



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

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Most of the state received from trace amounts to upwards of 3.0 inches of precipitation. Isolated areas in South Central and the Upper Coast received up to 6.0 inches. Drought conditions range from none to extremely dry with the Northern Plain, Southern Plains, and Cross Timbers being the driest. There was an average of 4.0 days suitable for fieldwork.

Small Grains: Winter wheat conditions have improved for the areas that received decent amounts of moisture, but more will be needed soon. Winter wheat headed reached 7 percent, up 5 points from the previous year and 3 points above normal. Oats headed reached 6 percent, up 1 point from the previous year and up 4 points from normal.

Row Crops: Areas of the Lower Valley and Coastal Bend are optimistic with the recent rains and will be planting corn and sorghum in next few weeks.

Fruit, Vegetable and Specialty Crops: Winter vegetable harvesting looks good in the Lower Valley. Citrus fruit harvesting continues with the expectation that the crop will be smaller than normal.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Supplemental feeding continued across the state. The topsoil and subsoil conditions have improved but are still mostly very short due to the lack of moisture. Range and pasture conditions have improved for the Northern and Southern Plains areas thanks to the winter storms. Range and pasture conditions were rated very poor to poor.

Crop Progress

Stage	Percent of Acreage			
	Current Week	Previous Week	Previous Year	5 Year Average
Winter Wheat				
Headed	7	4	2	4
Oats				
Headed	6	4	5	2

Crop Condition

Crop	Percent of Acreage					Index ¹	
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2022	2021
Wheat	0	9	20	21	50	28	60
Oats	0	11	22	11	56	29	44
Range and Pasture	1	8	25	30	36	33	42

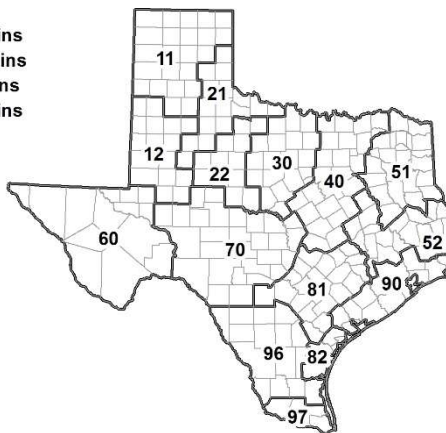
¹ The formula for the condition index is $I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100$ where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District

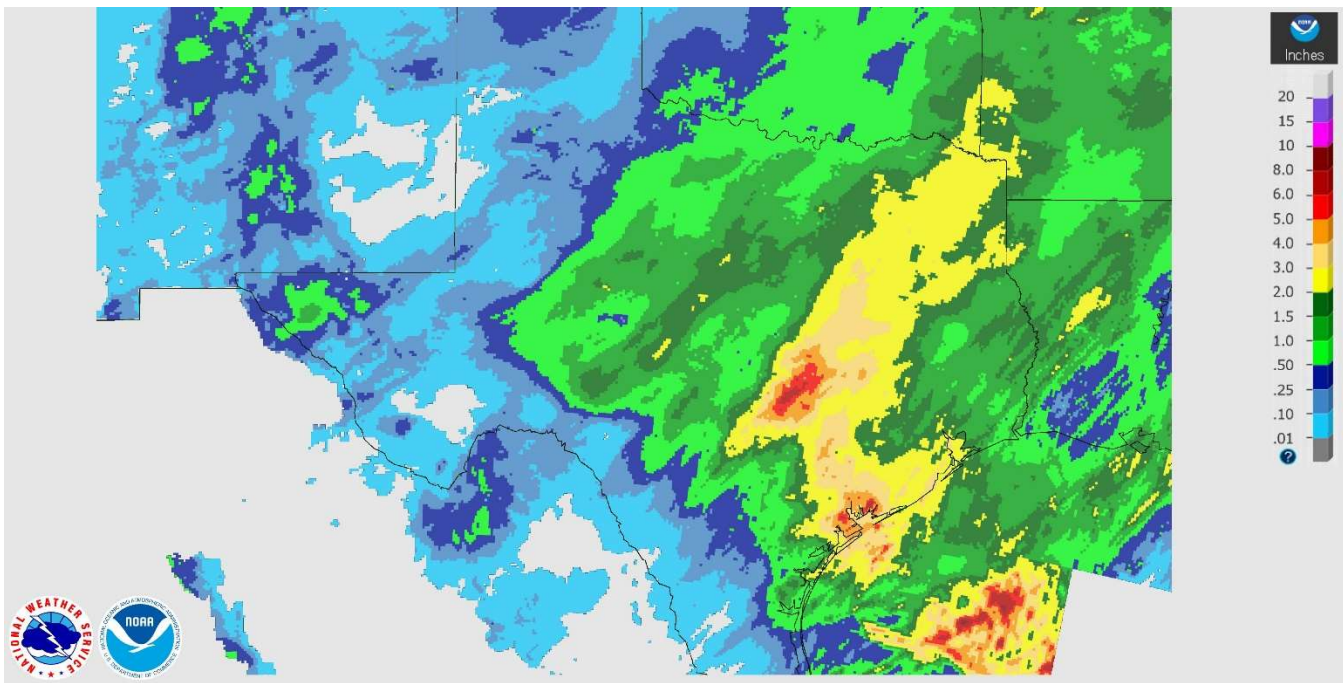
District	Topsoil Moisture Condition by District				Subsoil Moisture Condition by District				Days Suitable for Fieldwork
	Percentage of Acreage				Percentage of Acreage				
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	
11	68	32	0	0	74	26	0	0	2.9
12	61	35	4	0	61	35	4	0	5.4
21	65	33	2	0	60	37	3	0	4.6
22	55	23	19	3	64	30	6	0	3.9
30	30	37	28	5	47	37	16	0	3.5
40	17	20	43	20	19	32	37	12	2.9
51	24	36	35	5	27	40	31	2	5.0
52	12	41	36	11	14	42	38	6	4.3
60	50	31	19	0	47	41	12	0	3.6
70	78	15	6	1	65	28	7	0	4.8
81	4	12	78	6	4	24	64	8	4.6
82	0	45	51	4	17	28	51	4	4.7
90	1	4	38	57	1	5	48	46	1.7
96	18	65	16	1	17	66	16	1	4.6
97	4	6	85	5	5	6	86	3	4.8
State	43	28	22	7	45	31	19	5	4.0

Texas Agricultural Districts

- 11 Northern High Plains
- 12 Southern High Plains
- 21 Northern Low Plains
- 22 Southern Low Plains
- 30 Cross Timbers
- 40 Blacklands
- 51 North East
- 52 South East
- 60 Trans-Pecos
- 70 Edwards Plateau
- 81 South Central
- 82 Coastal Bend
- 90 Upper Coast
- 96 South
- 97 Lower Valley

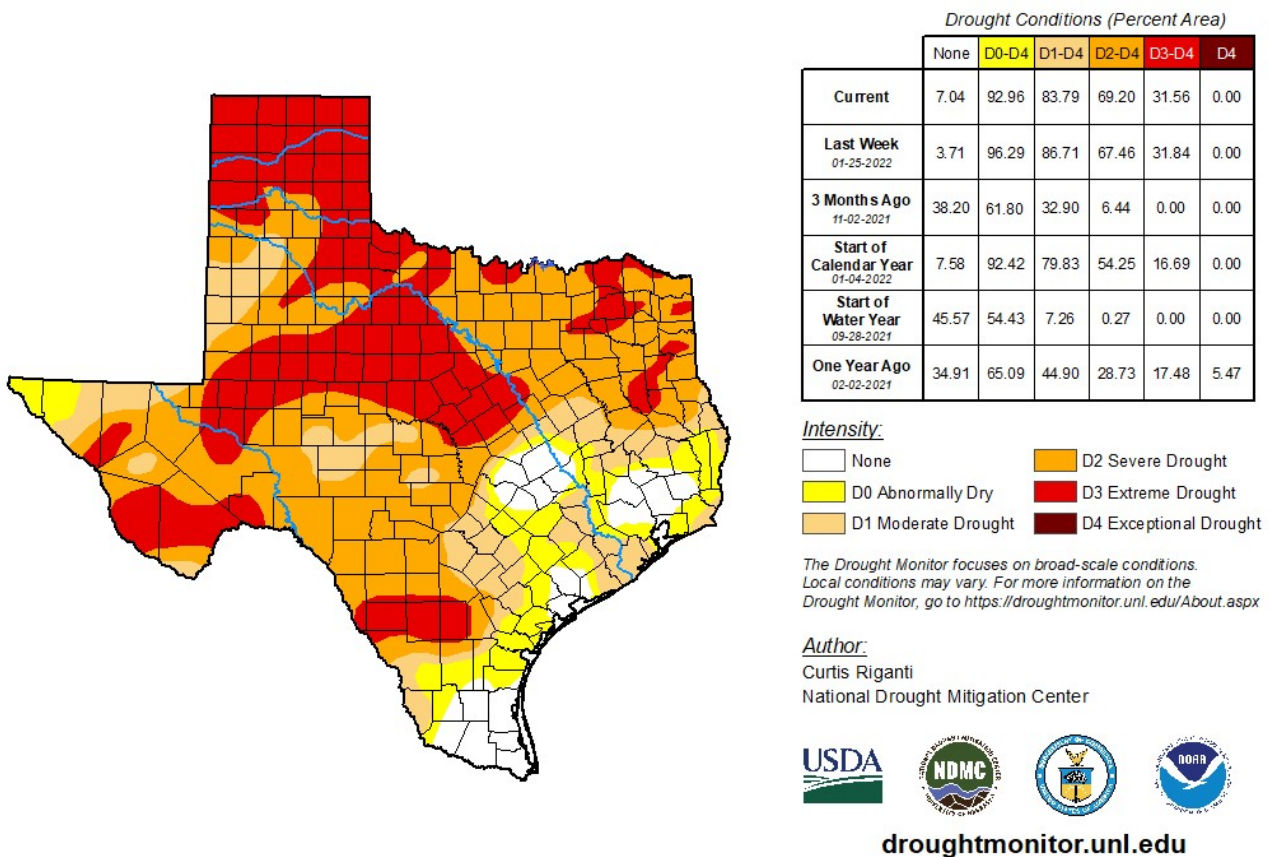


Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, February 6, 2022



Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov

Drought Monitor, Valid February 1, 2022.



Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, <http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu>