



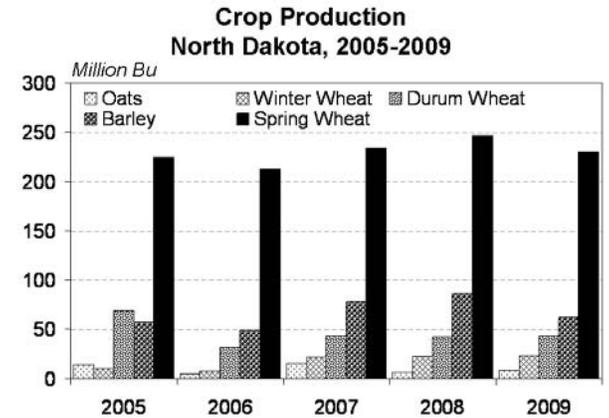
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CROP PRODUCTION

North Dakota Spring wheat production for 2009 is forecast at 230 million bushels, down 6 percent from the 246 million bushels produced last year. The forecasted yield is 36.0 bushels per harvested acre, down 2.5 bushels per acre from 2008. Durum wheat production is forecast at 42.4 million bushels, 130,000 bushels more than last year. The forecasted yield is 26.0 bushels per acre, 1.0 bushels per acre more than in 2008.

Barley production is forecast at 62.2 million bushels, down 28 percent from last year and 20 percent from 2007. The average yield is forecast at 55.0 bushels per acre, down 1 bushel per acre from last year. Oat production is forecast at 8.25 million bushels, up 24 percent from 2008 but down 46 percent from 2007's production of 15.3 million bushels. The average yield is forecast at 55.0 bushels per acre, up 4 bushels per acre from last year.



The crop production forecasts in this report are based on yield projections and acreage reports collected from a cross-section of North Dakota producers around July 1. This report is based on conditions around July 1 and assumes no extreme conditions the remainder of the crop season.

United States Spring wheat production is forecast at 506 million bushels, 7 percent below 2008. Durum wheat production is forecast at 81.2 million bushels, down 4 percent from 2008. Barley production for 2009 is forecast at 203 million bushels, down 15 percent from 2008. Oat production is forecast at 91.3 million bushels, 3 percent above last year's record low 88.6 million bushels.

Crop Summary: Area Planted, Harvested, Yield and Production North Dakota and United States, 2008-2009

Crop	Planted		Harvested		Unit	Yield Per Harvested Acre			Production	
	2008	2009	2008	Forecasted 2009		Average 2004-08 ¹	2008	Forecasted 2009	2008	Forecasted 2009
	1,000 Acres	1,000 Acres	1,000 Acres	1,000 Acres					1,000	1,000
North Dakota										
Barley	1,650	1,200	1,540	1,130	Bu	55.4	56.0	55.0	86,240	62,150
Oats	320	270	130	150	Bu	54.8	51.0	55.0	6,630	8,250
Wheat, All	9,230	8,950	8,640	8,530	Bu	35.1	36.0	34.7	311,200	295,780
Winter	630	550	550	500	Bu	42.8	41.0	46.0	22,550	23,000
Durum	1,800	1,700	1,690	1,630	Bu	29.5	25.0	26.0	42,250	42,380
Spring	6,800	6,700	6,400	6,400	Bu	36.1	38.5	36.0	246,400	230,400
United States										
Barley	4,234	3,627	3,767	3,142	Bu		63.6	64.7	239,498	203,329
Oats	3,217	3,158	1,395	1,426	Bu		63.5	64.0	88,635	91,277
Wheat, All	63,147	59,775	55,685	50,445	Bu		44.9	41.9	2,499,524	2,112,342
Winter	46,281	43,448	39,614	34,787	Bu		47.2	43.8	1,867,903	1,524,771
Durum	2,731	2,555	2,584	2,453	Bu		32.8	33.1	84,877	81,217
Spring	14,135	13,772	13,487	13,205	Bu		40.5	38.3	546,744	506,354

¹ U.S. average yield not computed.

