United States – Commercial red meat production for the United States totaled 4.72 billion pounds in June, up 1 percent from the 4.67 billion pounds produced in June 2021.

Beef production, at 2.45 billion pounds, was 2 percent above the previous year. Cattle slaughter totaled 3.04 million head, up 3 percent from June 2021. The average live weight was down 7 pounds from the previous year, at 1,339 pounds.

Veal production totaled 4.6 million pounds, 12 percent above June a year ago. Calf slaughter totaled 29,100 head, down 8 percent from June 2021. The average live weight was up 47 pounds from last year, at 270 pounds.

Pork production totaled 2.26 billion pounds, up slightly from the previous year. Hog slaughter totaled 10.5 million head, down 1 percent from June 2021. The average live weight was up 4 pounds from the previous year, at 288 pounds.

Lamb and mutton production, at 11.4 million pounds, was up slightly from June 2021. Sheep slaughter totaled 172,900 head, 9 percent below last year. The average live weight was 131 pounds, up 11 pounds from June a year ago.

January to June 2022 commercial red meat production was 27.7 billion pounds, down 1 percent from 2021. Accumulated beef production was up 2 percent from last year, veal was up 4 percent, pork was down 3 percent from last year, and lamb and mutton production were down 8 percent.

June 2021 contained 22 weekdays (including 1 holiday) and 4 Saturdays. June 2022 contained 22 weekdays (including 1 holiday) and 4 Saturdays.

Note: Percent changes are based on unrounded data.
**CHICKENS AND EGGS**

United States – Egg production totaled 8.67 billion during June 2022, down 3 percent from last year. Production included 7.39 billion table eggs, and 1.28 billion hatching eggs, of which 1.19 billion were broiler-type and 89.4 million were egg-type. The average number of layers during June 2022 totaled 366 million, down 4 percent from last year. June egg production per 100 layers was 2,367 eggs, up 2 percent from June 2021.

**Total layers** in the United States on July 1, 2022, totaled 366 million, down 4 percent from last year. The 366 million layers consisted of 300 million layers producing table or market type eggs, 63.0 million layers producing broiler-type hatching eggs, and 3.51 million layers producing egg-type hatching eggs. Rate of lay per day on July 1, 2022, averaged 79.0 eggs per 100 layers, up 2 percent from July 1, 2021.

**Egg-type chicks** hatched during June 2022 totaled 56.8 million, up 5 percent from June 2021. Eggs in incubators totaled 45.4 million on July 1, 2022, down 12 percent from a year ago.

Domestic placements of **egg-type pullet** chicks for future hatchery supply flocks by leading breeders totaled 298 thousand during June 2022, up 3 percent from June 2021.

**Broiler-type chicks** hatched during June 2022 totaled 835 million, up 1 percent from June 2021. Eggs in incubators totaled 723 million on July 1, 2022, up 1 percent from a year ago.

Leading breeders placed 8.93 million **broiler-type pullet chicks** for future domestic hatchery supply flocks during June 2022, down 6 percent from June 2021.

**SECOND QUARTER MILK PRODUCTION**

Charleston, West Virginia – Milk production in West Virginia totaled 20 million pounds or 2.33 million gallons during the April - June quarter of 2022. This is up 1 million pounds from the same period in 2021 and the January - March 2022 quarter. The number of dairy cows averaged 5,000 head, unchanged from the same period in 2021 and the previous quarter.

**United States – Milk production** in the United States during the April - June quarter totaled 57.9 billion pounds, down 0.5 percent from the April - June quarter last year. The average number of milk cows in the United States during the quarter was 9.42 million head, 32,000 head more than the January - March quarter, but 87,000 head less than the same period last year.

Note: A conversion of 8.6 pounds per gallon was used.

**GRAIN STOCKS**

United States – Corn stocks in all positions on June 1, 2022, totaled 4.35 billion bushels, up 6 percent from June 1, 2021. Of the total stocks, 2.12 billion bushels are stored on farms, up 22 percent from a year earlier. Off-farm stocks, at 2.23 billion bushels, are down 6 percent from a year ago. The March - May 2022 indicated disappearance is 3.41 billion bushels, compared with 3.58 billion bushels during the same period last year.

**Soybeans** stored in all positions on June 1, 2022, totaled 971 million bushels, up 26 percent from June 1, 2021. On-farm stocks totaled 331 million bushels, up 51 percent from a year ago. Off-farm stocks, at 640 million bushels, are up 17 percent from a year ago. Indicated disappearance for the March - May 2022 quarter totaled 960 million bushels, up 21 percent from the same period a year earlier.

**Old crop all wheat** stored in all positions on June 1, 2022, totaled 660 million bushels, down 22 percent from a year ago. On-farm stocks are estimated at 93.0 million bushels, down 34 percent from last year. Off-farm stocks, at 567 million bushels, are down 19 percent from a year ago. The March - May 2022 indicated disappearance is 364 million bushels, down 22 percent from the same period a year earlier.

**Old crop Durum wheat** stocks in all positions on June 1, 2022, totaled 21.2 million bushels, down 22 percent from a year ago. On-farm stocks, at 9.29 million bushels, are down 31 percent from June 1, 2021. Off-farm stocks totaled 11.9 million bushels, down 14 percent from a year ago. The March - May 2022 indicated disappearance of 9.11 million bushels is down 39 percent from the same period a year earlier.
CROP ACREAGE

Charleston, West Virginia – Corn planted is estimated at 51,000 acres, unchanged from 2021. Growers expect to harvest 38,000 acres for grain, unchanged from last year.

All hay harvested is forecast at 565,000 acres, up 47,000 acres from last year. Alfalfa hay harvested is expected to total 15,000 acres, down 3,000 acres from last year. Other hay harvested is expected to be 550,000 acres, up 50,000 acres from last year.

Note: These estimates were based on results from the June 1, 2022, Agricultural Survey. Forecasted estimates may change as the survey year and/or planting intentions by farmers are altered.

United States With 2021 Comparisons

- Corn planted for all purposes – 89.9 million acres, down 4 percent.
  - Biotechnology varieties as a percent of all corn planted:
    - Insect resistant - 3% of 2022 crop, 3% of 2021 crop.
    - Herbicide resistant - 9% of 2022 crop, 9% of 2021 crop.
    - Stacked gene - 81% of 2022 crop, 81% of 2021 crop.
    - All Biotech varieties - 93% of 2022 crop, 93% of 2021 crop.
- Corn harvested for grain – 81.9 million acres, down 4 percent.
- Winter wheat planted – 34.0 million acres, down 1 percent.
- Winter wheat harvested for grain – 25.0 million acres, up 2 percent.
- Oats planted – 2.39 million acres, down 6 percent.
- Oats harvested – 796,000 acres, up 22 percent.
- All tobacco harvested – 221,530 acres, up 1 percent.
- Burley tobacco harvested – 38,900 acres, down 5 percent.
- All hay for harvest – 51.5 million acres, up 2 percent.
- Alfalfa hay for harvest – 15.5 million acres, up 1 percent.
- Other hay for harvest – 36.0 million acres, up 2 percent.
- Soybeans planted – 88.3 million acres, up 1 percent.
  - Biotechnology varieties as a percent of all soybeans planted:
    - Herbicide resistant - 95% of 2022 crop, 95% of 2021 crop.
    - All Biotech varieties - 95% of 2022 crop, 95% of 2021 crop.
- Soybeans for harvest – 87.5 million acres, up 1 percent.

COLD STORAGE

United States – Total natural cheese stocks in refrigerated warehouses on June 30, 2022, were down slightly from the previous month, but up 5 percent from June 30, 2021.

Butter stocks were up 3 percent from last month, but down 20 percent from a year ago.

Total frozen poultry supplies on June 30, 2022, were up 5 percent from the previous month and up 4 percent from a year ago. Total stocks of chicken were up 3 percent from the previous month and up 5 percent from last year. Total pounds of turkey in freezers were up 10 percent from last month and up 2 percent from June 30, 2021.

Total frozen fruit stocks were up 5 percent from last month and up 9 percent from a year ago.

Total frozen vegetable stocks were down 3 percent from last month and down 1 percent from a year ago.

Total red meat supplies in freezers were down 1 percent from the previous month, but up 24 percent from last year. Total pounds of beef in freezers were down 2 percent from the previous month, but up 29 percent from last year. Frozen pork supplies were down 1 percent from the previous month, but up 22 percent from last year. Stocks of pork bellies were down 6 percent from last month, but up 46 percent from last year.
Census of Agriculture

The Census of Agriculture is a complete count of U.S. farms and ranches and the people who operate them. Even small plots of land - whether rural or urban - growing fruit, vegetables or some food animals count if $1,000 or more of such products were raised and sold, or normally would have been sold, during the Census year. The Census of Agriculture, taken only once every five years, looks at land use and ownership, operator characteristics, production practices, income and expenditures. For America’s farmers and ranchers, the Census of Agriculture is their voice, their future, and their opportunity.

Key Dates:
November 2022 – census mails out
February 2023 – response deadline
Spring/summer 2024 – data release