



# Farm Report

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<b>FEATURING:</b>	Egg Production	Milk Production	Honey Production	Cold Storage	Lvstk Sl.
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## OHIO EGG PRODUCTION

Egg production in Ohio during January, 2007, totaled 627 million eggs; down one percent from last month and down 7 percent compared with a year earlier when production for January, 2006 totaled 672 million eggs. During January there were 27.2 million layers on Ohio farms. The rate of lay during the month was 2,306 eggs per 100 layers, or 74.4 percent. There were 1.0 percent of the layers in Ohio being force molted on February 1, 2007. Twenty-seven percent of the layers in Ohio have completed a forced molt, 42 percent above a year ago. In all egg-producing states on February 1, 2007, 3.4 percent of the layers on hand were in a molt and 24.2 percent had completed a molt.

U.S. egg production totaled 7.64 billion during January 2007, down 1 percent from last year. Production included 6.54 billion table eggs, and 1.10 billion hatching eggs, of which 1.03 billion were broiler-type and 67 million were egg-type. The total number of layers during January 2007 averaged 347 million, down 1 percent from last year. January egg production per 100 layers was 2,200 eggs, down slightly from January 2006.

All layers in the U.S. on February 1, 2007 totaled 347 million, down 1 percent from last year. The 347 million layers consisted

of 288 million layers producing table or market type eggs, 55.7 million layers producing broiler-type hatching eggs, and 2.81 million layers producing egg-type hatching eggs. Rate of lay per day on February 1, 2007, averaged 70.7 eggs per 100 layers, down slightly from February 1, 2006.

Egg-type chicks hatched during January 2007 totaled 36.9 million, up 4 percent from January 2006. Eggs in incubators totaled 37.0 million on February 1, 2007, up 10 percent from a year ago.

Broiler-type chicks hatched during January 2007 totaled 797 million, down 1 percent from January 2006. Eggs in incubators totaled 649 million on February 1, 2007, down 2 percent from a year earlier.

Turkey eggs in incubators on February 1, 2007, in the United States totaled 31.1 million, up 3 percent from February 1, 2006. Eggs in incubators were up slightly from the January 1, 2007 total of 31.1 million eggs.

## JANUARY EGG PRODUCTION

	Layers on hand during month		Eggs per 100 layers	Total production			
	2006	2007		Monthly		Accumulated <sup>1/</sup>	
			2006	2007	2006	2007	
	Thousands		Number	Million			
Ohio	29,651	27,194	2,306	672	627	1,345	1,262
U.S.	349,677	347,122	2,200	7,727	7,636	15,520	15,413

<sup>1/</sup>Accumulation period began December of previous year.

## CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES, UNITED STATES

	Egg-Type			Broiler-type			Turkeys placed <sup>1/</sup>		
	2006	2007	07/06	2006	2007	07/06	2006	2007	07/06
Jan.	35,422	36,926	104	804,073	797,066	99	24,364	25,655	105
Jan-Dec.	35,422	36,926	104	804,073	797,066	99	114,034	120,774	106

<sup>1/</sup>Accumulation period for turkeys begins September 1.

## EGGS IN INCUBATORS - FEBRUARY 1, 2006 and 2007

	Egg-type eggs			Broiler-type eggs			Turkey eggs		
	2006	2007	07/06	2006	2007	07/06	2006	2007	07/06
East North Central <sup>1/</sup>	6,035	7,441	123	8,898	9,665	109	4,819	4,890	101
United States	33,497	36,993	110	660,973	649,148	98	30,077	31,125	103

<sup>1/</sup>Not available by States.

## JANUARY MILK PRODUCTION

The total production in Ohio during January 2007 was 418 million pounds; 11 million pounds more than a year earlier. The average number of cows on Ohio farms during January 2007 was 275 thousand, up 2,000 from a year earlier. The yield per cow, at 1,520 pounds, was 2 percent above a year earlier.

Milk production in the 23 major States during January totaled 14.2 billion pounds, up 1.4 percent from January 2006.

December production, at 14.0 billion pounds, was up 2.8 percent from December 2005.

Production per cow in the 23 major States averaged 1,719 pounds for January, 8 pounds above January 2006. The number of cows on farms in the 23 major States was 8.28 million head, 81,000 head more than January 2006, and 3,000 head more than December 2006.

### DECEMBER MANUFACTURED DAIRY PRODUCTS

	Ohio			United States		
	2006	2007	07/06	2006	2007	07/06
	1,000 Gallons			1,000 Gallons		
Ice Cream (Hard)	1,361	1,526	112	54,854	49,396	90

### JANUARY MILK COWS AND MILK PRODUCTION

State	Milk cow on farm <sup>1/</sup>			Milk per cow			Milk Production <sup>2/</sup>			07/06
	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	
	Thousand			Pounds			Million Pounds			Percent
California	1,776	1,787	1,791	1,825	1,845	1,880	3,241	3,297	3,367	104
<b>Ohio</b>	<b>273</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>275</b>	<b>1,490</b>	<b>1,485</b>	<b>1,520</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>418</b>	<b>103</b>
Wisconsin	1,240	1,245	1,245	1,585	1,590	1,620	1,965	1,980	2,017	103
23 State Total	8,198	8,276	8,279	1,711	1,690	1,719	14,027	13,983	14,228	101

1/ Includes dry cows, excludes heifers not yet fresh. 2/ Excludes milk sucked by calves.

