

### **United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service**

### Southern Region News Release Honey Bee Colonies



Cooperating with the Alabama Department of Agriculture and Industries, Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Georgia Department of Agriculture, and South Carolina Department of Agriculture Southern Regional Field Office · 355 East Hancock Avenue, Suite 100 · Athens, GA 30601 · (706) 713-5400 <a href="https://www.nass.usda.gov">www.nass.usda.gov</a>

This report contains the results from the 2021 and 2022 Quarterly Colony Loss Surveys. Thanks to all who responded.

August 2, 2022 Media Contact: Anthony Prillaman

#### January 1 Honey Bee Colonies Down 1 Percent for Operations with Five or More Colonies

**Honey bee colonies for operations with five or more colonies** in the United States on January 1, 2022 totaled 2.88 million colonies, down 1 percent from January 1, 2021. The number of colonies in the United States, on April 1, 2022, was 2.92 million colonies. During 2021, honey bee colonies on January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1 were 2.90 million, 2.83 million, 3.17 million, and 3.09 million colonies, respectively.

Honey bee colonies lost for operations with five or more colonies from January through March 2022, was 331,780 colonies, or 12 percent. The number of colonies lost during the quarter of April through June 2022, was 282,630 colonies, or 10 percent. During the quarter of January through March 2021, colonies lost totaled 464,640 colonies, or 16 percent, the highest number lost of any quarter surveyed in 2021. The quarter surveyed in 2021 with the lowest number of colonies lost was July through September, with 295,660 colonies lost, or 9 percent.

**Varroa mites were the number one stressor for operations with five or more colonies** during all quarters surveyed in 2021. The period with the highest percentage of colonies reported to be affected by varroa mites was April through June 2021 at 50.7 percent. The percent of colonies reported to be affected by varroa mites during January through March 2022 and April through June 2022 are 33.7 percent and 45.2 percent, respectively.

#### Colony Health: Percent Affected by Stressor – United States: 2021 and 2022

### **Percent** 60 50 40 30 20 10 Varroa mites Other pests and Diseases Pesticides Other/Unknown parasites ■Jan-Mar 2021 Apr-Jun 2021 July-Sept 2021 Oct-Dec 2021 Jan-Mar 2022

# Colonies, Maximum, Lost, Percent Lost, Added, Renovated, and Percent Renovated with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: January 1, 2021 and 2022 and January-March 2021 and 2022

	January 1 colonies	January-March							
State		Maximum colonies 1	Lost colonies	Percent lost <sup>2</sup>	Added colonies	Renovated colonies <sup>3</sup>	Percent Renovated <sup>4</sup>		
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(percent)	(number)	(number)	(percent)		
2021									
Alabama Florida Georgia South Carolina United States	10,000 300,000 120,000 15,500 2,903,240	305,000 120,000 18,000	1,100 31,000 20,000 1,200 464,640	11 10 17 7	670 47,000 34,000 930 417,490	200 17,000 14,500 190 157,600	2 6 12 1 5		
Alabama	8,000 295,000 118,000 17,000 2,875,770	295,000 119,000 20,000	1,100 24,000 14,000 2,500 331,780	10 8 12 13	1,600 50,000 26,000 4,500 367,890	520 13,500 18,000 830 187,180	5 5 15 4		

<sup>(</sup>X) Not applicable.

## Colony Health Stressors with Five or More Colonies – States and United States: January-March 2021 and 2022

[Percent of colonies affected by stressors anytime during the quarter. A colony may be affected by multiple stressors during the quarter]

State Varroa mites		Other pests and parasites <sup>1</sup>	Diseases <sup>2</sup>	Pesticides	Other <sup>3</sup>	Unknown	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
2021							
Alabama	52.2	30.3	-	(Z)	3.1	4.0	
Florida	34.6	11.9	5.6	6.6	6.3	3.4	
Georgia	47.9	14.4	8.9	1.5	4.1	4.6	
South Carolina	48.5	10.1	(Z)	3.2	4.1	0.9	
United States	33.0	8.9	2.3	6.4	6.7	3.4	
2022							
Alabama	36.9	17.0	-	3.7	10.8	5.3	
Florida	39.0	13.1	3.7	9.8	6.4	8.2	
Georgia	41.2	17.4	0.6	5.1	5.9	3.0	
South Carolina	38.0	3.8	-	(Z)	4.5	3.1	
United States	33.7	8.4	2.5	5.8	4.5	4.2	

<sup>-</sup> Represents zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> January 1 number of colonies plus all colonies moved into that state during the quarter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by maximum colonies except for United States, where percent lost is the number of lost colonies divided by the January 1 number of colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Defined as any surviving colony that was requeened or received new honey bees through nuc or package.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by maximum colonies except for the United States, where percent renovated is the number of renovated colonies divided by the January 1 number of colonies.

Source: USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service - Honey Bee Colonies, August 2022

<sup>(</sup>Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Tracheal mites, nosema, hive beetle, wax moths, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes American and European foulbrood, chalkbrood, stonebrood, paralysis (acute and chronic), kashmir, deformed wing, sacbrood, IAPV, Lake Sinai II. etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes weather, starvation, insufficient forage, queen failure, hive damaged/destroyed, etc. Source: USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service - <u>Honey Bee Colonies</u>, August 2022