



United States Department of Agriculture
National Agricultural Statistics Service
**Georgia Crop Progress
and Condition Report**



Cooperating with the Georgia Department of Agriculture and the Cooperative Extension Service
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www.nass.usda.gov

This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

September 19, 2022

Media Contact: Anthony Prillaman

General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Georgia, there were 6.3 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, September 18, 2022. Precipitation ranged from no rain to 2.2 inches of rain. Average high temperatures ranged from the high 70s to the high 80s. Average low temperatures ranged from the mid 50s to the low 70s.

Crops

Dry and cool weather across most of the state allowed farmers ample time for fieldwork throughout the week. This helped producers catch up on crop harvesting as well as other field activities.

Corn fields continued to be harvested with ideal weather conditions. Producers in southwest Georgia reported issues with morning glory. Cotton bolls continued to open, and fields were starting to be harvested in some areas. Boll rot was reported across southern Georgia due to the wet weather over the previous three weeks, which is expected to cause yield loss. Many fields were able to be defoliated given the clear and dry weather throughout the week. Peanuts continued to be dug and some harvesting began as fields were able to dry down. Soybean pods were filling out as leaves were dropping and harvest began in some areas. Very heavy populations of loopers and armyworms were reported in central Georgia soybean fields. Growers were able to take advantage of dry field conditions to catch up on hay harvest.

Livestock and Pastures

Cattle remained in good condition throughout the state. Temperatures continued to decline which was beneficial for livestock. Pastures remained in mostly good to fair condition.

Crop Progress for Week Ending 09/18/22

Crop stage	Prev year (percent)	Prev week (percent)	This week (percent)	5 Year avg (percent)
Corn - Harvested	84	76	88	91
Cotton - Bolls Opening.....	52	48	60	63
Cotton - Harvested.....	1	0	2	2
Hay - 3rd Cutting.....	70	53	66	74
Peanuts - Dug.....	7	4	10	13
Peanuts - Harvested	3	1	4	5
Soybeans - Drop Leaves ...	37	30	40	35
Soybeans - Harvested	3	NA	4	1
Tobacco - Harvested	96	90	94	97

(NA) Not available.

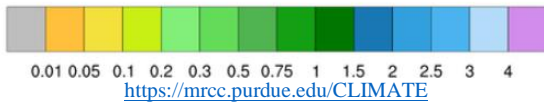
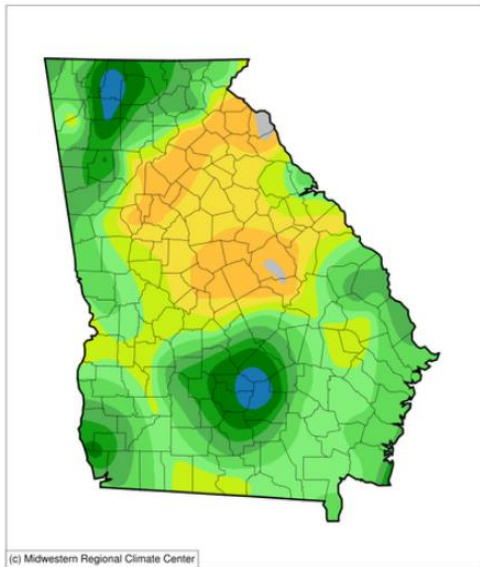
Conditions for Week Ending 09/18/22

Crop	Very poor (percent)	Poor (percent)	Fair (percent)	Good (percent)	Excellent (percent)
Cattle.....	1	5	24	61	9
Cotton.....	1	7	33	49	10
Pasture and range	3	7	32	50	8
Peanuts	1	6	25	57	11
Pecans	0	2	16	68	14
Soybeans	3	5	27	54	11

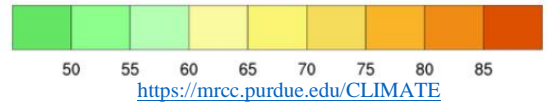
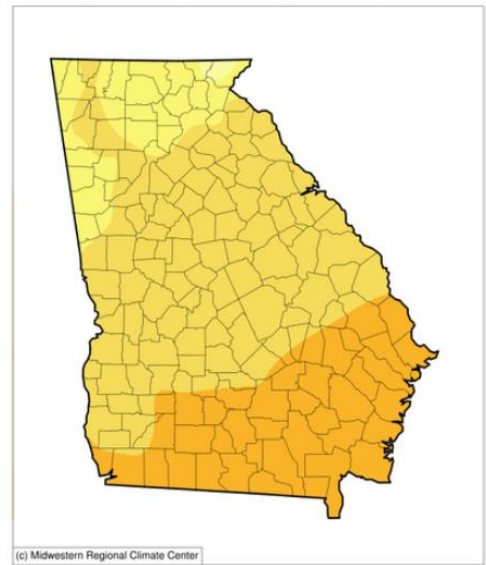
Soil Moisture for Week Ending 09/18/22

Topsoil	Previous week (percent)	This week (percent)
Very short	1	4
Short.....	6	14
Adequate	75	77
Surplus	18	5
Subsoil	Previous week (percent)	This week (percent)
Very short	2	4
Short.....	9	13
Adequate	72	75
Surplus	17	8

Accumulated Precipitation (in)
September 12, 2022 to September 18, 2022

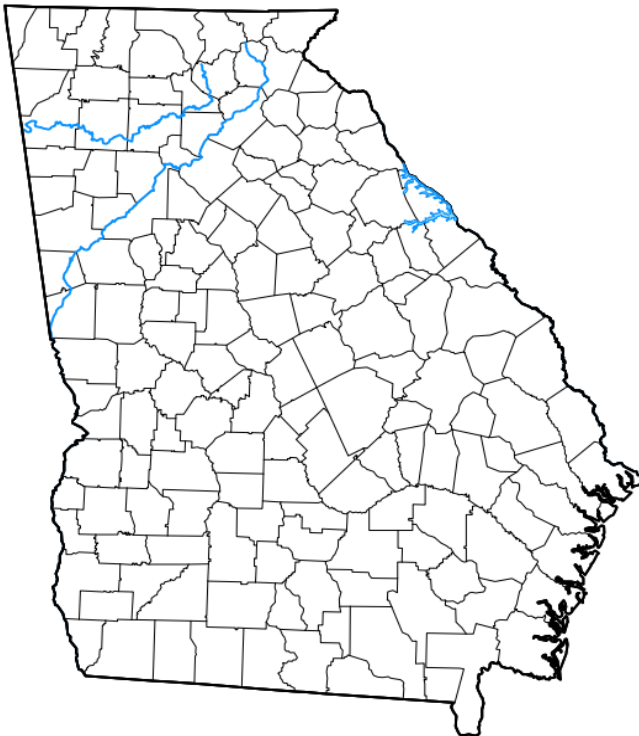


Average Temperature (°F)
September 12, 2022 to September 18, 2022



U.S. Drought Monitor Georgia

September 13, 2022
(Released Thursday, Sep. 15, 2022)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT



Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week <i>09-06-2022</i>	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago <i>06-14-2022</i>	50.14	49.86	15.93	3.31	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year <i>01-04-2022</i>	97.01	2.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year <i>09-28-2021</i>	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago <i>09-14-2021</i>	94.09	5.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu