United States Department of Agriculture
National Agricultural Statistics Service

Texas Crop Progress and Condition

Cooperating with Texas Department of Agriculture, Texas AgriLife Extension Services, and the National Weather Service
Texas Field Office · Post Office Box 70 · Austin, Texas 78767 800-626-3142 www.nass.usda.gov/tx

WEEKLY SUMMARY FOR JUNE 6 – 12 **ISSUE TX-CW2311** **RELEASED JUNE 13, 2011**

Crop Condition							
Crop	Percent of Acreage					Index	
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2011	2010
Corn	3	23	34	14	26	49	81
Cotton	1	17	38	18	26	45	78
Peanuts	0	31	49	20	0	62	82
Rice	6	35	57	1	1	73	92
Sorghum	3	23	35	19	20	51	85
Soybeans	2	37	25	16	20	56	78
Wheat	1	10	11	22	56	25	76
Oats	0	7	21	20	52	27	82
Range and Pasture	0	6	13	31	50	-	-

* The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

Texas Precipitation					
National Weather Service Climatic Divisions *	Inches of Accumulation **				Percent
	Previous Week June 6 - 12, 2011	Month-to-Date June 1 - 12, 2011	Year-to-Date Jan 1 – Jun 12, 2011	Annual Normal 1971-2000	Normal Previous Three Months (Mar - May)
High Plains	0.00	0.01	0.60	19.64	7
Low Rolling Plains	0.09	0.09	0.62	24.51	7
North Central Texas	0.00	0.00	3.84	35.23	26
East Texas	0.04	0.12	4.56	48.08	20
Trans-Pecos	0.00	0.08	0.16	13.19	2
Edwards Plateau	0.00	0.00	1.36	24.73	13
South Central Texas	0.00	0.00	1.85	36.21	8
Upper Coast	0.16	0.16	3.64	50.31	12
South Texas	0.00	0.00	0.72	24.08	4
Lower Valley	0.00	0.00	0.25	25.43	0

*High Plains: 1-N, 1-S; Low Rolling Plains: 2-N, 2-S; North Central Texas: 3, 4; East Texas: 5-N, 5-S. Trans-Pecos: 6; Edwards Plateau: 7; South Central Texas: 8-N, 8-S; Upper Coast: 9; South Texas: 10-N; Lower Valley: 10-S.

**Average of all stations reporting precipitation data. For more information, please visit the following web sites: water.weather.gov and www.drought.unl.edu/dm/monitor.html.

Top Soil Moisture by District															
Condition	Percent of Acreage														
	1-N	1-S	2-N	2-S	3	4	5-N	5-S	6	7	8-N	8-S	9	10-N	10-S
Very Short	81	90	95	79	63	33	32	82	83	67	66	28	72	75	86
Short	18	7	5	11	30	48	60	18	9	32	33	57	22	25	14
Adequate	1	3	0	10	7	19	8	0	8	1	1	15	5	0	0
Surplus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

Weekly Summary

Areas of the Low Plains and East Texas received up to 2 inches of rainfall, the Trans-Pecos and the Upper Coast received up to 0.25 inches of rainfall, while the rest of the state observed little to no moisture.

Small Grains: Winter wheat harvest neared completion in areas of the Plains. Producers harvested winter wheat and made good progress due to dry warm weather in areas of the Blacklands.

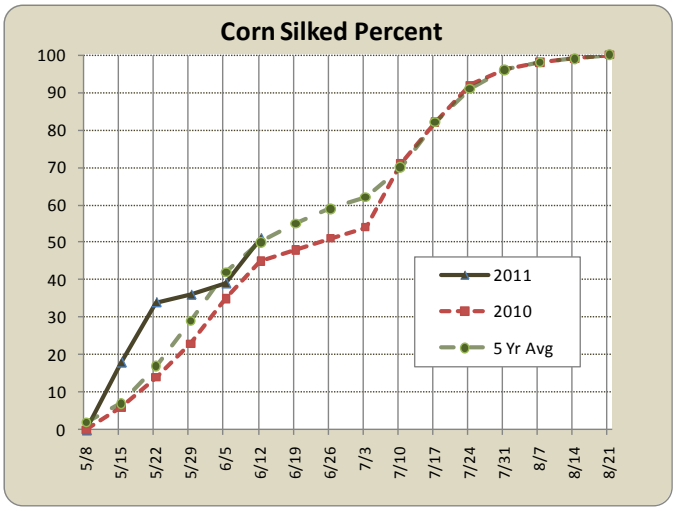
Row Crops: Emerging corn and cotton were damaged in areas of the High Plains due to hot and windy conditions. Corn producers irrigated and sprayed for mites in areas of the Plains while cotton was rapidly planted due to insurance deadlines. Peanuts made good progress in areas of the Southern Low Plains and planting was in full swing in South Texas. Dry-land corn, grain sorghum, soybeans, and cotton were in need of rainfall due to a hot dry weather pattern in areas of the Blacklands. Recently planted cotton was damaged in areas of the Trans-Pecos due to earlier cool soil temperatures. Cotton planting was active in areas of the Edwards Plateau and was in need of moisture. Irrigated cotton and corn progressed well in areas of South Central Texas. Producers prepared to harvest corn in areas of the Upper Coast and South Texas. In areas of the Upper Coast, dry-land cotton and soybeans were in need of rainfall. Irrigated cotton made good progress, sorghum turned color, and producers prepared to harvest sunflowers in areas of South Texas.

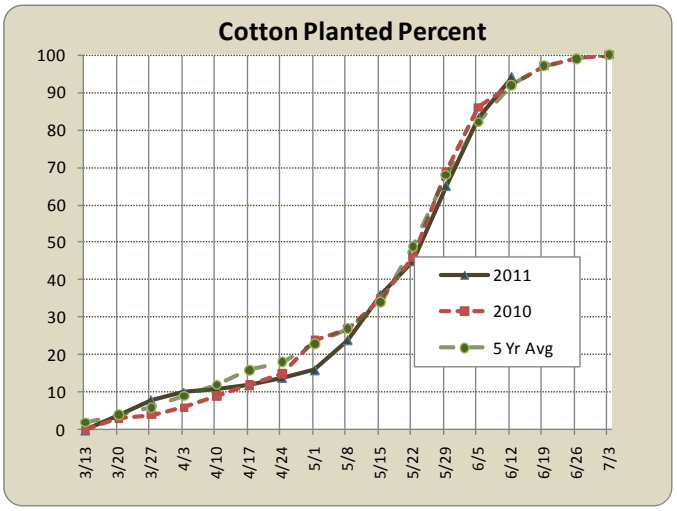
Crop Progress					
Crop	Stage	Percent of Acreage			
		Current	Prev Week	2010	5 Yr Avg
Corn	Planted	100	99	99	100
	Emerged	96	93	97	99
	Silked	51	39	45	50
Cotton	Planted	94	83	92	92
	Squaring	14	12	13	13
	Setting bolls	11	7	4	4
Oats	Harvest	86	71	75	72
Peanuts	Planted	95	94	96	96
Rice	Planted	84	83	97	99
	Emerged	2	0	1	3
Sorghum	Planted	86	77	87	87
	Headed	66	51	41	41
	Coloring	36	15	8	15
Soybeans	Planted	98	96	99	98
	Emerged	97	94	97	94
	Blooming	38	17	35	21
Sunflowers	Planted	68	64	70	57
Winter Wheat	Harvest	46	24	27	35

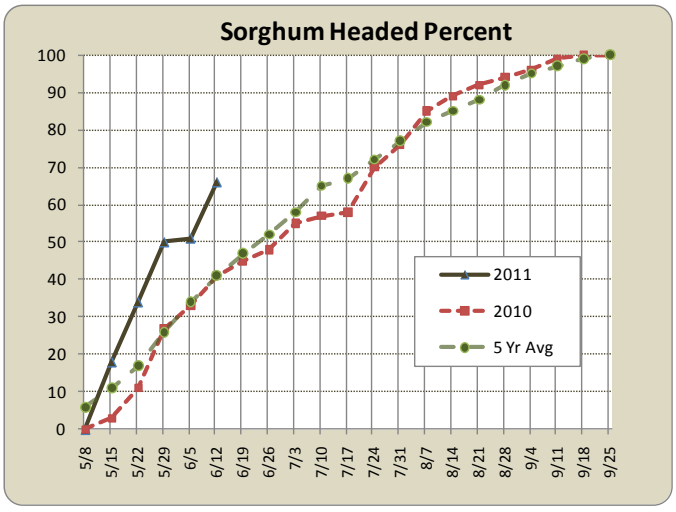
Visit our web site to view the crop progress regional maps, available at www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics_by_State/Texas/Publications/Crop_Progress_&_Condition/maps/.

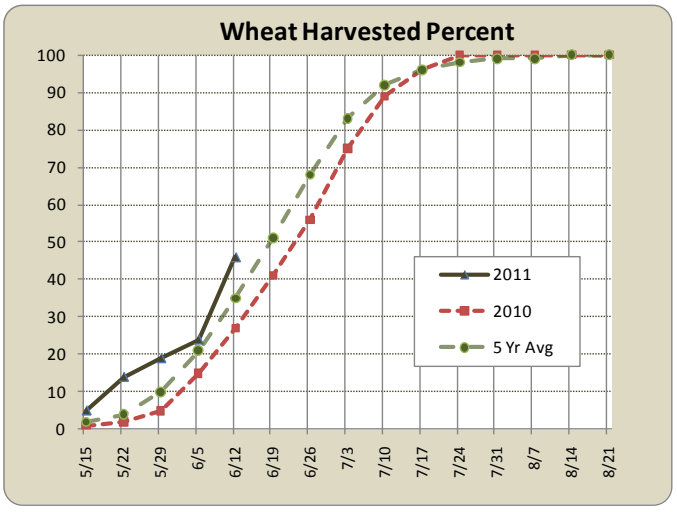
Fruit, Vegetable and Specialty Crop: Pecan irrigation was active in areas of the Southern High Plains. In areas of North East Texas; blueberry, blackberry, tomatoes, green beans, onions, squash, and peach harvests were active. Fall planted onions continued to bulb and pecan nuts initiated growth in areas of the Trans-Pecos. Cabbage harvest neared completion while watermelon and potato harvest were active in areas of South Texas.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Producers continued supplemental feeding and reducing livestock herds due to drought conditions and rising feed prices in areas of the Plains, North East Texas, and the southern part of the state. Tank, pond, and creek levels in some areas of the state were very low. Hay baling made good progress in some areas of the northeastern part of the state due to earlier rainfall and recent dry open weather. Hay supplies were short in most areas of the state due to little hay production, delayed cuttings, and grazed out fields. Warm season pastures greened up in areas of the Blacklands due to recent rain showers and fertilizer applications; however, pastures continued to brown across the rest of the state due to continued drought conditions. Pastures and hay meadows suffered due to grasshopper and armyworm infestations. Warm season forages were in need of rainfall across the state. Wildfires continued to be at dangerous levels in areas of the Plains, the Trans-Pecos, North East Texas, and the Edwards Plateau.

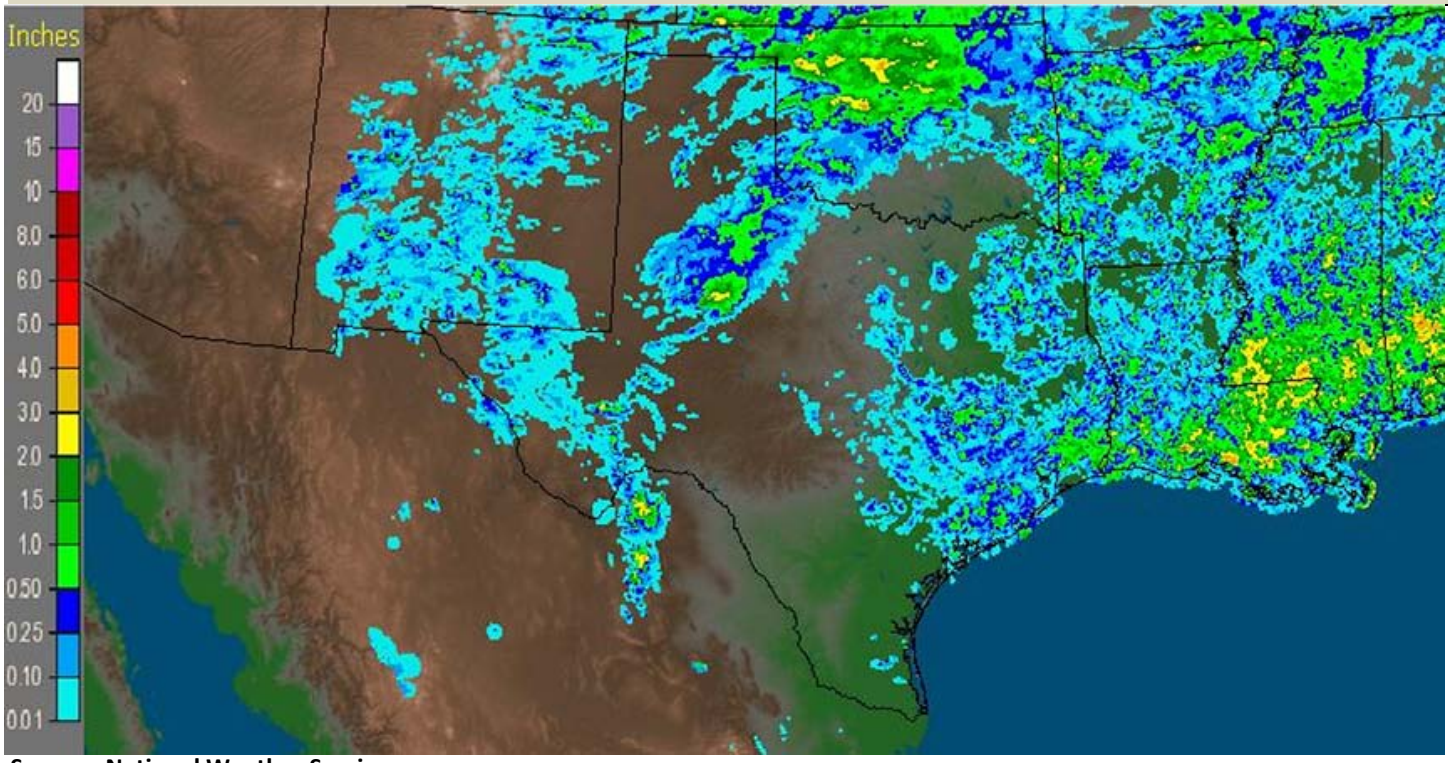








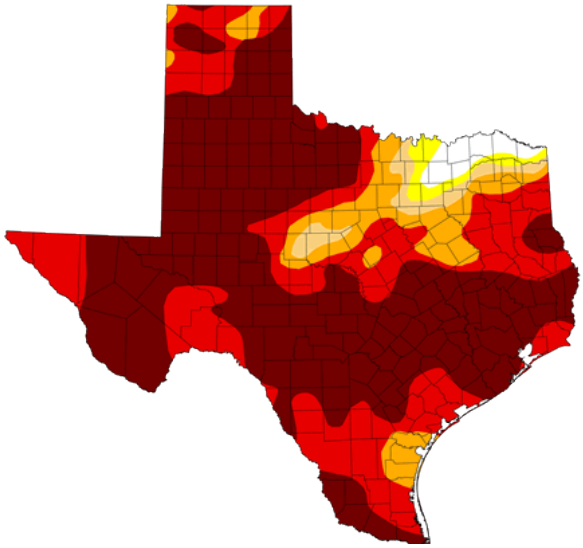
Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, June 12, 2011



Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov

Drought Monitor

As of 6/7/2011, 7:00 am EST



Intensity:

- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Drought - Moderate
- D2 Drought - Severe
- D3 Drought - Extreme
- D4 Drought - Exceptional

Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, http://drought.unl.edu/dm, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA.

Texas Agricultural Districts