DRY EDIBLE PEA & LENTIL ACREAGE

North Dakota

Dry edible pea planted area in North Dakota is estimated at 510,000 acres, down from 520,000 acres last year and 515,000 acres in 2007. The record high was set in 2006 at 610,000 acres. Dry edible pea acreage estimates were added to the program in 1998 when 100,000 acres were planted. Harvested acreage is estimated at 490,000, down from 500,000 acres last year and 2007. The record high was 590,000 acres harvested in 2006.

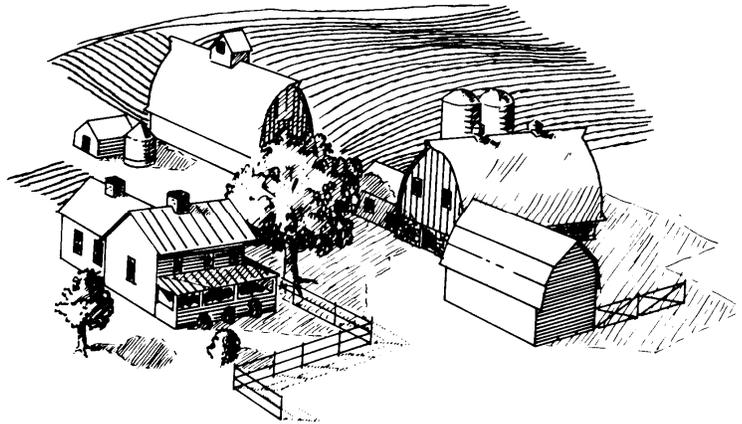
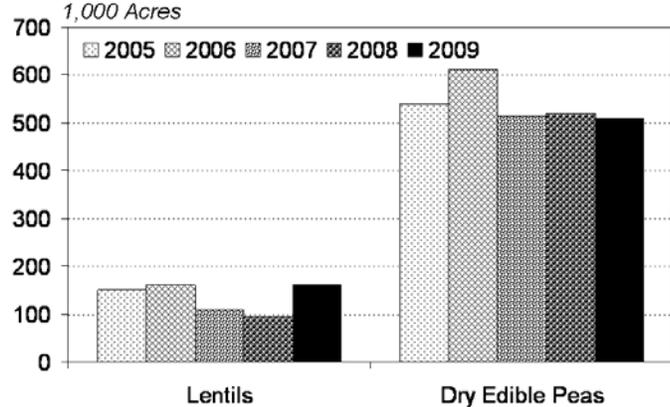
Lentil planted area is estimated at 160,000 acres, up from last year's 95,000 acres and tying the record high 160,000 acres planted in 2006. This is the first increase in acreage after a two year decrease from the 2006 record high. Lentil acreage estimates were added to the program in 1998 when 22,000 acres were planted. Harvested acreage is estimated at 155,000, up from 92,000 acres last year and a record high if realized.

United States

Dry edible pea planted area in the U.S. is estimated at 880,700 acres, virtually unchanged from last year. Area for harvest, at 840,900 acres, is 1 percent below a year ago.

Lentil planted area is estimated at 410,000 acres, 51 percent above 2008. If realized, this will be the largest planted acreage since the 429,000 planted acres reported in 2006. Harvested area is estimated at 399,000 acres, up 52 percent from last year.

**Dry Edible Peas and Lentils: Planted Acres
North Dakota, 2005-2009**



**Dry Edible Peas and Lentils: Area Planted and Harvested by State
and United States, 2008-2009**

State	Area Planted		Area Harvested	
	2008	2009	2008	Forecasted 2009
	1,000 Acres	1,000 Acres	1,000 Acres	1,000 Acres
Dry Edible Peas¹				
North Dakota	520.0	510.0	500.0	490.0
Idaho	37.0	40.0	36.0	39.0
Montana	245.0	240.0	231.0	222.0
Oregon	5.5	5.7	5.3	4.9
Washington	75.0	85.0	75.0	85.0
United States	882.5	880.7	847.3	840.9
Lentils				
North Dakota	95.0	160.0	92.0	155.0
Idaho	38.0	55.0	37.0	54.0
Montana	83.0	125.0	79.0	120.0
Washington	55.0	70.0	55.0	70.0
United States	271.0	410.0	263.0	399.0

¹ Excludes both wrinkled seed peas and Austrian winter peas.

