

PEACHES

Peach trees survived the winter in good condition. April was unusually warm, causing earlier bud and bloom stages than the past few years. Temperatures cooled in May leading to frost damage and slowed growth. The month of June will be noted as one of the wettest on record, with excessive rain causing scab and fungus issues, but good fruit size. Late June/early July storms brought hail, and damage was significant at some orchards. Crop conditions remained in good to fair

condition throughout July. Harvest was underway at the end of July, slightly ahead of schedule. Skies finally cleared in mid-August, providing excellent harvest conditions. Harvest was complete by the end of September, on par with earlier years. Combined utilized peach production in Connecticut and Massachusetts in 2009 totaled 2,950 tons, an increase of 100 tons from a year earlier. The estimated value of 2009 production was \$6.36 million, down 3 percent from the previous year.

PEACHES: Production and Value, 2000 - 2009

State and Year	Bearing Acreage	Yield ¹	Production		Utilized Price per Ton	Value of Utilized Production	48-Pound Bushel Equivalents			
			Total ²	Utilized ³			Yield ¹	Production		Utilized Price per Bushel
								Total ²	Utilized ³	
	Acres	Tons/Acre	Tons		Dollars	1,000 Dollars	Bu/Acre	1,000 Bushels		Dollars
Connecticut										
2000	330	3.03	1,000	1,000	1,300	1,300	126.3	42	42	31.20
2001	330	2.88	950	950	1,300	1,235	120.0	40	40	31.20
2002	400	1.63	650	650	1,400	910	67.9	27	27	33.60
2003	400	1.88	750	750	1,400	1,050	78.3	31	31	33.60
2004	400	2.13	850	850	1,600	1,360	88.8	35	35	38.40
2005	400	1.75	700	700	1,600	1,120	72.9	29	29	38.40
2006	400	2.25	900	900	1,800	1,620	93.8	38	38	43.20
2007	400	2.75	1,100	1,100	1,800	1,980	114.6	46	46	43.20
2008	400	3.00	1,200	1,200	2,000	2,400	125.0	50	50	48.00
2009	400	3.25	1,300	1,200	1,800	2,160	135.4	54	50	43.20
Massachusetts										
2000	340	3.09	1,050	1,050	1,400	1,470	128.8	44	44	33.60
2001	350	3.15	1,100	1,050	1,400	1,470	131.3	46	44	33.60
2002	370	3.11	1,150	1,100	1,600	1,760	129.6	48	46	38.40
2003	390	3.85	1,500	1,350	1,600	2,160	160.4	63	56	38.40
2004	390	2.46	960	950	1,500	1,425	102.5	40	40	36.00
2005	420	2.38	1,000	990	1,500	1,485	99.2	42	41	36.00
2006	410	3.41	1,400	1,400	1,940	2,716	142.1	58	58	46.56
2007	430	3.84	1,650	1,600	1,800	2,880	160.0	69	67	43.20
2008	430	3.84	1,650	1,650	2,500	4,125	160.0	69	69	60.00
2009	430	4.19	1,800	1,750	2,400	4,200	174.6	75	73	57.60
New England ⁴										
2000	670	3.06	2,050	2,050	1,351	2,770	127.5	85	85	32.43
2001	680	3.01	2,050	2,000	1,353	2,705	125.6	85	83	32.46
2002	770	2.34	1,800	1,750	1,526	2,670	97.4	75	73	36.62
2003	790	2.85	2,250	2,100	1,529	3,210	118.7	94	88	36.69
2004	790	2.29	1,810	1,800	1,547	2,785	95.5	75	75	37.13
2005	820	2.07	1,700	1,690	1,541	2,605	86.4	71	70	36.99
2006	810	2.84	2,300	2,300	1,885	4,336	118.3	96	96	45.25
2007	830	3.31	2,750	2,700	1,800	4,860	138.1	115	113	43.20
2008	830	3.43	2,850	2,850	2,289	6,525	143.1	119	119	54.95
2009	830	3.73	3,100	2,950	2,156	6,360	155.6	129	123	51.74

¹ Yield based on total production, which includes unharvested production and fruit harvested but not sold due to market conditions.

² Total production is the quantity actually harvested plus quantities not harvested because of economic or natural reasons.

³ Utilized production includes fruit sold, amount used on the operation or given away, and fruit in storage.

⁴ New England includes Connecticut and Massachusetts.