## **NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS**



# United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

PO Box 1809, Las Cruces, NM 88004 Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE May 21, 2018

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#### CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING MAY 20, 2018

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: While some locations in the eastern half of the State received much-needed rainfall, the weather pattern across most of New Mexico remained bone-dry as has been the case recently, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Despite the precipitation, little improvement was evident in pasture grass condition or soil moisture levels. Fire danger remained high in areas where last year's growth has not been grazed. The United States Drought Monitor released on May 17 showed that exceptional drought (D4) had expanded to cover 20.3 percent of the State. In addition, severe to extreme drought (D2-D3) was reportedly covering 69.9 percent of the State. Overall, conditions rated abnormally dry or worse now blanketed 100 percent of New Mexico. Topsoil moisture levels were reported as 15 percent adequate to surplus, compared with 8 percent last week, 45 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 36 percent. Pasture and range condition was reported as 5 percent good to excellent, compared with 6 percent last week, 34 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 24 percent. Livestock producers in some areas were starting to sell cattle, while others continued to haul water and provide supplemental feed at a higher than normal rate. Branding was in full swing. Reports from San Juan County indicated that some noxious weeds, such as tansy mustard, were flourishing which has led to poisoning problems in some herds. Spring fieldwork was ongoing, with row crops being planted as conditions allowed. Comments from Dona Ana County noted that 100 percent of the wheat for silage acreage had been harvested. Precipitation was recorded at 10 out of 44 reporting weather stations, with Melrose Gunnery, at 0.68 inch, reporting the largest accumulation during the week. Average temperatures ranged from 4 degrees below to 10 degrees above normal. At the reporting weather stations, daytime highs varied from 68 degrees at Angel Fire to 101 degrees at Carlsbad. Artesia also recorded a daytime high that reached the century mark during the week. Overnight lows ranged from 20 degrees at El Vado Dam to 59 degrees at Truth or Consequences. Freeze damage in all crops was reported as 2 percent light and 2 percent moderate, compared with 4 percent light and 3 percent moderate last week. There was no hail damage reported. Wind damage in all crops was reported as 17 percent light, 8 percent moderate, and 1 percent severe, compared with 26 percent light, 17 percent moderate, and 2 percent severe last week. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 28 percent very short, 31 percent short, 40 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus, compared with 30 percent very short, 35 percent short, 34 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus last week. Stock water supplies were reported as 35 percent very short, 22 percent short, and 43 percent adequate, compared with 36 percent very short, 22 percent short, and 42 percent adequate last week.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Alfalfa hay						
1 <sup>st</sup> cutting harvested	52	41	61	57		
Chile						
Planted	92	87	100	NA		
Emerged	79	71	80	NA		
Corn						
Planted	73	61	56	58		
Emerged	38	22	21	22		
Cotton						
Planted	65	55	77	63		
Emerged	52	42	34	NA		
Onions						
Emerged	92	85	98	NA		
Peanuts						
Planted	16	10	45	25		
Sorghum						
Planted	39	29	11	16		
Emerged	7	1		NA		
Winter wheat						
Headed	95	91	96	75		
Cattle and calves						
Receiving supplemental feed	90	85	55	NA		
Sheep and lambs						

75

46

NA

82

NA – not available

Receiving supplemental feed.

(--) – zero

#### DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.8	7.0	6.6	5.7
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	55	63	18	32
Short	30	29	37	32
Adequate	15	8	44	35
Surplus			1	1
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	41	40	16	NA
Short	46	54	38	NA
Adequate	13	6	45	NA
Surplus			1	NA

NA – not available

(--) - zero

### CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay	4 ,	,	• ,	
Very poor	15	12		
Poor	1	6	1	3
Fair	25	27	22	34
Good	57	52	74	50
Excellent	2	3	3	13
Chile				
Very poor				NA
Poor	7	13	7	NA
Fair	9	15	53	NA
Good	55	46	30	NA NA
Excellent	29	26	10	NA
Onions	2)	20	10	IVA
Very poor				
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Poor	16	16	16	12
Fair	16	16	16	
Good	47	64	68	45
Excellent	37	20	16	43
Pasture and range			_	
Very poor	17	22	7	22
Poor	50	44	16	23
Fair	28	28	43	31
Good	5	6	26	19
Excellent			8	5
Winter wheat				
Very poor	16	20	2	22
Poor	53	47	12	14
Fair	18	17	32	30
Good	8	9	50	26
Excellent	5	7	4	8
Cattle and calves				
Very poor	2	4	1	NA
Poor	14	13	2	NA
Fair	46	46	35	NA
Good	34	33	55	NA
Excellent	4	4	7	NA
Sheep and lambs	•			
Very poor	7	16	9	NA
Poor	1	6	11	NA
Fair	45	40	17	NA NA
Good	46	38	62	NA NA
Excellent	1	36	1	NA NA

 $\overline{NA-not}$  available

(--) – zero

New Mexico's weather data can be accessed at the following:

 $\underline{http://www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics\_by\_State/New\_Mexico/Publications/Crop\_Progress\_\&\_Condition/2018/NM-Weather-05202018.pdf}$ 

Notice: Please be advised, the Weekly Crop Progress report's weather data table may be discontinued for budget reasons. Please contact the NASS Mountain Regional Field Office at (720) 787-3150 with comments or compliments regarding this issue. The Weekly Crop Progress report's crop progress and condition data will remain and be available.