United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Iowa Crop Progress & Condition



Upper Midwest Regional Field Office · 210 Walnut Street Ste 833 · Des Moines IA 50309 · (515) 776-3400 · (800) 772-0825 Fax (855) 271-9802 · www.nass.usda.gov Cooperating with the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship

For the week ending August 26, 2018 Issued August 27, 2018

Media Contact: Greg Thessen

Percent of Soybeans Coloring - Iowa For the Fourth Week of August

2018

5-year Averag

2017

Iowa farmers had 4.0 **days suitable for fieldwork** during the week ending August 26, 2018, according to the USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service. Activities for the week included cutting hay, chopping corn silage, harvesting oats for grain, spraying for aphids, and moving grain.

Topsoil moisture levels rated 7 percent very short, 14 percent short, 70 percent adequate and 9 percent surplus. **Subsoil moisture** levels rated 8 percent very short, 16 percent short, 70 percent adequate and 6 percent surplus. In spite of recent rains, subsoil moisture levels in south central and southeast Iowa continue to remain critically low with greater than 90 percent rated short to very short.

Ninety-two percent of the **corn** crop has reached the dough stage or beyond, 8 days ahead of the 5-year average. Corn dented was at 63 percent, 9 days ahead of last year. Seven percent of the corn crop was mature, 9 days ahead of average. Seed corn harvest has begun. Corn condition rated 73 percent good to excellent. Ninety-six percent of the **soybean** crop was setting pods with 11 percent coloring, 4 days ahead of last year and 5 days ahead of the average. Soybean condition rated 70 percent good to excellent. Ninety-eight percent of the **oat** crop has been harvested for grain.

The third cutting of **alfalfa hay** was 75 percent complete, 4 days behind the previous year but 1 week ahead of the average. **Pasture conditions** improved slightly to 43 percent good to excellent. Although pastures in south central and southwest Iowa were able to refresh after receiving much needed precipitation, some producers have been forced to haul water to livestock.

Crop Condition as of August 26, 2018

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Item	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Corn Soybeans	2 2	6 6	19 22	50 51	23 19	
Pasture and range	11	17	29	38	5	

Field Work and Crop Progress as of August 26, 2018

Item	Districts								State	Last	Last	5-yr	
	NW	NC	NE	WC	С	EC	SW	SC	SE	State	Week	Year	Avg
	(percent)												
Corn dough	89	95	84	91	97	92	92	99	92	92	85	87	82
Corn dented	64	48	50	65	67	75	70	85	65	63	42	38	38
Corn mature	5	1	4	6	11	11	6	17	9	7	1	1	1
Hay, alfalfa, third cutting	81	64	62	73	83	86	85	70	86	75	66	81	65
Soybeans setting pods	97	96	97	97	99	99	92	92	89	96	93	93	92
Soybeans coloring	8	8	10	9	14	26	10	12	6	11	3	5	5

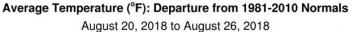
Days Suitable for Fieldwork and Soil Moisture Supplies as of August 26, 2018

ltem	Districts										Last	Last
item	NW	NC	NE	WC	С	EC	SW	SC	SE	State	Week	Year
	(days)											
Days suitable	4.3	4.5	3.7	2.8	3.9	4.0	3.3	5.2	5.7	4.0	5.1	4.4
	(percent)											
Topsoil moisture												
Very short	2	0	1	0	1	4	6	50	34	7	11	13
Short	6	4	6	4	10	17	23	42	46	14	19	26
Adequate	79	88	88	78	81	72	59	8	20	70	64	60
Surplus	13	8	5	18	8	7	12	0	0	9	6	1
Subsoil moisture												
Very short	0	0	0	1	2	3	8	54	47	8	10	18
Short	6	4	3	5	12	27	31	41	45	16	19	31
Adequate	82	92	90	80	82	66	56	5	8	70	66	50
Surplus	12	4	7	14	4	4	5	0	0	6	5	1

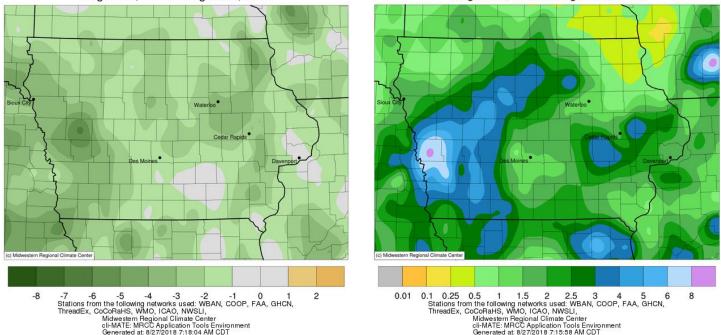
IOWA PRELIMINARY WEATHER SUMMARY

Provided by Justin Glisan, Ph.D., State Climatologist Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship

Cooler conditions were observed statewide during the reporting period with average temperatures up to five degrees below normal in some locations. Much of Iowa also saw above average rainfall accumulations, generally ranging from one to three inches. A large low pressure system continued to spin over the state on Monday (20th), bringing heavy rainfall to northern and western Iowa. Over fifty stations reported precipitation totals above one inch; Fort Dodge (Webster County) recorded 3.95 inches. A weak tornado was also reported during the evening in Clinton County, damaging crops and trees. High pressure dominated on Tuesday (21st), bringing cooler conditions to Iowa. Average highs were well below normal, especially in western Iowa; Denison (Crawford County) observed a high of 65 degrees, almost 18 degrees below average. Cool and dry conditions continued into Wednesday (22nd) and over much of the state on Thursday (23rd), as the high pressure propagated across northern Missouri. Showers and thunderstorms moved into southwest Iowa Thursday morning, bringing measurable rainfall. Another complex of thunderstorms developed along the Iowa-Missouri border early Friday (24th) bringing much needed rain to southeastern Iowa. Multiple stations in Appanoose, Davis, and Wapello counties observed rainfall between one and two inches, with isolated totals nearing three inches. Severe storms also formed and moved rapidly through northern Iowa, with a few severe hail and high wind reports from Buffalo Center (Kossuth County) to Mason City (Cerro Gordo County). Leftover thundershowers moved out of eastern Iowa early Saturday (25th), leaving minor accumulations. On Sunday (26th) another round of thunderstorms fired along a warm front, with two severe wind reports that evening in north central Iowa. Weekend temperatures were up to four degrees warmer across much of Iowa, with Donnellson (Lee County) observing the week's high temperature of 95 degrees.



Accumulated Precipitation (in) August 20, 2018 to August 26, 2018



Temperature and Precipitation Maps, courtesy of the Midwestern Regional Climate Center, are available at: http://mrcc.isws.illinois.edu/CLIMATE/