



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

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Issue: TX-CW1624

Weekly Summary for April 29 - May 5

Released: May 6, 2024

Despite strong thunderstorms and heavy rainfall across parts of the state, crops continued to progress. Rainfall ranged from trace amounts up to 20 inches, with the Blacklands, North East Texas, and South East Texas receiving the most rain. Drought conditions ranged from none to extreme drought with areas in the Trans-Pecos and Edwards Plateau being the driest. There was an average of 4.3 days suitable for fieldwork.

Small Grains: In most parts of the state, winter wheat and oat producers were baling hay. In parts of the Edwards Plateau, winter wheat was drying down. Winter wheat headed reached 75 percent, up 11 points from the previous week. Oats headed reached 89 percent, up 10 points from the previous week.

Row Crops: Row crops throughout the state were progressing well despite heavy. In the Northern High Plains and South Central Texas, corn was emerging. In the Coastal Bend, South Central Texas, and South Texas corn was silking. Corn planted reached 76 percent, up 5 points from the previous week. Corn emerged reached 67 percent, up 5 points from the previous week. Corn silking reached 5 percent, up 5 points from the previous week. Sorghum planted reached 71 percent, up 6 points from the previous week. Sorghum emerged reached 8 percent, up 1 point from the previous week. In the Northern High Plains, the Northern Low Plains, and the Edwards Plateau, producers continued to plant cotton. In the Blacklands, cotton planting was delayed due to significant rainfall. Cotton planted reached 24 percent, up 6 points from the previous week. In South Central Texas, some rice that had not emerged was at risk of not spouting due to heavy rainfall and flooding. Rice planted reached 90 percent, up 4 points from the previous week. Rice emerged reached 78 percent, up 6 points from the previous year. In South Texas peanut producers were planting peanuts. Peanuts planted reached 6 percent, up 6 points from the previous week. Soybeans planted reached 10 percent, up 10 points from the previous week.

Fruit, Vegetable, and Specialty Crops: In South Texas, watermelons were progressing well. In the Lower Valley, producers continued irrigating citrus trees. In the Trans-Pecos, pecan orchards were being irrigated. In the Blacklands, tomato plants were beginning to set fruit.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Rainfall helped pasture and range conditions in most parts of the state. Some areas were greening up while other areas were either saturated or flooded. Pasture and range conditions were rated good to fair. Livestock producers continued supplemental feeding.

**Crop Progress by Percent
For Week Ending May 5, 2024**

| Stage | Percentage of Acreage | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| | Current Week | Previous Week | Previous Year | 5 Year Average |
| Corn | | | | |
| Planted | 76 | 71 | 76 | 74 |
| Emerged | 67 | 62 | 66 | 61 |
| Silked | 5 | - | 7 | 2 |
| Cotton | | | | |
| Planted | 24 | 18 | 22 | 21 |
| Peanuts | | | | |
| Planted | 6 | - | 6 | 7 |
| Rice | | | | |
| Planted | 90 | 86 | 87 | 88 |
| Emerged | 78 | 72 | 76 | 76 |
| Sorghum | | | | |
| Planted | 71 | 65 | 72 | 70 |
| Emerged | 8 | 7 | - | 9 |
| Soybeans | | | | |
| Planted | 10 | - | 28 | 41 |
| Winter Wheat | | | | |
| Headed | 75 | 64 | 75 | 75 |
| Oats | | | | |
| Headed | 89 | 79 | 87 | 91 |

- Represents zero.

**Crop Condition by Percent
For Week Ending May 5, 2024**

| Crop | Percent of Acreage | | | | | Index ¹ | |
|-------------------|--------------------|------|------|------|-----------|--------------------|------|
| | Excellent | Good | Fair | Poor | Very Poor | 2024 | 2023 |
| Corn | 18 | 55 | 23 | 3 | 1 | 84 | 81 |
| Rice | 9 | 63 | 24 | 4 | 0 | 82 | 83 |
| Wheat | 6 | 42 | 33 | 13 | 6 | 68 | 40 |
| Oats | 4 | 32 | 41 | 14 | 9 | 62 | 45 |
| Range and Pasture | 7 | 24 | 31 | 22 | 16 | 54 | 45 |

¹ The formula for the condition index is $I = (110E + 90G + 60F + 25P + 5V)/100$ where I = crop condition index and E, G, F, P, V = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

**Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District
For Week Ending May 5, 2024**

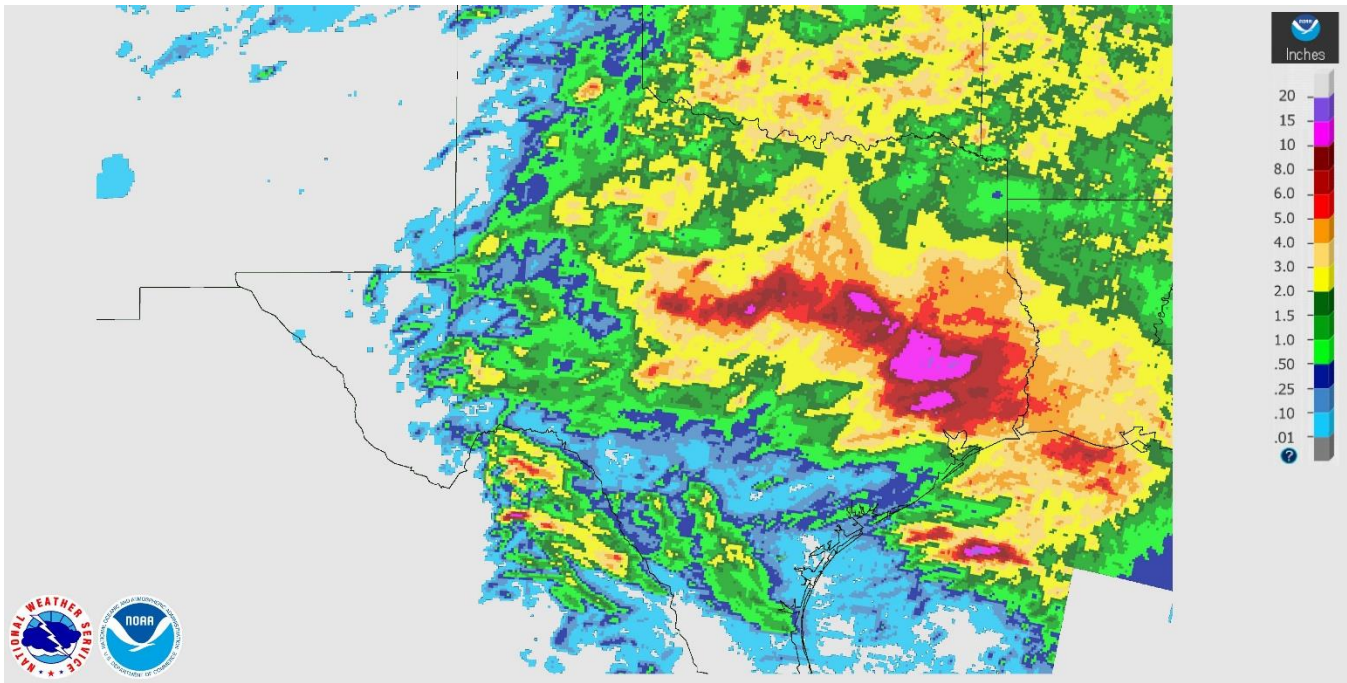
| District | Subsoil Moisture Condition by District | | | | Topsoil Moisture Condition by District | | | | Days Suitable for Fieldwork |
|----------|--|-------|----------|---------|--|-------|----------|---------|-----------------------------|
| | Percentage of Acreage | | | | Percentage of Acreage | | | | |
| | Very Short | Short | Adequate | Surplus | Very Short | Short | Adequate | Surplus | |
| 11 | 10 | 50 | 40 | 0 | 10 | 58 | 32 | 0 | 5.9 |
| 12 | 29 | 31 | 35 | 5 | 11 | 41 | 38 | 10 | 4.1 |
| 21 | 4 | 50 | 46 | 0 | 3 | 45 | 52 | 0 | 4.8 |
| 22 | 0 | 21 | 60 | 19 | 0 | 20 | 51 | 29 | 3.0 |
| 30 | 1 | 19 | 61 | 19 | 1 | 8 | 61 | 30 | 3.6 |
| 40 | 0 | 2 | 28 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 76 | 1.2 |
| 51 | 0 | 1 | 48 | 51 | 1 | 1 | 44 | 54 | 5.0 |
| 52 | 0 | 5 | 39 | 56 | 0 | 5 | 32 | 63 | 1.4 |
| 60 | 20 | 50 | 30 | 0 | 20 | 50 | 30 | 0 | 5.7 |
| 70 | 19 | 36 | 44 | 1 | 16 | 19 | 58 | 7 | 5.2 |
| 81 | 3 | 29 | 61 | 7 | 5 | 31 | 56 | 8 | 4.8 |
| 82 | 10 | 21 | 66 | 3 | 10 | 15 | 67 | 8 | 6.4 |
| 90 | 8 | 25 | 45 | 22 | 8 | 48 | 24 | 20 | 4.2 |
| 96 | 8 | 37 | 54 | 1 | 9 | 27 | 61 | 3 | 6.7 |
| 97 | 25 | 50 | 25 | 0 | 48 | 44 | 8 | 0 | 7.0 |
| State | 10 | 30 | 43 | 17 | 8 | 32 | 39 | 21 | 4.3 |

