



Crop Progress and Condition



NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE

United States Department of Agriculture • Washington, DC 20250

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Released: January 31, 2023

In Cooperation with...

- University of Idaho Extension
- Idaho State Department of Agriculture
- Oregon State University Extension Service
- Oregon Department of Agriculture
- Washington State University Extension
- USDA, Farm Service Agency

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Idaho

The average temperatures in Idaho for the month of January varied from below normal to above normal for most regions of the State. Accumulated precipitation remained slightly below to above normal for the water year. In northern Idaho, the area saw cooler than average temperatures throughout January, with little snow cover in most fields. Winter survival of some fall-sown varieties of canola, rapeseed, and peas was questionable. In southwest Idaho, temperatures were above freezing, with good precipitation. Hay stocks looked good. Snowpack for reservoir storage appeared favorable. In south central Idaho, conditions were mild with above average moisture. Feed supply appeared excellent with abundant supply. In eastern Idaho, temperatures were below normal, with heavy snowfall. Snow coverage protected fall crops from extremely cold temperatures. Hay stocks were adequate for now. Teton, Fremont, and Madison Counties experienced heavy snowfall, followed by extremely cold temperatures. Livestock were being fed hay. Bannock, Bingham, and Butte Counties received good precipitation in the form of snow. Calving and lambing season continued on schedule.

Oregon

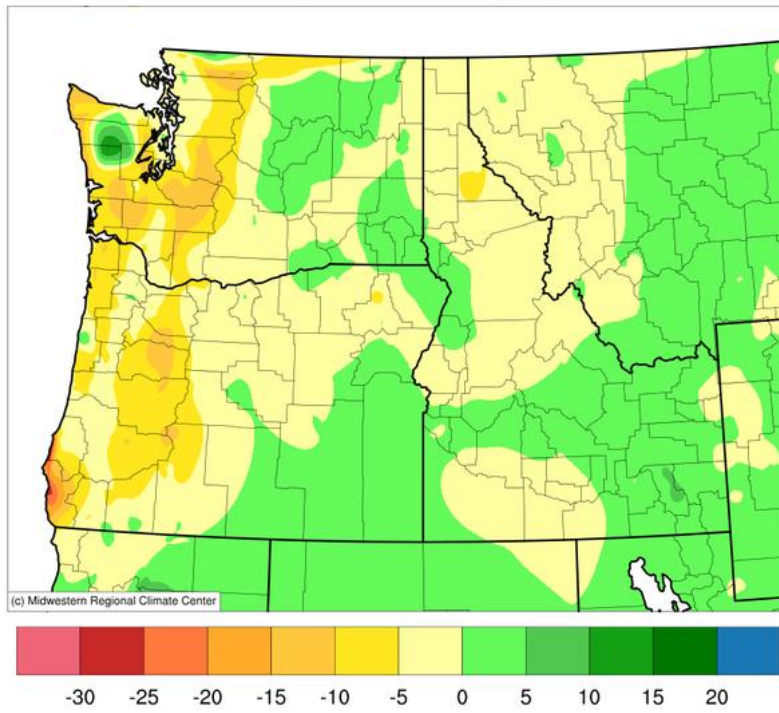
Moisture conditions throughout the State ranged from very wet to wet for January. However, the western part of Oregon was still behind normal for seasonal precipitation. Temperatures ranged from lower than normal to around normal. Clackamas, Multnomah, and Washington Counties reported record rainfall and below average temperatures. Crop and pasture conditions reports were good, especially pastures left un-grazed during winter. In Columbia, Multnomah, and Washington Counties, very cold and dry weather was a concern for some berry and nursery crops. Benton and Lincoln Counties reported heavy rainfall at the beginning of the month, with drier days towards the end of January. High winds resulted in downed trees that contributed to power outages and impeded transportation. Many livestock producers anticipated the beginning of calving to start soon. Morrow County reported temperatures in single digits with no snow cover, with potential cold injury for the wheat crop. Gilliam, Hood River, Sherman, and Wasco Counties reported high rainfall with snow and average moisture content. Crops and livestock were both growing well with no concerns. Baker County reported mild weather and an average snowpack. Cattle producers were starting to calve. Umatilla and Wallowa Counties reported the winter wheat was in good condition, precipitation was below normal, and winter canola was doing excellent. There was concern about the impact on yields if conditions remained dry. Douglas, Jackson, and Josephine Counties reported good rainfall, although behind average. Wheeler and Grant Counties reported substantial rainfall and some snow. Crops and livestock were doing well. Lake County reported high precipitation and a few snowstorms that added to the snowpack. Morning temperatures were very cold and freezing kept the snowpack in place.

Washington

Northwest Washington experienced low temperatures and wet conditions. In Skagit County, there was not much harvesting, but animals were in good condition. Farmers were educating themselves to prepare for next year. Central Washington saw a mix of weather patterns. In Klickitat County, January was warm and wet. The past few weeks were warm and dry, with temperatures stretching into the upper forties. In Benton and Yakima Counties, the weather was mild. Yakima experienced roughly twenty days of precipitation that contributed a minimum amount of snow. In crop-producing areas, most of the snow had melted into the soil. The only notable field activity was orchard pruning. In Northeast Washington, temperatures were harsher than in the western part of the State. In January, warm temperatures and storm events brought heavy rain and snow. In East Central and Southeast Washington, conditions were typical for this time of year. In Grant County, producers were starting to calve. In Garfield County, the cold weather may have caused some issues for livestock.

Accumulated Precipitation (in): Departure from 1991-2020 Normals

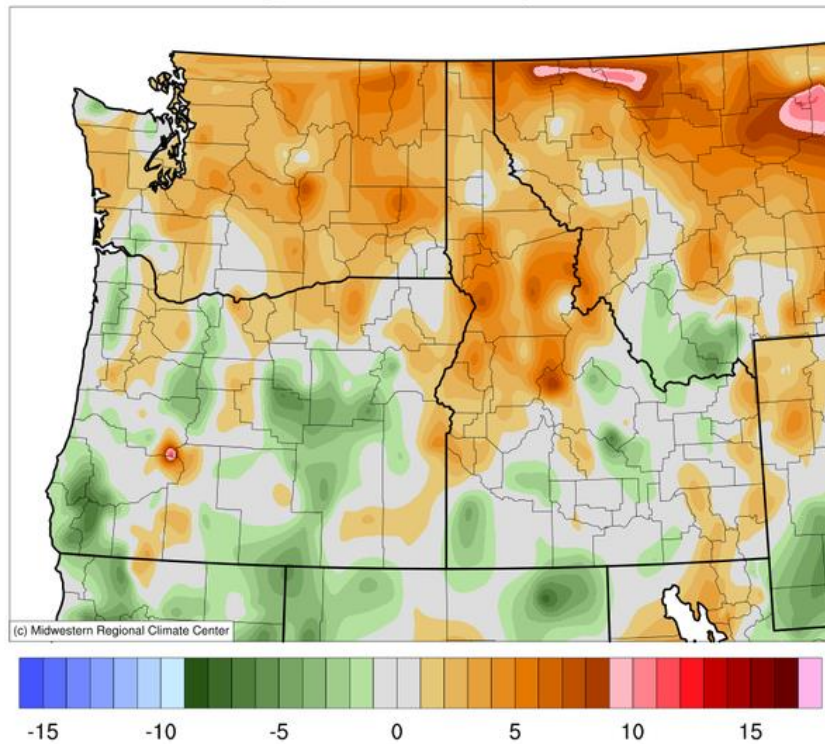
October 01, 2022 to January 29, 2023



<http://mrcc.isws.illinois.edu/CLIMATE/>

Average Temperature (°F): Departure from 1991-2020 Normals

January 01, 2023 to January 29, 2023



<http://mrcc.isws.illinois.edu/CLIMATE/>

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