United States Department of Agriculture
National Agricultural Statistics Service

South Carolina Crop Progress and Condition Report

Cooperating with the South Carolina Department of Agriculture
Southern Region, South Carolina Field Office · 208G Wholesale Lane · West Columbia, SC 29172 · (706) 713-5400
www.nass.usda.gov

This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

June 14, 2021

Media Contact: Jacqueline Moore

General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in South Carolina, there were 4.6 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, June 13, 2021. Precipitation ranged from trace amounts of rain to 5.8 inches. Average high temperatures ranged from the low 70s to the low 90s. Average low temperatures ranged from the low 60s to the high 70s.

Crops

Continued scattered showers and varying amounts of rainfall provided much needed relief to the hot and dry conditions, but large amounts of rain negatively impacted some areas. Farmers from the Midlands and Lowcountry regions reported that their fields were too wet to work in, which halted herbicide applications. In other regions, some cotton and peanut producers were able to spray weed control applications when possible. Wheat harvesting continued to be slowed slightly by the rain, while the improved soil moisture benefitted corn, cotton, and peanuts, as well as vegetable crops in the Pee Dee region. Soybean planting activities were also slowed by the rain events, but progress was still made.

Tomato harvesting began in the Pee Dee region while reports in the Lowcountry indicate tomatoes are fruiting up nicely. However, reports across the state show a rise in diseases among crops, including Southern blight, blossom end rot, and wilt, due to the increased rain.

Livestock and Pastures

Good pasture growth was reported in the Upstate region due to rain events and warm temperatures. Cattle remained in mostly good condition.

Crop Progress for Week Ending 06/13/21

Crop stage	Prev year	Prev week	This week	5 Year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Corn - Silking	38	25	43	54
Cotton - Planted	89	90	95	94
Cotton - Squaring	13	0	10	12
Hay - 1st Cutting	93	85	91	82
Peaches - Harvested	35	18	30	25
Peanuts - Planted	94	95	96	96
Peanuts - Pegging	11	NA	8	8
Soybeans - Planted	65	83	89	71
Soybeans - Emerged	50	70	82	53
Soybeans - Blooming	0	NA	0	0
Tobacco - Topped	10	1	5	11
Winter wheat - Harvested	34	44	55	52

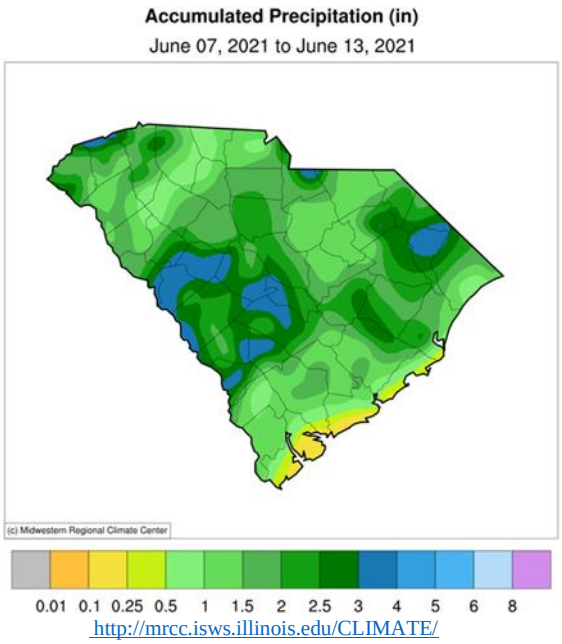
(NA) Not available.

Conditions for Week Ending 06/13/21

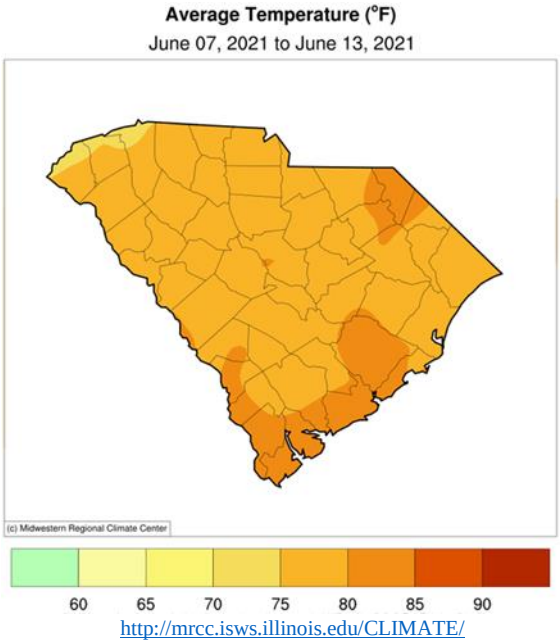
Crop	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Cattle	0	2	19	70	9
Corn	2	10	16	60	12
Cotton	1	11	18	60	10
Pasture and range	0	11	38	39	12
Peaches	0	2	12	63	23
Peanuts	1	1	32	60	6
Soybeans	2	3	14	72	9
Tobacco	5	5	5	80	5
Winter wheat	2	16	27	51	4

Soil Moisture for Week Ending 06/13/21

Topsoil	Previous week	This week
	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	4	0
Short	22	12
Adequate	71	75
Surplus	3	13
Subsoil	**Previous week**	**This week**
	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	4	0
Short	27	9
Adequate	66	83
Surplus	3	8

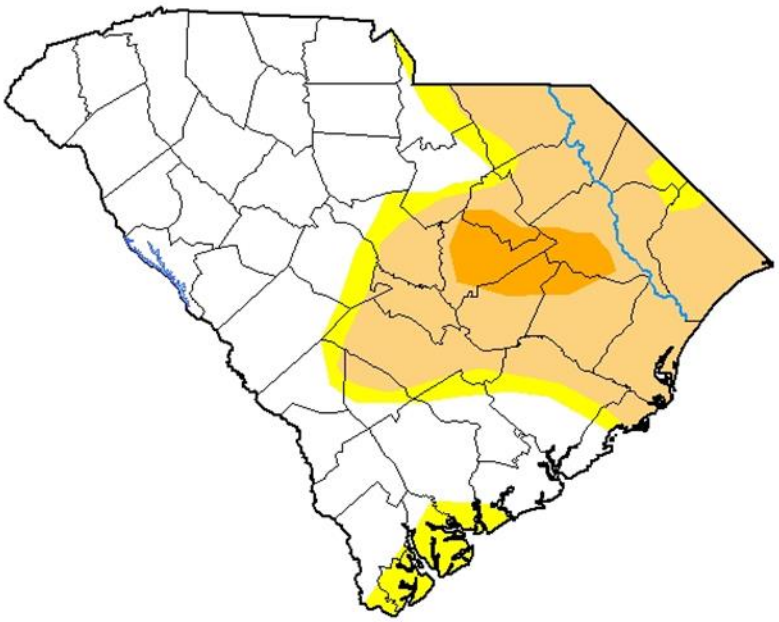


http://mrcc.isws.illinois.edu/CLIMATE/



http://mrcc.isws.illinois.edu/CLIMATE/

For the state's complete Weekly Weather Summary http://www.dnr.sc.gov/climate/sco/ClimateData/cli_reports_2021.php



June 8, 2021

(Released Thursday, Jun. 10, 2021)

Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	56.28	43.72	34.43	4.30	0.00	0.00
Last Week *06-01-2021*	27.77	72.23	35.14	20.77	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago *03-09-2021*	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year *12-29-2020*	86.70	13.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year *09-29-2020*	99.42	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago *06-09-2020*	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

Author:

Brian Fuchs

National Drought Mitigation Center

droughtmonitor.unl.edu