Texas Agricultural Districts

- 11 Northern High Plains
- 12 Southern High Plains
- 21 Northern Low Plains
- 22 Southern Low Plains
- 30 Cross Timbers
- 40 Blacklands
- 51 North East
- 52 South East
- 60 Trans-Pecos
- 70 Edwards Plateau
- 81 South Central
- 82 Coastal Bend
- 90 Upper Coast
- 96 South
- 97 Lower Valley



Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, May 5, 2024

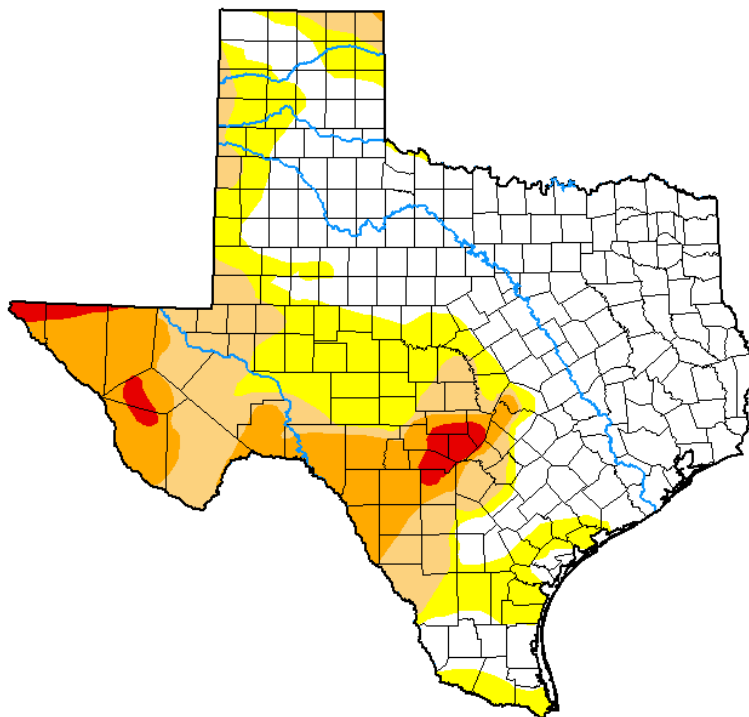


Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov

Drought Monitor, Map Released: May 2, 2024

U.S. Drought Monitor Texas

April 30, 2024
(Released Thursday, May 2, 2024)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT



Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu

Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, <http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu>