United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



# **Iowa Crop Progress & Condition**



Upper Midwest Region-Iowa Field Office · 210 Walnut Street Ste 833 · Des Moines IA 50309 · (515) 284-4340 · (800) 772-0825 Fax (855) 271-9802 · www.nass.usda.gov Cooperating with the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship

For the week ending July 10, 2016 Issued July 11, 2016 Media Contact: Greg Thessen

Hit or miss rains allowed Iowa farmers 4.5 **days suitable for fieldwork** for the week ending July 10, 2016, according to the USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service. Activities for the week included herbicide and insecticide applications to soybeans and second cutting of hay. There were scattered reports of crop damage due to strong winds and hail.

**Topsoil moisture** levels rated 5 percent very short, 19 percent short, 72 percent adequate and 4 percent surplus. **Subsoil moisture** levels rated 4 percent very short, 17 percent short, 75 percent adequate and 4 percent surplus. South central and southeast Iowa were the driest areas of the State with 49 percent rated short to very short on subsoil moisture.

Twenty-nine percent of the **corn** crop had reached the silking stage. Corn condition rated 79 percent good to excellent. **Soybeans** blooming reached 40 percent, 2 days ahead of both last year and the five-year average. Six percent of soybeans were setting pods, 4 days ahead of normal. Soybean condition rated 77 percent good to excellent this week. Nearly all of the State's **oat** crop was headed. Oat acreage turning color reached 75 percent, with 16 percent of the oat crop harvested for grain or seed, 4 days ahead of last year. The statewide oat crop condition rating was unchanged from last week at 80 percent good to excellent.

The second cutting of **alfalfa hay** reached 67 percent, more than 2 weeks ahead of last year and 11 days ahead of the average. The third cutting of alfalfa hay got underway this week. **Hay condition** was rated at 72 percent good to excellent, while **pasture condition** rated 61 percent good to excellent. Livestock were generally reported to be in good condition, benefiting from cooler temperatures.

#### Crop Conditions as of July 10, 2016

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Item	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent					
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)					
Corn	1	3	17	59	20					
Hay, all	0	3	25	57	15					
Oats	0	1	19	65	15					
Soybeans	1	4	18	61	16					
Pasture and range	2	8	29	50	11					

# Percent of Corn Silking - Iowa As of July 10, 2016



## Field Work and Crop Progress as of July 10, 2016

Item	Districts								State	Last	Last	5-yr	
nem	NW	NC	NE	WC	С	EC	SW	SC	SE	Siale	week	year	avg
	(percent)												
Corn silking	15	21	18	33	44	32	38	34	40	29	6	13	17
Hay, alfalfa, second cutting	84	72	79	66	83	66	49	53	65	67	48	35	41
Oats coloring	75	63	71	86	91	70	79	76	83	75	51	62	56
Oats harvested	8	6	19	17	17	11	18	23	14	16	4	10	15
Soybeans blooming	36	48	41	42	45	45	38	23	34	40	20	34	34
Soybeans setting pods	4	10	4	6	10	5	4	5	9	6	1	3	2

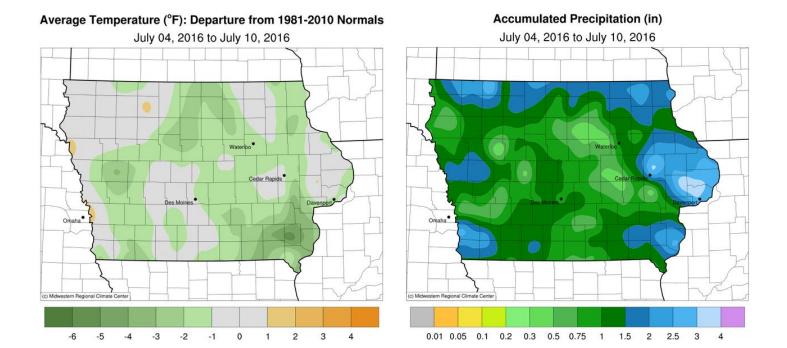
## Days Suitable & Soil Moisture Condition as of July 10, 2016

ltem			State	Last	Last							
nem	NW	NC	NE	WC	С	EC	SW	SC	SE	Slale	week	year
	(days)											
Days suitable	4.9	4.8	3.8	4.4	4.9	4.1	3.7	5.4	4.4	4.5	5.5	4.8
	(percent)											
Topsoil moisture												
Very short	1	1	1	6	1	0	1	23	21	5	8	0
Short	13	7	6	34	26	4	17	36	33	19	25	3
Adequate	79	88	89	57	72	85	79	38	45	72	64	77
Surplus	7	4	4	3	1	11	3	3	1	4	3	20
Subsoil moisture												
Very short	1	2	1	4	3	0	1	12	18	4	4	0
Short	7	14	7	24	27	5	14	37	31	17	20	3
Adequate	83	81	89	69	69	88	80	51	51	75	73	78
Surplus	9	3	3	3	1	7	5	0	0	4	3	19

#### IOWA PRELIMINARY WEATHER SUMMARY

#### Provided by Harry J. Hillaker, State Climatologist Iowa Department of Agriculture & Land Stewardship

The crop reporting week began with a dry and unseasonably cool Fourth of July with daytime high temperatures mostly in the seventies. However, heat and humidity made a very rapid return on Tuesday (5<sup>th</sup>) with highs in the mid-eighties northeast to mid-nineties southwest. The highest humidity levels of the year pushed the heat index to 115 degrees at Red Oak where the dew point reached an extremely high 84 degrees. Thunderstorms brought rain to most of the east one-half of Iowa, plus west central Iowa, late on Tuesday and into Wednesday morning. Heavy rain fell in east central Iowa with these storms where two to three inch amounts were common from Cedar Rapids to Clinton and Davenport. Wednesday was another very warm day but not nearly as humid as Tuesday with highs in the low eighties east to low nineties west. Thunderstorms dampened nearly all of Iowa between Wednesday afternoon and Thursday morning. The Wednesday night rainfall brought one-half to one and onehalf inches of rain to almost all of Iowa, but largely missed east central Iowa where heavy rain fell the previous night. Additionally these storms brought numerous reports of high winds, especially in west central and north central Iowa. There were some scattered thunderstorms across the northwest one-half of the state on Thursday (7<sup>th</sup>) afternoon with a few isolated reports of large hail. Dry weather with near-seasonal temperatures prevailed statewide on Friday and Saturday. Finally, showers and thunderstorms moved across about the northeast onehalf of Iowa on Sunday (10<sup>th</sup>) morning. Temperature extremes for the week varied from a Monday (4<sup>th</sup>) morning low of 49 degrees at Elkader to a Tuesday (5<sup>th</sup>) afternoon high of 95 degrees at Sidney. Temperatures for the week averaged slightly below normal northeast to slightly above normal southwest with a statewide average of 0.3 degrees below normal. Weekly rain totals varied from 0.62 inches at Orange City and 0.65 inches at Iowa City Airport to 4.14 inches at Lowden. The statewide average rain total was 1.71 inches while normal for the week is 1.07 inches.



Temperature and Precipitation Maps, courtesy of the Midwestern Regional Climate Center, are available at: http://mrcc.isws.illinois.edu/CLIMATE/