United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Iowa Ag News – Crop Progress & Condition



Iowa Field Office · 210 Walnut Street Ste 833 · Des Moines IA 50309 · (515) 776-3400 · (800) 772-0825 fax (855) 271-9802 · www.nass.usda.gov/ia Cooperating with the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship

October 16, 2023 - For Immediate Release

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Iowa was cold and damp this week with the northern two-thirds of State receiving above average precipitation, limiting **days suitable for fieldwork** to 4.2 during the week ending October 15, 2023, according to the USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service. Corn and soybean harvest continued to be the main field activities for the week, although there were some reports of fall tillage and dry fertilizer being applied.

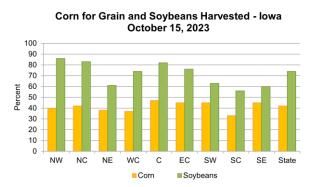
Topsoil moisture condition rated 19 percent very short, 38 percent short, 40 percent adequate and 3 percent surplus. **Subsoil moisture** condition rated 31 percent very short, 43 percent short, 24 percent adequate and 2 percent surplus.

Virtually all the State's **corn** crop has reached maturity. Corn harvested for grain reached 42 percent statewide, 3 days ahead of last year and 5 days ahead of the average. Moisture content of field corn being harvested for grain was at 17 percent. Corn condition rated 51 percent good to excellent. **Soybeans** dropping leaves was 98 percent this week. Soybeans harvested reached 74 percent, 1 day ahead of last year and 9 days ahead of the average.

Pasture condition rated 17 percent good to excellent. Livestock conditions were generally good. Some producers continue to haul hay and purchase hay in preparation for winter, while others have turned cattle out to feed on fields of corn stalks.

Crop Condition as of October 15, 2023

Item	Very Poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Corn	4 16	10 27	35 40	43 15	8	
Pasture and range .	16	27	40	15	2	



Crop Progress as of October 15, 2023

	Districts									State			
Item	NW	NC	NE	WC	С	EC	SW	SC	SE	This week	Last week	Last year	5-year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Corn harvested for grain Soybeans dropping leaves Soybeans harvested	40 100 86	42 100 83	38 100 61	37 99 74	47 98 82	45 99 76	45 98 63	33 89 56	45 97 60	42 98 74	30 94 52	36 96 71	32 95 54

Days Suitable for Fieldwork and Soil Moisture Condition as of October 15, 2023

	Districts										State			
Item	NW	NC	NE	WC	С	EC	SW	SC	SE	This week	Last week	Last year		
	(days)	(days)	(days)											
Days suitable	3.7	4.2	3.8	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.1	5.1	4.9	4.2	5.9	6.1		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)											
Topsoil moisture														
Very short	9	12	19	20	19	20	15	14	49	19	32	21		
Short	23	57	31	33	39	36	39	58	42	38	44	40		
Adequate	61	31	45	41	40	41	44	24	9	40	23	38		
Surplus	7	0	5	6	2	3	2	4	0	3	1	1		
Subsoil moisture														
Very short	13	32	20	45	40	32	18	15	64	31	37	23		
Short	47	55	42	36	36	49	48	57	25	43	43	41		
Adequate	40	13	35	13	24	19	32	24	11	24	19	36		
Surplus	0	0	3	6	0	0	2	4	0	2	1	0		

The complete report can be found on the USDA NASS website at www.nass.usda.gov/Publications.

IOWA PRELIMINARY WEATHER SUMMARY Provided by Justin Glisan, Ph.D., State Climatologist Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship

Reports from the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship and maps from the Midwestern Regional Climate Center reflect data collected from 7:00 A.M. Central Time on October 9, 2023, through 7:00 A.M. Central Time on October 15, 2023.

A large and slow-moving low-pressure system spun several waves of showers and thunderstorms across Iowa during the reporting period. Stations across Iowa's northern half received more than a month's worth of rainfall. Temperatures were also cooler than average where cloud cover and rain were present; the statewide average temperature was 50.2 degrees, 2.7 degrees below normal.

Daytime highs on Sunday (8th) rose into the upper 60s and low 70s as spotty clouds dotted the sky under light northerly winds. Mostly clear skies into Monday (9th) morning allowed temperatures to fall below freezing at many Iowa stations while upper 30s and low 40s were observed in eastern Iowa. Afternoon conditions were partly sunny with highs in the upper 50s and low 60s as northerly winds increased. Starry skies persisted through Tuesday (10th) morning with an easterly shifting wind and temperatures in the upper 20s northwest to upper 30s southeast. Several southwestern stations registered highs in the lower 70s with temperatures 10-15 degrees cooler in northern Iowa. Clouds increased over southern Iowa into early Wednesday (11th) as showers and a few thunderstorms moved through the area. General totals were under 0.20 inches, though Truro (Madison County) measured 0.26 inches and College Springs (Page County) received 0.36 inches. Additional showers and a few severe thunderstorms fired across eastern Iowa, later expanding farther north and west, ahead of a large low-pressure system that was approaching Iowa. A second wave of showers pushed into western Iowa just before daybreak on Thursday (12th) with a broad shield of rain persisting over northern Iowa through the afternoon hours. Initial rainfall totals exceeded 1.00 inch at 60 stations with the highest totals in eastern Iowa and a statewide average of 0.47 inches; a station in Davenport (Scott County) observed 2.02 inches while Camanche (Clinton County) reported 3.05 inches. Easterly wind continued through the day with upper 40s northeast to mid-60s southwest.

The low-pressure center finally moved into western Iowa after midnight on Friday (13th) with moderate to heavy rain falling from several waves of showers and thunderstorms. Nearly 30 northwest stations observed at least 2.00 inches with 10 stations registering more than 3.00 inches; Milford (Dickinson County) reported 3.09 inches with 3.75 inches in Storm Lake (Buena Vista County). Totals tapered off farther southeast though most stations across Iowa's northwestern two-thirds observed at least 0.50 inches; the statewide average total was 0.76 inches. Overcast skies persisted through the day with highs in the upper 50s and low 60s as stronger storms formed across central Iowa during the late afternoon. Ample instability and atmospheric spin associated with the low-pressure center forced a few tornado-warned thunderstorms, though no rotation was spotted. The system finally exited eastern Iowa early on Saturday (14th) with 24-hour totals reported at 7:00 am highest from central to eastern Iowa. More than 30 additional stations hit an inch or more with 2.68 inches in Lowden (Cedar County); general totals at most stations were in the 0.25-0.75 inch range with a statewide average of 0.52 inches. Overcast skies hid the annular solar eclipse as spotty showers spun in on the backside of the low. Daytime temperatures were in the 50s as gusty northerly winds built in. Overnight lows did not drop significantly as thick stratus cloud remained; temperatures remained in the mid to upper 40s on Sunday (15th) morning.

Weekly precipitation totals ranged from 0.07 inches in Davis City (Decatur County) to 5.29 inches in Sioux Rapids (Buena Vista County). The statewide weekly average precipitation was 1.85 inches, almost three times the normal of 0.64 inches. Lamoni (Decatur County) reported the week's high temperature of 81 degrees on the 12th, 14 degrees above normal. Elkader (Clayton County) reported the week's low temperature of 23 degrees on the 11th, 16 degrees below normal.