POTATO ACREAGE

North Dakota

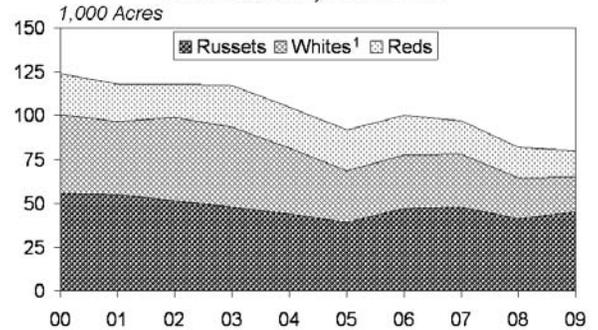
Acres planted to potatoes in North Dakota for 2009 is estimated at 80,000 acres, down 2 percent from 2008. Area for harvest is forecast at 77,000 acres, a 5 percent decrease from last year. During May and June wet soil conditions delayed planting progress; planting was virtually complete June 21, 2009, behind last year and the five-year (2004-2008) average.

Russets account for 56 percent of the total acreage, up from 50 percent last year. Whites, at 24 percent, are down from 28 percent in 2008. Reds account for 19 percent of the total, down from 21 percent last year. Yellows account for 1 percent of the total acreage, the same as last year.

United States

Area planted to fall potatoes in 2009 is estimated at 932,900 acres, up slightly from the 2008 crop year. Harvested area is forecast at 922,700 acres, also up slightly from 2008.

**Potatoes: Planted Acres
North Dakota, 2000-2009**



¹ Includes yellow potatoes.

**Fall Potatoes: Area Planted and Percent of Acreage Planted by Type of Potatoes,
11 Major States and Total Fall States, 2008-2009**

State	Area Planted		Planted by Type ¹							
			Reds		Whites		Yellows		Russets	
	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009
	<i>1,000 Acres</i>	<i>1,000 Acres</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>
North Dakota	82.0	80.0	21	19	28	24	1	1	50	56
Colorado	57.0	56.0	3	3	1	2	11	11	85	84
Idaho	305.0	320.0	2	3	3	2	1	1	94	94
Maine	56.0	56.0	4	3	40	42	3	4	53	51
Michigan	43.0	45.0	2	2	86	80	1	1	11	17
Minnesota	50.0	47.0	21	22	11	10	1	2	67	66
New York	18.0	17.1	6	6	86	88	7	5	1	1
Oregon	35.3	36.0	4	3	19	14	3	3	74	80
Pennsylvania	10.0	10.0	3	3	83	95	13	1	1	1
Washington	155.0	145.0	6	4	7	13	1	3	86	80
Wisconsin	63.5	63.5	11	8	28	36	1	1	60	55
Total, 11 Major States			7	6	18	19	2	2	73	73
Total, Fall States	930.5	932.9								

¹ Predominant type shown may include small portion of other types constituting less than 1 percent of State's total.

MILK PRODUCTION

North Dakota

Milk production for the April - June 2009 quarter totaled 98.0 million pounds, down 8.4 percent from 107 million pounds during the same period a year earlier. Average number of milk cows during the current quarter, at 23,000 head, was down 2,000 cows from the previous quarter of January - March 2009 and 3,000 head from the April - June 2008 quarter. Milk produced per cow during the April - June quarter was 4,260 pounds, up from 3,920 pounds the previous quarter and 4,100 pounds the same period last year.

United States

Milk production in the U.S. during the April - June quarter totaled 48.8 billion pounds, up 0.1 percent from the April - June quarter last year. The average number of milk cows in the U.S. during the quarter was 9.26 million head, 53,000 head less than the same period last year. Production per cow during the April - June quarter averaged 5,272 pounds, up from 5,236 pounds the same period a year ago.

**Milk Cows and Production: Selected States and United States
April - June, 2008-2009**

State	April-June Milk Cows ¹		April-June Milk Production ²		Change From 2008
	2008	2009	2008	2009	
	<i>1,000 Head</i>	<i>1,000 Head</i>	<i>Million Pounds</i>	<i>Million Pounds</i>	<i>Percent</i>
North Dakota	26	23	107	98	-8.4
California	1,846	1,815	10,515	10,221	-2.8
Minnesota	463	469	2,228	2,299	3.2
New York	626	623	3,205	3,246	1.3
Wisconsin	1,251	1,256	6,232	6,382	2.4
United States	9,315	9,262	48,774	48,826	0.1

¹ Includes dry cows, excludes heifers not yet fresh. ² Excludes milk sucked by calves.

OIL CROPS OUTLOOK

Higher Production Prospects Temper New-Crop Soybean Prices

U.S. farmers reported planting a record 77.5 million acres of soybeans in 2009, raising this month's projection of 2009 production by 65 million bushels to 3.26 billion. The larger soybean supply is expected to boost 2009/10 ending stocks to 250 million bushels, compared to the previous forecast of 210 million. Soybean farm prices for 2009/10 could drop to \$8.30-\$10.30 per bushel, compared to last month's forecast of \$9.00-\$11.00.

Led by better prospects for U.S. production, world soybean output in 2009/10 is expected to expand to a record 243.7 million metric tons from 210.6 million this year. For 2008/09, global ending stocks for soybeans are estimated at a 5-year low of 41 million tons. Production increases for the United States, Argentina, and Brazil in 2009/10 are expected to restore global soybean stocks to 51.8 million tons.

Record U.S. Acreage of Soybeans is Sown

In USDA's *Acreage* report last month, U.S. farmers reported planting 77.5 million acres of soybeans this year. It is the country's largest area ever sown to soybeans and 2 percent above last year's acreage. Soybean planting exceeded what farmers had indicated in March, when intentions totaled 76 million acres. Soybean acreage increased from March intentions in most States, with the exception of Nebraska and Iowa, where growers planted fewer soybeans and significantly more corn. Record areas were sown to soybeans this year in North Dakota and Kansas.

Like last year, a large segment of the soybean-growing region was planted later than usual due to excessively wet soils this spring. The main problems this year were in Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky and Tennessee, where March-May rainfall was well above normal. Overall crop development was also

slowed in June by below average temperatures throughout the northern half of the country. Blooming of the soybean crop is delayed as a result. Nevertheless, growing conditions for soybeans are generally favorable, with 66 percent of acreage rated from good to excellent as of July 5. Louisiana is the only part of the country currently lacking a good reserve of soil moisture.

The increase in U.S. soybean acreage raised projected 2009 production to 3.26 billion bushels, up 65 million bushels from last month. If realized, the 2009 crop would surpass the three year old record of 3.197 billion bushels. Low carryover stocks from 2008/09 would limit the supply increase, but 2009/10 supply could still exceed this year's by 6 percent.

U.S. soybean exports should derive additional support in 2009/10 from a higher domestic supply and a tightening outlook for South American soybean stocks. USDA raised the soybean export forecast this month by 15 million bushels to 1.275 billion. Similarly, the domestic market for soybean crushing is likely to improve next year as well. Domestic crush for 2009/10 was forecast 5 million bushels higher this month to 1.68 billion based on higher soybean meal consumption this year. Domestic use of soybean meal is projected higher in 2009/10 to 30.9 million short tons, while 2008/09 use was estimated 150,000 tons higher to 30.65 million tons.

A larger soybean supply is expected to boost 2009/10 ending stocks to 250 million bushels, compared to the previous forecast of 210 million. Futures prices for new-crop soybeans abruptly declined following the June 30 *Acreage* report. Sharply lower prices for corn are also pressuring on soybean prices. Recovery from a 31 year low in soybean stocks next year should dampen farm prices to \$8.30-\$10.30 per bushel, compared to last month's forecast of \$9.00-\$11.00.

Source: *Oil Crops Outlook*, USDA-ERS, July 13, 2009

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