

# **United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service**

## **Georgia Crop Progress** and Condition Report



Cooperating with the Georgia Department of Agriculture and the Cooperative Extension Service
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This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

May 22, 2023 Media Contact: Anthony Prillaman

#### General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Georgia, there were 5.3 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, May 21, 2023. Precipitation ranged from 0.5 inches to 3.1 inches of rain. Average high temperatures ranged from the mid 70s to the high 80s. Average low temperatures ranged from the high 50s to the high 60s.

#### Crops

Another week of scattered showers across the state brought soil moisture into adequate levels with some areas beginning to have a surplus. The wet conditions did slow field activities during the week. Corn emergence was nearing completion as fields began to tassel and silking. Cotton, peanut, and soybean planting all continued to progress as weather permitted. Some peanut producers in southwest Georgia reported hog damage in their fields which has resulted in them replanting fields. Hay producers dodged thunderstorms while cutting throughout the week to allow ample drying time before baling. Some producers were experiencing a loss in hay production in central Georgia due to the root system not being fully developed from the winter freeze and the drought last summer. Small grains continued to be harvested, although delayed in many areas due to the rainfall. Farmers in southwest Georgia were noted to be anxious to harvest their wheat so that they can double crop soybeans or sorghum behind it.

#### **Livestock and Pastures**

Cattle and pasture and ranges were in good to fair condition throughout the state. Flies were noted be an issue in cattle. Pasture regrowth continued to pick up over the last week with the rainfall and warmer temperatures.

### **Crop Progress for Week Ending 05/21/23**

Crop stage	Prev year	Prev week	This week	5 Year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Blueberries - Harvested	73	63	71	64
Corn - Emerged	98	92	95	97
Corn - Silking	3	NA	5	5
Cotton - Planted	56	32	51	57
Hay - 1st Cutting	68	56	68	72
Oats - Harvested	29	14	27	29
Onions - Harvested	97	92	95	93
Peaches - Harvested	7	2	14	11
Peanuts - Planted	68	37	59	65
Soybeans - Planted	40	26	38	39
Soybeans - Emerged	23	13	25	22
Winter wheat - Harvested	27	13	24	29

(NA) Not available.

#### Conditions for Week Ending 05/21/23

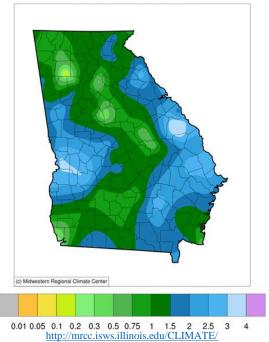
Crop	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Cattle	1	5	23	57	14
Corn	0	5	17	63	15
Oats	1	6	23	66	4
Pasture and range	2	8	29	54	7
Peaches	3	3	8	80	6
Tobacco	0	4	27	66	3
Winter wheat	2	6	32	52	8

#### Soil Moisture for Week Ending 05/21/23

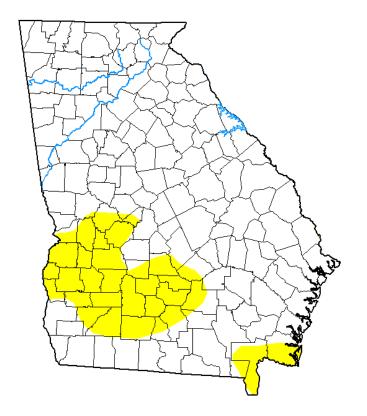
Topsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	3	0	
Short	26	13	
Adequate	67	75	
Surplus	4	12	
Subsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	4	0	
Short	15	11	
Adequate	78	80	
Surplus	3	9	

#### Accumulated Precipitation (in)

May 15, 2023 to May 21, 2023

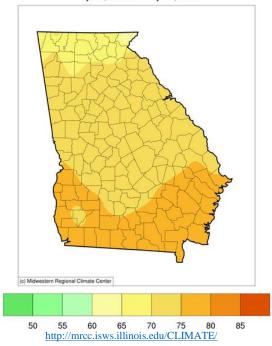


U.S. Drought Monitor
Georgia



#### Average Temperature (°F)

May 15, 2023 to May 21, 2023



### May 16, 2023

(Released Thursday, May. 18, 2023) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	82.09	17.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week 05-09-2023	80.56	19.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Month's Ago 02-14-2023	90.41	9.59	3.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-03-2023	46.36	53.64	28.04	4.81	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-27-2022	76.20	23.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 05-17-2022	26.74	73.26	24.80	4.99	0.00	0.00

Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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U.S. Department of Agriculture









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