## **NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS**



## United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

PO Box 1809, Las Cruces, NM 88004 Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE August 22, 2016

Contact: Longino Bustillos (800) 530-8810

## CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING AUGUST 21, 2016

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Average temperatures fell below normal across much of the State during the week, with daytime highs failing to climb above the century mark in at least one location for the first time in nearly 3 months, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistical Service, USDA. Rainfall accumulations reduced dramatically when compared with last week; however, measureable rainfall was recorded at 43 of 46 reporting weather stations across the State. Statewide, topsoil moisture levels were unchanged from last week, with conditions rated 78 percent short to very short, compared with last year and the 5-year average at 49 and 69 percent short to very short, respectively. The largest rainfall accumulation was reported at Roswell where 1.58 inches fell. At 1.43 inches, Picacho was the only other location to total over an inch of moisture during the week. Year-to-date precipitation was above average at 8 locations statewide, varying from 0.13 inch at Otis to 5.61 inches at Ocate. Average temperatures varied from 4 degrees below to 2 degrees above normal. Daytime highs ranged from 74 degrees at Cloudcroft to 96 degrees at Bitter Lakes. Overnight lows varied from 33 degrees at Eagles Nest to 62 degrees at Santa Teresa and NMSU. Overall, the corn crop was developing at a near-normal pace, although reports from Union County indicated that producers with hail-affected corn were harvesting their entire fields for silage since 100 percent was declared a loss by the crop adjusters. In Dona Ana County, reports showed that approximately 25 percent of the jujube crop was harvestable. Sorghum development showed a jump during the week as a larger percentage of the crop in Roosevelt County began heading. Green chile harvest continued progressing ahead of normal, with 72 percent of the crop rated good to excellent. Stock water supplies remained short in Union County despite recent moisture because the showers received have not generated any beneficial water runoff. Pecan nut set was reported as 25 percent light, 65 percent moderate, and 10 percent heavy. Hail damage in all crops was reported as 6 percent light and 1 percent severe. Wind damage in all crops was reported as 33 percent light, 5 percent moderate, and 1 percent severe. Stock water supplies were reported as 12 percent very short, 23 percent short, 58 percent adequate, and 7 percent surplus.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS					
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average	
·	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Alfalfa hay					
3 <sup>rd</sup> cutting harvested	95	91	92	95	
4th cutting harvested	55	51	61	76	
5 <sup>th</sup> cutting harvested	28	17	30	28	
Chile					
Green harvested	38	22	30	27	
Corn					
Silking	90	84	91	92	
Dough	49	36	49	40	
Dented	3	NA	12	15	
Corn harvested for silage	34	18	14	11	
Cotton					
Setting bolls	75	65	86	77	
Bolls opening	21	8	10	7	
Peanuts					
Pegging	82	64	71	75	
Sorghum					
Headed	56	34	51	39	
Coloring	24	11	5	5	

NA – not available

(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE F	DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION				
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average	
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.7	
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	16	16	15	35	
Short	62	62	34	34	
Adequate	21	21	49	30	
Surplus	1	1	2	1	
Subsoil moisture					
Very short	17	17	11	NA	
Short	39	39	28	NA	
Adequate	43	44	60	NA	
Surplus	1		1	NA	

NA – not available

(--) – zero

CPOP LIVESTOCK	AND DASTIBE	AND RANGE CONDITION
CRUP, LIVESTUCK,	AND PASIUKE	AND KANGE CONDITION

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay	(регесие)	(percent)	(регесит)	(percent)
Very poor			1	4
Poor	3	3	2	8
	43	43	22	29
Fair				_
Good	47	47	49	49
Excellent	7	7	26	10
Chile				
Very poor		1		NA
Poor	7	7		NA
Fair	21	21	27	NA
Good	48	49	55	NA
Excellent	24	22	18	NA
Corn				
Very poor	2	2		2
Poor	4	4		5
Fair	31	31	11	32
	48	47		34
Good	_		51	
Excellent	15	16	38	27
Cotton	_	_		_
Very poor	3	2		3
Poor	25	23	1	16
Fair	31	34	22	33
Good	33	33	67	30
Excellent	8	8	10	18
Pasture and range				
Very poor	3	3	4	30
Poor	23	23	6	27
		_		
Fair	46	47	34	24
Good	25	24	44	16
Excellent	3	3	12	3
Peanut				
Very poor				3
Poor	5	5		14
Fair	72	70	68	73
Good	23	25	29	9
Excellent			3	1
Pecan				
Very poor				
Poor				1
Fair	6	6	13	27
	•			
Good	47	38	77	63
Excellent	47	56	10	9
Sorghum				
Very poor				19
Poor	3	3	1	10
Fair	77	77	10	35
Good	19	19	85	34
Excellent	1	1	4	2
Cattle and calves				
Very poor	2	2	1	NA
Poor	4	4	2	NA
Fair	37	36	26	NA NA
Good	52	53	63	NA NA
Excellent	5	5	8	NA
Sheep and lambs				
Very poor	12	12	15	NA
Poor	13	13	15	NA
Fair	20	20	14	NA
Good	50	50	52	NA
Excellent	5	5	4	NA
NA – not available	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	

(--) – zero

New Mexico's weather data can be accessed at the following:

 $\frac{http://www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics\ by\ State/New\ Mexico/Publications/Crop\ Progress\ \&\ Condition/2016/NM\ Weather\ 08212016.}{pdf}$