



United States Department of Agriculture
National Agricultural Statistics Service
**Georgia Crop Progress
and Condition Report**



Cooperating with the Georgia Department of Agriculture and the Cooperative Extension Service
Southern Regional Field Office · 355 East Hancock Avenue, Suite 100 · Athens, GA 30601 · (706) 713-5400
www.nass.usda.gov

This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

April 25, 2022

Media Contact: Anthony Prillaman

General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Georgia, there were 6.2 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, April 24, 2022. Precipitation for the state ranged from no rain to 1.9 inches. Average high temperatures ranged from the mid 60s to the low 80s. Average low temperatures ranged from the low 40s to the low 60s.

Crops

A sunny and warm week allowed producers ample time for fieldwork as they continued to prepare, plant and harvest fields. Fields were beginning to dry out by the end of the week. Corn was reported to be in good condition as planting continued. Some pivots were reported to have been turned on for corn. Peanut, cotton and soybean planting began in some areas. Onion harvest continued and progressed especially well given ideal harvest weather. Winter wheat continued to be reported in good to fair condition as growers applied fungicides. Wheat was noted to have flowered and getting close to maturity in some areas. Peach blooming finished in most areas and were in good condition. Early planted varieties were noted to have been significantly impacted by previous cold weather while later planted varieties look promising.

Livestock and Pastures

Livestock were generally in good condition throughout the state. Cattle producers continued to feed hay as spring calving continues. Flies on cattle were noted to be a problem for some producers in central Georgia.

Crop Progress for Week Ending 04/24/22

Crop stage	Prev year (percent)	Prev week (percent)	This week (percent)	5 Year avg (percent)
Blueberries - Harvested	15	10	19	20
Corn – Planted.....	88	75	87	90
Corn – Emerged.....	78	56	74	80
Cotton – Planted.....	7	1	3	7
Hay – First Cutting.....	19	3	13	17
Onions – Harvested.....	36	34	45	31
Peanuts – Planted.....	3	1	3	4
Soybeans – Planted.....	2	0	2	1
Tobacco - Transplanted	68	44	77	75
Winter wheat – Headed	84	74	84	88

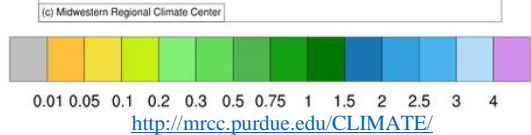
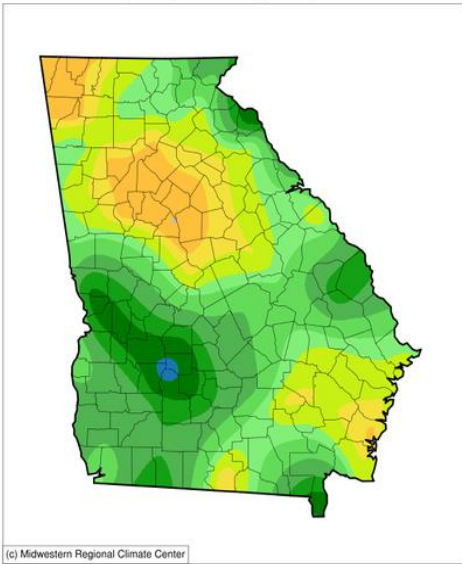
Conditions for Week Ending 04/24/22

Crop	Very poor (percent)	Poor (percent)	Fair (percent)	Good (percent)	Excellent (percent)
Blueberries.....	29	35	30	6	0
Cattle.....	1	4	22	63	10
Corn.....	0	9	27	61	3
Oats.....	1	6	36	54	3
Onions.....	0	0	27	63	10
Pasture and Range	2	6	28	53	11
Peaches.....	0	6	20	58	16
Winter wheat.....	1	5	35	53	6

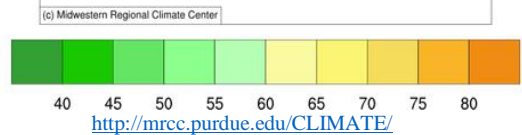
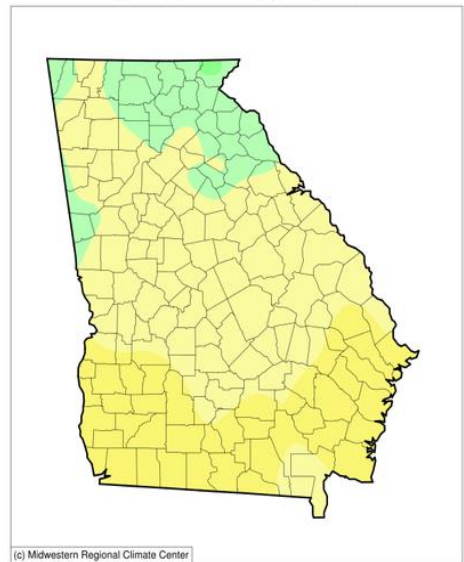
Soil Moisture for Week Ending 04/24/22

Topsoil	Previous week (percent)	This week (percent)
Very short.....	3	3
Short.....	8	28
Adequate.....	76	66
Surplus.....	13	3
Subsoil	Previous week (percent)	This week (percent)
Very short.....	4	2
Short.....	8	20
Adequate.....	76	75
Surplus.....	12	3

Accumulated Precipitation (in)
April 18, 2022 to April 24, 2022

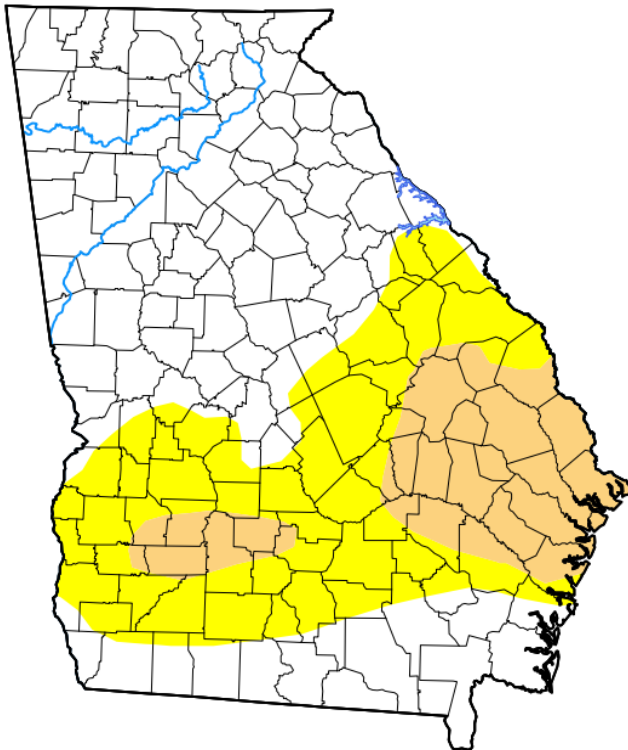


Average Temperature (°F)
April 18, 2022 to April 24, 2022



U.S. Drought Monitor Georgia

April 19, 2022
(Released Thursday, Apr. 21, 2022)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT



Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	56.45	43.55	15.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week <i>04-12-2022</i>	54.28	45.72	17.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago <i>01-18-2022</i>	88.71	11.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year <i>01-04-2022</i>	97.01	2.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year <i>09-28-2021</i>	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago <i>04-20-2021</i>	61.23	38.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

Author:

Brad Rippey
U.S. Department of Agriculture



droughtmonitor.unl.edu