

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service

South Carolina Crop Progress and Condition Report



Cooperating with the South Carolina Department of Agriculture

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This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

July 27, 2020 Media Contact: Eddie Wells

General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in South Carolina, there were 6.0 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, July 26, 2020. Precipitation ranged from no rain to 7.9 inches. Average high temperatures ranged from the high 80s to the high 90s. Average low temperatures ranged from the high 60s to the low 80s.

Crops

Weeks of sporadic thunderstorms have left some counties with surplus soil moisture while other counties entered into abnormally dry conditions. Peanut fungicide programs were mostly on schedule in central counties, and final weed control was being applied. As aphid populations in cotton dropped, producers shifted their focus to stinkbugs. Tobacco harvesting began across several counties.

Pecan growers thinned trees as needed. Most of the spring and summer fruit and vegetable crops have been harvested. Field preparations for fall vegetable crops continued. Some fall brassicas and cucurbits have been planted and were looking good.

Livestock and Pastures

Despite spotty afternoon showers bringing relief to some dry pastures, the high temperatures depleted soil moisture quickly in much of the state. The inconsistent rainfall has led to mixed performance of pasture grasses. Both cattle and pasture condition declined slightly statewide because of the persistent heat and either too much or too little rain, depending on the county.

Crop Progress for Week Ending 07/26/20

Crop stage	Prev year	Prev week	This week	5 Year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Corn - Silking	100	92	95	100
Corn - Mature	26	18	33	40
Cotton - Squaring	90	69	74	87
Cotton - Setting Bolls	57	14	27	54
Hay - 2nd Cutting	39	67	74	41
Peaches - Harvested	71	82	86	71
Peanuts - Pegging	88	75	83	87
Soybeans - Emerged	99	93	97	99
Soybeans - Blooming	25	19	25	30
Soybeans - Setting Pods.	3	NA	3	4
Tobacco - Topped	75	53	82	89
Tobacco - Harvested	21	4	28	25

Conditions for Week Ending 07/26/20

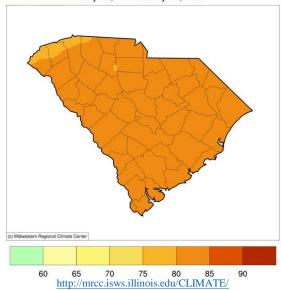
Crop	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Cattle	0	2	19	70	9	
Corn	4	6	18	53	19	
Cotton	6	10	19	49	16	
Pasture and range	0	5	40	50	5	
Peanuts	2	5	21	59	13	
Soybeans	5	10	18	51	16	
Tobacco	10	15	30	30	15	

Soil Moisture for Week Ending 07/26/20

Topsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	11	7	
Short	20	26	
Adequate	66	61	
Surplus	3	6	
Subsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	4	5	
Short	17	31	
Adequate	76	54	
Surplus	3	10	

Accumulated Precipitation (in) July 20, 2020 to July 26, 2020 [c:] Midwestern Regional Climate Center 0.01 0.1 0.25 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5 3 4 5 6 8 http://mrcc.isws.illinois.edu/CLIMATE/

Average Temperature (°F) July 20, 2020 to July 26, 2020



For the state's complete Weekly Weather Summary http://www.dnr.sc.gov/climate/sco/ClimateData/cli_reports_2020.php

U.S. Drought Monitor

South Carolina

July 21, 2020 (Released Thursday, Jul. 23, 2020) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

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	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	89.97	10.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week 07-14-2020	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Month's Ago 04-21-2020	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 12-31-2019	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 10-01-2019	22.06	77.94	48.67	20.47	1.77	0.00
One Year Ago 07-23-2019	56.89	43.11	3.09	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:	
None	D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry	D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought	D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu