U.S. farm production expenditures totaled $198.9 billion in 2003, up 3.0 percent from the revised 2002 total of $193.1 billion. The largest contributors to the increase were farm improvements and construction, up 43.8 percent; feed, up 8.4 percent; trucks and autos, up 7.1 percent; and other farm machinery, up 5.4 percent. These increases were partially offset by decreases in interest, down 11.4 percent; farm supplies and repairs, down 9.8 percent; and labor, down 1.4 percent. The largest two expenditure categories were feed, which accounted for 13.6 percent; and labor, down 1.4 percent. These increases were partially offset by decreases in interest, down 11.4 percent; farm supplies and repairs, down 9.8 percent; and other farm machinery, up 5.4 percent; and autos, up 7.1 percent; and other farm machinery, up 5.4 percent; and livestock and poultry purchases; and $7,527 on rent.

The Northeast Farm Production Region (CT, DE, ME, MD, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT) contributed $12.8 billion or 6.4 percent of the 2003 U.S. total for farm production expenditures. The regions with the highest total expenditures were: the Corn Belt (IL, IN, IA, MO, OH) at $35.8 billion; Pacific Region (CA, OR, WA) at $32.3 billion; Northern Plains (KS, NE, ND, SD) at $26.1 billion; Lake States (MI, MN, WI) at $19.3 billion; and the Southern Plains (OK, TX) at $17.2 billion.

The average expenditures per U.S. farm in 2003 were $93,785 compared to $89,722 as revised for 2002. On the average, U.S. farm operations in 2003 spent $12,731 on feed; $12,637 on farm services; $9,996 on labor; $8,959 on livestock and poultry purchases; and $7,733 on rent. Revised estimates for 2002 indicated U.S. farms spent an average of $11,570 on feed; $12,452 on farm services; $9,990 on labor; $8,503 on livestock and poultry purchases; and $7,527 on rent.

The Northeast Farm Production Region (CT, DE, ME, MD, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT) contributed $12.8 billion or 6.4 percent of the 2003 U.S. total for farm production expenditures. The regions with the highest total expenditures were: the Corn Belt (IL, IN, IA, MO, OH) at $35.8 billion; Pacific Region (CA, OR, WA) at $32.3 billion; Northern Plains (KS, NE, ND, SD) at $26.1 billion; Lake States (MI, MN, WI) at $19.3 billion; and the Southern Plains (OK, TX) at $17.2 billion.

U.S. farm production expenditures totaled $198.9 billion in 2003, up 3.0 percent from the revised 2002 total of $193.1 billion. The largest contributors to the increase were farm improvements and construction, up 43.8 percent; feed, up 8.4 percent; trucks and autos, up 7.1 percent; and other farm machinery, up 5.4 percent. These increases were partially offset by decreases in interest, down 11.4 percent; farm supplies and repairs, down 9.8 percent; and labor, down 1.4 percent. The largest two expenditure categories were feed, which accounted for 13.6 percent; and labor, down 1.4 percent. These increases were partially offset by decreases in interest, down 11.4 percent; farm supplies and repairs, down 9.8 percent; and other farm machinery, up 5.4 percent; and autos, up 7.1 percent; and other farm machinery, up 5.4 percent; and livestock and poultry purchases; and $7,527 on rent.

The Northeast Farm Production Region (CT, DE, ME, MD, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT) contributed $12.8 billion or 6.4 percent of the 2003 U.S. total for farm production expenditures. The regions with the highest total expenditures were: the Corn Belt (IL, IN, IA, MO, OH) at $35.8 billion; Pacific Region (CA, OR, WA) at $32.3 billion; Northern Plains (KS, NE, ND, SD) at $26.1 billion; Lake States (MI, MN, WI) at $19.3 billion; and the Southern Plains (OK, TX) at $17.2 billion.

The average expenditures per U.S. farm in 2003 were $93,785 compared to $89,722 as revised for 2002. On the average, U.S. farm operations in 2003 spent $12,731 on feed; $12,637 on farm services; $9,996 on labor; $8,959 on livestock and poultry purchases; and $7,733 on rent. Revised estimates for 2002 indicated U.S. farms spent an average of $11,570 on feed; $12,452 on farm services; $9,990 on labor; $8,503 on livestock and poultry purchases; and $7,527 on rent.

The Northeast Farm Production Region (CT, DE, ME, MD, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT) contributed $12.8 billion or 6.4 percent of the 2003 U.S. total for farm production expenditures. The regions with the highest total expenditures were: the Corn Belt (IL, IN, IA, MO, OH) at $35.8 billion; Pacific Region (CA, OR, WA) at $32.3 billion; Northern Plains (KS, NE, ND, SD) at $26.1 billion; Lake States (MI, MN, WI) at $19.3 billion; and the Southern Plains (OK, TX) at $17.2 billion.

The average expenditures per U.S. farm in 2003 were $93,785 compared to $89,722 as revised for 2002. On the average, U.S. farm operations in 2003 spent $12,731 on feed; $12,637 on farm services; $9,996 on labor; $8,959 on livestock and poultry purchases; and $7,733 on rent. Revised estimates for 2002 indicated U.S. farms spent an average of $11,570 on feed; $12,452 on farm services; $9,990 on labor; $8,503 on livestock and poultry purchases; and $7,527 on rent.

The Northeast Farm Production Region (CT, DE, ME, MD, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT) contributed $12.8 billion or 6.4 percent of the 2003 U.S. total for farm production expenditures. The regions with the highest total expenditures were: the Corn Belt (IL, IN, IA, MO, OH) at $35.8 billion; Pacific Region (CA, OR, WA) at $32.3 billion; Northern Plains (KS, NE, ND, SD) at $26.1 billion; Lake States (MI, MN, WI) at $19.3 billion; and the Southern Plains (OK, TX) at $17.2 billion.