

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service

South Carolina Crop Progress and Condition Report



Cooperating with the South Carolina Department of Agriculture

Southern Region, South Carolina Field Office · 208G Wholesale Lane · West Columbia, SC 29172 · (800) 253-4419 www.nass.usda.gov

This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

October 30, 2023 Media Contact: Jacqueline Moore

General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in South Carolina, there were 6.6 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, October 29, 2023. Precipitation ranged from no rain to trace amounts. Average high temperatures ranged from the mid 70s to the low 80s. Average low temperatures ranged from the low 40s to the high 50s.

Crops

Most of the state saw little to no rainfall during the week. This gave farmers ample time for fieldwork but did cause soil moisture levels to drop. According to the US Drought Monitor on October 24, 50 percent of the state had abnormally dry conditions, 28 percent had moderate drought conditions, and 2.4 percent had severe drought conditions.

Warmer and dry weather made for good harvesting conditions for cotton, peanuts, and soybeans. Cotton was finishing up opening bolls and fields continuing to be defoliated throughout the week. Soybeans were dropping leaves and harvest was running slightly ahead of historical levels. Planting of small grains and cover crops is expected to be delayed in many areas due to the dry conditions.

Livestock and Pastures

Cattle were in good to fair condition, while pastures were in mostly fair condition around the state. Pasture conditions continued to decline with the lack of rain. Summer pastures were mostly finished, and more rainfall was needed to plant winter grazing.

Crop Progress for Week Ending 10/29/23

Crop stage	Prev year	Prev week	This week	5 Year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Cotton - Bolls Opening Cotton - Harvested Hay - 3rd Cutting Peanuts - Dug Peanuts - Harvested Soybeans - Drop Leaves Soybeans - Harvested	99 48 93 80 64 84 32	94 20 92 66 45 59 20	96 24 97 74 63 71 26	97 37 88 76 61 77 18
Winter wheat - Planted	8	2	4	11

Conditions for Week Ending 10/29/23

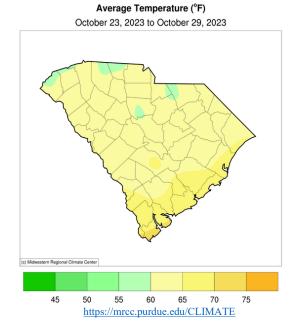
Crop	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Cattle	0	18	39	39	4
Cotton	0	4	42	52	2
Pasture and range	18	34	37	11	0
Soybeans	3	6	37	49	5

Soil Moisture for Week Ending 10/29/23

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Topsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	71	5 44 50 1	
Subsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	73	10 30 59 1	

October 23, 2023 to October 29, 2023 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.05 0.07 0.1 0.15 0.2 0.25 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.75 https://mrcc.purdue.edu/CLIMATE

Accumulated Precipitation (in)



U.S. Drought Monitor

South Carolina

October 24, 2023

(Released Thursday, Oct. 26, 2023) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	50.15	49.85	26.02	2.43	0.00	0.00
Last Week 10-17-2023	52.79	47.21	21.91	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago 07-25-2023	98.11	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-03-2023	49.44	50.56	10.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	76.91	23.09	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 10-25-2022	54.21	45.79	16.32	2.49	0.00	0.00

Intensity: D2 Severe Drought D0 Abnormally Dry D3 Extreme Drought D1 Moderate Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu