



United States Department of Agriculture
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Farm Report



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Cooperating with Ohio Department of Agriculture
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FEATURING: Egg Production Farm Labor Livestock Slaughter Milk Production Cold Storage

OHIO EGG PRODUCTION

Egg production in Ohio during October, 2009 totaled 640 million eggs, up 6 percent from last month. Egg production was up 4 percent from a year earlier when production for October, 2008, totaled 615 million eggs. During October, there were 27.1 million layers on Ohio farms. The rate of lay during October, 2009, was 2,364 eggs per 100 layers, or 76.3 percent. There were 3.0 percent of the layers in Ohio being molted on November 1, 2009, compared to 4.0 percent a year ago. Ohio had 19.5 percent of layers that completed a forced molt on November 1, compared with 17.0 percent a year ago. In the U.S. on November 1, 2009, 2.2 percent of the layers on hand were in a molt and 21.8 percent had completed a molt.

U.S. egg production totaled 7.69 billion during October 2009, up 1 percent from last year. Production included 6.63 billion table eggs, and 1.06 billion hatching eggs, of which 990 million were broiler-type and 70 million were egg-type. The total number of layers during October 2009 averaged 336 million, up slightly from last year. October egg production per 100 layers was 2,292 eggs, up 1 percent from October 2008. All layers in the U.S. on November 1, 2009 totaled 337 million, up slightly from last year. The 337 million layers consisted of 281 million layers producing table or market type eggs, 52.3 million layers producing broiler-type hatching eggs, and

2.90 million layers producing egg-type hatching eggs. Rate of lay per day on November 1, 2009, averaged 74.3 eggs per 100 layers, up 1 percent from November 1, 2008.

Egg-type chicks hatched during October 2009 totaled 37.4 million, down 7 percent from October 2008. Eggs in incubators totaled 34.8 million on November 1, 2009, up 3 percent from a year ago.

Broiler-type chicks hatched during October 2009 totaled 729 million, down 2 percent from October 2008. Eggs in incubators totaled 577 million on November 1, 2009, down 1 percent from a year earlier.

Turkey eggs in incubators on November 1, 2009, in the United States totaled 25.8 million, down 6 percent from November 1, 2008. Eggs in incubators were down 2 percent from the October 1, 2009 total of 26.4 million eggs.

Turkey poults hatched during October 2009, in the United States totaled 22.0 million, down 5 percent from October 2008. Poults hatched were down slightly from September 2009 total of 22.0 million poults.

OCTOBER EGG PRODUCTION

	Layers on hand during month		Eggs per 100 layers	Total production			
	2008	2009		Monthly		Accumulated ^{1/}	
			2008	2009	2008	2009	
	Thousands		Number	Million			
Ohio	26,417	27,071	2,364	615	640	6,565	6,740
U.S.	334,937	335,674	2,292	7,625	7,692	82,661	82,682

^{1/} Accumulation period began December of previous year.

CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES, UNITED STATES

	Egg-Type			Broiler-type			Turkeys placed ^{1/}		
	2008	2009	09/08	2008	2009	09/08	2008	2009	09/08
	Thousands		Percent	Thousands		Percent	Thousands		Percent
Oct.	40,198	37,406	93	740,964	728,909	98	22,165	21,075	95
Jan.-Oct.	395,964	387,778	98	7,971,301	7,603,562	95	44,680	41,918	94

^{1/} Accumulation period for turkey begins September 1.

EGGS IN INCUBATORS - NOVEMBER 1

	Egg-type eggs			Broiler-type eggs			Turkey eggs		
	2008	2009	09/08	2008	2009	09/08	2008	2009	09/08
	Thousands		Percent	Thousands		Percent	Thousands		Percent
East North Central ^{1/}	6,539	7,230	111	11,028	11,467	104	4,276	3,881	91
United States	33,806	34,774	103	585,110	576,843	99	27,490	25,792	94

^{1/} Not available by States.

CORNBELT I HIRED WORKERS UP 24 PERCENT, COMBINED WAGE RATE UP 5 PERCENT

There were 47,000 hired workers in the Cornbelt I region during the survey week of October 11-17, 2009, up 9,000 from a year earlier. There were 29,000 hired workers who worked 150 days or more and 18,000 hired workers who worked 149 days or less.

Farm operators in the Cornbelt I region paid their hired farm workers an average wage of \$11.17 per hour during the survey week, up \$0.57 from last year. Field workers received an average of \$11.30 per hour, up almost a dollar from 2008. Livestock workers earned \$10.51 per hour up 46 cents/hr from a year earlier. The field and livestock workers earned \$11.00 per hour during the survey week, up 75 cents/hr from last year.

There were 1,092,000 hired workers on the Nation's farms and ranches during the week of October 11-17, 2009, down 2 percent from a year ago. Of these hired workers, 807,000 workers were hired directly by farm operators. Agricultural service employees on farms and ranches made up the remaining 285,000 workers.

Farm operators paid their hired workers an average wage of \$10.91 per hour during the October 2009 reference week, up 21 cents from a year earlier. Field workers received an average of \$10.25 per hour, up 20 cents from last October, while livestock workers earned \$10.23 per hour compared with \$10.21 a year earlier. The field and livestock worker combined wage rate, at \$10.24 per hour, was up 15 cents from last year.

The number of hours worked averaged 39.0 hours for hired workers during the survey week, down 6 percent from a year ago. In the Cornbelt I region, the annual average number of hired farm workers in 2009 was 40,300, up 2,000 workers from 2008. The annual average for the Nation's hired farm workers was 739,300, up 7,800 workers from 2008. The average hourly wage rate of Cornbelt I region workers was \$11.09 in 2009, down from \$11.10 in 2008. Field worker average wage rate was \$10.63, up 27 cents from last year. Field and livestock combined rate was \$10.51 up 6 cents from last year.

FARM EMPLOYMENT AND WAGE RATES, CORNBELT I, AND U.S., OCTOBER 11-17, 2009, WITH COMPARISONS

	Cornbelt I ^{1/}			United States ^{2/}		
	Oct. 12-18 2008	July 12-18 2009	Oct. 11-17 2009	Oct. 12-18 2008	July 12-18 2009	Oct 11-17 2009
Thousands of workers						
Farm Employment						
Hired	38	56	47	804	875	807
150 days or more	27	34	29	577	609 ^{5/}	585
149 days or less	11	22	18	227	266 ^{5/}	222
Ag service workers				316	381 ^{5/}	285
Dollars per hour						
Wage Rates						
All hired farm workers ^{3/4/}	10.60	10.30	11.17	10.70	10.66 ^{5/}	10.91
Type of work						
Field	10.31	9.78	11.30	10.05	10.04	10.25
Livestock	10.05	9.45	10.51	10.21	10.05 ^{5/}	10.23
Field & Livestock	10.25	9.70	11.00	10.09	10.04	10.24
Hours worked per week						
Hired	37.2	36.2	33.6	41.4	39.7 ^{5/}	39.0

1/ Ohio, Indiana, Illinois. 2/ Excludes AK. 3/ Benefits, such as housing and meals are provided for some workers but the values are not included in the wage rates. 4/ Excludes Agricultural Service workers. 5/ Revised.

ANNUAL FARM EMPLOYMENT AND WAGE RATES, OHIO, CORNBELT I, AND U.S., 2008-2009 ^{4/}

	Ohio		Cornbelt ^{1/}		United States ^{2/}	
	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009
Thousands of workers						
Farm Employment						
Hired	NA	NA	38.3	40.3	731.5	739.3
Dollars per hour						
Wage Rates ^{3/4/}						
Type of work						
All hired	10.70	10.41	11.10	11.09	10.59	10.82
Field	10.17	10.04	10.36	10.63	9.78	10.07
Field & Livestock	10.17	9.89	10.45	10.51	9.89	10.11
Hours worked per week						
Hired	NA	NA	36.2	35.7	40.4	39.3

1/ Ohio, Indiana, Illinois. 2/ Excludes AK. 3/ Benefits, such as housing and meals are provided for some workers but the values are not included in the wage rates. 4/ Excludes Agricultural Service workers.

OHIO RED MEAT PRODUCTION UP THREE PERCENT

Commercial red meat production in Ohio during October 2009 totaled 29.0 million pounds; up 3 percent from a year earlier. Total live weight production in Ohio by species, compared with a year earlier was: cattle, 14.4 million pounds, up 23 percent; calves, 2.7 million pounds, up 12 percent; hogs, 26.7 million pounds, down 4 percent; sheep & lambs, 264 thousand pounds, up 83 percent.

Commercial red meat production for the United States totaled 4.39 billion pounds in October, down 3 percent from the 4.53 billion pounds produced in October 2008. Beef production, at 2.28 billion pounds, was 3 percent below the previous year. Cattle slaughter totaled 2.89 million head, down 3 percent from October 2008. The average live weight was up 9 pounds from the previous year, at 1,312 pounds. Veal production totaled 12.2 million pounds, 10 percent below October a year ago. Calf slaughter totaled 83,600

head, down 13 percent from October 2008. The average live weight was up 5 pounds from last year, at 249 pounds. Pork production totaled 2.09 billion pounds, down 3 percent from the previous year. Hog kill totaled 10.3 million head, down 4 percent from October 2008. The average live weight was up 3 pounds from the previous year, at 272 pounds.

Lamb and mutton production, at 14.3 million pounds, was down 5 percent from October 2008. Sheep slaughter totaled 218,800 head, 3 percent below last year. The average live weight was 131 pounds, down 2 pounds from October a year ago.

October 2009 contained 22 weekdays (including one holiday) and 5 Saturdays.

OCTOBER COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER

Item	Ohio			United States		
	2008	2009	Pct. of prev. yr.	2008	2009	Pct. of prev. yr.
Number of Head (000)						
Cattle	9.7	12.3	127	2,989.1	2,885.6	97
Calves	5.4	12.5	231	95.6	83.6	87
Hogs	101.9	96.7	95	10,746.1	10,319.4	96
Sheep & lambs	1.4	2.4	171	225.3	218.8	97
Average live weight (lbs)						
Cattle	1,209	1,177	97	1,303	1,312	101
Calves	454	218	48	244	249	102
Hogs	274	277	101	269	272	101
Sheep & lambs	106	109	103	133	131	98
Total live weight (000 lbs)						
Cattle	11,704	14,422	123	3,882,244	3,772,461	97
Calves	2,426	2,710	112	23,003	20,594	90
Hogs	27,869	26,676	96	2,892,531	2,800,158	97
Sheep & lambs	144	264	183	29,903	28,624	96

OHIO OCTOBER MILK PRODUCTION

The total milk production in Ohio during October 2009 was 433 million pounds, 13 million pounds more than a year earlier. The average number of cows on Ohio farms during October 2009 was 276 thousand; 2 thousand less than a year earlier. The yield per cow, at 1,570 pounds, was 4 percent above a year ago.

Milk production in the 23 major States during October totaled 14.3 billion pounds, down 1.1 percent from October 2008. September

revised production at 14.0 billion pounds, was down 0.5 percent from September 2008. The September revision represented an increase of 16 million pounds or 0.1 percent from last month's preliminary production estimate. Production per cow in the 23 major States averaged 1,721 pounds for October, 21 pounds above October 2008. The number of milk cows on farms in the 23 major States was 8.32 million head, 196,000 head less than October 2008, and 22,000 head less than September 2009.

SEPTEMBER MANUFACTURED DAIRY PRODUCTS 2008, 2009

	Ohio			United States		
	2008	2009	Percent	2008	2009	Percent
	1,000 Gallons			1,000 Gallons		
Ice Cream (Hard)	2,184	1,946	89	75,864	74,285	98

OCTOBER MILK COWS AND MILK PRODUCTION 2007, 2008

State	Milk cows on farm ^{1/}			Milk per cow ^{2/}			Milk Production ^{2/}			09/08
	Oct. 2008	Sept. 2009 *	Oct. 2009	Oct. 2008	Sept. 2009 *	Oct. 2009	Oct. 2008	Sept. 2009 *	Oct. 2009	
	Thousand			Pounds			Million Pounds			Percent
California	1,845	1,769	1,767	1,835	1,735	1,815	3,386	3,069	3,207	95
Ohio	278	278	276	1,510	1,520	1,570	420	423	433	103
Wisconsin	1,253	1,258	1,258	1,625	1,655	1,675	2,036	2,082	2,107	104
23 State Total	8,512	8,338	8,316	1,700	1,675	1,721	14,469	13,965	14,313	99

U.S. COLD STORAGE HIGHLIGHTS

Frozen food stocks in refrigerated warehouses on October 31, 2009 were greater than year earlier levels for butter and cheese.

Butter stocks were down 14 percent from last month but up 31 percent from a year ago.

Total red meat supplies in freezers were down 1 percent from the previous month and down 6 percent from last year. Frozen pork supplies were down 2 percent from the previous month and down 1

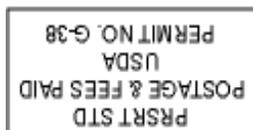
percent from last year. Stocks of pork bellies were down 4 percent from last month but up 71 percent from last year.

Total frozen poultry supplies on October 31, 2009 were down 8 percent from the previous month and down 16 percent from a year ago. Total stocks of chicken were down slightly from the previous month and down 20 percent from last year. Total pounds of turkey in freezers were down 17 percent from last month and down 12 percent from October 31, 2008.

STOCKS IN COLD STORAGE OCTOBER 31, 2009 WITH COMPARISONS

Commodity	Oct. 31, 2008	Sep. 30, 2009	Oct. 31, 2009	October 31, 2009 as percent of	
				10/31/08	09/30/09
		1,000 Pounds			Percent
Butter	149,391	227,924	195,063	131	86
Cheese, Total Natural	828,973	983,941	968,406	117	98
Eggs, Frozen	22,358	21,590	22,217	99	103
Fruits, Frozen	1,393,584	1,201,918	1,502,246	108	125
Fruit Juices, Frozen	1,433,835	1,506,319	1,425,438	99	95
Meats, Total Red	1,027,761	984,048	970,830	94	99
Beef, Total Frozen	470,979	428,913	426,361	91	99
Pork, Total Frozen	528,031	528,681	520,130	99	98
Poultry, Total Frozen	1,367,688	1,253,510	1,148,421	84	92
Chicken	787,930	634,358	632,274	80	100
Turkeys	577,984	613,891	510,896	88	83
Vegetables, Total Frozen	2,621,466	2,624,709	2,738,356	104	104
Potatoes, Total Frozen	1,200,486	1,130,249	1,165,371	97	103

Data for this report are collected from public and private refrigerated warehouses storing commodities for 30 days or more. Stocks in space owned or leased by the armed forces are excluded. Food stocks held under bond are included in the storage data.



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