011	1,360	1,480	1,550	1,620
2012	1,490	1,450	1,440	1,470
2013	1,470	(NA)	(NA)	1,550
2014	1,560	1,800	1,900	2,190
2015	2,170	2,100	2,100	2,030
2016	1,800	1,790	1,650	1,610

Cattle And Calves Inventory by County – Florida: January 1, 2008-2017
[All classes, for both beef and dairy]

[All classes, for both Year	Alachua	Baker	Bay	Bradford	Brevard	Broward
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	48,000	5,000	(2)	11,000	24,000	8,000
2009	46,000	5,000	(2)	10,000	29,000	5,000
2010	46,000	6,000	1,000	10,000	26,000	3,000
2011	44,000	4,800	1,000	9,600	28,000	4,800
2012	46,500	5,000	1,000	10,100	29,000	5,000
2013	40,000	4,600	800	8,900	24,000	2,800
2014	39,000	4,500	700	8,700	23,500	2,800
2015	39,500	4,500	700	8,800	23,500	2,800
2016	39,500	4,500	800	8,800	23,500	2,800
2017	40,000	4,600	700	8,800	23,500	2,800
Rank	13	⁽¹⁾ 50	63	39	25	58
Year	Calhoun	Charlotte	Citrus	Clay	Collier	Columbia
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	4,000	22,000	7,000	7,000	11,000	20,000
2009	4,000	24,000	7,000	6,000	11,000	21,000
2010	4,000	19,500	7,000	6,000	11,000	22,000
2011	3,800	23,000	6,700	5,800	10,500	20,000
2012	4,000	24,000	7,000	6,000	11,100	21,000
2013	4,700	25,000	8,300	6,500	11,700	33,000
2014	4,700	25,000	8,200	6,300	11,500	32,500
2015	4,700	25,000	8,200	6,400	11,500	33,000
2016	4,700	25,000	8,200	6,400	11,500	32,500
2017	4,700	25,000	8,300	6,400	11,600	33,000
Rank	49	24	⁽¹⁾ 41	45	34	⁽¹⁾ 17
Year	DeSoto	Dixie	Duval	Escambia	Flagler	Gadsden
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	75,000	6,000	7,000	8,000	5,000	5,000
2009	73,000	7,000	6,000	7,000	5,000	6,000
2010	73,000	8,500	5,500	7,000	4,000	6,000
2011	70,000	6,700	5,700	6,700	4,800	5,700
2012	73,000	7,000	6,000	7,000	5,000	6,000
2013	63,000	5,100	6,800	4,600	3,300	4,000
2014	63,000	5,000	6,700	4,600	3,200	3,900
2015	63,000	5,000	6,800	4,600	3,200	3,900
2016	63,000	5,100	6,800	4,600	3,200	3,900
2017	64,000	5,100	6,800	4,600	3,200	3,900
Rank	(1) 7	48	44	⁽¹⁾ 50	57	55

See footnote(s) at end of table.

Cattle And Calves Inventory by County – Florida: January 1, 2008-2017
[All classes, for both beef and dairy]

(continued)

Year	Gilchrist	Glades	Gulf	Hamilton	Hardee	Hendry
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	37,000	65,000	(2)	8,000	87,000	77,000
2009	37,000	59,000	500	8,000	85,000	67,000
2010	38,500	56,000	(2)	8,500	86,000	58,000
2011	35,500	57,000	(2)	7,700	82,000	64,000
2012	37,000	59,000	500	8,000	86,000	67,000
2013	33,000	64,000	(2)	8,000	71,000	67,000
2014	32,500	63,000	(2)	7,900	69,000	66,000
2015	33,000	63,000	(2)	7,900	70,000	66,000
2016	33,000	63,000	(2)	8,000	70,000	66,000
2017	33,000	64,000	(2)	8,000	71,000	67,000
Rank	⁽¹⁾ 17	(1) 7		43	5	6
Year	Hernando	Highlands	Hillsborough	Holmes	Indian River	Jackson
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	16,000	105,000	63,000	22,000	17,000	42,000
2009	16,000	105,000	64,000	28,000	19,000	48,000
2010	15,000	110,000	67,000	33,000	20,000	54,000
2011	15,300	100,000	61,000	27,000	18,000	46,000
2012	16,100	105,000	64,000	28,000	19,100	48,500
2013	16,000	125,000	38,000	20,000	19,300	46,000
2014	15,700	120,000	37,500	19,600	19,000	45,500
2015	15,800	125,000	37,500	19,700	19,000	46,000
2016	15,800	125,000	37,500	19,700	19,000	45,500
2017	16,000	125,000	38,000	20,000	19,300	46,500
Rank	32	2	16	⁽¹⁾ 27	29	12
Year	Jefferson	Lafayette	Lake	Lee	Leon	Levy
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	11,000	25,000	25,000	13,000	4,000	37,000
2009	12,000	28,000	23,000	13,000	3,000	35,000
2010	13,000	32,000	21,000	12,500	2,000	33,000
2011	11,500	27,000	22,000	12,500	2,900	33,500
2012	12,100	28,000	23,000	13,100	3,100	35,000
2013	16,300	26,000	23,000	10,400	2,100	30,000
2014	16,000	26,000	23,000	10,200	2,100	30,000
2015	16,300	26,000	23,000	10,300	2.100	29,500
2016	16,100	26,000	23,000	10,300	2,100	30,000
2017	16,300	26,000	23,000	10,400	2,100	30,000
Rank	31	23	26	36	59	21

See footnote(s) at end of table.

Cattle And Calves Inventory by County – Florida: January 1, 2008-2017 [All classes, for both beef and dairy]

(continued)

Year	Madison	Manatee	Marion	Martin	Miami-Dade	Nassau
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	27,000	47,000	39,000	24,000	3,000	7,000
2009	36,000	41,000	45,000	23,000	3,000	7,000
2010	44,000	36,000	48,000	23,000	3,000	7,000
2011	34,500	39,500	43,000	22,000	2,900	6,700
2012	36,000	41,000	45,500	23,000	3,000	7,100
2013	28,500	31,500	48,000	39,000	4,100	5,800
2014	28,000	31,000	47,000	38,500	4,000	5,700
2015	28,500	31,500	47,500	38,500	4,000	5,700
2016	28,500	31,500	47,000	38,500	4,000	5,700
2017	28,500	31,500	48,000	39,000	4,000	5,700
Rank	22	⁽¹⁾ 19	10	15	54	47
Year	Okaloosa	Okeechobee	Orange	Osceola	Palm Beach	Pasco
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	4,000	150,000	12,000	105,000	4,000	43,000
2009	4,000	145,000	11,000	105,000	4,000	38,000
2010	3,000	145,000	11,000	105,000	4,000	35,000
2011	3,800	140,000	10,500	100,000	3,800	36,500
2012	4,100	150,000	11,100	105,000	4,000	38,000
2013	6,100	185,000	19,000	97,000	9,400	31,500
2014	6,000	180,000	18,700	96,000	9,300	31,000
2015	6,100	180,000	18,500	96,000	9,300	31,000
2016	6,000	180,000	18,800	96,000	9,400	31,000
2017	6,100	185,000	19,000	97,000	9,400	31,500
Rank	46	1	30	3	37	⁽¹⁾ 19
Year	Pinellas	Polk	Putnam	St. Johns	St. Lucie	Santa Rosa
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	(2)	100,000	9,000	4,000	25,000	6,000
2009	(2)	99,000	9,000	3,000	23,000	6,000
2010	(2)	100,000	9,000	3,000	21,000	8,000
2011	(2)	95,000	8,600	2,900	22,000	5,800
2012	500	100,000	9,100	3,000	23,000	6,000
2013	100	94,000	9,300	1,400	39,500	4,400
2014	100	93,000	9,100	1,400	39,000	4,400
2015	100	93,000	9,200	1,400	39,000	4,400
2016	100	93,000	9,100	1,500	39,000	4,400
2017	100	94,000	9,300	1,400	39,500	4,400
Rank	65	4	38	60	14	52

See footnote(s) at end of table.

Cattle And Calves Inventory by County - Florida: January 1, 2008-2017

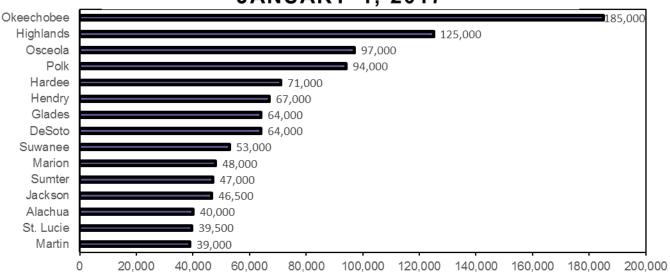
[All classes, for both beef and dairy]

(continued)

Year	Sarasota	Seminole	Sumter	Suwannee	Taylor	Union
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	19,000	8,000	42,000	53,000	5,000	8,000
2009	17,000	7,000	36,000	55,000	4,000	9,000
2010	17,000	6,000	37,000	62,000	3,500	10,000
2011	16,300	6,000	34,500	53,000	3,800	8,600
2012	17,100	7,000	36,000	55,000	4,000	9,100
2013	15,900	3,400	47,000	53,000	4,200	8,400
2014	15,600	3,400	46,000	52,000	4,100	8,200
2015	15,600	3,400	46,000	52,000	4,200	8,300
2016	15,700	3,400	46,000	52,000	4,200	8,300
2017	15,800	3,400	47,000	53,000	4,200	8,300
Rank	33	56	11	9	53	⁽¹⁾ 41
Year	Volusia	Wakulla	Walton	Washington	Other counties	Total
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	11,000	1,100	16,000	8,000	2,900	1,710,000
2009	13,000	1,000	22,000	9,000	3,000	1,700,000
2010	13,000	1,000	29,000	9,500	3,000	1,720,000
2011	12,500	1,000	21,000	8,600	2,000	1,630,000
2012	13,100	1,000	22,000	9,100	1,000	1,710,000
2013	11,500	1,000	20,000	8,500	1,300	1,700,000
2014	11,300	1,000	19,700	8,400	1,300	1,670,000
2015	11,300	1,000	19,800	8,400	1,400	1,680,000
2016	11,400	1,000	19,900	8,500	1,300	1,680,000
2017	11,500	1,000	20,000	8,500	1,300	1,700,000
Rank	35	62	⁽¹⁾ 27	40		

¹ Two or more counties with similar rankings.

FLORIDA'S TOP 15 CATTLE COUNTIES, JANUARY 1, 2017



² Included in Other counties.

Beef Cows Inventory by County – Florida: January 1, 2008-2017 [Beef production brood cows only, which have calved at least once]

Year	Alachua	Baker	Bay	Bradford	Brevard	Broward
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	27,000	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	3,000
2009	27,000	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	2,000
2010	28,000	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	1,000
2011	27,000	(2)	600	(2)	(2)	2,000
2012	28,000	(2)	600	(2)	(2)	2,100
2013	24,000	2,800	500	(2)	15,800	1,800
2014	22,000	2,600	400	(2)	14,700	1,700
2015	22,000	2,600	400	(2)	14,700	1,700
2016	22,000	2,600	400	(2)	14,700	1,700
2017	22,000	2,600	400	(2)	14,700	1,700
Rank	⁽¹⁾ 10	32	43		16	39
Year	Calhoun	Charlotte	Citrus	Clay	Collier	Columbia
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	(2)	14,000	(2)	(2)	8,000	12,000
2009	(2)	15,000	(2)	(2)	7,000	12,000
2010	(2)	16,500	(2)	(2)	7,000	13,000
2011	(2)	15,000	(2)	(2)	6,900	12,000
2012	(2)	16,200	(2)	(2)	7,200	12,400
2013	2,700	17,500	(2)	(2)	7,200	24,500
2014	2,500	16,300	(2)	(2)	6,700	22,500
2015	2,500	16,200	(2)	(2)	6,700	22,500
2016	2,500	16,200	(2)	(2)	6,600	22,500
2017	2,500	16,300	(2)	(2)	6,700	22,500
Rank	(1) 33	⁽¹⁾ 14			22	9
Year	DeSoto	Dixie	Duval	Escambia	Flagler	Gadsden
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	42,000	(2)	(2)	(2)	4,000	(2)
2009	41,000	(2)	(2)	(2)	3,500	(2)
2010	40,000	(2)	(2)	(2)	3,000	(2)
2011	40,000	(2)	(2)	(2)	3,400	(2)
2012	42,000	(2)	(2)	(2)	3,600	(2)
2013	36,500	(2)	(2)	2,600	2,500	2,500
2014	34,000	(2)	(2)	2,400	2,300	2,300
2015	34,000	(2)	(2)	2,400	2,300	2,300
2016	34,000	(2)	(2)	2,400	2,300	2,300
2017	34,000	(2)	(2)	2,400	2,400	2,400
Rank	6			⁽¹⁾ 35	⁽¹⁾ 35	⁽¹⁾ 35

See footnote(s) at end of table.

Beef Cows Inventory by County – Florida: January 1, 2008-2017 [Beef production brood cows only, which have calved at least once]

(continued)

Year	Gilchrist	Glades	Hamilton	Hardee	Hendry	Hernando
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	8,000	(2)	(2)	49,000	(2)	7,000
2009	8,000	(2)	(2)	47,000	(2)	8,000
2010	8,500	(2)	(2)	47,000	(2)	8,500
2011	8,000	(2)	(2)	46,000	(2)	7,900
2012	8,200	(2)	(2)	48,500	(2)	8,200
2013	8,000	(2)	3,900	37,000	(2)	(2)
2014	7,600	(2)	3,700	34,500	(2)	(2)
2015	7,600	(2)	3,700	34,500	(2)	(2)
2016	7,600	(2)	3,700	34,500	(2)	(2)
2017	7,600	(2)	3,700	34,500	(2)	(2)
Rank	21		28	5		
Year	Highlands	Hillsborough	Holmes	Indian River	Jackson	Jefferson
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	61,000	33,000	11,000	11,000	21,000	(2)
2009	63,000	36,000	15,000	12,000	25,000	(2)
2010	64,000	40,000	17,000	14,000	30,000	(2)
2011	62,000	39,000	15,000	12,000	25,000	(2)
2012	65,000	37,000	15,400	12,400	25,500	(2)
2013	75,000	24,500	8,800	13,700	24,000	(2)
2014	70,000	22,500	8,200	12,800	22,000	(2)
2015	70,000	22,500	8,200	12,800	22,000	(2)
2016	70,000	22,500	8,200	12,700	22,000	(2)
2017	70,000	23,000	8,200	12,800	22,000	(2)
Rank	2	8	20	18	⁽¹⁾ 10	
Year	Lafayette	Lake	Lee	Leon	Levy	Liberty
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	4,000	14,000	8,000	2,000	20,000	(2)
2009	5,000	13,000	8,000	1,500	19,000	(2)
2010	5,500	14,000	8,500	1,600	18,000	(2)
2011	5,000	13,000	8,000	1,500	19,000	(2)
2012	5,100	13,400	8,200	1,500	19,600	(2)
2013	6,800	15,600	7,000	(2)	(2)	800
2014	6,400	14,500	6,500	(2)	(2)	700
2015	6,300	14,500	6,400	(2)	(2)	700
2016	6,300	14,400	6,400	(2)	(2)	700
2017	6,400	14,500	6,500	(2)	(2)	700
Rank	24	17	23			41

See footnote(s) at end of table.

Beef Cows Inventory by County – Florida: January 1, 2008-2017
[Beef production brood cows only, which have calved at least once]

(continued)

Year	Madison	Manatee	Marion	Martin	Miami-Dade	Nassau
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	(2)	27,000	27,000	(2)	1,800	(2)
2009	(2)	23,000	27,000	(2)	2,000	(2)
2010	(2)	21,000	27,000	(2)	2,000	(2)
2011	(2)	23,000	27,000	(2)	2,000	(2)
2012	(2)	23,500	28,000	(2)	2,100	(2)
2013	(2)	17,600	30,000	(2)	2,700	(2)
2014	(2)	16,300	28,000	(2)	2,500	(2)
2015	(2)	16,300	28,000	(2)	2,500	(2)
2016	(2)	16,200	28,000	(2)	2,500	(2)
2017	(2)	16,300	28,000	(2)	2,500	(2)
Rank		⁽¹⁾ 14	7		(1) 33	
Year	Okaloosa	Okeechobee	Orange	Osceola	Palm Beach	Pasco
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	2,000	67,000	(2)	75,000	(2)	25,000
2009	2,000	66,000	(2)	75,000	(2)	23,000
2010	2,000	64,000	(2)	75,000	(2)	23,000
2011	2,000	65,000	(2)	74,000	(2)	23,000
2012	2,100	68,000	(2)	77,000	(2)	23,500
2013	3,900	88,000	12,400	66,000	6,100	21,500
2014	3,600	81,000	11,500	61,000	5,700	19,900
2015	3,600	81,000	11,500	61,000	5,700	19,800
2016	3,600	81,000	11,400	61,000	5,600	19,800
2017	3,600	81,000	11,500	61,000	5,700	19,900
Rank	29	1	19	(1) 3	25	12
Year	Pinellas	Polk	Putnam	St. Johns	St. Lucie	Santa Rosa
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	(2)	(2)	(2)	2,500	(2)	4,000
2009	(2)	(2)	(2)	2,000	(2)	4,000
2010	(2)	(2)	(2)	2,000	(2)	4,000
2011	100	(2)	(2)	2,000	(2)	3,900
2012	100	(2)	(2)	2,100	(2)	4,100
2013	100	66,000	(2)	900	(2)	2,800
2014	100	61,000	(2)	900	(2)	2,600
2015	100	61,000	(2)	900	(2)	2,600
2016	100	61,000	(2)	800	(2)	2,600
2017	100	61,000	(2)	900	(2)	2,700
Rank	44	(1) 3		40		⁽¹⁾ 30
See footnote(s) at en	d of table					continued

See footnote(s) at end of table.

--continued

Beef Cows Inventory by County – Florida: January 1, 2008-2017 [Beef production brood cows only, which have calved at least once]

(continued)

Year	Sarasota	Seminole	Sumter	Suwannee	Taylor	Union
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	10,000	(2)	(2)	18,000	3,000	5,000
2009	9.900	(2)	(2)	20.000	3.000	6.000

Beef Cows Inventory by County – Florida: January 1, 2008-2017 [Beef production brood cows only, which have calved at least once]

(continued)

Year	Sarasota	Seminole	Sumter	Suwannee	Taylor	Union
2010	7,500	(2)	(2)	22,000	2,500	6,000
2011	10,000	(2)	(2)	20,000	2,500	6,000
2012	10,200	(2)	(2)	21,000	3,100	6,200
2013	(2)	2,400	(2)	17,800	2,900	5,500
2014	(2)	2,300	(2)	16,600	2,700	5,100
2015	(2)	2,300	(2)	16,600	2,700	5,100
2016	(2)	2,300	(2)	16,500	2,700	5,100
2017	(2)	2,300	(2)	16,600	2,700	5,200
Rank		38		13	(1) 30	26
Year	Volusia	Wakulla	Walton	Washington	Other counties	Total
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	(2)	500	7,000	3,500	302,700	940,000
2009	(2)	500	8,000	5,000	297,600	942,000
2010	(2)	500	9,500	5,500	299,400	958,000
2011	(2)	500	8,000	5,000	293,200	936,000
2012	(2)	500	8,200	5,100	305,900	970,000
2013	(2)	600	(2)	5,000	258,800	977,000
2014	(2)	500	(2)	4,700	241,200	907,000
2015	(2)	500	(2)	4,700	240,600	906,000
2016	(2)	500	(2)	4,700	240,400	905,000
2017	(2)	500	(2)	4,700	241,300	908,000
Rank		42		27		

¹ Two or more counties with similar rankings.

Cattle and Calves Marketings, Cash Receipts, and Gross Income - Florida: 2007-2016

Outtie and Ourre	o markomigo, oa	1 1011da1 2007 20				
Voor	Markatinga 1	Price Per 1	00 Pounds	Cash	Gross	
Year	Marketings ¹	Cattle	Calves	Receipts ²	Income ³	
	(1,000 pounds)	(dollars)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	
2007	470,400	76.40	112.00	451,286	451,398	
2008	473,900	70.70	98.90	407,468	407,567	
2009	459,050	67.30	93.70	377,284	377,378	
2010	539,400	76.30	111.00	500,173	500,284	
2011	449,600	(4)	(4)	489,490	491,834	
2012	514,500	(4)	(4)	634,746	638,149	
2013	534,200	(4)	(4)	653,332	656,203	
2014	500,200	(4)	(4)	868,368	872,378	
2015	484,300	(4)	(4)	869,622	873,667	
2016	469,460	(4)	(4)	546,571	549,109	

¹ Excludes custom slaughter for use on farms where produced and inter-farms sales within States.

² Included in Other counties.

Receipts from marketings and sales of farm slaughter.
 Cash receipts plus the value of home consumption.

⁴ Data series discontinued.

Cattle and Calves for Beef and Dairy on Farm - Florida: January 1, 2008-2017

	C	attle for mill	(Beef cattle and all calves							
Year	Year Heifers					500 pounds	and over		Calves	Total	Total cattle
	Milk Cows ¹	500 pounds and over ²	Total	Beef Cows ¹	Bulls ³	Replacement heifers ⁴	Other heifers	Steers	under 500 pounds ³	Beef cattle	and calves
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)
2008	120	35	155	940	60	135	30	20	370	1,555	1,710
2009	118	35	153	942	60	130	25	20	370	1,547	1,700
2010	112	30	142	958	60	125	25	30	380	1,578	1,720
2011	114	35	149	936	60	100	25	20	340	1,486	1,630
2012	120	30	150	970	60	110	30	20	370	1,555	1,710
2013	123	30	153	977	60	110	20	20	360	1,547	1,700
2014	123	35	158	907	60	115	30	25	375	1,512	1,670
2015	124	35	159	906	60	130	30	25	370	1,521	1,680
2016	125	40	165	905	55	125	25	25	380	1,515	1,680
2017	122	35	157	908	60	125	30	30	390	1,543	1,700

¹ Cows and heifers that have calved.

Cattle and Calves Inventory, Inshipments, Calf Crop and Disposition – Florida: January 1, 2007-2016

Year _	On hand January		Calf	Inshipments	Marketings ²				Deaths
	All cattle and calves	All cows 1	Crop	пзпрпенз	Total	Cattle	Calves	cattle and calves 3	Dodino
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)
2007	1,730	1,080	900	107	962	241	721	2	63
2008	1,710	1,060	880	120	947	246	701	2	61
2009	1,700	1,060	900	121	942	231	711	2	57
2010	1,720	1,070	870	88	992	301	691	2	54
2011	1,630	1,050	890	94	842	231	611	2	60
2012	1,710	1,090	880	93	912	281	631	2	69
2013	1,700	1,100	830	87	892	271	621	1	54
2014	1,670	1,030	820	64	812	251	561	1	61
2015	1,680	1,030	800	63	787	236	55	1.5	65
2016	1,680	1,03	810	51	783	222	561	1.5	57

¹ Cows and heifers that have calved.

² Milk replacement heifers which have not calved.

³ Includes small number for dairy use.

⁴ Beef replacement heifers which have not calved.

² Includes custom slaughter for use on farms where produced and State outshipments, but excludes inter-farm sales within States.

³ Excludes custom slaughter for farmers at commercial establishments.

Florida Livestock Auctions: Location and day of sale

Sale day	Auction market	Mailing address	Phone
	Arcadia Stock Yard	P.O. Drawer 1418, Arcadia, Florida 34266	863-494-3737
Monday	Columbia Livestock Market of Lake City, Inc. (Cattle, goats, and special sales as announced)	P.O. Box 354, Lake City, Florida 32056	386-755-2300
	Ocala Livestock Market (Hog and goat sale 1st Friday)	P.O. Box 539, Lowell, Florida 32263	352-732-4454
	Okeechobee Livestock Market, Inc. (Cattle only)	P.O. Box 1288, Okeechobee, Florida 34973	863-763-3127
	Hardee Livestock Market, Inc.	P.O. Box 1479, Wauchula, Florida 33873	863-773-9747 863-773-9560
	Townsend Livestock (Swine & Goat sale - Monday; Feeder Pigs - 4th Friday)	P.O. Box 577, Madison, Florida 32340	850-973-4094
	Tri-State Cattlemen's Market, Inc.	P.O. Box 744, Graceville, Florida 32440	850-263-3001
Tuesday	Okeechobee Livestock Market, Inc.	P.O. Box 1288, Okeechobee, Florida 34973	863-763-3127
	Sumter Co. Farmer's Market, Inc.	P.O. Box 62, Webster, Florida 33597	352-793-2021 352-793-3551
	Cattlemen's Livestock Auction Market, Inc.	3305 US Hwy. 92, Lakeland, Florida 33801	863-665-5088
Wednesday	Arcadia State Livestock Market	P.O. Drawer 1418, Arcadia, Florida 34266	863-494-3737
	North Florida Livestock Market (Hog sale 2 nd Friday each month)	12171 S U.S. Highway 441, Lake City, Florida 32025	386-755-3576

Cattle and Calves Sold through Auction Markets, by area - Florida: 2008-2016

Year	All areas 1	North	Central	South
	(head)	(head)	(head)	(head)
2008	386,800	103,400	79,900	203,500
2009	398,280	100,590	85,310	212,390
2010	408,040	98,900	83,520	225,620
2011	382,140	93,720	79,160	209,260
2012	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
2013	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
2014	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
2015	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
2016	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available.

Does not include sales through video auctions.

Chickens Annual Value of Production - Florida: 2007-2016

Year	Broilers	Eggs	Other chickens	Total	
	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	
2007	179,654	186,471	816	366,941	
2008	173,144	234,515	388	408,047	
2009	115,164	152,616	399	268,179	
2010	151,493	150,746	382	302,621	
2011	175,889	177,861	543	354,293	
2012	178,500	183,258	435	362,193	
2013	238,430	167,335	447	406,212	
2014	246,455	219,087	343	465,885	
2015	203,149	315,651	416	519,216	
2016	175,235	110,028	415	285,678	

Eggs Per Layer, Produced, and Value of Production - Florida: 2007-2016

Year	Average layers during year	Eggs per layer	Eggs produced	Value per dozen	Value of Production
	(thousands)	(number of eggs)	(millions)	(cents)	(1,000 dollars)
2007	10,764	268	2,885	77.6	186,471
2008	10,385	265	2,749	(NA)	234,515
2009	9,847	271	2,670	(NA)	152,616
2010	9,523	272	2,592	(NA)	150,746
2011	9,560	279	2,666	(NA)	177,861
2012	9,006	279	2,514	(NA)	183,258
2013	8,177	269	2,198	(NA)	167,335
2014	8,610	278	2,390	(NA)	219,087
2015	9,028	273	2,463	(NA)	315,651
2016	8,565	276	2,364	(NA)	110,028

NA Not available.

Broilers and Pounds Produced, Price per Pound, and Value of Production - Florida: 2007-2016

Year	Broilers produced	Pounds produced	Value per pound	Value of production
	(thousands)	(thousands)	(cents)	(1,000 dollars)
2007	73,300	417,800	43.0	179,654
2008	63,800	376,400	46.0	173,144
2009	42,000	252,000	46.0	115,164
2010	51,700	314,300	48.0	151,493
2011	61,800	383,200	47.0	175,889
2012	59,500	357,000	50.0	178,500
2013	64,400	392,800	(NA)	238,430
2014	66,700	386,900	(NA)	246,455
2015	65,100	377,600	(NA)	203,149
2016	63,200	366,600	(NA)	175,235

Layers, Daily Rate of Lay, and Egg Production, by Month, and Year – Florida: 2007-2016

	Trate of Lay,	ana Egg i ioaa	, ,,	I	I	
Year	December ¹	January	February	March	April	May
	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)
2007	11,271	11,315	11,216	10,674	10,315	10,430
2008	10,948	10,907	10,876	10,697	10,460	10,389
2009	10,340	10,173	9,948	9,989	9,894	9,605
2010	10,127	9,903	9,664	9,560	9,382	9,088
2011	9,794	9,534	9,374	9,468	9,569	9,508
2012	10,003	9,715	9,485	9,343	8,899	8,517
2013	8,602	8,478	8,390	8,250	8,110	7,900
2014	8,634	8,655	8,578	8,548	8,488	8,460
2015	9,112	9,122	9,061	9,148	9,052	8,853
2016	9,156	8,896	8,960	9,004	8,615	8,381
	(per 100 layers)	(per 100 layers)	(per 100 layers)	(per 100 layers)	(per 100 layers)	(per 100 layers)
Daily Rate of Lay						
2007	73.3	71.8	73.9	74.0	74.0	73.3
2008	73.4	73.6	74.5	73.3	70.4	71.4
2009	75.2	72.9	70.0	71.7	74.8	74.5
2010	77.4	73.9	74.3	76.9	74.6	71.7
2011	78.4	78.8	77.4	75.0	74.5	74.0
2012	79.6	78.4	74.5	76.0	77.5	75.7
2013	75.4	72.7	71.9	74.3	74.8	73.5
2014	76.2	74.9	76.2	78.1	78.1	75.1
2015	78.7	74.5	74.3	77.6	75.3	73.3
2016	76.7	75.7	75.9	73.2	72.1	74.7
	(millions of eggs)	(millions of eggs)	(millions of eggs)	(millions of eggs)	(millions of eggs)	(millions of eggs)
Egg Production						
2007	256	252	232	245	229	237
2008	249	249	235	243	221	230
2009	241	230	195	222	222	222
2010	243	227	201	228	210	202
2011	238	233	203	220	214	218
2012	247	236	205	220	207	200
2013	201	191	169	190	182	180
2014	204	201	183	207	199	197
2015	222	211	188	220	205	201
2016	218	209	197	204	186	194

See footnote(s) at end of table. --continued

Layers, Daily Rate of Lay, and Egg Production, by Month, and Year – Florida: 2007-2016 (continued)

Year	June	July	August	September	October	November	Average
	(thousands)						
Layers							
2007	10,434	10,564	10,642	10,656	10,783	10,869	10,764
2008	10,232	9,974	9,927	9,930	10,005	10,277	10,385
2009	9,512	9,611	9,705	9,700	9,721	9,961	9,847
2010	9,108	9,322	9,594	9,524	9,354	9,652	9,523
2011	9,416	9,416	9,473	9,553	9,681	9,938	9,560
2012	8,415	8,372	8,507	8,797	9,044	8,971	9,006
2013	7,874	7,942	8,044	8,113	8,103	8,321	8,177
2014	8,520	8,583	8,608	8,586	8,718	8,936	8,610
2015	8,888	8,926	8,884	8,965	9,126	9,196	9,028
2016	8,221	8,291	8,343	8,288	8,137	8,331	8,565
	(per 100 layers)						
Daily Rate of Lay							
2007	73.8	74.5	73.7	72.9	73.3	73.0	73.5
2008	72.0	71.2	70.8	70.2	71.9	74.9	72.3
2009	73.6	72.5	73.1	75.3	78.0	79.6	74.3
2010	72.5	73.0	73.6	74.9	74.8	76.7	74.6
2011	74.3	75.0	75.9	77.1	77.6	78.5	76.4
2012	74.1	74.0	76.2	77.3	75.3	76.2	76.3
2013	74.1	73.9	72.6	71.1	73.3	76.1	73.6
2014	73.9	74.8	74.9	73.8	76.2	80.2	76.1
2015	74.1	74.7	75.4	73.0	71.1	74.8	74.8
2016	76.8	77.6	76.1	74.7	75.3	76.2	75.4
	(millions of eggs)						
Egg Production							
2007	231	244	243	233	245	238	2,885
2008	221	220	218	209	223	231	2,749
2009	210	216	220	219	235	238	2,670
2010	198	211	219	214	217	222	2,592
2011	210	219	223	221	233	234	2,666
2012	187	192	201	204	211	205	2,515
2013	175	182	181	173	184	190	2,198
2014	189	199	200	190	206	215	2,390
2015	198	207	208	196	201	206	2,463
2016	189	200	197	186	194	190	2,364

¹ December of preceding year.

Broiler-type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries – Florida: 2007-2016

Bronor type on		,	7. 0.0.							
Year	January	February		Marc	ch	A	April		May	June
	(thousands)	(thousands	s)	(thousa	nds)	(thou	usands)	(t	housands)	(thousands)
2007	4,982	4,	,587		5,007		4,990		5,108	4,834
2008	5,013	4,	,774		5,225		5,038		4,949	4,832
2009	3,871	3,	,398		3,645		3,476		3,648	3,634
2010	4,647	4,	,542		4,893		4,627		4,997	4,863
2011	4,707	4,	,345		4,963		4,889		4,896	4,814
2012	4,496	4,	,148		4,272		4,347		4,540	4,355
2013	4,473	4,	,042		4,475		4,341		4,487	4,410
2014	4,473	4,	,083		4,419		4,316		4,427	4,432
2015	4,537	3,	,796		3,973		4,318		4,520	4,458
2016	4,677	4,	,157		4,456		4,365		4,521	4,264
Year	July	August	Sep	otember	Octo	ober	Novemb	er	December	Total
	(thousands)	(thousands)	(tho	usands)	(thous	ands)	(thousand	ds)	(thousands)	(thousands)
2007	5,029	5,051		4,820		5,069	4	,881	4,974	59,332
2008	5,095	4,851		4,627		4,435	4	,378	4,698	57,915
2009	3,788	3,638		3,279		4,351	4	,393	4,818	45,939
2010	4,969	5,055		4,784		4,674	4	,431	4,743	57,225
2011	4,962	4,945		4,708		4,327	4	,337	4,547	56,440
2012	4,514	4,515		4,442		4,309	4	,318	4,498	52,574
2013	4,456	4,520		4,338		4,117	4	,364	4,465	52,488
2014	4,634	4,634		4,463		4,308	4	,203	4,587	52,979
2015	4,596	4,542		4,377		4,250	4	,525	4,692	52,584
2016	4,343	4,441		4,336		4,500	4	,307	4,442	52,809

Hogs and Pigs Number on Farms and Inventory Value - Florida: 2007-2016

	Number	on farms – Dec	ember 1		Market hogs and pigs				
Year	Total Head	Breeding	Market	Under 50 Pounds	50-119 Pounds	120-179 Pounds	180 Pounds and over	Inventory value	
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 dollars)	
2007	20	5	15	7	5	2	1	3,013	
2008	20	5	15	6	6	2	1	2,813	
2009	20	5	15	6	5	3	1	3,274	
2010	15	3	12	4	4	2	2	2,297	
2011	16	4	12	4	4	2	2	2,080	
2012	15	3.5	11.5	4	3.5	2	2	1,800	
2013	15	3.5	11.5	4	3.5	2	2	2,175	
2014	17	4	13	4	5	2	2	2,550	
2015	16	4	12	4	4	2	2	1,600	
2016	18	4	14	5	5	2	2	1,980	

Hogs and Pigs Inventory, Pig Crop, and Disposition - Florida: 2007-2016

Tiogs and Figs inventory, Fig Crop, and Disposition – Florida. 2007-2010									
Year	Inventory December 1 of Previous Year	Sows farrowing	Pig crop	Inshipments	Marketings ¹	Farm Slaughter	Deaths		
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)	(1,000 head)		
2007	20	8	56	15	67	1.0	3.0		
2008	20	8	56	11	62	1.0	4.0		
2009	20	7	54	9	58	1.0	4.0		
2010	20	4	28	3	33	1.0	2.0		
2011	15	4	28	10	34	0.7	2.3		
2012	16	4	24	6	29	0.7	1.3		
2013	15	4	26	6	28	0.7	2.9		
2014	15	4	28	6	29	0.7	1.9		
2015	17	4	28	6	31	1.0	3.1		
2016	16	4	27	6	27	1.0	3.2		

¹ Includes custom slaughter for use on farms where produced, but excludes inter-farm sales within State.

Hogs Inventory December 1, Annual Marketings, Cash Receipts, and Gross Income - Florida: 2007-2016

Year	Year Head		Price per 100 pounds	Cash receipts ²	Gross income ³	
	(1,000 head)	(1,000 pounds)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	
2007	20	9,140	39.10	3,596	3,651	
2008	20	8,140	39.40	3,226	3,279	
2009	20	8,240	41.80	3,447	3,507	
2010	15	4,800	55.10	2,640	2,788	
2011	16	4,894	(4)	3,125	3,259	
2012	15	4,043	(4)	2,561	2,694	
2013	15	3,770	(4)	2,471	2,583	
2014	17	4,140	(4)	3,115	3,248	
2015	16	4,456	(4)	2,480	2,574	
2016	18	3,560	(4)	1,753	1,842	

¹ Excludes custom slaughter for use on farms where produced and interfarm sales within the State. ² Receipts from marketings and sale of farm slaughter.

Commercial Hogs Slaughter Head, Average Live Weight, and Total Live Weight – Florida:

[Includes slaughter under Federal inspection, excludes farm slaughter]

Year	Head	Average live weight	Total live weight	
		(pounds)	(pounds)	
2007	88,400	145	12,794,000	
2008	82,700	135	11,166,000	
2009	82,500	143	11,809,000	
2010	76,800	133	10,212,000	
2011	94,900	122	11,563,000	
2012	66,900	138	9,176,000	
2013	76,000	127	9,589,000	
2014	40,700	163	6,617,000	
2015	51,100	143	7,312,000	
2016	49,400	141	6,923,000	

³ Cash receipts plus the value of home consumption.

⁴ State level not available due to program change.

2016 SEASON VEGETABLE HIGHLIGHTS

Many significant changes were made to the vegetable estimating program beginning in 2016. Based on these changes, vegetables now estimate both fresh and processing utilization. Estimates for 2014 and 2015 were not adjusted to meet new program definitions. Also, cantaloupe estimates for Florida were added for 2016. Since 2012, estimates are based on a calendar year basis.

Value

The 2016 value of production for the published major berries, spring potatoes, vegetable crops, and watermelons totaled \$1.72 billion, up 14 percent from the comparable 2015 value of \$1.50 billion. The ranking from the highest to lowest value of the berry, spring potato, vegetables, and watermelon crops are: (1) strawberries, (2) tomatoes, (3) bell peppers, (4) sweet corn, (5) watermelons, (6) cucumbers, (7) snap beans, (8) spring potatoes, (9) blueberries, (10) cabbage, (11) squash, and (12) cantaloupe. The crops that increased in percentage and value were cucumbers (+144%), strawberries (+55%), cabbage (+46%), snap beans (+42%), watermelons (+40%), squash (+9%), and sweet corn (+3%). Crops that decreased in value and percentage included bell peppers (-5%), tomatoes (-16%), spring potatoes (-20%), and blueberries (-35%).

Acreage

The harvested acreage for 2016 for the published major berries, potatoes, vegetable crops, and watermelons totaled 198,600 acres, down four percent from the 205,900 comparable acres harvested the previous year. Crops with increased acreage and percentages included cucumbers (105%), bell peppers (6%), and watermelons (6%). Crops with less acreage and percentage decreased included snap beans (-1%), squash (-2%), strawberries (-2%), cabbage (-4%), sweet corn (-7%), tomatoes (-13%), blueberries (-15%), and spring potatoes (-23%).

Production

Production in 2016 of the published major berries, potatoes, vegetable crops, and watermelons totaled 40.2 million hundredweight, down from the 41.8 comparable million hundredweight the prior calendar year. Crops with increased percentage and production were cucumbers (+128%), watermelons (+30%), snap beans (+21%), and squash (+11%). Commodities with percentage decreases and less production were cabbage (-1%), sweet corn (-3%), strawberries (-10%), bell peppers (-13%), spring potatoes (-21%), tomatoes (-23%) and blueberries (-42%).

Weather for the 2016 growing season

In **January** 2016, Bradford County strawberries were harvested the first week of the month. Potato fields were planted in Flagler and Putnam counties. Cabbage and leafy greens were planted and harvested. South Florida vegetable growers planted spring crops and harvested a wide variety of vegetables including a variety of specialty items. High winds associated with heavy rainfall battered crops and caused lodging and damage to some vegetable fields in south Florida. Light volumes of vegetables came to market.

In **February**, squash and zucchini fields in Miami-Dade County bloomed in early February. Several days of heavy rains caused widespread flooding with many areas reporting flooding not seen since Hurricane Wilma and possibly even more. Heavy rains and cool weather in January impacted vegetable crops with yields and quality severely impacted resulting in little product market movement in south Florida. Potato planting activities continued in most areas as cabbage and leafy greens harvested were active in Flagler and Putnam counties. Some Dixie melon fields were planted in Dixie County. South Florida vegetable fields suffered from heavy rainfall the latter portion of the month which reduced volumes significantly in many instances along with increased disease pressure. Cool season vegetables were harvested in north Florida.

In March, spring potato planting finished in the Hastings area during the first week. Drier conditions reduced disease pressure in many areas. Watermelon planting activities continued in north Florida. Warm and dry conditions the third week favored vegetable crop growth in south Florida as market volume remained light. Wet weather conditions caused disease pressure on strawberries and small grains in the Florida Panhandle. Wind damage caused romaine planting losses in Palm Beach County.

In **April**, wet conditions presented challenges to strawberry disease prevention efforts in Okaloosa County. Potatoes in Flagler and Putnam counties generally appeared to be in good condition. Blueberry harvest was late in Charlotte County. Some growers reported significant amounts of maturing fruit blown off during storms the first week of April. Green beans and watermelon planting occurred in Dixie County and were complete in Walton County fields. Favorable weather conditions for harvest prevailed the third week although wet conditions in Okaloosa County presented some disease pressures in strawberry fields. Vegetable volume and quality increased during the third week as a variety of south Florida vegetables were delivered to market. Leafy greens and cabbage were harvested in north Florida. Blueberry, peach, and watermelon harvest was underway in Charlotte and Glades counties.

In **May**, spring potato harvest began in the Hastings area. Drier weather in Okaloosa County helped producers get a handle on strawberry diseases. Vegetable harvest activities were winding down in south Florida the first full week of May. Potato harvest in north Florida continued, but heat caused some decay issues. Growers cleaned up and fallowed fields in many central and south Florida locations. Early melon harvest started in north Florida the final full week of May. Peach and blueberry harvesting was nearly complete in south Florida. Some Martin County vegetable fields were replanted because of previous weeks flooding the final week.

In **June**, blueberries and cantaloupes were harvested in Dixie County. Watermelon harvest activities were occurring in north Florida. Summer rain patterns began in many areas resulting in excellent crops. Melons and beans were harvested in Dixie County with cucumbers, squash, and peppers harvested in Bradford County. Strawberries and potato harvest was close to completion during the second week of June in north Florida. Subtropical fruit was delivered to market in south Florida. Watermelon harvest finished in Levy and Dixie counties the final week. Squash and tomatoes were harvested in Jackson County.

In **July**, rainfall and high heat limited vegetable growth in Broward County where insect pressure was reported. South Florida counties pumped water off fallow fields in order to begin fall crop land preparation. Lychee harvest began in Palm Beach County. Hot and dry weather required additional irrigation in many areas the second week of July. Late melons and vegetables were harvested in Jackson County as melon harvest finished in Levy County. Ground preparation for fall crops continued in south Florida despite high temperatures and widespread rain the third week of July. Mango season was complete in Miami-Dade County at the end of the July.

In **August**, land preparation the first week set favorable conditions for south Florida vegetable plantings during the second week. Tomatoes were planted in Manatee County. South Florida subtropical fruits and vegetables were delivered to market. Some cold weather crops like broccoli, cabbage, and collards were planted in Bradford County the final week. Flagler County cabbage plantings were delayed due to wet soil.

In **September**, land preparation, laying plastic, and planting activities continued where conditions permitted. Disease issues in early plantings were spotted due to wet weather conditions. Sweet corn was planted in Orange County. Cabbage and leafy greens were planted in north Florida. Green beans were planted in Dixie County fields the final week. Green bean fields were harvested in Miami-Dade County.

In **October**, several counties along the Atlantic Coast, as well as in the southern and central portions reported flooding and damages to various fruit and vegetable crops. Wet conditions delayed leafy greens and cabbage plantings in north Florida due to Hurricane Matthew. Strawberries were planted in central Florida fields. Optimal growing and harvesting conditions prevailed during the third week in south Florida. Sweet corn harvest activities occurred in central Florida. Subtropical fruit and vegetables were delivered to market in south Florida.

In **November**, strawberry fields were planted in Hillsborough and Polk counties. Leafy greens and cabbage were planted in north Florida fields. Irrigation helped reduce crop stress from drought conditions experienced in many areas the final week. Cabbage and leafy greens planting activities continued in north Florida.

In **December**, Orange County pickling cucumbers, sweet corn, and cabbage fields were harvested. North Florida leafy greens, cabbage, and broccoli fields were planted and harvested in north Florida. Foggy mornings in several southern counties present some vegetable diseases pressures. Many crops were harvested for holiday market including avocado, bitter melon, boniato, eggplant, herbs, green beans, kale, malanga, peppers, squash, tomato, zucchini, and sweet corn. Spring watermelon fields were planted during the end of December.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Planted Acreage is the total acreage which has been planted for harvest during the crop year. Acreage lost and replanted to the same crop in time for harvest in the same quarter is counted only once. Acreage harvested and planted again to the same crop is counted twice.

Harvested Acreage is the acreage partially or completely harvested. Acreage lost before or at maturity through natural or economic causes is not included in the acreage for harvest.

Yield is the average production per harvested acre of merchantable quality harvested and sold or utilized for human consumption.

Production is the quantity actually harvested and sold or utilized for human consumption.

Unit Value for fresh market sales is the equivalent price received, f.o.b. shipping point basis and encompasses all grades and sizes marketed or utilized. Included are packing charges, selling charges, precooling, top ice, or other costs which contribute to the value of the product at shipping point. The value per unit for quantities sold to processors is the average value paid for usable quantities, on a "delivered to plant door" basis. This value includes transportation and other normal costs incident to delivery at plant door.

Total Value is the equivalent value of production sold or utilized based on the unit value. Cullage and other quantities not sold or utilized because of natural or economic factors are excluded.

Other Counties include harvested acreage for all counties for which either published data would result in the disclosure of individual operations or acreage totals for specific commodities of minor importance in the State.

Production And Price Unit - The official USDA vegetable crop estimates are published on a weight basis. For this bulletin, the official estimates for most vegetable crops have been converted to hundredweight. If changes in container weights are necessary, all data pertaining to the production of the commodity in question are revised to maintain comparability between years. The table below gives the net weight used per container and the number of containers per hundredweight for Florida produce.

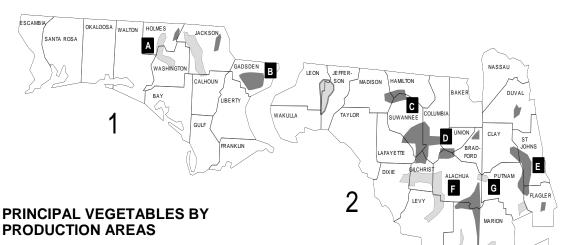
Florida Produce

[Most common unit, e		

Commodity	Unit	Estimated net weight	Number of units per cwt	Commodity	Unit	Estimated net weight	Number of units per cwt
		(pounds)				(pounds)	
Snap Beans	Bushel	30	3.333	Lettuce, Iceberg	Carton	50	2.000
Blueberries	Flat	11	9.090	Lettuce, Romaine	Carton	40	2.500
Cabbage	Crate	50	2.000	Lettuce, Leaf	Carton	25	4.000
Carrots	Sack	48	2.083	Okra	Bushel	30	3.333
Cauliflower	Carton	25	4.000	Parsley	Crate	21	4.762
Celery	Crate	60	1.667	Bell Pepper	Bushel	28	3.571
Chinese Cabbage	Crate	50	2.000	Potatoes	Sack	100	1.000
Sweet Corn	Crate	42	2.381	Radishes	Carton	15	6.667
Cucumbers	Bushel	55	1.818	Squash	Bushel	42	2.381
Eggplant	Bushel	33	3.030	Strawberries	Flat	12	8.333
Escarole	Crate	25	4.000	Sweet Potatoes	Crate	50	2.000
Lettuce, Bibb	Carton	10	10.000	Tomatoes	Carton	25	4.000
Lettuce, Boston	Carton	20	5.000	Watermelons	Cwt	100	1.000

CONFIDENTIALITY OF COLLECTED DATA

All information collected from individual agricultural producers is held strictly confidential. Data provided by individual producers or other agricultural firms are used only to compile and publish statistics at the county, State, and national levels. Statistics at the county and State level are not published if they will potentially disclose information about an individual or operation. In addition, all names and addresses obtained by this office are held confidential.



1 - WEST

- A. Holmes-Jackson-Washington counties: Butter beans, field peas, watermelons.
- B. Gadsden County: Pole beans, squash, sweet corn, tomatoes.

2 - NORTH

- C. Suwannee Valley: Beans, corn, cucumbers, greens, peas, peppers, potatoes, squash, watermelons.
- Starke-Brooker-Lake Butler: Lima beans, snap beans, blueberries, cucumbers, peppers, squash, strawberries.
- E. Hastings: Cabbage, potatoes.
- F. Gainesville-Alachua: Blueberries, bush beans, cucumbers, peppers, potatoes, squash.
- G. Island Grove-Hawthorne: Blueberries, cucumbers, peppers, sweet corn, squash, watermelons.

3 - NORTH CENTRAL

- H. Oxford-Pedro: Tomatoes, watermelons.
- Sanford-Oviedo-Zellwood: Cabbage, Chinese cabbage, sweet corn, cucumbers, greens, spinach.
- J. Webster: Cucumbers, eggplant, peppers.

4 - WEST CENTRAL

- K. Lake Placid: Sweet corn, radishes, lettuce, parsley, beets.
- L. Plant City-Balm: Blueberries, bush and pole beans, lima beans, cabbage, cucumbers, eggplant, field peas, greens, squash, strawberries, cherry tomatoes, watermelons.
- M. Palmetto-Ruskin: Cabbage, cauliflower, potatoes, strawberries, tomatoes, cherry tomatoes, plum tomatoes, watermelons.
- N. Sarasota: Cabbage, celery, cucumbers, sweet corn, escarole, lettuce, radishes
- O. Wauchula: Blueberries, cucumbers, eggplant, peppers, tomatoes, watermelons, squash.

5 - EAST CENTRAL

P. Ft. Pierce: Tomatoes, watermelons, snap beans.

6 - SOUTHWEST

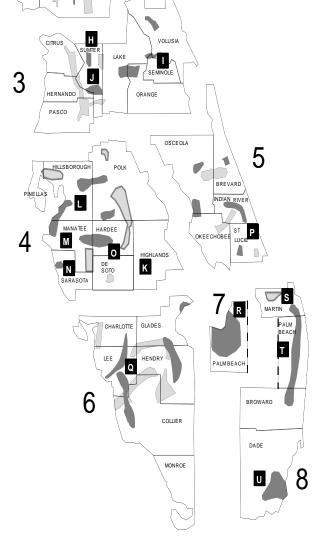
Q. Snap beans, sweet corn, cucumbers, eggplant, sweet and hot peppers, potatoes, squash, tomatoes, cherry tomatoes, plum tomatoes, watermelons.

7 - EVERGLADES

R. Bush beans, cabbage, celery, Chinese cabbage, sweet corn, escarole, greens, lettuce, radishes.

8 - SOUTHEAST

- S. Martin County: Cabbage, potatoes, tomatoes, watermelons.
- T. Pompano: Bush beans, lima beans, sweet corn, cucumbers, eggplant, sweet and hot peppers, squash, tomatoes, cherry tomatoes, plum tomatoes.
- U. Homestead: Bush and pole beans, cabbage, sweet corn, eggplant, okra, pickles, potatoes, squash, strawberries, tomatoes, cherry tomatoes, plum tomatoes.



Commercial Vegetables

Watermelons

Vegetables, Watermelons, Potatoes, and Berries Acreage, Yield, Production, and Value – Florida: 2015 and 2016 [2015 data is fresh market only. The 2016 data includes fresh market and processing]

_	Planted acreage Harvested acreage		Yield p	Yield per acre		
Crop	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016
	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(cwt)	(cwt)
Vegetables						
Beans, snap	29,500	28,200	27,500	27,300	45	55
Cabbage	8,900	8,500	8,200	7,900	330	340
Corn, sweet	41,500	37,600	36,900	34,500	140	145
Cucumbers	11,000	24,300	10,600	21,700	160	178
Peppers, bell	12,400	13,500	12,200	12,900	360	295
Squash	6,000	6,000	5,900	5,800	100	115
Tomatoes	33,000	30,000	32,200	28,000	295	260
Total	142,300	148,100	133,500	138,100	(X)	(X)
Blueberries	(X)	(X)	5,500	4,700	45	31
Cantaloupe ¹	(NA)	2,400	(NA)	2,300	(NA)	270
Potatoes, spring	30,000	25,000	29,600	22,900	230	235
Potatoes, sweet	5,600	(D)	5,400	(D)	205	(D)
Strawberries	11,000	10,800	10,900	10,700	225	205
Watermelons	21,500	22,500	21,000	22,200	280	345
Total, all crops	210,400	208,800	205,900	200,900	(X)	(X)
	Produ	uction	Value	per cwt	Total	value
Crop	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016
	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars per cwt)	(dollars per cwt)	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
Vegetables						
Beans, snap	1,238	1,502	61.60	72.00	76,261	108,196
Cabbage	2,706	2,686	12.50	18.40	33,825	49,422
Corn, sweet	5,166	5,003	30.00	32.00	154,980	160,096
Cucumbers	1,696	3,863	28.20	30.30	47,827	116,866
Peppers, bell	4,392	3,806	50.20	55.10	220,478	209,711
Squash	600	667	45.80	45.10	27,480	30,082
Tomatoes	9,499	7,280	47.70	52.50	453,102	382,200
Total	25,297	24,807	(X)	(X)	1,013,953	1,056,573
Blueberries	253	147	332.00	368.00	82,267	53,656
Cantaloupe ¹	(NA)	621	(NA)	19.10	(NA)	11,861
Potatoes, spring	6,808	5,382	15.90	16.10	108,247	86,650
Potatoes, sweet	1,107	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Strawberries	2,442	2,194	119.00	205.00	290,598	449,770
Watermelons	5,880	7,659	15.00	16.10	88,200	123,310
Total, all crops	41,787	40,810	(X)	(X)	1,583,265	1,781,820

D Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.

NA Not available.

X Not applicable.

1 Estimates began in 2016.

Snap Beans Acreage, Production, and Value – Florida: 2014-2016

Crop	Acre	age	Viold per gere	Production	Drigo por out	Value of production	
year	Planted	Harvested	Yield per acre	Production	Price per cwt		
	(acres)	(acres)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	
2014	29,200	26,600	50	1,330	58.20	77,406	
2015	29,500	27,500	45	1,238	61.60	76,261	
2016	28,200	27,300	55	1,502	72.00	108,196	

Cabbage Acreage, Production, and Value – Florida: 2014-2016

Crop	Acreage		Yield per acre	Production	Price per cwt	Value of production	
year	Planted	Harvested	riela per acre	Production	Price per cwt	value of production	
	(acres)	(acres)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	
2014	9,500	8,800	340	2,992	16.70	49,966	
2015	8,900	8,200	330	2,706	12.50	33,825	
2016	8,500	7,900	340	2,686	18.40	49,422	

Sweet Corn Acreage, Production, and Value – Florida: 2014-2016

Crop	Acreage		Yield per acre	Production	Price per cwt	Value of production	
year	Planted	Harvested	rieiu per acre	Production	Frice per cwt	value of production	
	(acres)	(acres)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	
2014	40,500	34,000	135	4,590	28.20	129,438	
2015	41,500	36,900	140	5,166	30.00	154,980	
2016	37,600	34,500	145	5,003	32.00	160,096	

Cucumbers Acreage, Production, and Value - Florida: 2014-2016

	outening of the outgo, a contraction, and a contraction of the outgoing of the							
Crop	Acreage		Malal management	Deadwatian	Duine man and	Value of production		
year	Planted	Harvested	Yield per acre	Production	Price per cwt	Value of production		
	(acres)	(acres)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)		
2014	9,800	9,400	260	2,444	26.70	65,255		
2015	11,000	10,600	160	1,696	28.20	47,827		
2016	24,300	21,700	178	3,863	30.30	116,866		

Florida Bell Peppers: Acreage, Production, and Value - Florida: 2014-2016

·						
Crop	Acreage		Malala an ann	Production	Data a series	Value of production
year	Planted	Harvested	Yield per acre	Production	Price per cwt	value of production
	(acres)	(acres)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars)	(\$1,000 dollars)
2014	12,400	11,900	260	3,094	53.10	164,291
2015	12,400	12,200	360	4,392	50.20	220,478
2016	13,500	12,900	295	3,806	55.10	209,711

Potatoes Acreage, Production, and Value - Florida: 2014-2016

[Includes processing]

Crop	Area		Viold per core	Droduction	Value per out	Value of production
year	Planted Harvested Yield per acre Production		Production	Value per cwt	value of production	
	(acres)	(acres)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
Spring						
2014	30,500	29,300	240	7,032	18.70	131,498
2015	30,000	29,600	230	6,808	15.90	108,247
2016	25,000	22,900	235	5,382	16.10	86,650

Sweet Potatoes Acreage, Production, and Value – Florida: 2014-2016 [Estimates began in 2009]

Crop	Area		Yield per acre	Production	Price per cwt	Value of production	
year	Planted	Harvested	riela per acre	Floduction	Filce per cwt	value of production	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	
2014	6.0	5.9	200	1,180		(D)	
2015	5.6	5.4	205	1,107	(D)	(D)	
2016	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	

D Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.

Squash Acreage, Production, and Value - Florida: 2014-2016

Crop	Acreage		Violdman	Duo di cation	Price per cwt	Value of production	
year	Planted	Harvested	Yield per acre	Production	Frice per cwt	Value of production	
	(acres)	(acres)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	
2014 1	7,000	6,800	120	800	50.80	40,640	
2015 1	6,000	5,900	100	600	45.80	27,480	
2016 ²	6,000	5,800	115	667	45.10	30,082	

Strawberries Acreage, Fresh Market Production, and Value - Florida: 2014-2016

Crop	Acreage		Mald a sa sana	Deceleration	Delananana	Malua af anadustian	
year	Planted	Harvested	Yield per acre	Production	Price per cwt	Value of production	
	(acres)	(acres)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	
2014	11,000	10,900	190	2,071	148.00	306,508	
2015	11,000	10,900	225	2,442	119.00	290,598	
2016	10,800	10,700	205	2,194	205.00	449,770	

Tomatoes Acreage, Fresh Market Production, and Value – Florida: 2014-2016 [Includes round and plum or pear-shaped varieties, and U-Pic]

Crop	Acreage		-1			
year	Planted	Harvested	Yield per acre	Production	Price per cwt	Value of production
	(acres)	(acres)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars)	(\$1,000 dollars)
2014	35,000	33,000	280	9,240	47.30	437,052
2015	33,000	32,200	295	9,499	47.70	453,102
2016	30,000	28,000	260	7,280	52.50	382,200

Watermelons Acreage, Production, and Value - Florida: 2014-2016

Crop	Acreage		Violdman	Production	Drigo por quet	Value of	
year	Planted	Harvested	Yield per acre	Floduction	Price per cwt	production	
	(acres)	(acres)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(dollars)	(1,000 dollars)	
2014 1	21,000	19,700	245	4,827	16.60	80,128	
2015 1	21,500	21,000	280	5,880	15.00	88,200	
2016 ²	22,500	22,200	345	7,659	16.10	123,310	

¹ Fresh market only.

¹ Fresh market only. ² Includes fresh market and processing.

² Includes fresh market and processing.

Vegetables

Many significant changes were made to the vegetable estimating program beginning in 2016. Based on these changes, all States in the estimating program for a given vegetable crop now estimate both fresh and processing utilization, except for lettuce. For lettuce (head, leaf, and romaine) crops, only fresh utilization is estimated.

Estimates for 2014 and 2015 were not adjusted to meet new program definitions. This report was designed so that only data that are comparable across years are included together in any given table. Beginning in 2016, Total Production and Utilized Production are estimated for each crop. In 2014 and 2015 estimates were made for Production. These Production estimates represent the portion of the crop that was harvested and sold. This most closely represents Utilized Production so those estimates are now published as such to provide maximum comparability.

For selected crops (Lima Beans, Snap Beans, Carrots, Sweet Corn, Cucumbers, Green Peas, and Spinach), 2014 and 2015 U.S. processing estimates represent all 50 States. For 2016, U.S. processing estimates represent only the sum of the estimating States listed in the table.

Harvested Not Sold estimates were added to the estimating program beginning in 2016. By definition, this represents the difference between Total Production (the amount of the crop harvested from the field) and Utilized Production (the amount of the crop that was sold).

Acreage and Yield estimates for fresh and processing utilizations were discontinued beginning in 2016. The Canning and Freezing sub-breakouts for processing utilized production (selected crops), estimates for Fordhooks and Baby Lima varieties of Lima Beans, Pickle stock estimates, and processed vegetable area and production estimates by type of procurement (open market and contract) were discontinued beginning in 2016.

Vegetable Highlights

In 2016, the Nation's production for the 26 estimated vegetable and melon crops totaled 780 million cwt. Total utilized production for 2016 vegetable crops totaled 775 million cwt. Area harvested for vegetable crops was 2.57 million acres. The three largest crops, in terms of both utilized and total production, were tomatoes, sweet corn, and onions, which combined accounted for 56 percent of the total production.

The value of utilized production for 2016 vegetable crops was 13.4 billion dollars. In 2016, tomatoes, head lettuce, and onions claimed the highest values, accounting for 32 percent of the total value when combined.

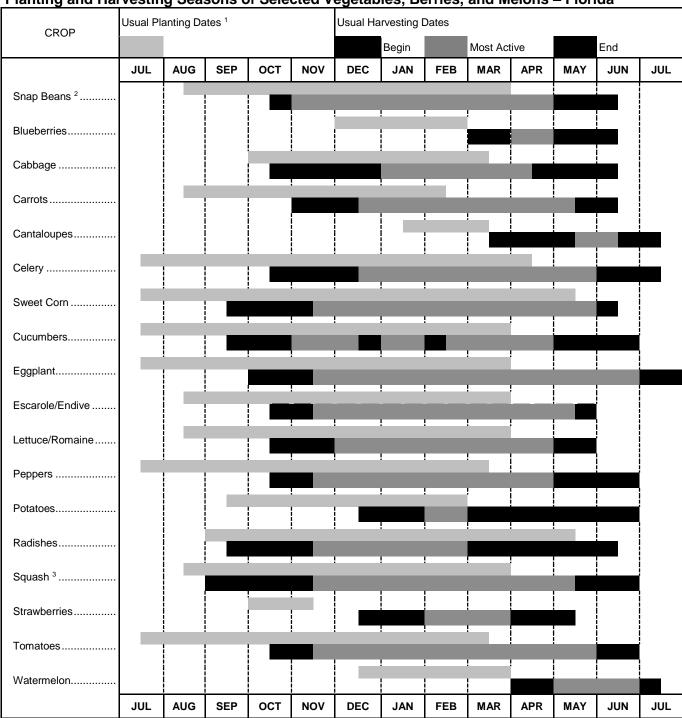
For the 26 selected vegetables and melons estimated in 2016, California continued to be the leading State in terms of area harvested, utilized production, and value of production.

Leading Vegetable States in 2016

Rank	Area harvested		Utilized Pro	oduction	Value of utilized production	
	State	Percent of total	State	Percent of total	State	Percent of total
1	California	39.7	California	60.5	California	55.4
2	Wisconsin	(D)	Washington	5.5	Arizona	9.8
3	Washington	6.8	Arizona	4.6	Florida	8.9
4	Florida	6.3	Florida	4.3	Washington	3.4
5	Minnesota	6.1	Wisconsin	(D)	Georgia	3.3

D Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.

Planting and Harvesting Seasons of Selected Vegetables, Berries, and Melons - Florida



¹ Usual date direct seeded or transplanted.

² Includes pole beans.

³ A small acreage of summer squash is marketed locally during July and August.

Floriculture Producers, Production Areas, and Expanded Wholesale Value for Operations with

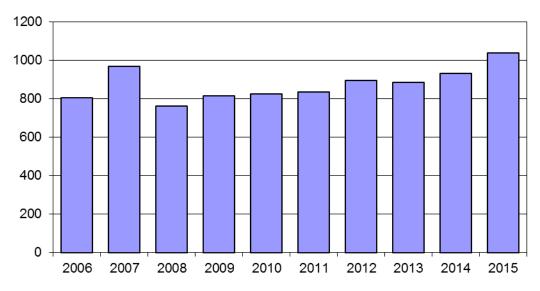
\$10,000+ Sales - Florida: 2007-2016

Year	Number of producers ¹	Total covered area	Open ground	Expanded wholesale value ²	
		(1,000 square feet)	(acres)	(1,000 dollars)	
2007	869	346,769	8,918	967,944	
2008	887	316,974	6,587	763,566	
2009	811	322,637	9,805	814,895	
2010	749	307,854	6,538	826,077	
2011	702	287,463	5,881	835,233	
2012	711	295,284	4,055	896,280	
2013	695	299,000	4,484	886,447	
2014	721	314,943	6,145	931,959	
2015	710	340,857	6,853	1,039,411	
2016	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	

NA Not available.

Florida Floriculture Wholesale Value

Million dollars



(Survey of producers with sales over 10,000. Does not include woody ornamentals, trees, shrubs, and sod.)

¹ Does not include woody ornamentals, trees, shrubs, and sod.

² Value of all crops grown with sales of \$10,000 or more, combines the wholesale value of sales as reported by operations with \$100,000 or more and an estimated value for operations with sales between \$10,000 and \$99,000. This is derived by multiplying the number of producers in each range of sales by the mid-point of the sales range.

Cut Cultivated Greens Producers, Quantity Sold, and Value for Operations with \$100,000+ Sales – Florida: 2007-2016

	Number of	producers	Quanti	ity sold	Value of all sale	s at wholesale 1
Years	Leatherleaf ferns	All other cut greens	Leatherleaf ferns	All other cut greens	Leatherleaf ferns	All other cut greens
			(1,000 bunches)	(1,000 bunches)	(1,000 dollars)	(1,000 dollars)
2007	77	87	39,120	(3)	38,338	36,056
2008	77	84	34,001	(3)	32,981	36,133
2009	76	72	31,162	(3)	29,292	26,704
2010	67	69	27,780	(3)	28,613	30,781
2011	68	69	25,779	(3)	25,006	29,678
2012	75	74	31,166	(3)	30,543	28,460
2013	68	77	31,425	(3)	31,739	27,485
2014	71	81	31,739	(3)	31,739	28,036
2015	64	70	32,674	(3)	32,674	28,406
2016 ²	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available.

Foliage Plants Producers and Value for Operations with \$100,000+ Sales - Florida: 2007-2016

	На	anging baskets	Foliage plants for indoor use sold in pots		
Year	Producers	Value of all sales at wholesale ¹	Producers	Value of all sales at wholesale ¹	
		(1,000 dollars)		(1,000 dollars)	
2007	107	36,515	310	457,401	
2008	107	25,685	301	326,308	
2009	72	32,393	276	367,378	
2010	71	40,531	252	383,572	
2011	96	41,033	239	401,617	
2012	91	21,065	263	443,249	
2013	82	30,604	242	401,318	
2014	76	35,247	261	409,463	
2015	97	35,214	259	508,233	
2016 ²	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	

NA Not available.

Honey Number of Colonies, Yield, Production, Price, Value, and Stocks – Florida: 2007-2016 [Producers with 5 or more colonies. Colonies which produced honey in more than one State were counted in each State]

Stocks Honey producing Yield per Average price per Value of Year Production colonies 1 pound² production ³ December 15 ⁴ colony (1,000 colonies) (pounds) (1,000 pounds) (cents) (1,000 dollars) (1,000 pounds) 2007..... 160 71 11,360 99 11,246 1,363 11,850 2008..... 150 79 132 15.642 1,304 2009..... 170 68 11,560 142 16,415 1,618 69 156 21,528 2010..... 200 13,800 1,794 61 10,980 2011..... 180 168 18,446 988 193 64 12,352 184 22,728 1,235 2013..... 220 61 13,420 203 27,243 1,074 245 60 14,700 208 30,576 1,029 2014..... 2015..... 220 54 11,880 197 23,404 832 215 10,750 26.230 244

¹ Equivalent wholesale value of all sales.

² Preliminary.

³ Bunches are not comparable as units differ depending on crop variety.

² Preliminary

¹ Equivalent wholesale value of all sales..

¹ Honey producing colonies are the maximum number of colonies from which honey was taken during the year. It is possible to take honey from colonies which did not survive the entire year.

² Average price per pound based on expanded sales.

³ Value of production is equal to production multiplied by average price per pound.

⁴ Stocks held by producers.

Aquaculture

Florida aquaculture producers reported sales in 2012 of \$69 million based upon a survey conducted for the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Division of Aquaculture. This survey was administered by the Florida Agricultural Statistics Service.

Reported sales in 2012 were above those of \$66 million reported in 2005, the last time this survey was conducted. There were 686 operations that reported being in business during 2012; of those, 404 operations reported appreciable sales. The operations without sales reflect either new operations which have not yet sold a product or operations in business that did not market any product in 2012.

Florida aquaculturists produced animals or plants for ornamental, food or miscellaneous markets. Ornamental sales totaled \$35.5 million and consisted of freshwater or marine animals and plants that included freshwater fish, crayfish or marine fish, corals, live rock, snails, and shrimp sold to the aquarium or water garden markets. Sales of aquaculture products for human consumption totaled \$24.1 million and included freshwater or marine fish, clams, oysters, shrimp, prawns, alligators, and turtles.

Aquaculture Value of Sales – Florida: 2012 and 2005

Item	Value o	of Sales	Operations	with Sales
item	2012	2005	2012	2005
	(dollars)	(dollars)		
Ornamental Fish	27,269,000	33,232,000	101	133
Mollusks	11,889,000	10,694,000	139	153
Alligators	7,995,000	4,070,000	10	14
Aquatic Plants	5,327,000	8,360,000	19	17
Other Food Fish	2,978,000	1,731,000	31	19
Tilapia	1,227,000	477,000	47	18
Catfish	390,000	1,434,000	17	23
Live Rock	373,000	341,000	12	6
All Other Aquaculture	11,303,000	5,436,000	(NA)	(NA)
Total	68,751,000	65,775,000	404	359

NA Not available.

Aquaculture Value of Sales by Category - Florida: 2001, 2003, 2005, and 2012

Year	Total	Ornamental Fish	Aquatic Plants	Mollusks	Alligators	Other
	(1,000 dollars)					
2012	68,751	27,269	5,327	11,889	7,995	16,271
2005	65,775	33,232	8,360	10,694	4,070	9,419
2003	82,800	47,229	7,733	12,970	2,450	12,418
2001	86,200	42,424	8,102	18,264	3,250	14,260

Aquaculture Value of Sales - Florida: 2012

Туре	Operations With Sales	Value of Sales
		(dollars)
Freshwater Ornamental Fish	90	26,035,000
Egg Layers	78	19,485,000
Live Bearers	45	6,550,000
Marine Ornamental Fish	15	1,234,000
Freshwater Ornamental Invertebrates	12	437,000
Marine Ornamental Invertebrates	47	2,439,000
Coral	27	1,052,000
Live Rock	12	373,000
Clams	8	200,000
Other Marine Ornamental Invertebrates ¹	7	814,000
Food & Bait Fish	74	4,595,000
Tilapia	47	1,227,000
Catfish	17	390,000
Other Food Fish ²	31	2,978,000
Mollusks	139	11,889,000
Hard Clam	137	11,594,000
Other Mollusks 3	8	295,000
Shrimp/Prawn/Crayfish	18	7,603,000
Shrimp	13	7,489,000
Crayfish	7	114,000
Reptiles	33	9,192,000
Alligator Live Animals	7	1,412,000
Other Alligator Products ⁴	5	6,583,000
Turtles and Turtle Products	28	1,197,000
Aquatic Plants	19	5,327,000
Aquarium Plants	11	4,844,000
Other Aquatic Plants ⁵	12	483,000
Total Reported Aquaculture Sales	404	68,751,000

Aquaculture Acreage and Number of Operations by Size – Florida: 2012

Water Acreage	Operations	Acres	Percent Operations	Percent Acres
Under 3	420	413	61.3	9.2
3 to 5.9	112	465	16.3	10.4
6 to 19.9	107	1,042	15.6	23.2
20 to 49.9	31	891	4.5	19.8
50 and up	16	1,679	2.3	37.4
Total	686	4,490	100.0	100.0

Includes shrimp, snails, and others.
 Includes bream, bass, trout, sturgeon, and others.
 Includes sunray venus clams and oysters.

Includes eggs, hides, and meat.
 For water garden and wetlands restoration.

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS & OTHER INFORMATION

Internet

NASS national & State reports and data are available on the world wide web, the Internet.

National Homepage

https://www.nass.usda.gov

The national homepage has links to all agency products and services such as publications, graphics, historic data, State information, statistical research, Census of Agriculture, a search engine and a Published Estimates Data Base to query and download State or county historic data. There are also links to our Customer Service unit, a Kids Page, and all other federal statistics outside the National Agricultural Statistics Service.

For a monthly summary of USDA estimates, forecasts and projections of commodities, prices, trade issues, and world crop developments, see:

https://www.nass.usda.gov/Publications

Florida Homepage

https://www.nass.usda.gov/fl

The Florida web site offers much of the same information as the national homepage but in a format designed for Florida customers. The reports contain the same statistics but offer more details about agriculture in Florida. Links are also available to other sites such as the Florida Department of Agriculture, University of Florida and other NASS field offices.

Printer Reports & Computer Format

All NASS reports are still printed on paper. NASS also offers a wide variety of data on CD-ROM with national, State, and county statistics. Most of these products are in MS Excel spreadsheet format or comma separated (CSV) files.

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