



United States Department of Agriculture
National Agricultural Statistics Service
**Georgia Crop Progress
and Condition Report**



Cooperating with the Georgia Department of Agriculture and the Cooperative Extension Service
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November 7, 2016

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General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Georgia, there were 6.7 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, November 6, 2016. Precipitation estimates for the state ranged from no rain up to 0.1 inches. Average high temperatures ranged from the high 70s to the mid 80s. Average low temperatures ranged from the high 40s to the low 60s.

County Comments

Only 1.22 inches of rain since September 1. Last recorded rainfall of 0.01 inches on September 21 has stopped all planting activities. Over 3,500 acres of the Cohutta Wilderness has burned due to a wildfire and dry conditions.

Eddie Ayers, Gilmer County

The only field work being done is harvesting. It is too dry to do any other cultivation. Outlook for small grain planting is not looking good. Lack of soil moisture will have a significant impact on what perennial grasses are able to survive the winter and provide grazing for next summer.

Jeff Cook, Taylor County

Dryland peanuts difficult to dig in areas. Little to no pods on many acres and damage to other pods. Dryland cotton very low yields. Continued lack of moisture has made winter grazing emergence poor. Many cattle producers have been feeding hay for 3 months to supplement poor summer perennial forage performance due to drought.

Pam Sapp, Jefferson County

The absence of soil moisture has made winter annual forage establishment a challenge. Livestock producers are feeding increased amounts of hay and are limited to planting forages under irrigation. Cotton harvest is continuing. Dryland peanut growers are struggling with digging fields due to lack of soil moisture.

Jeremy Kichler, Colquitt County

Crop Progress for Week Ending 11/06/16

Crop stage	This week (percent)	Prev week (percent)	Prev year (percent)	5 Year avg (percent)
Cotton - Harvested	70	61	46	54
Oats - Planted	48	42	56	56
Onions - Transplanted....	3	NA	3	9
Peanuts - Dug	94	91	90	93
Peanuts - Harvested.....	87	80	77	84
Pecans - Harvested.....	28	20	32	33
Rye - Planted	46	42	61	62
Sorghum - Harvested	82	80	85	65
Soybeans - Harvested....	67	53	49	47
Winter Wheat - Planted ..	24	22	21	25
Winter Wheat - Emerged	2	NA	NA	NA

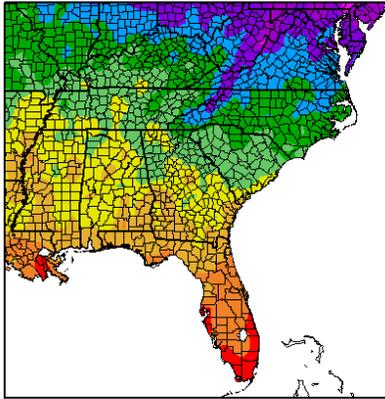
Conditions for Week Ending 11/06/16

Crop	Very poor (percent)	Poor (percent)	Fair (percent)	Good (percent)	Excellent (percent)
Cattle	5	14	39	36	6
Pasture and range.....	42	27	19	11	1
Pecans.....	1	6	23	51	19

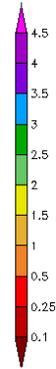
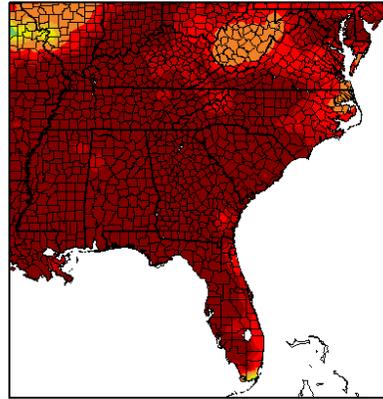
Soil Moisture for Week Ending 11/06/16

Topsoil	This week (percent)	Previous week (percent)	5 Year avg (percent)
Very short.....	52	45	14
Short.....	35	35	33
Adequate.....	13	18	45
Surplus.....	0	2	8
Subsoil	This week (percent)	Previous week (percent)	5 Year avg (percent)
Very short.....	47	40	13
Short.....	34	35	33
Adequate.....	19	23	49
Surplus.....	0	2	5

Temperature (F)
10/31/2016 – 11/6/2016



Precipitation (in)
10/31/2016 – 11/6/2016



Generated 11/7/2016 at HPRCC using provisional data.

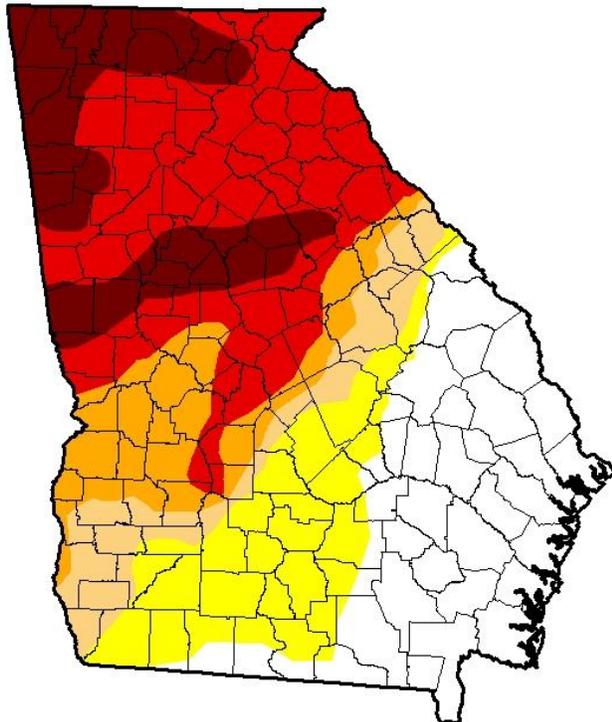
Regional Climate Centers Generated 11/7/2016 at HPRCC using provisional data.

Regional Climate Centers

<http://www.hprcc.unl.edu>

U.S. Drought Monitor Georgia

November 1, 2016
(Released Thursday, Nov. 3, 2016)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT



Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	26.41	73.59	57.84	49.92	39.57	14.00
Last Week 10/25/2016	33.95	66.05	57.89	49.92	33.67	12.13
3 Months Ago 8/2/2016	32.19	67.81	43.08	30.86	12.52	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 1/2/2015	87.36	12.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 9/27/2015	35.37	64.63	45.84	34.50	14.67	1.58
One Year Ago 11/3/2015	77.71	22.29	6.35	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

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National Drought Mitigation Center



<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>