



Crop Progress and Condition



NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE

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In Cooperation with...

- University of Idaho Extension
- Idaho State Department of Agriculture
- Oregon State University Extension Service
- Oregon Department of Agriculture
- Washington State University Extension
- USDA, Farm Service Agency

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Idaho Finally Began to Warm Up

There were 6.4 days suitable for fieldwork in Idaho, up from 3.9 days reported the previous week. The majority of Idaho experienced warmer than average temperatures for the week. In south central Idaho, alfalfa and winter wheat showed signs of growth. Progress was made planting potatoes and sugarbeets, and with warmer soil temperatures, corn planting had begun. Irrigation systems appeared to be charged and operating. Pastures and low elevation ranges looked good for the week. Warmer temperatures were observed in northern Idaho. In Fremont, Madison, and Teton Counties, fields began melting as warmer temperatures and sunshine persisted. In Clark and Fremont Counties, some fieldwork began with cereal grains and potato planting.

Warm Week in Oregon

There were 6.4 days suitable for fieldwork in Oregon, up from 5.5 days reported the previous week. The warmer than normal weather for most of Oregon allowed for more fieldwork. In north central Oregon, more fertilizing, planting, and crop protection was underway. Dry and warm conditions in the northwest region caused concern for some stress on crops. In some counties, wheat growth had spotty patches from freeze damage, while other counties reported wheat coming in nicely. In central Oregon, the warmer weather caused snowmelt to occur, and winter canola began to bloom. In the southeast region, the weather warmed up and conditions were good in some areas, allowing more fieldwork, while other counties had issues with runoff due to the ground still being frozen.

Warm Washington Weather

There were 7.0 days suitable for fieldwork in Washington, up from 5.8 days the previous week. Western Washington saw warmer temperatures and improved pasture growth. Spring planted crops emerged, and grass growth was noticeable. Berry farmers laid out irrigation piping, and newly planted strawberries emerged. Central Washington also saw warmer temperatures, and spring work was underway. Grass was growing, and cattle were out grazing. Yakima County saw no precipitation throughout the week, and nighttime temperatures stayed above freezing. Cherries, plums, apples, and pears were mostly in full bloom, while apricots were in post-bloom. Asparagus harvest had started, and small reddish leaves were unfurling on grape canes. Vegetable growers put irrigation lines under black plastic, with some black plastic beds already receiving transplants. It was an excellent week for farmers to plant crops in northeast Washington, and the warm temperatures improved pasture growth. Southeast Washington saw warmer weather and started their spring work as well.

Soil Moisture Condition — Idaho, Oregon, and Washington: Week Ending 04/30/23

Item and State	Very short	Short	Adequate	Surplus
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Topsoil moisture				
Idaho.....	-	10	76	14
Oregon.....	9	22	61	8
Washington.....	5	14	74	7
Subsoil moisture				
Idaho.....	3	16	69	12
Oregon.....	7	25	59	9
Washington.....	7	23	65	5

- Represents zero.

Pasture, Range, and Crop Condition — Idaho, Oregon, and Washington: Week Ending 04/30/23

Crop and State	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Pasture and range					
Idaho.....	2	10	37	46	5
Oregon.....	16	23	35	23	3
Washington.....	19	26	28	24	3
Winter wheat					
Idaho.....	1	5	59	34	1
Oregon.....	8	20	38	30	4
Washington.....	1	8	33	54	4

Crop Progress — Idaho: Week Ending 04/30/23

Crop and activity	Percent completed			
	This week	Last week	Last year	5 Year average
Spring wheat planted.....	45	26	54	66
Spring wheat emerged.....	12	1	25	23
Winter wheat headed.....	-	-	-	1
Barley planted.....	47	29	55	68
Barley emerged.....	13	2	26	29
Oats planted.....	27	14	42	51
Oats emerged.....	7	1	16	21
Potatoes planted.....	28	15	38	46
Sugarbeets planted.....	71	53	84	88
Sugarbeets emerged.....	4	-	19	27
Field corn planted.....	3	1	8	25
Dry edible beans planted.....	1	-	9	(NA)
Dry edible peas planted.....	40	12	46	47
Dry edible peas emerged.....	6	1	25	(NA)
Onions planted.....	90	79	96	94
Onions emerged.....	40	10	82	59

- Represents zero.
(NA) Not available.

Crop Progress — Oregon: Week Ending 04/30/23

Crop and activity	Percent completed			
	This week	Last week	Last year	5 Year average
Spring wheat planted.....	73	63	94	(NA)
Spring wheat emerged.....	45	14	66	68
Winter wheat headed.....	-	-	-	3
Barley planted.....	58	28	79	85
Barley emerged.....	24	3	45	59
Oats planted.....	47	24	72	79
Oats emerged.....	15	3	39	50
Potatoes planted.....	58	52	59	75
Potatoes emerged.....	29	10	(NA)	(NA)
Sugarbeets planted.....	99	90	97	(NA)
Sugarbeets emerged.....	25	-	79	45
Field corn planted.....	32	9	31	42
Dry edible peas planted.....	88	68	79	(NA)
Dry edible peas emerged.....	38	15	28	45
Onions planted.....	88	71	87	(NA)
Onions emerged.....	45	12	58	47

- Represents zero.
(NA) Not available.

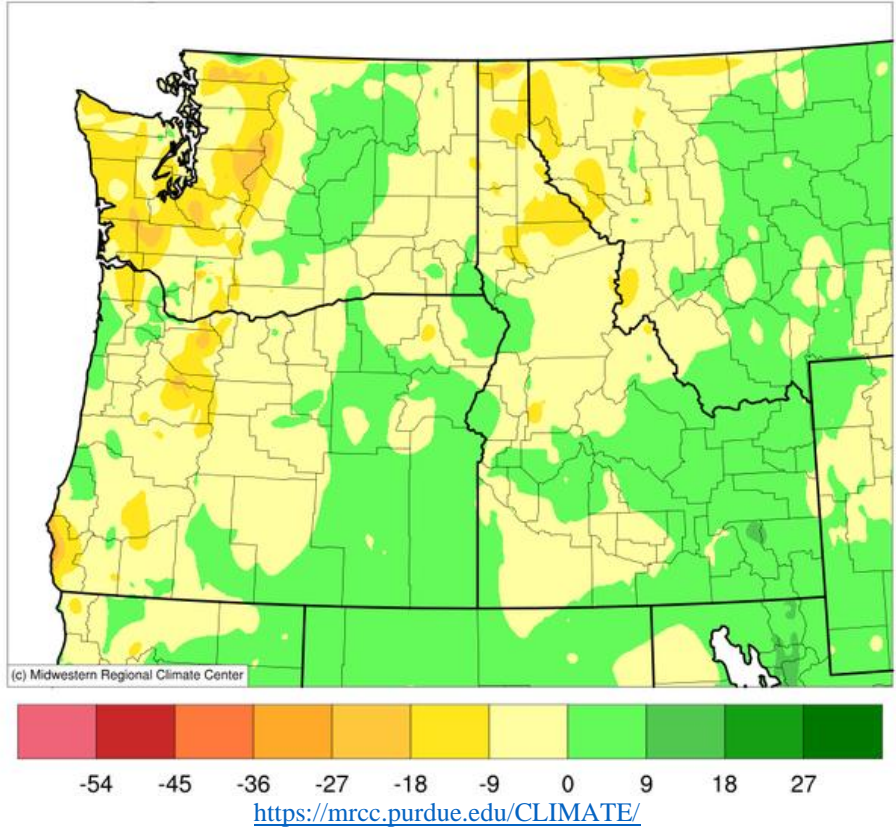
Crop Progress — Washington: Week Ending 04/30/23

Crop and activity	Percent completed			
	This week	Last week	Last year	5 Year average
Spring wheat planted	74	48	75	77
Spring wheat emerged	38	10	38	43
Winter wheat headed	-	-	-	1
Barley planted	55	27	64	66
Barley emerged	12	4	16	31
Potatoes planted	56	50	49	64
Potatoes emerged	18	11	(NA)	(NA)
Field corn planted	34	15	22	36
Field corn emerged	8	-	(NA)	(NA)
Dry edible beans planted	19	13	30	(NA)
Dry edible beans emerged	3	-	(NA)	(NA)
Dry edible peas planted	25	13	56	57
Dry edible peas emerged	4	1	16	(NA)
Onions planted	69	60	66	74
Onions emerged	15	5	(NA)	(NA)

- Represents zero.
 (NA) Not available.

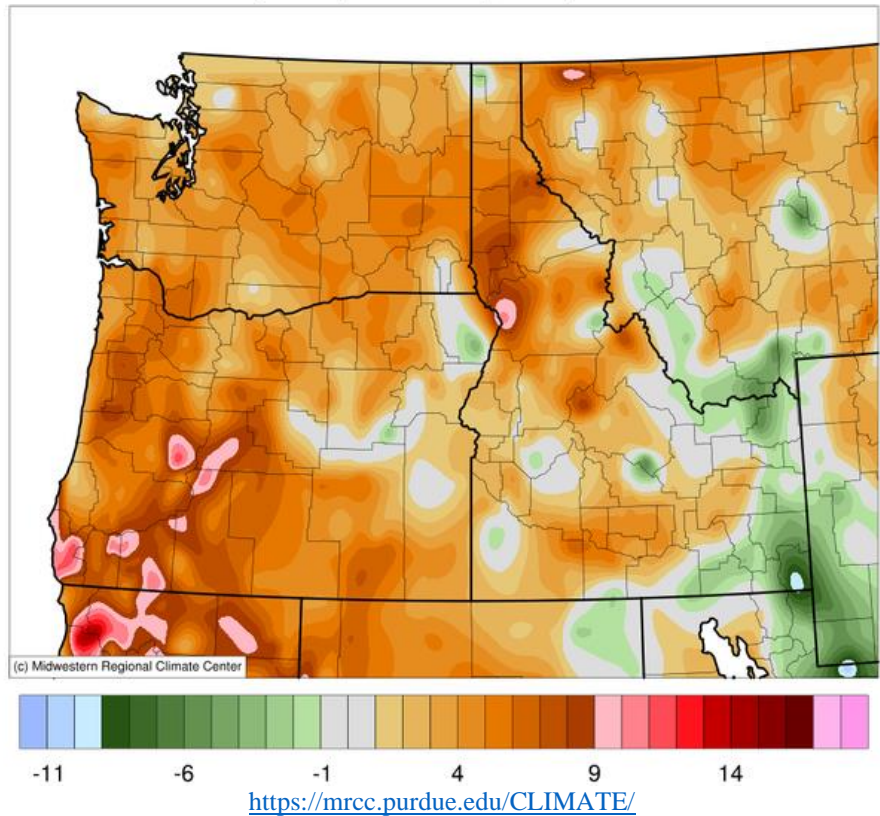
Accumulated Precipitation (in): Departure from 1991-2020 Normals

October 01, 2022 to April 30, 2023



Average Temperature (°F): Departure from 1991-2020 Normals

April 24, 2023 to April 30, 2023





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