## OHIO HONEY PRODUCTION DOWN 24 PERCENT U.S. HONEY PRODUCTION DOWN 11 PERCENT

Total bee colonies in Ohio were down 7 percent from last year. Yield per colony averaged 56 pounds in 2006 and 69 pounds in 2005. Average price for Ohio honey was 145 cents per pound in 2006, up 3 cents per pound from 2005.

Honey production in 2006 from producers with five or more colonies totaled 155 million pounds, down 11 percent from 2005. There were 2.39 million colonies producing honey in 2006, down 1 percent from 2005. Yield per colony averaged 64.7 pounds, down 11 percent from the 72.4 pounds in 2005. Colonies which produced honey in more than one State were counted in each State where the honey was produced, therefore yields per colony may be understated. Colonies were not included if honey was not harvested.

Producer honey stocks were 60.5 million pounds on December 15, 2006, down 3 percent from a year earlier. Stocks held by producers exclude stocks held under the commodity loan program.

Honey 2006 prices increased to 104.2 cents, up 14 percent from 91.8 cents in 2005. Prices are based on retail sales by producers and sales to private processors and cooperatives. State level honey prices reflect the portions of honey sold through retail, co-op, and private channels. Honey prices for each color class are derived by weighting quantities sold for each marketing channel. Honey prices for 2006 were up from the previous year for all color class totals.

### HONEY PRODUCTION 2005 AND 2006

State	Honey producing colonies		Yield per colony		Production		Average price per pound <sup>1/</sup>	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
	1,000		Pounds		1,000 Pounds		Cents	
California	400	380	75	52	30,000	19,760	84	98
Florida	160	170	86	81	13,760	13,770	86	101
Minnesota	120	125	74	80	8,880	10,000	79	89
North Dakota	370	350	91	74	33,670	25,900	82	90
Ohio	15	14	69	56	1,035	784	142	145
South Dakota	220	225	79	47	17,380	10,575	79	82
Texas	84	82	71	70	5,964	5,740	87	87
United States <sup>2/</sup>	2,413	2,932	72	65	174,818	154,846	92	104

1/ Prices weighted by sales. 2/ Total colonies multiplied by total yield may not exactly equal production.

## U.S. COLD STORAGE HIGHLIGHTS

Frozen food stocks in refrigerated warehouses on January 31, 2007 were greater than year earlier levels for butter and cheese.

Butter stocks were up 43 percent from last month and up 24 percent from a year ago.

Total red meat supplies in freezers were up 3 percent from last month, but down 4 percent from the previous year. Frozen pork supplies were up 10 percent from last month, but down 8 percent

from last year. Stocks of pork bellies were up 11 percent from last month, but down 15 percent from last year.

Total frozen poultry supplies on January 31, 2007 were up 3 percent from the previous month, but down 16 percent from a year ago. Total stocks of chicken were down 8 percent from the previous month and down 25 percent from last year. Total pounds of turkey in freezers were up 39 percent from last month and up 17 percent from January 31, 2006.

### U.S. STOCKS IN COLD STORAGE JANUARY 31, 2007 WITH COMPARISONS

Commodity	Jan. 31, 2006	Dec. 31, 2006	Jan. 31, 2007	January 31, 2007 as percent of	
				01/31/06	12/31/06
	1,000 Pounds			Percent	
Butter	125,347	108,605	155,377	124	143
Cheese, Total Natural	765,022	817,437	845,742	111	103
Eggs, Frozen	22,452	16,478	17,139	76	104
Fruits, Frozen	972,037	1,136,531	1,002,896	103	88
Fruit Juices, Frozen	1,366,246	989,237	1,089,136	80	110
Meats, Total Red	1,012,368	946,617	973,566	96	103
Beef, Total Frozen	465,882	482,079	465,099	100	96
Pork, Total Frozen	527,677	442,501	486,191	92	110
Poultry, Total Frozen	1,184,813	973,555	999,907	84	103
Chicken	921,071	750,371	690,869	75	92
Turkeys	260,469	218,356	304,268	117	139
Vegetables, Total Frozen	2,048,141	2,225,351	1,957,634	96	88
Potatoes, Total Frozen	1,076,221	954,820	1,035,250	96	108

Data for this report are collected from public and private refrigerated warehouses storing commodities for 30 days or more. Stocks in space owned or leased by the armed forces are excluded. Food stocks held under bond are included in the storage data.

### OHIO RED MEAT PRODUCTION UP 5 PERCENT

Commercial red meat production in Ohio during January 2007 totaled 25.7 million pounds, up 5 percent from a year earlier. Total live weight production in Ohio by species, compared with a year earlier was: cattle, 12.3 million pounds, up 23 percent from last year; calves, 25 thousand pounds, down 93 percent from last year; hogs, 25.9 million pounds, minimal change; sheep & lambs, 98 thousand pounds, down 11 percent. January 2007 included 23 weekdays (including two holidays) and 4 Saturdays.

Commercial red meat production for the United States totaled 4.09 billion pounds in January, up 5 percent from the 3.90 billion pounds produced in January 2006. Beef production, at 2.16 billion pounds, was 6 percent above the previous year. Cattle slaughter totaled 2.80 million head, up 6 percent from January

2006. The average live weight was up 5 pounds from the previous year, at 1,290 pounds. Veal production totaled 14.3 million pounds, 21 percent above January a year ago. Calf slaughter totaled 74,300 head, 34 percent above January 2006. The average live weight was down 31 pounds from last year, at 324 pounds. Pork production totaled 1.90 billion pounds, 4 percent above from the previous year. Hog kill totaled 9.37 million head, 5 percent above January 2006. The average live weight was down 2 pounds from the previous year, at 271 pounds. Lamb and mutton production, at 15.1 million pounds, was 7 percent below January 2006. Sheep slaughter totaled 216,700 head, 3 percent below last year. The average live weight was 139 pounds, down 5 pounds from January a year ago.

### JANUARY COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER

Item	Ohio			United States		
	2006	2007	07/06	2006	2007	07/06
	Number of Head (000)					
Cattle	8.6	10.6	123	2,641.7	2,798.5	106
Calves	.8	.1	13	55.5	74.3	134
Hogs	94.2	95.9	102	8,915.1	9,365.5	105
Sheep & Lambs	1.0	.9	90	224.5	216.7	97
	Average live weight (lbs)					
Cattle	1,175	1,181	101	1,285	1,290	100
Calves	433	350	81	355	324	91
Hogs	274	270	99	273	271	99
Sheep & lambs	110	108	98	144	139	97
	Total live weight (000 lbs)					
Cattle	10,018	12,347	123	3,381,501	3,596,162	106
Calves	356	25	7	19,525	23,858	122
Hogs	25,796	25,895	100	2,426,925	2,535,125	104
Sheep & Lambs	110	98	89	32,201	30,197	94

## 2006 OHIO LAYER & EGG PRODUCTION HIGHLIGHTS

Ohio's average layer numbers, eggs per bird and egg production were fairly steady in 2006. While average numbers of layers only saw a one percent increase, total egg production was unchanged. Ohio ranks number 2 in the nation for laying hens and total egg production. Egg production during the year ending November 30, 2006 totaled 7.5 billion eggs, 8.3 percent of the U.S. total. Iowa ranked number one in egg production with 13.8 billion eggs. Pennsylvania ranked third with 6.7 billion eggs. The top three states (Iowa, Ohio and Pennsylvania) account for 30.8 percent of the total U.S. production. The average number of layers in Ohio during 2006 was 28.4 million. Iowa ranked first with an average of 51.6

million, and Pennsylvania ranked third with 23.8 million.

The Ohio annual average production per layer on hand in 2006, at 265 eggs, was 1 percent below last year's average of 268 eggs per layer. On December 1, 2006, the total number of chickens on hand (excluding commercial broilers) was 33.5 million birds. This was a 8 percent decrease from last year's inventory of 36.4 million birds. Ohio accounted for 6.3 percent of the U.S. total pullet inventory. The total value of all chickens, in Ohio, on December 1, 2006 was \$40.2 million dollars. The average value per head on December 1, 2006, was \$1.20 per head.

AVERAGE NUMBER OF LAYERS AND EGGS PRODUCED BY MONTHS, OHIO 2005 AND 2006

Month	Layers		Eggs per 100 layers		Eggs produced	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
	Thousand		Number		Millions	
December <sup>1/</sup>	27,839	29,217	2,324	2,303	647	673
January	28,017	29,651	2,252	2,266	631	672
February	28,129	29,570	1,984	2,002	558	592
March	28,089	29,053	2,271	2,261	638	657
April	27,978	28,423	2,234	2,213	625	629
May	28,010	28,368	2,292	2,245	642	637
June	27,955	28,080	2,200	2,183	615	613
July	27,841	27,495	2,266	2,233	631	614
August	28,000	27,716	2,286	2,190	640	607
September	27,875	28,003	2,242	2,196	625	615
October	28,036	27,566	2,265	2,231	635	615
November	28,544	27,351	2,169	2,132	619	583
Total <sup>2/</sup>	28,026	28,374	268	265	7,506	7,507

1/ December preceding year. 2/ Average for the year. Average per layer equals the total egg production divided by average number of layers on hand.

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